

# **HU101**

## **Mini-ITX Industrial Motherboard User's Manual**

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Changes after the publication's first release will be based on the product's revision. The website will always provide the most updated information.

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## Trademarks

Product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are for identification purpose only and are the properties of the respective owners.

## FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

## Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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## About this Manual

This manual can be downloaded from the website, or acquired as an electronic file included in the optional CD/DVD. The manual is subject to change and update without notice, and may be based on editions that do not resemble your actual products. Please visit our website or contact our sales representatives for the latest editions.

## Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

## Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



### Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

## Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.



## About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One HU101 motherboard
- One Serial ATA data with power cable
- One Heat sink with fan
- One QR (Quick Reference)

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

## Optional Items

- USB port cable
- COM port cable
- Serial ATA data with power cable
- Power adapter (100W, 12V)
- Power adapter (120W, 19V)

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

## Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- Memory module
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

## Chapter 1 - Introduction

### Specifications

<b>Processor</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4th generation Intel® Core™ processors               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® Core™ i7-4650U, 4M Cache, 1.7GHz (3.3GHz), 15W</li> <li>Intel® Core™ i5-4300U, 3M Cache, 1.9GHz (2.9GHz), 15W</li> </ul> </li> <li>BGA 1168 packaging technology</li> <li>22nm process technology</li> </ul>
<b>Super I/O Address</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NCT6106/4Eh</li> </ul>
<b>System Memory</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Two 204-pin SODIMM sockets</li> <li>Supports DDR3L 1333/1600MHz</li> <li>Supports up to 16GB system memory</li> <li>Supports dual channel memory interface</li> <li>DRAM device technologies: 1Gb, 2Gb and 4Gb DDR3L DRAM technologies are supported for x8 and x16 devices, unbuffered, non-ECC</li> </ul>
<b>Expansion Interfaces</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 PCIe x1 slot</li> <li>1 Mini PCIe slot               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports USB and PCIe signals</li> <li>Supports mSATA</li> <li>Supports full size Mini PCIe card</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Graphics</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® HD Graphics GT series</li> <li>Display ports: 2 HDMI, 1 LVDS (default) or 1 eDP* (optional)               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HDMI: resolution up to 4096x2304 @24Hz or 2560x1600 @60Hz</li> <li>LVDS: NXP PTN3460, 24-bit, dual channel, resolution up to 1920x1200 @60Hz</li> <li>eDP: resolution up to 3200x2000 @60Hz</li> </ul> </li> <li>Intel® Clear Video Technology</li> <li>Intel® Advanced Vector Extensions 2.0 (Intel® AVX 2.0) Instructions</li> <li>Supports DirectX 11.1, OpenGL 4.0, OpenCL 1.2</li> </ul>
<b>Audio</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Realtek ALC888 5.1-channel High Definition Audio</li> <li>S/PDIF audio interface</li> </ul>
<b>LAN</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controller</li> <li>Intel® I218 with iAMT9.5 Gigabit Ethernet Phy</li> <li>Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver</li> <li>Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab</li> </ul>
<b>Serial ATA</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 SATA 3.0 ports with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SATA port 0 provides adequate space for SATA DOM</li> </ul> </li> <li>Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller</li> <li>Supports RAID 0/1/5</li> <li>Supports Intel® Smart Response Technology</li> </ul>
<b>Active Management Technology - AMT</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports iAMT9.5</li> <li>Out-of-band system access</li> <li>Remote troubleshooting and recovery</li> <li>Hardware-based agent presence checking</li> <li>Proactive alerting</li> <li>Remote hardware and software asset tracking</li> </ul>
<b>Trusted Platform Module - TPM* (optional)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provides a Trusted PC for secure transactions</li> <li>Provides software license protection, enforcement and password protection</li> </ul>
<b>WatchDog Timer</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Watchdog timeout programmable via software from 1 to 255 seconds</li> </ul>

<b>Rear Panel I/O Ports</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 HDMI ports</li> <li>2 RJ45 LAN ports</li> <li>2 USB 2.0 ports</li> <li>2 USB 3.0 ports</li> <li>Line-out and mic-in jacks</li> </ul>
<b>I/O Connectors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 connectors for 6 external USB 2.0 ports</li> <li>1 connector for 2 external USB 3.0 ports</li> <li>1 vertical USB 2.0/1.1 port* (optional)</li> <li>4 connectors for 4 external serial ports (2.0mm pitch)               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 RS232/422/485 (RS232 and/or power)</li> <li>2 RS232</li> </ul> </li> <li>1 LVDS LCD panel connector</li> <li>1 LCD/inverter power connector</li> <li>1 eDP connector* (optional)</li> <li>1 8-bit DIO connector</li> <li>1 DIO power connector</li> <li>4-pin 12V power connector</li> <li>1 front audio connector for line-out and mic-in jacks</li> <li>1 S/PDIF connector</li> <li>1 PS/2 connector for keyboard/mouse port</li> <li>1 LPC connector</li> <li>1 SMBus connector</li> <li>3 Serial ATA connectors</li> <li>3 Serial ATA power connectors</li> <li>1 front panel connector</li> <li>1 chassis intrusion connector</li> <li>3 fan connectors</li> </ul>
<b>BIOS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AMI BIOS               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>64Mbit SPI BIOS</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Energy Efficient Design</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports ErP Lot6 power saving* (optional)</li> <li>Supports ACPI</li> <li>System Power Management</li> <li>Wake-On-Events include:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wake-On-PS/2 KB/Mouse* (optional)</li> <li>Wake-On-USB KB/Mouse* (optional)</li> <li>Wake-On-LAN</li> <li>RTC timer to power-on the system</li> </ul> </li> <li>AC power failure recovery</li> </ul>
<b>Damage Free Intelligence</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitors CPU/system temperature and overheat alarm</li> <li>Monitors VCore/12V/5V/DDR voltages and failure alarm</li> <li>Monitors CPU/system fan speed and failure alarm</li> <li>Read back capability that displays temperature, voltage and fan speed</li> </ul>
<b>Power Consumption</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HU101-N4650U: 35.42W with i7-4650U at 1.7GHz and 2x 2GB DDR3L SODIMM</li> </ul>
<b>Temperature</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operating: 0°C to 60°C</li> <li>Storage: -20°C to 85°C</li> </ul>

Humidity	• 5% to 90%
OS Support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Windows 7 Ultimate x86 &amp; SP1 (32-bit)</li> <li>• Windows 7 Ultimate x64 &amp; SP1 (64-bit)</li> <li>• Windows 8 Enterprise x86 (32-bit)</li> <li>• Windows 8 Enterprise x64 (64-bit)</li> <li>• Windows 8.1 Enterprise x86 (32-bit)</li> <li>• Windows 8.1 Enterprise x64 (64-bit)</li> </ul>
Dimensions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mini-ITX form factor</li> <li>• 170mm (6.7") x 170mm (6.7")</li> </ul>
Certification	• CE, FCC Class B, RoHS, UL

**Note:**

\*Optional and is not supported in standard model. Please contact your sales representative for more information.

## Features

### • Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly “clear” the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

### • DDR3L

DDR3L is a higher performance DDR3 SDRAM interface providing less voltage and higher speed successor. DDR3L SDRAM modules support 1333/1600MHz for DDR modules. DDR3L delivers increased system bandwidth and improved performance to provide its higher bandwidth and its increase in performance at a lower power.

### • Graphics

The integrated Intel® HD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications. Supports 2 HDMI, 1 LVDS (default) or 1 eDP (optional) interfaces for display outputs.

### • PCI Express

PCI Express is a high bandwidth I/O infrastructure that possesses the ability to scale speeds by forming multiple lanes.

### • Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s. The bandwidth of the SATA 3.0 will be limited by carrier board design.

### • Gigabit LAN

Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet and Intel® I218 with iAMT9.5 Gigabit Ethernet Phy controllers support up to 1Gbps data transmission.

### • Wake-On-PS/2 (optional)

This function allows you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to power-on the system.

**Important:**

The 5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 720\text{mA}$ .

## • Wake-On-LAN

This feature allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. It is supported via the onboard LAN port or via a PCIe LAN card that uses the PCIe PME (Power Management Event) signal. However, if your system is in the Suspend mode, you can power-on the system only through an IRQ or DMA interrupt.



### Important:

The 5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 720\text{mA}$ .

## • Wake-On-USB (optional)

This function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.



### Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the 5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 1.5\text{A}$ . For 3 or more USB ports, the 5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 2\text{A}$ .

## • RTC Timer

The RTC installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on on the set date and time.

## • ACPI STR

The system board is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that enables PCs to implement Power Management and Plug-and-Play with operating systems that support OS Direct Power Management. ACPI when enabled in the Power Management Setup will allow you to use the Suspend to RAM function.

With the Suspend to RAM function enabled, you can power-off the system at once by pressing the power button or selecting "Standby" when you shut down Windows® without having to go through the sometimes tiresome process of closing files, applications and operating system. This is because the system is capable of storing all programs and data files during the entire operating session into RAM (Random Access Memory) when it powers-off. The operating session will resume exactly where you left off the next time you power-on the system.



### Important:

The 5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 720\text{mA}$ .

## • Power Failure Recovery

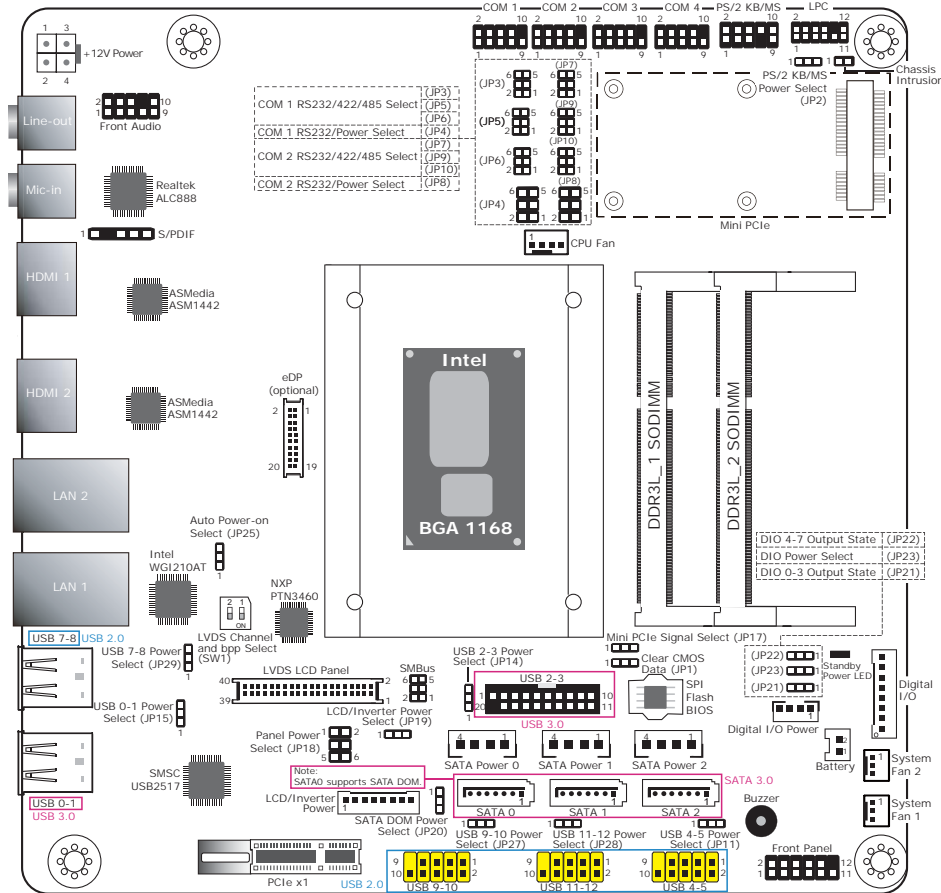
When power returns after an AC power failure, you may choose to either power-on the system manually or let the system power-on automatically.

## • USB

The system board supports the new USB 3.0. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 5 Gbit/s (625 MB/s) and is faster than USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.0 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

## Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

### Board Layout



#### Important:

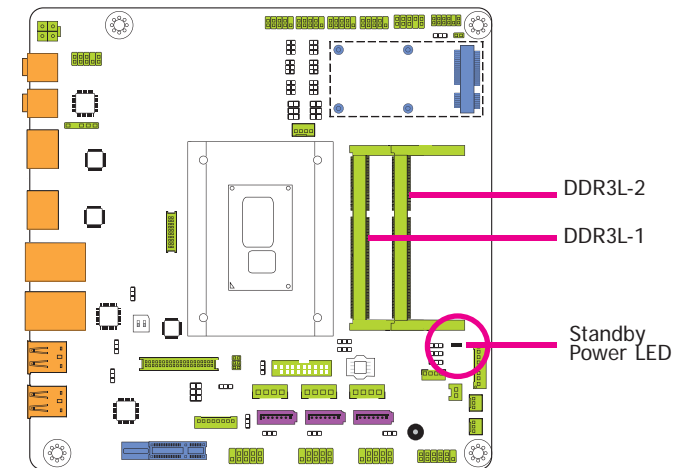
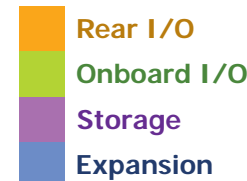
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

### System Memory



#### Important:

When the Standby Power LED lights red, it indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.



### Features

- Two 204-pin DDR3L SODIMM sockets
- Supports 1333/1600MHz DDR3L SDRAM
- Supports up to 16GB system memory
- Supports dual channel memory interface

The system board supports the following memory interface.

### Single Channel (SC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 64 bits (8B) from the memory channels.

### Dual Channel (DC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 128 bits from the memory channels. Dual channel provides better system performance because it doubles the data transfer rate.

Single Channel	DIMMs are on the same channel. DIMMs in a channel can be identical or completely different. However, we highly recommend using identical DIMMs. Not all slots need to be populated.
Dual Channel	DIMMs of the same memory configuration are on different channels.

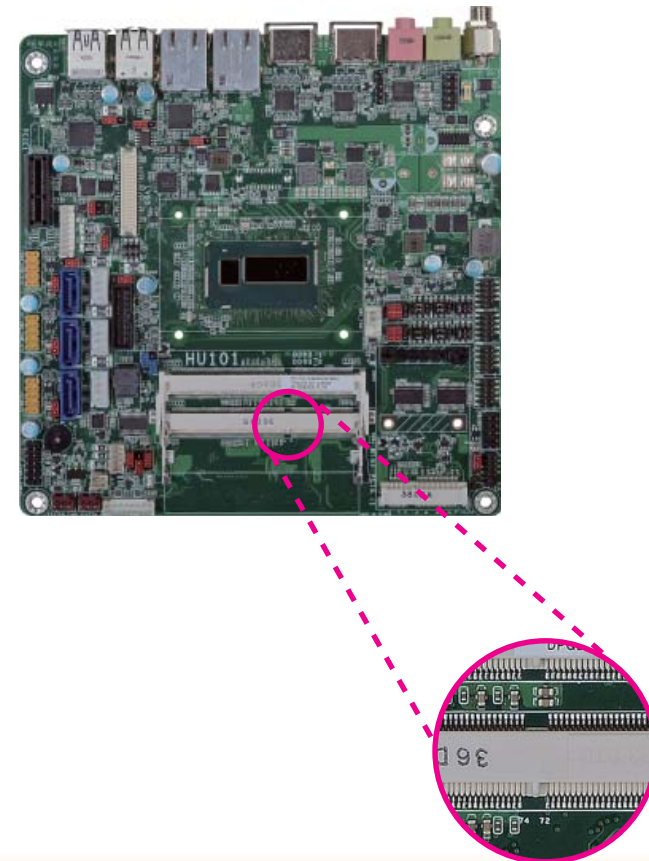
## Installing the DIMM Module



### Note:

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the SODIMM socket on the system board.
4. Note the key on the socket. The key ensures the module can be plugged into the socket in only one direction.



5. Grasping the module by its edges, align the module into the socket at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the module until it slips down into the socket. The contact fingers on the edge of the module will almost completely disappear inside the socket.

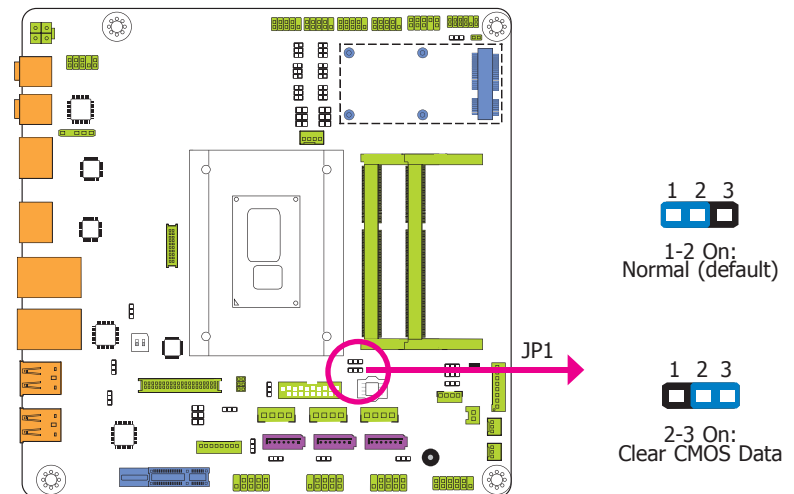


6. Push down the module until the clips at each end of the socket lock into position. You will hear a distinctive "click", indicating the module is correctly locked into position.



## Jumper Settings

### Clear CMOS Data



If you encounter the following,

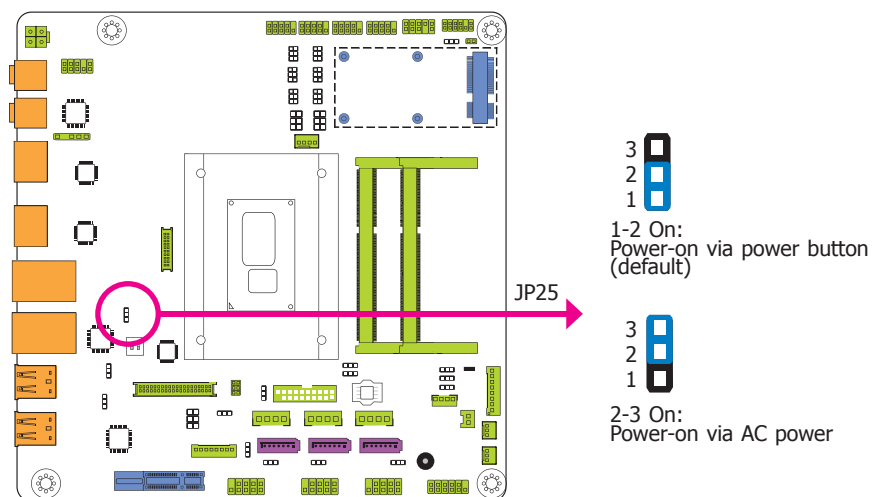
- a) CMOS data becomes corrupted.
- b) You forgot the supervisor or user password.

you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
2. Set JP1 pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set JP1 back to its default setting, pins 1 and 2 On.
3. Now plug the power cord and power-on the system.

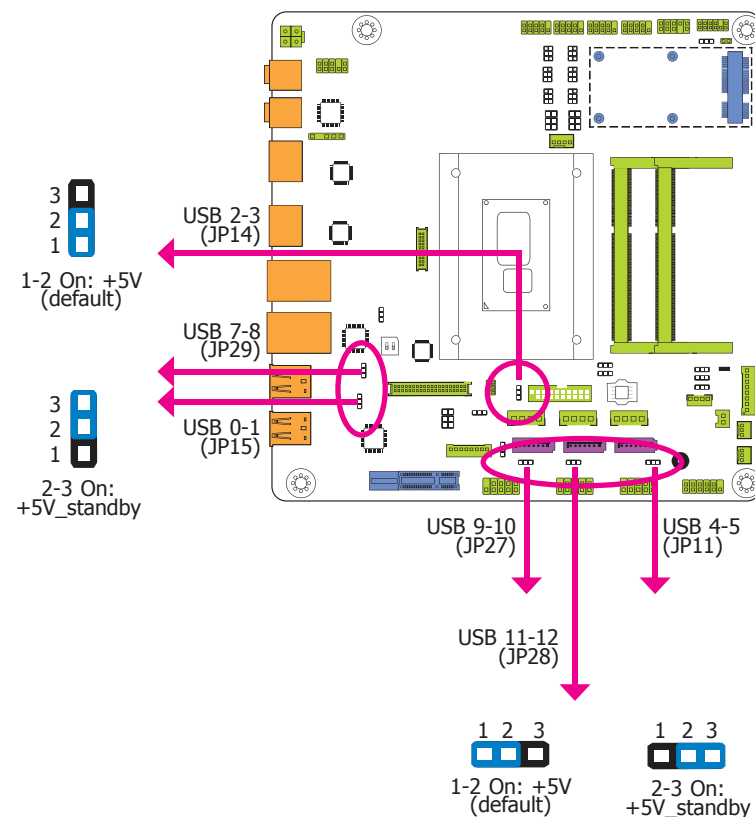
## Auto Power-on Select



JP25 is used to select the method of powering on the system. If you want the system to power-on whenever AC power comes in, set JP25 pins 2 and 3 to On. If you want to use the power button, set pins 1 and 2 to On.

When using the JP25 "Power On" feature to power the system back on after a power failure occurs, the system may not power on if the power lost is resumed within 5 seconds (power flicker).

## USB Power Select



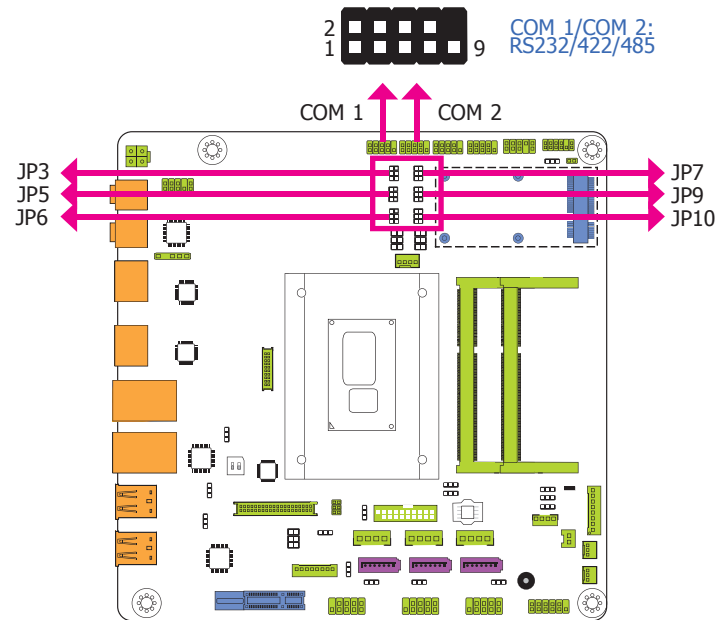
JP11, JP14, JP15, JP27, JP28 and JP29 are used to select the power of the USB ports. Selecting +5V\_standby will allow you to use a USB device to wake up the system.

**Important:**

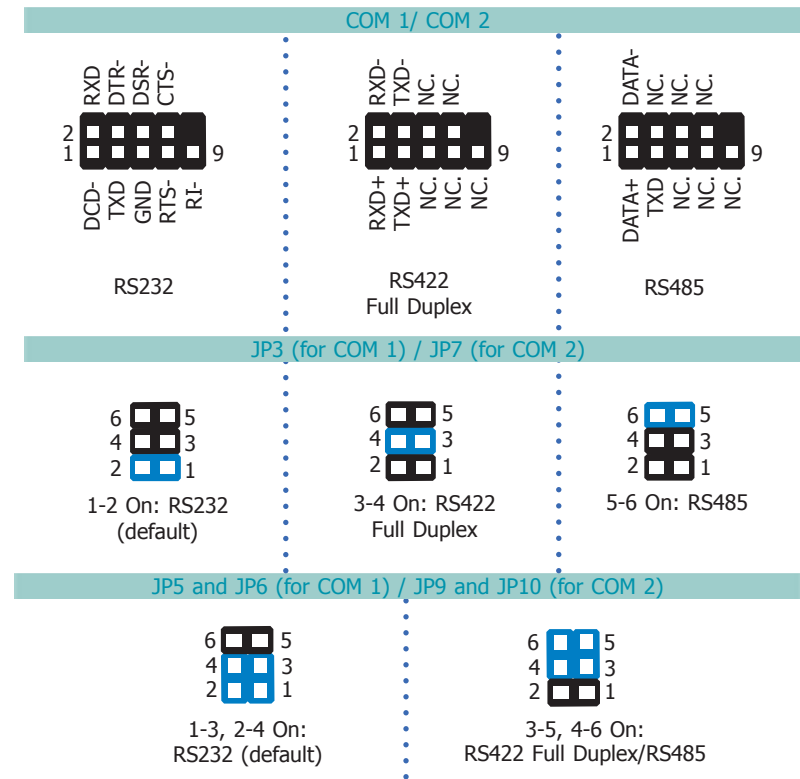
If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 1.5A$ . For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 2A$ .



## COM 1/COM 2 RS232/422/485 Select

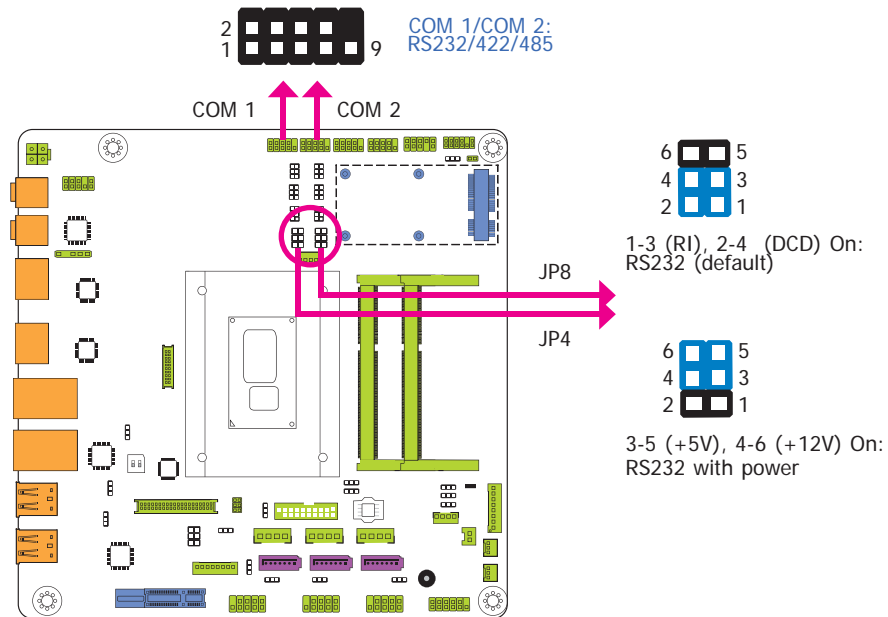


These jumpers allow you to configure the Serial COM ports to RS232, RS422 (Full Duplex) or RS485. JP3, JP5 and JP6 are used to configure the Serial COM port 1. JP7, JP9 and JP10 are used to configure the Serial COM port 2. The pin functions of Serial COM port 1 and COM port 2 will vary according to these jumpers' setting.

**Note:**

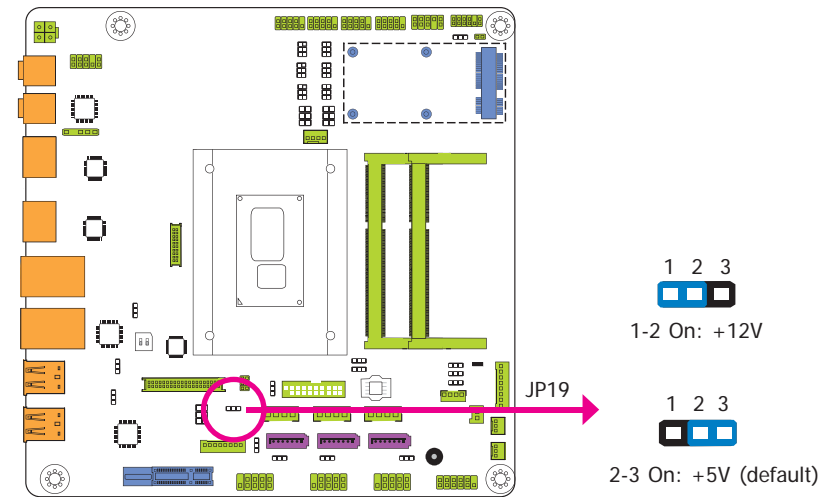
When COM 1 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP5 and JP6 must be set in accordance to JP3. And when COM 2 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP9 and JP10 must be set in accordance to JP7.

## COM 1/COM 2 RS232/Power Select



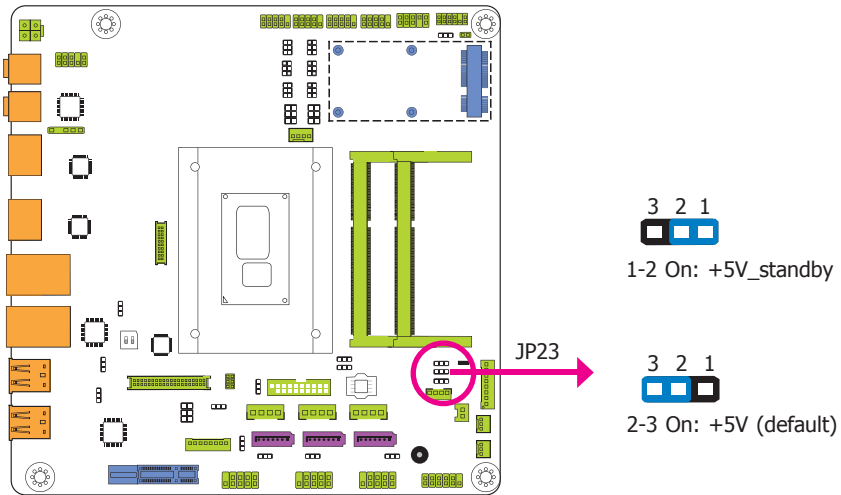
JP4 (for COM 1) and JP8 (for COM 2) are designed to configure the Serial COM ports to pure RS232 or RS232 with power.

## LCD/Inverter Power Select



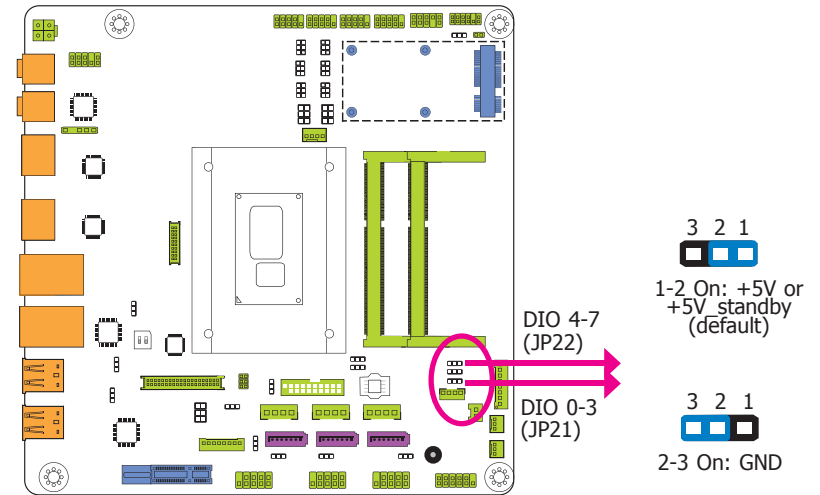
JP9 is used to select the power level of the LCD/inverter power connector.

## Digital I/O Power Select



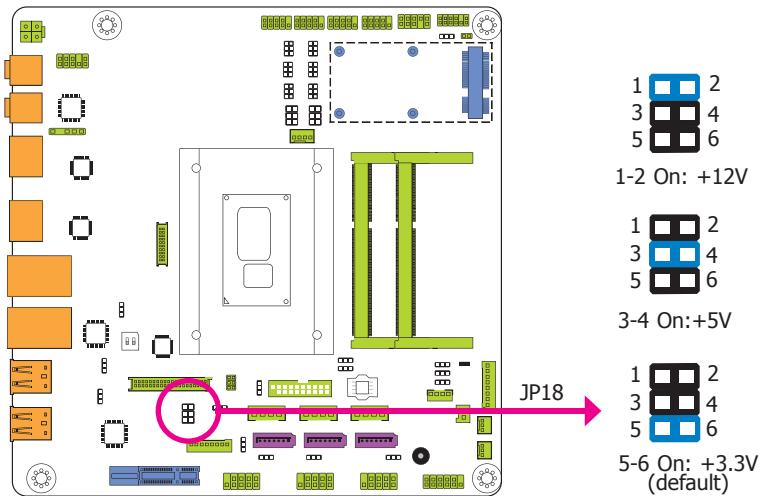
JP23 is used to select the power of DIO (Digital I/O) signal.

## Digital I/O Output State



Based on the power level of DIO (Digital I/O) selected on JP23, JP21 (DIO pin 0-3) and JP22 (DIO pin 4-7) are used to select the state of DIO output: pull high or pull low. When selecting pull high, the power selection will be the same as JP23's setting.

## Panel Power Select



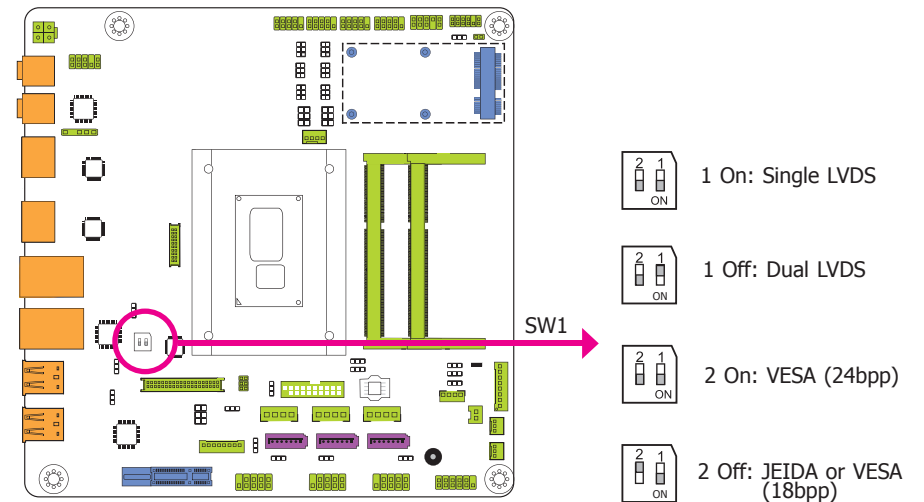
JP18 is used to select the power supplied with the LVDS LCD panel.



### Important:

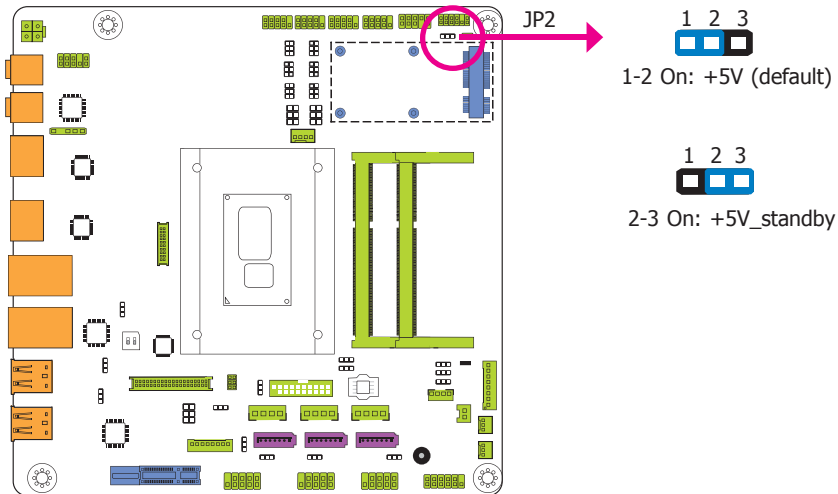
Before powering-on the system, make sure that the power settings of JP18 match the LCD panel's specification. Selecting the incorrect voltage will seriously damage the LCD panel.

## LVDS Channel and bpp Select



Switch 1 allows you to select the LVDS channel and the color of bits per pixel.

## PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Power Select



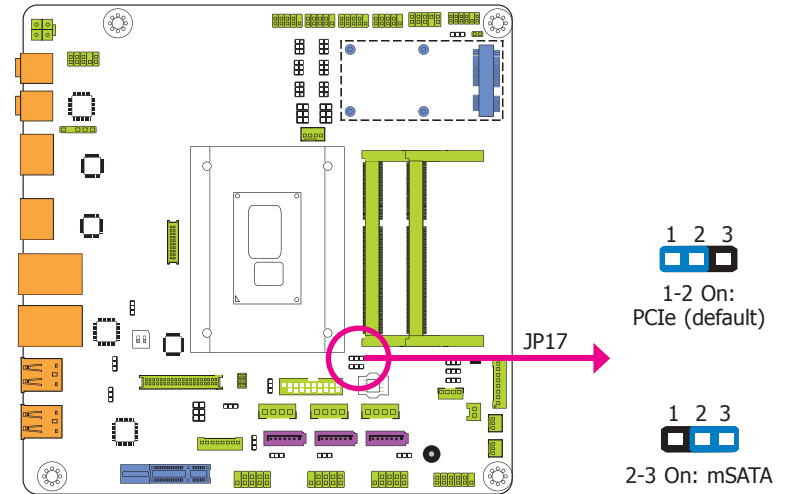
JP2 is used to select the power of the PS/2 keyboard/mouse port. Selecting +5V\_standby will allow you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to wake up the system.



### Important:

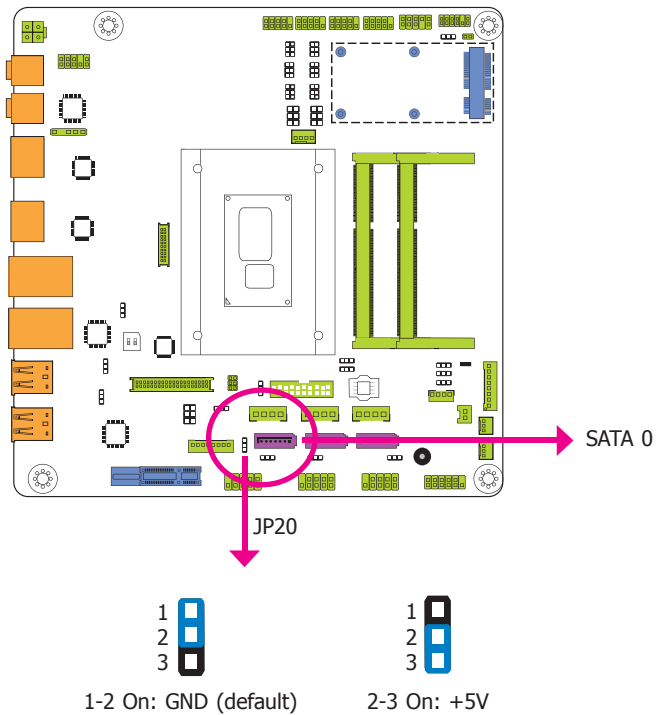
The +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 720\text{mA}$ .

## Mini PCIe Signal Select



JP17 is used to select the Mini PCIe signal: PCIe or mSATA.

## SATA DOM Power Select



JP20 is used to select the power level of SATA DOM.



**Note:**  
SATA port 0 provides adequate space for SATA DOM.

## Rear Panel I/O Ports



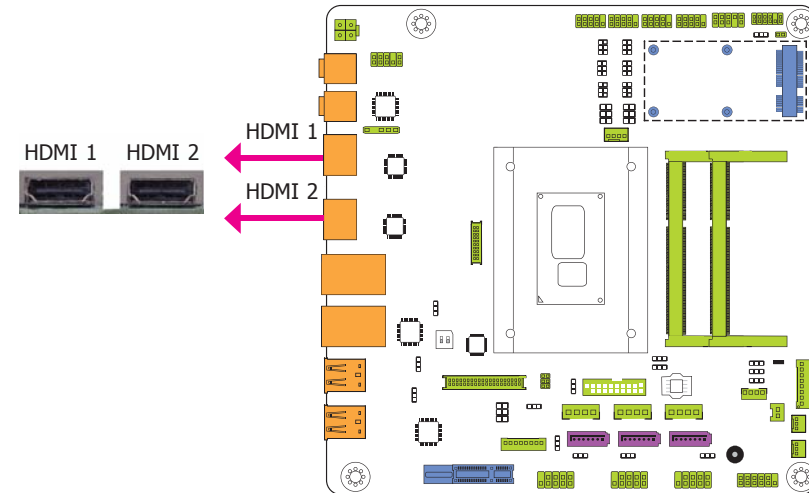
The rear panel I/O ports consist of the following:

- 2 HDMI ports
- 2 RJ45 LAN ports
- 2 USB 2.0 ports
- 2 USB 3.0 ports
- 1 Mic-in jack
- 1 Line-out jack

## Graphics Interfaces

The display ports consist of the following:

- 2 HDMI ports



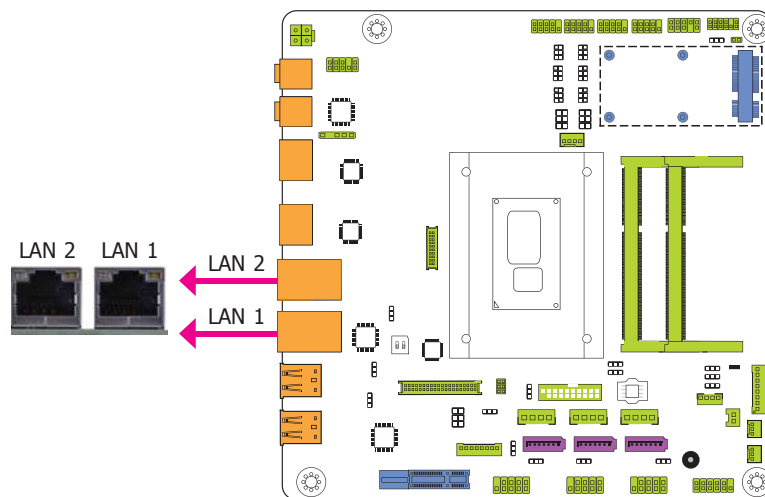
### HDMI Port

The HDMI port which carries both digital audio and video signals is used to connect a LCD monitor or digital TV that has the HDMI port.

### Driver Installation

Install the graphics driver. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

## RJ45 LAN Ports



### Features

- Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controller
- Intel® I218 with iAMT9.5 Gigabit Ethernet Phy

The LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

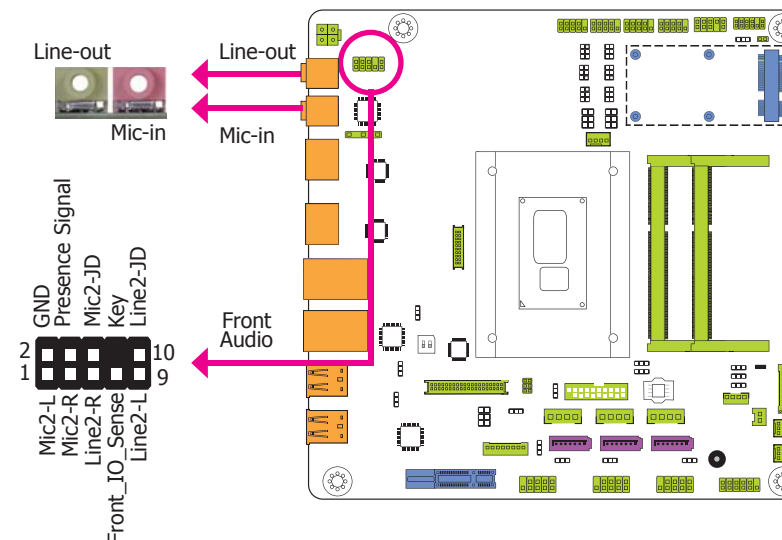
### BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard LAN in the Chipset menu ("PCH-IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

### Driver Installation

Install the LAN drivers. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

## Audio



### Rear Audio

The system board is equipped with 2 audio jacks. A jack is a one-hole connecting interface for inserting a plug.

- Line-out Jack (Lime)  
This jack is used to connect a headphone or external speakers.
- Mic-in (Pink)  
This jack is used to connect an external microphone.

### Front Audio

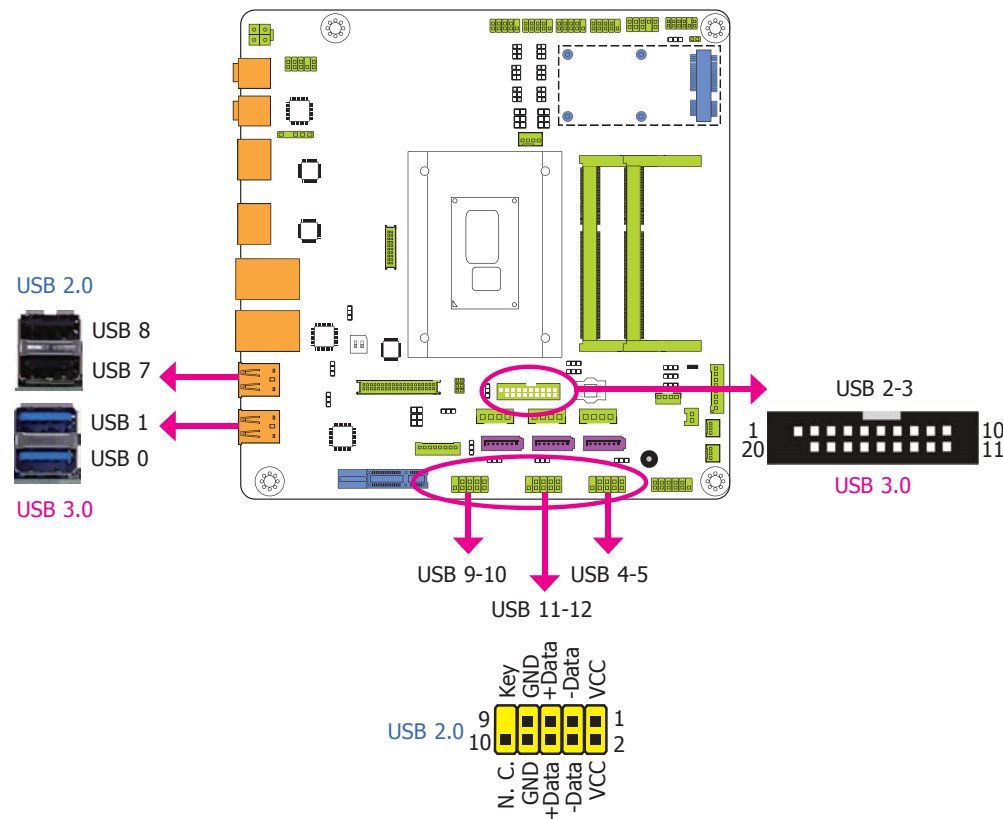
The front audio connector allows you to connect to the second line-out and mic-in jacks that are at the front panel of your system.

### Driver Installation

Install the audio driver. Refer to the chapter 4 for more information.



## USB Ports



The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

The system board is equipped with two onboard USB 3.0 ports (USB 0-1) and two onboard USB 2.0 ports (USB 7-8). The 10-pin connectors allow you to connect 6 additional USB 2.0 ports (USB 4-5/9-10/11-12). The 20-pin connector is designed to connect 2 additional USB 3.0 ports (USB 2-3). The additional USB ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and then insert the USB port cables to a connector. The table listed on the right side is the pin functions of the USB 2-3 ports.

## USB 2-3 Port

Pins	Pin Assignment	Pins	Pin Assignment
1	USB3.0_PW3-4 (5V/5VSB)	2	USB3_RX3_N_A
3	USB3_RX3_P_A	4	GND
5	USB3_TX3_N_A	6	USB3_TX3_P_A
7	GND	8	SBD2-
9	SBD2+	10	NC
11	SBD3+	12	SBD3-
13	GND	14	USB3_TX4_P_A
15	USB3_TX4_N_A	16	GND
17	USB3_RX4_P_A	18	USB3_RX4_N_A
19	USB3.0_PW3-4 (5V/5VSB)		

## BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard USB in the Advanced menu ("USB Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

## Driver Installation

You may need to install the proper drivers in your operating system to use the USB device. Refer to your operating system's manual or documentation for more information.

## Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. To use this function:

### • Jumper Setting

JP11, JP14, JP15, JP27, JP28 and JP29 must be set to "2-3 On: +5V\_standby". Refer to "USB Power Select" in this chapter for more information.



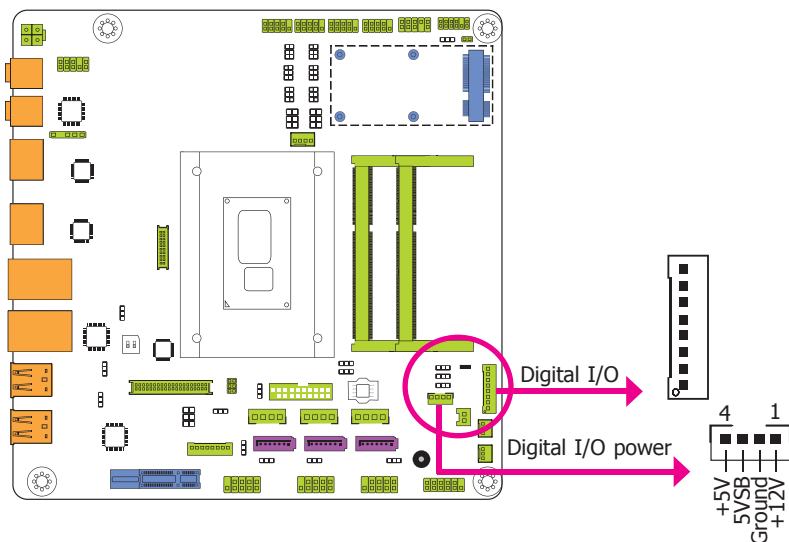
### Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 1.5A$ . For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 2A$ .

## I/O Connectors

### Digital I/O Connector

### Digital I/O Power Connector

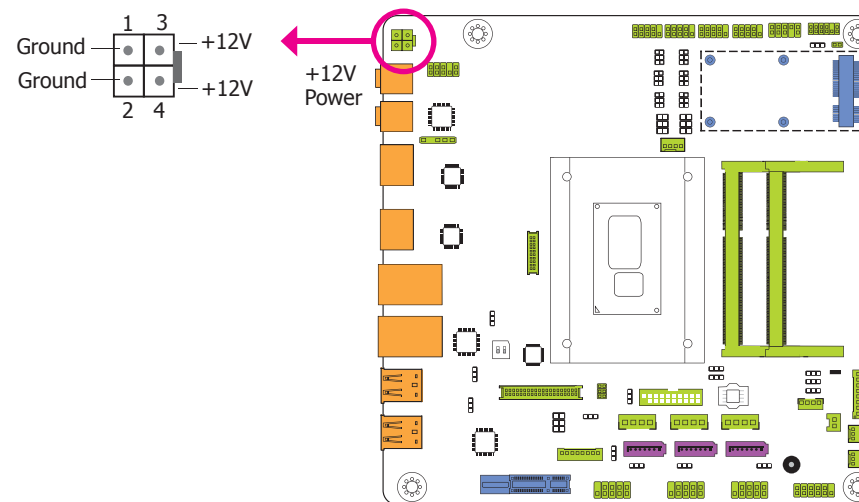


The 8-bit Digital I/O connector provides powering-on function to external devices that are connected to the connector.

### Digital I/O Connector

Pins	Function
0	DIO7
1	DIO6
2	DIO5
3	DIO4
4	DIO3
5	DIO2
6	DIO1
7	DIO0

## Power Connector



Use a power supply that complies with the +12V Power Supply Design Guide Version 1.1. The 4-pin +12V power connector enables the delivery of +12VDC current to the processor's Voltage Regulator Module (VRM).

The power connector from the power supply unit is designed to fit the 4-pin connector in only one orientation. Make sure to find the proper orientation before plugging the connector.

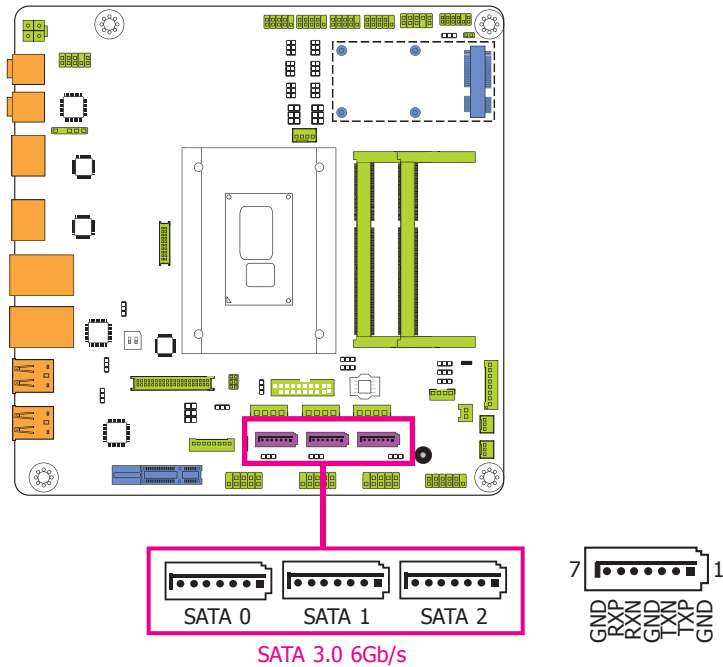
The system board requires a minimum of 300 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (CPU power, amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed the minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power is provided, we strongly recommend that you use a minimum of 400 Watt (or greater) power supply.



### Important:

Insufficient power supplied to the system may result in instability or the add-in boards and peripherals not functioning properly. Calculating the system's approximate power usage is important to ensure that the power supply meets the system's consumption requirements.

## SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors



### Features

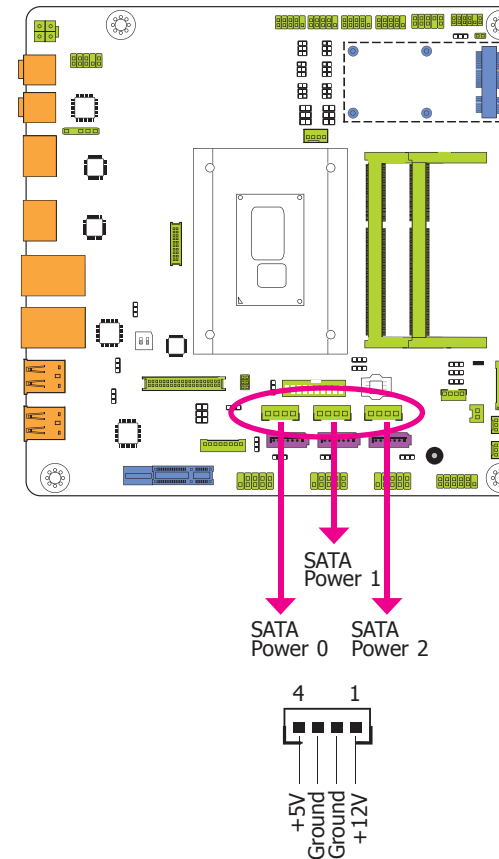
- 3 Serial ATA 3.0 ports with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- SATA port 0 provides adequate space for SATA DOM
- Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller
- Supports RAID 0/1/5
- Supports Intel® Smart Response Technology

The Serial ATA connectors are used to connect Serial ATA devices. Connect one end of the Serial ATA data cable to a SATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

### BIOS Setting

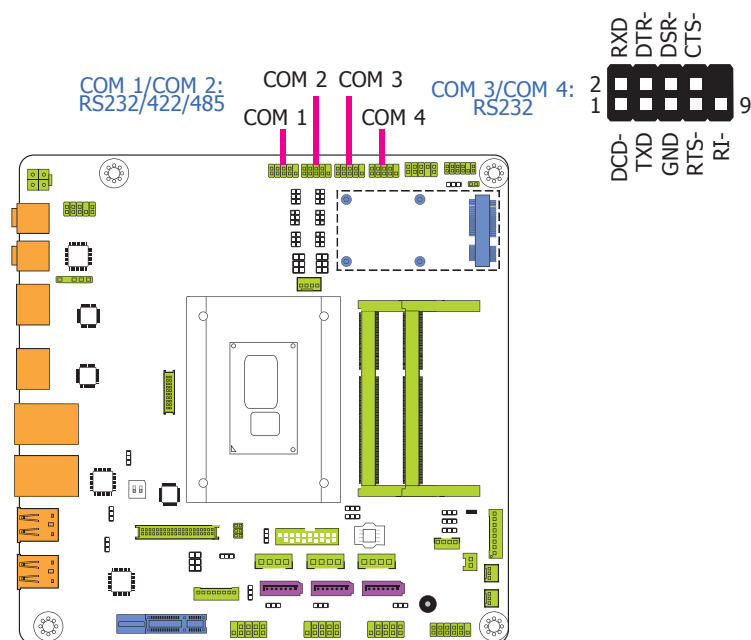
Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Advanced menu ("SATA Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

## SATA (Serial ATA) Power Connectors



These SATA power connectors supply power to the SATA drive. Connect one end of the provided power cable to the SATA power connector and the other end to your storage device.

## COM (Serial) Ports



COM 3 and COM 4 are fixed at RS232.

The pin functions of COM 1 and COM 2 ports will vary according to jumpers' setting. JP3, JP5 and JP6 are used to configure the Serial COM port 1. JP7, JP9 and JP10 are used to configure the Serial COM port 2. JP4 (for COM 1) and JP8 (for COM 2) are used to configure Serial COM ports to pure RS232 or RS232 with power. Refer to "COM 1/COM 2 RS232/RS422/RS485 Select" and "COM 1/COM 2 RS232/Power Select" in this chapter for more information.

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

### Connecting External Serial Ports

Your COM port may come mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the serial port cable to the COM connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of the COM connector.

### BIOS Setting

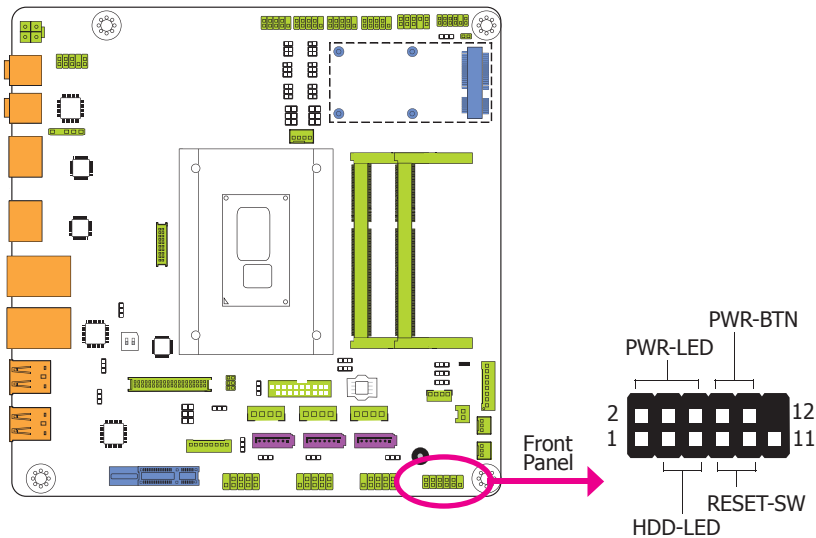
Configure the serial COM ports in the Advanced menu ("Super IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.



#### Note:

When COM 1 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP5 and JP6 must be set in accordance to JP3. And when COM 2 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP9 and JP10 must be set in accordance to JP7.

## Front Panel Connector



### HDD-LED - HDD LED

This LED will light when the hard drive is being accessed.

### RESET-SW - Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

### PWR-BTN - Power Switch

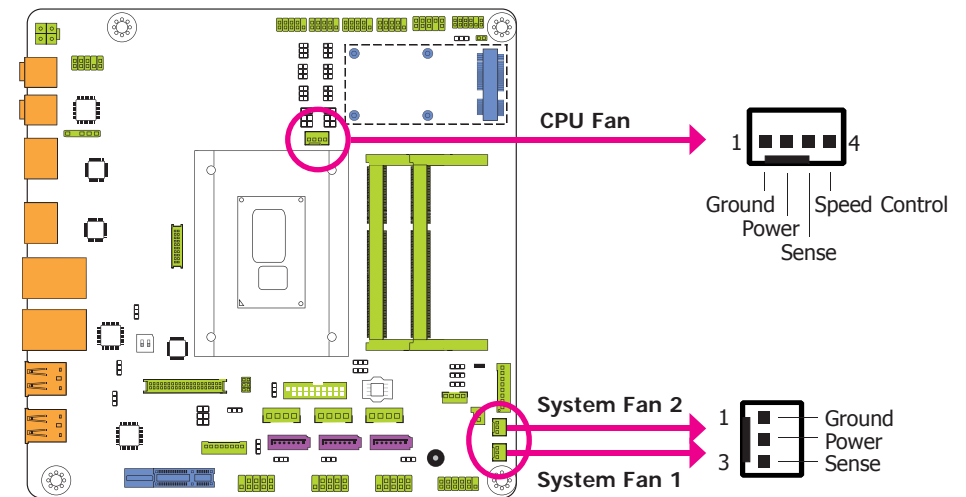
This switch is used to power on or off the system.

### PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED

When the system's power is on, this LED will light. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink every second. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every 4 seconds.

	Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment
HDD-LED	3	HDD Power	PWR-LED	2	LED Power
	5	Signal		4	LED Power
RESET-SW	7	Ground	PWR-BTN	6	Signal
	9	RST Signal		8	Ground
	11	N.C.		10	Signal

## Cooling Fan Connectors



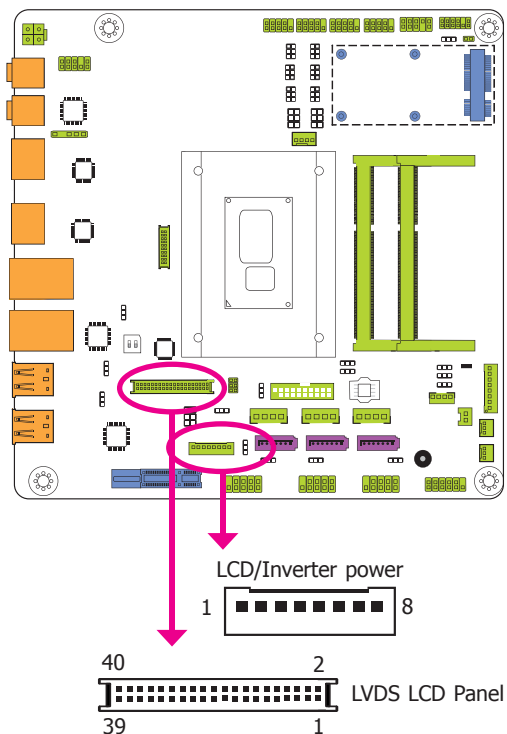
The fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components.

### BIOS Setting

The Advanced menu ("NCT6106D HW Monitor" submenu) of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fans. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

## LVDS LCD Panel Connector

## LCD/Inverter Power Connector



The system board allows you to connect a LCD Display Panel by means of the LVDS LCD panel connector and the LCD/Inverter power connector. These connectors transmit video signals and power from the system board to the LCD Display Panel.

Refer to the right side for the pin functions of these connectors.

## BIOS Setting

Configure the LCD panel in the Advanced/Chipset Features submenu of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

**Note:**

DFI board's LVDS connector: Hirose DF13-40DP-1.25V(91)/40P/1.25mm; cable side connector: Hirose DF13-40DS-1.25C.

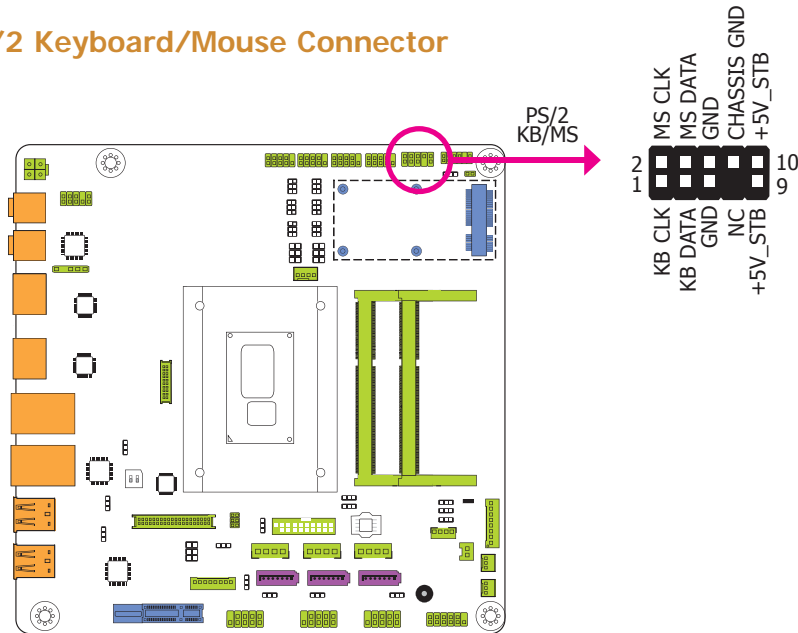
## LVDS LCD Panel Connector

Pins	Function	Pins	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	LVDS_Out3+	4	LVDS_Out7+
5	LVDS_Out3-	6	LVDS_Out7-
7	GND	8	GND
9	LVDS_Out2+	10	LVDS_Out6+
11	LVDS_Out2-	12	LVDS_Out6-
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDS_Out1+	16	LVDS_Out5+
17	LVDS_Out1-	18	LVDS_Out5-
19	GND	20	GND
21	LVDS_Out0+	22	LVDS_Out4+
23	LVDS_Out0-	24	LVDS_Out4-
25	GND	26	GND
27	LVDS_CLK1+	28	LVDS_CLK2+
29	LVDS_CLK1-	30	LVDS_CLK2-
31	GND	32	GND
33	LVDS_DDCCLK	34	N.C.
35	LVDS_DDCDTA	36	+3.3V
37	Panel Power	38	Panel Power
39	Panel Power	40	Panel Power

## LCD/Inverter Power Connector

Pins	Function
1	GND
2	GND
3	Panel Inverter Brightness Voltage Control
4	Panel Power
5	+3.3V
6	Panel Backlight On/Off Control
7	LCD/Inverter Power
8	LCD/Inverter Power

## PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Connector



### Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to power-on the system. To use this function:

- **Jumper Setting**

JP2 must be set to "2-3 On: 5V\_standby". Refer to "PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Power Select" in this chapter for more information.



**Important:**

The 5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 720\text{mA}$ .

The Keyboard/Mouse connector is used to connect PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse by means of a PS/2 cable. Connect one end of the cable to the Keyboard/Mouse connector. The other ends are used to connect a PS/2 keyboard and a PS/2 mouse.

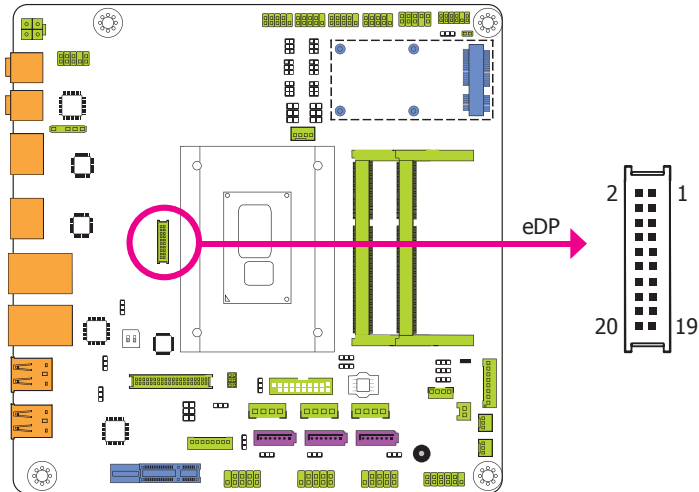


PS/2 mouse port

PS/2 keyboard port

Connect to the board's Keyboard/Mouse connector

## eDP Connector (optional)



The eDP connector is an embedded displayport which has advanced power-saving features to connect a display device to transmit digital communication of audio and video signals. The table below indicates the pin functions of the eDP connector.

Pins	Pin Assignment	Pins	Pin Assignment
1	DP_OUT1N	2	DP_OUT2N
3	DP_OUT1P	4	DP_OUT2P
5	GND1	6	GND4
7	DP_OUT0P	8	DP_OUT3N
9	DP_OUT0N	10	DP_OUT3P
11	GND2	12	GND5
13	DP_AUXP	14	DP_CLK
15	DP_AUXN	16	DP_DATA
17	GND3	18	GND6
19	DP_HPD	20	POWER2

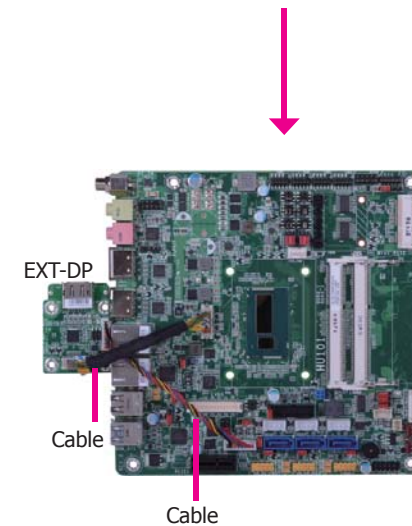
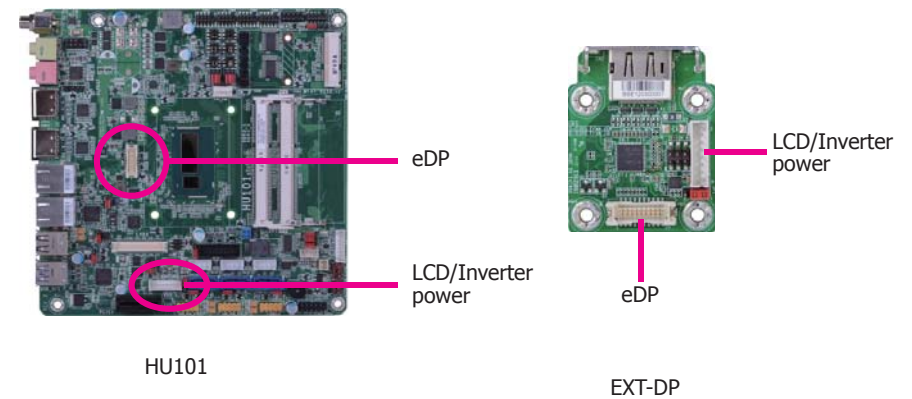
## Connecting the EXT-DP Card to the HU101 Motherboard



### Note:

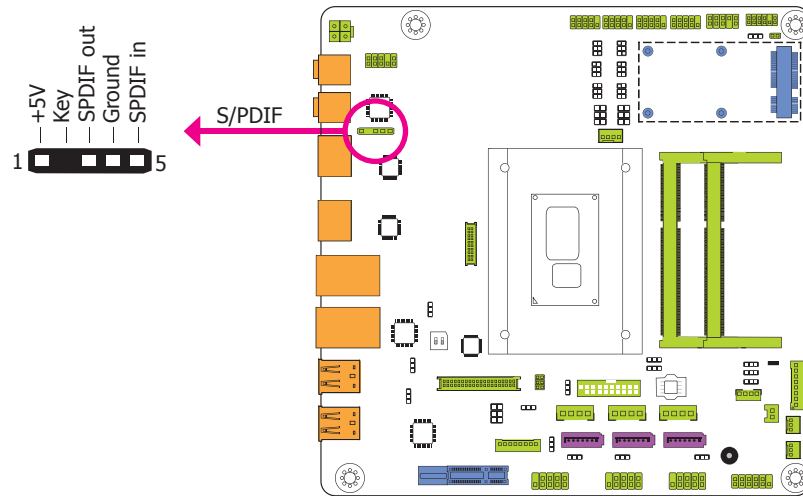
The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual one. These illustrations are for reference only.

The EXT-DP card is connected to the HU101 motherboard via two cables. The photos below illustrates how to connect the extension module to the motherboard.



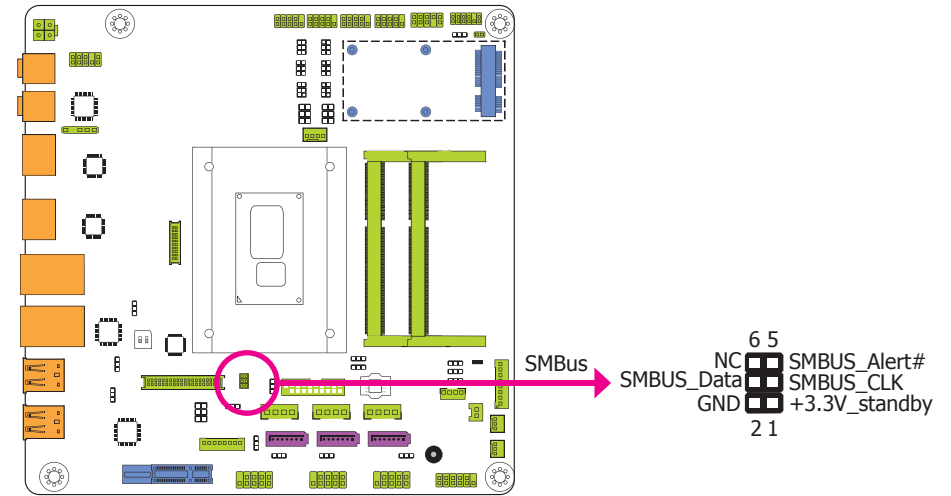


## S/PDIF Connector



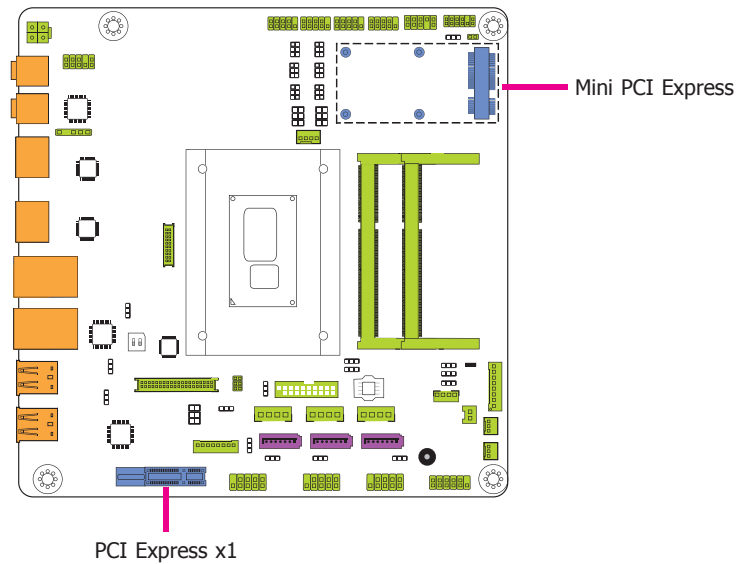
The S/PDIF connector is used to connect an external S/PDIF port. Your S/PDIF port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then connect the audio cable to the S/PDIF connector. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable is aligned with pin 1 of the S/PDIF connector.

## SMBus Connector



The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect SMBus devices. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

## Expansion Slots



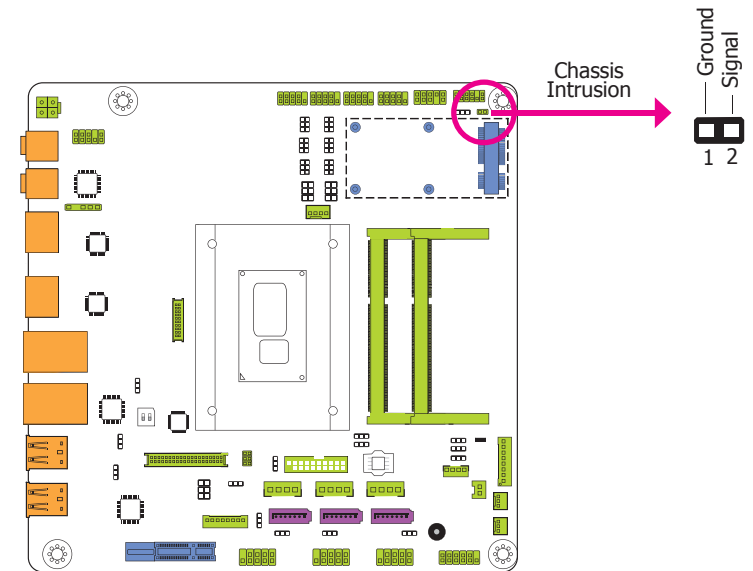
### PCI Express x1 Slot

Install PCI Express cards such as network cards or other cards that comply to the PCI Express specifications into the PCI Express x1 slot.

### Mini PCI Express Slot

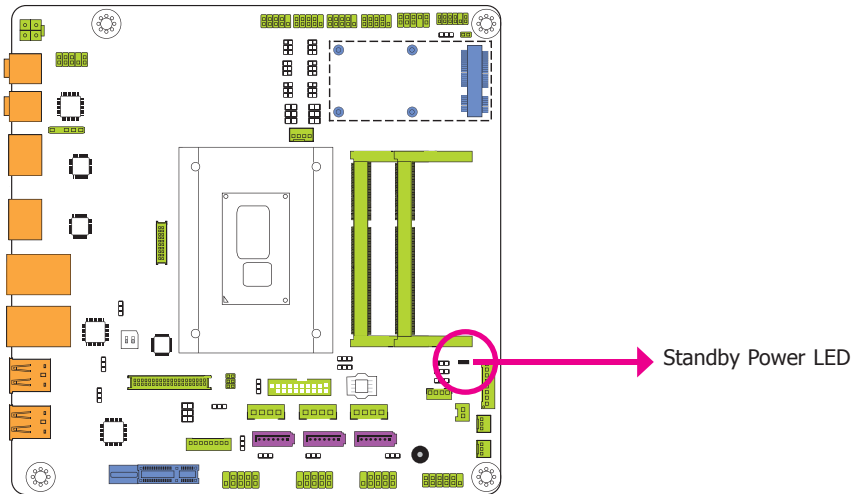
The Mini PCIe socket is used to install a Mini PCIe card. Mini PCIe card is a small form factor PCI card with the same signal protocol, electrical definitions, and configuration definitions as the conventional PCI.

## Chassis Intrusion Connector



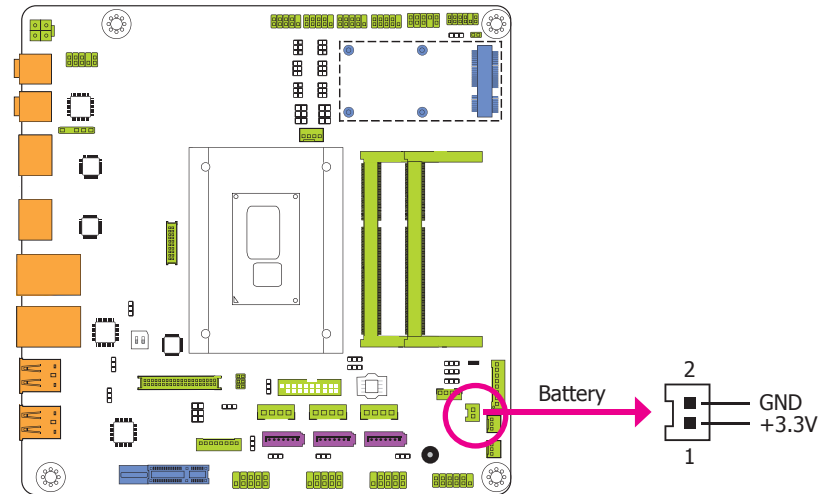
The board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to this connector. When the system's power is on and a chassis intrusion occurred, an alarm will sound. When the system's power is off and a chassis intrusion occurred, the alarm will sound only when the system restarts.

## Standby Power LED



This LED will lit red when the system is in the standby mode. It indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC and then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

## Battery



Connect to the battery connector

The lithium ion battery powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. It is an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

### Safety Measures

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

## Chapter 3 - BIOS Setup

### Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



**Note:**

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

### Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

### Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and <Del> keys simultaneously.

### Legends

Keys	Function
Right and Left arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.
Up and Down arrows	Moves the highlight up or down between submenu or fields.
<Esc>	Exit to the BIOS Setup Utility.
+ (plus key)	Scrolls forward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
- (minus key)	Scrolls backward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
Tab	Select a field.
<F1>	Displays general help
<F2>	Pervious values
<F3>	Optimized defaults
<F4>	Saves and resets the setup program.
<Enter>	Press <Enter> to enter the highlighted submenu.

### Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

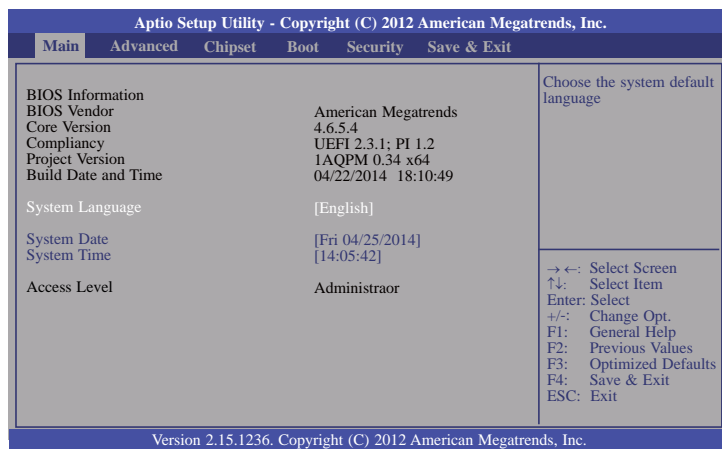
### Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

## AMI BIOS Setup Utility

### Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



#### System Date

The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

#### System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

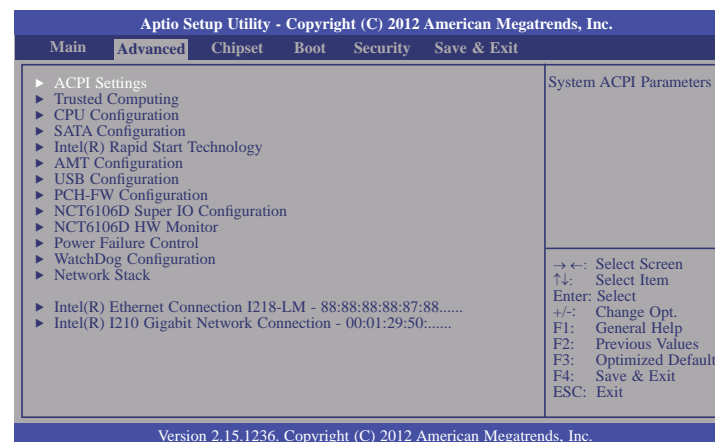
### Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



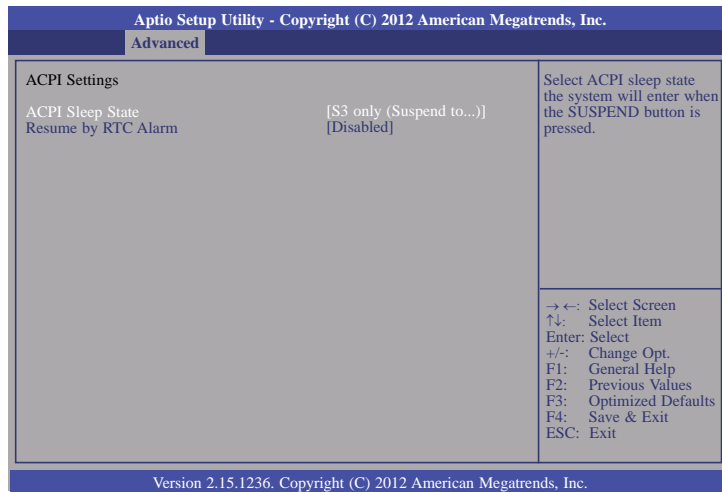
#### Important:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



## ACPI Settings

This section is used to configure the system ACPI parameters.



### ACPI Sleep State

Selects the highest ACPI sleep state the system will enter when the Suspend button is pressed.

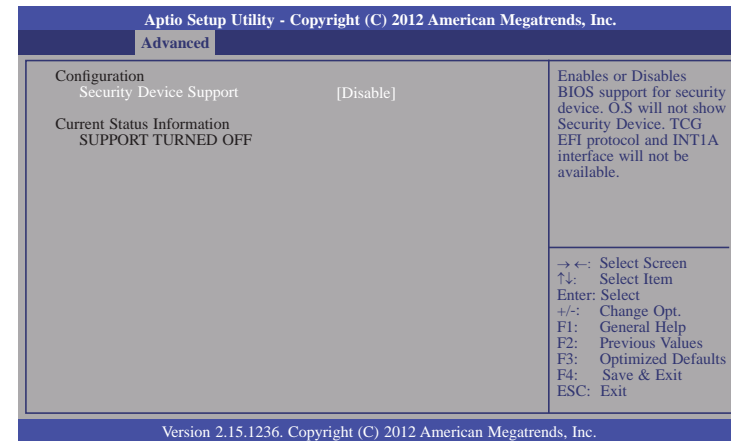
**S1 only (CSC)** Enables the CPU Stop Clock.  
**S3 only (STR)** Enables the Suspend to RAM.  
**Both S1 and S3 available for OS to choose from**

### Resume by RTC Alarm

When Enabled, the system uses the RTC to generate a wakeup event.

## Trusted Computing

This section configures settings relevant to Trusted Computing innovations.

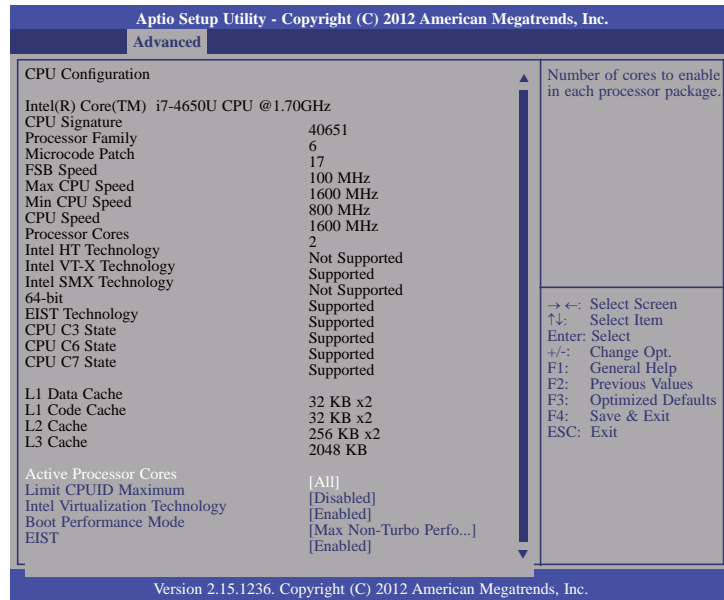


### Security Device Support

This field is used to enable or disable BIOS supporting for the security device. O.S will not show the security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.

## CPU Configuration

This section is used to configure the CPU. It will also display the detected CPU information.



### Active Processor Cores

Number of cores to enable in each processor package.

### Limit CPUID Maximum

Disabled for Windows XP.

### Intel Virtualization Technology

When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

### Boot Performance Mode

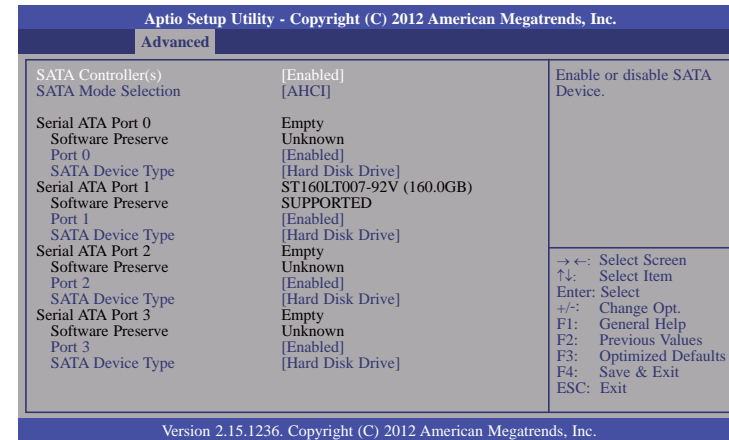
Selects the performance state that the BIOS will set before OS handoff.

### EIST

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel Enhanced SpeedStep Technology.

## SATA Configuration

This section is used to configure the settings of SATA device.



### SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable Serial ATA devices.

### SATA Mode Selection

The mode selection determines how the SATA controller(s) operates.

### AHCI Mode

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

### RAID Mode

This option allows you to create RAID or Intel Matrix Storage configuration on Serial ATA devices.

### Port 0/1/2/3

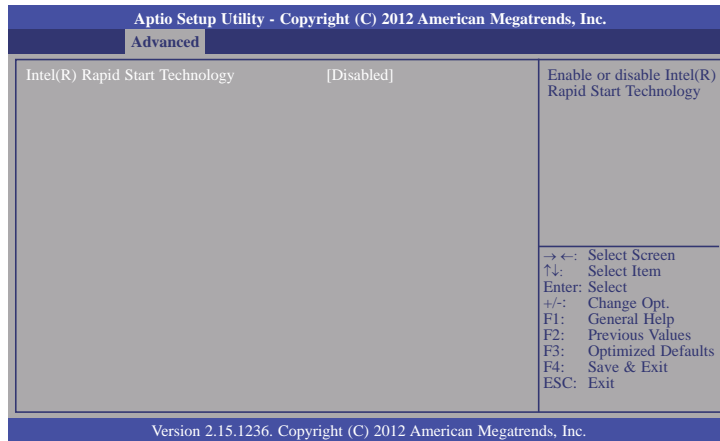
This field is used to enable or disable the serial ATA port.

### SATA Device Type

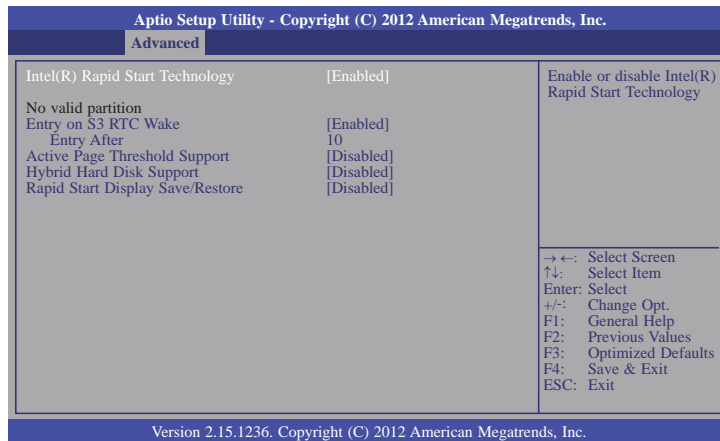
Identify the serial ATA port which is connected to the Solid State Drive or the Hard Disk Drive.

## Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology

This section is used to enable or disable the Intel Rapid Start Technology.



When enabled, it will display the following information.



## Entry on S3 RTC Wake

This field is used to enable or disable the rapid start invocation upon S3 RTC wake.

## Entry After

Enables RTC wake timer at S3 entry. Enters the value range from 0 (immediately) to 120 minutes.

## Active Page Threshold Support

This field is used to support RST with small partition.

## Hybrid Hard Disk Support

Enables or disables the hybrid hard disk support.

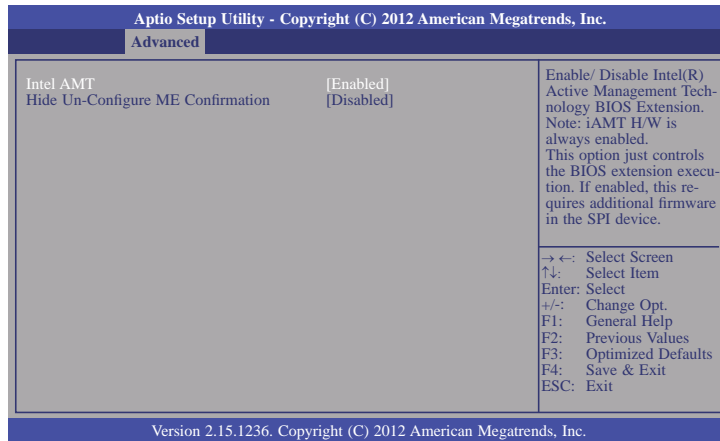
## Rapid Start Display Save/Restore

Enables or disables the rapid start display save or restore.



## AMT Configuration

This section configures the parameters of Active Management Technology.



### Intel AMT

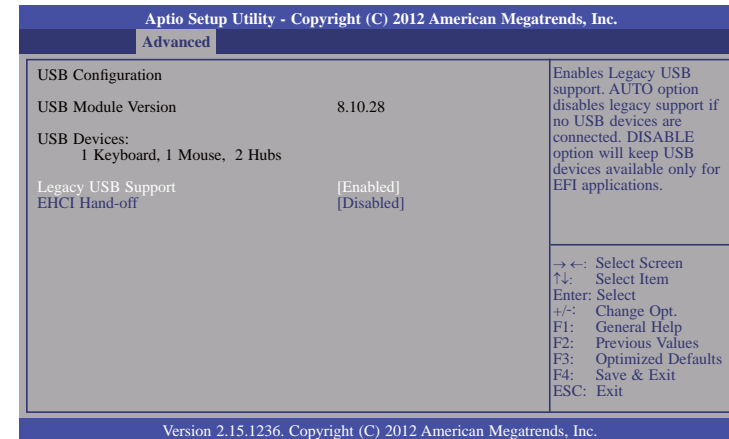
Enables or disables the AMT function.

### Hide Un-Configure ME Confirmation

OEMFlag Bit 6: Hide Un-configure ME without the password confirmation prompt.

## USB Configuration

This section is used to configure the parameters of the USB device.



### Legacy USB Support

#### Enabled

Enables legacy USB.

#### Disabled

Keeps USB devices available only for EFI applications.

#### Auto

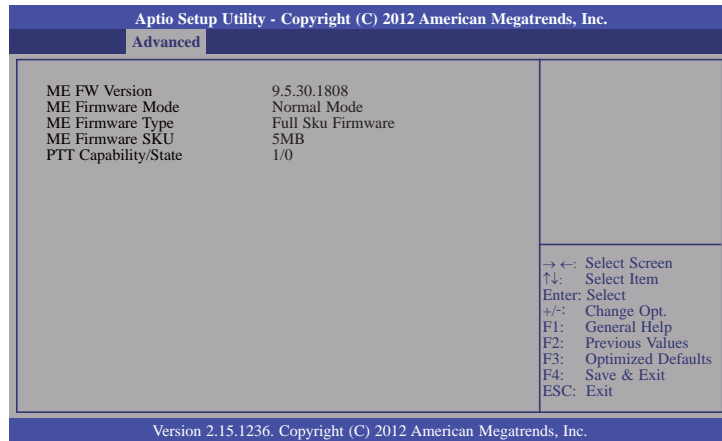
Disables support for legacy when no USB devices are connected.

### EHCI Hand-off

This is a workaround for OSes without the EHCI hand-off support. The EHCI ownership change should be claimed by the EHCI driver.

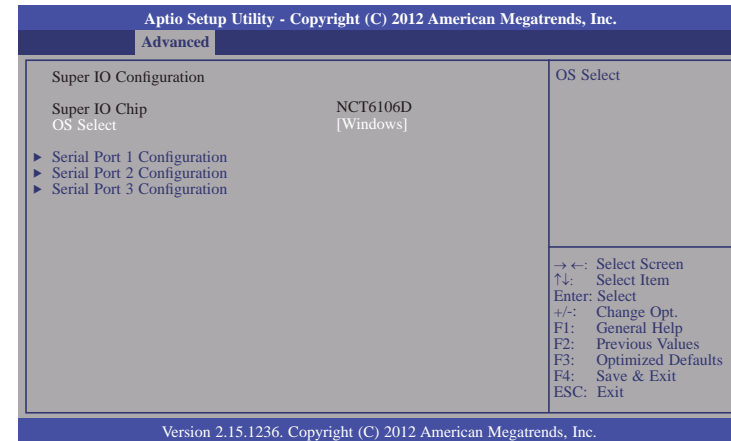
### PCH-FW Configuration

This section only displays the parameters of Management Engine Technology.



### NCT6106D Super IO Configuration

This section is used to configure the I/O functions supported by the onboard Super I/O chip.

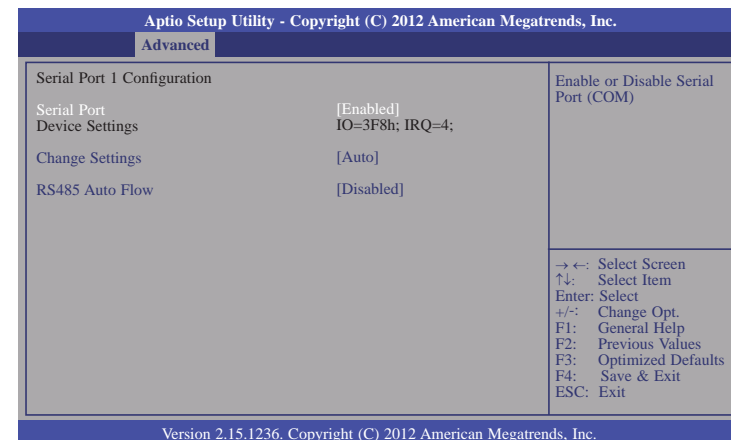


### OS Select

Select the OS support: Windows or Linux/DOS.

### Serial Port 1 Configuration to Serial Port 3 Configuration

Set the parameters of serial port 1 (COM A) to serial port 3 (COM C).



Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
Serial Port 2 Configuration		Enable or Disable Serial Port (COM)
Serial Port	[Enabled]	
Device Settings	IO=2F8h; IRQ=3;	
Change Settings	[Auto]	
RS485 Auto Flow	[Disabled]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

### Serial Port

Enables or disables the serial COM port.

### Change Settings

Selects the IO/IRQ settings for the super I/O device.

### RS485 Auto Flow

Sets the RS485 auto flow of the serial COM port.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
Serial Port 3 Configuration		Enable or Disable Serial Port (COM)
Serial Port	[Enabled]	
Device Settings	IO=3E8h; IRQ=11;	
Change Settings	[Auto]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

## NCT6106D HW Monitor

This section displays the hardware health monitor.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
PC Health Status		Enable or Disable Smart Fan
Smart Fan Function	[Disabled]	
SYS Thermistor Temp	: +44.0 C	
CPU (PECI) Temp	: +86.5 C	
CPUFan Speed	: N/A	
SysFan 1 Speed	: N/A	
SysFan 2 Speed	: 7297 RPM	
VCORE	: +1.744 V	
VIN0 (5V)	: +5.096 V	
VIN1 (12V)	: +12.144 V	
VIN2 (DRAM)	: +1.344 V	
VBAT	: +3.280 V	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

## Smart Fan Function

Enables or Disables the Smart Fan.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
Smart Fan Function		Enable CPU Smart Fan
CPU Smart Fan Control	[Enabled]	
Boundary 4	60	
Boundary 3	50	
Boundary 2	40	
Boundary 1	30	
Speed Count 5	100	
Speed Count 4	75	
Speed Count 3	50	
Speed Count 2	40	
Speed Count 1	30	
System Smart Fan (1) Control	[Enabled]	
Boundary 4	60	
Boundary 3	50	
Boundary 2	40	
Boundary 1	30	
Speed Count 5	100	
Speed Count 4	75	
Speed Count 3	50	
Speed Count 2	40	
Speed Count 1	30	
System Smart Fan (2) Control	[Enabled]	
Boundary 4	60	
Boundary 3	50	
Boundary 2	40	
Boundary 1	30	
Speed Count 5	100	
Speed Count 4	75	
Speed Count 3	50	
Speed Count 2	40	
Speed Count 1	30	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

## CPU Smart Fan Control

When this feature is set to Automatic, the CPU's fan speed will rotate according to the CPU's temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the speed of rotation.

## System Smart Fan Control

When this feature is set to Automatic, the System's fan speed will rotate according to the System's temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the speed of rotation.

## Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

The range is 0-127.

## Speed Count 1 to Speed Count 5

The range is 1-100%.

**Aux Fan Mode**

Selects the Aux fan's mode. The options are Thermal Cruise™ Mode, Fan Speed Cruise™ Mode and SmartFan™ IV Mode.

**AuxFan Target Temp**

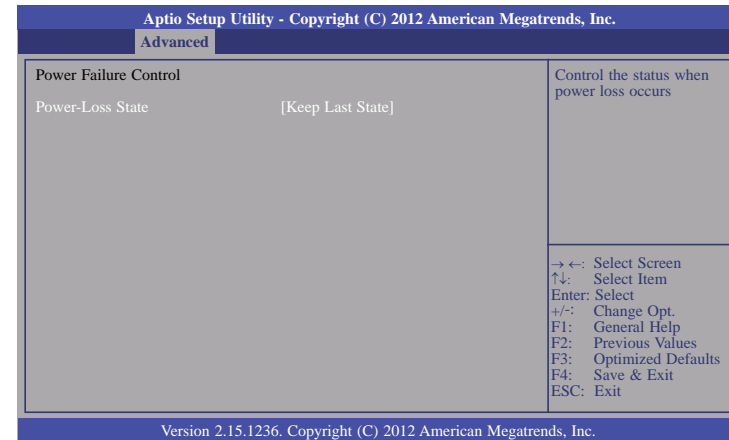
This field is used to enter the target value of the Aux fan's temperature.

**AuxFan Tolerance**

This field is used to enter the tolerance value of the Aux fan's temperature.

**Power Failure Control**

This section configures the status control when the power failure occurs.

**Power-Loss State**

Controls the status when the power loss occurs.

**Always Off**

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power is off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

**Always On**

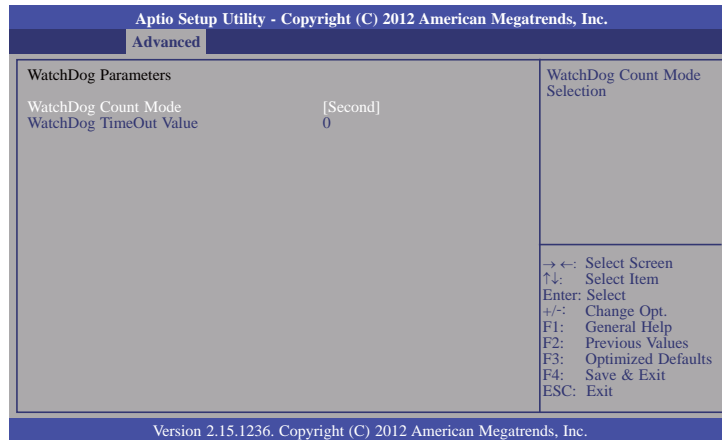
When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will automatically power-on.

**Keep Last State**

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurs. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

## WatchDog Configuration

This section sets the system watchdog parameters.



### WatchDog Count Mode

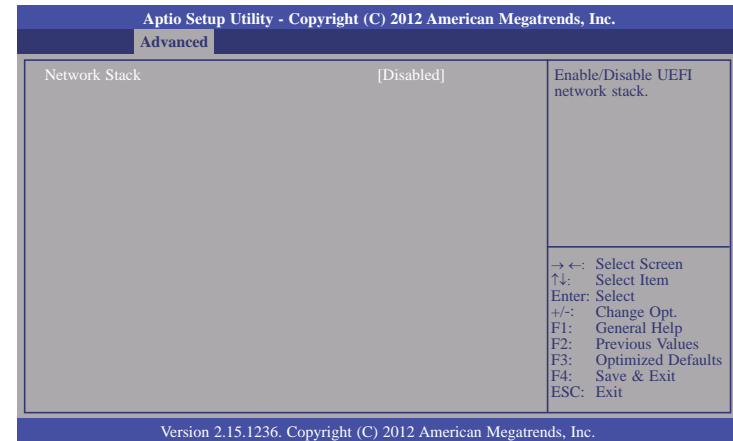
Selects the watchdog count mode.

### WatchDog TimeOut Value

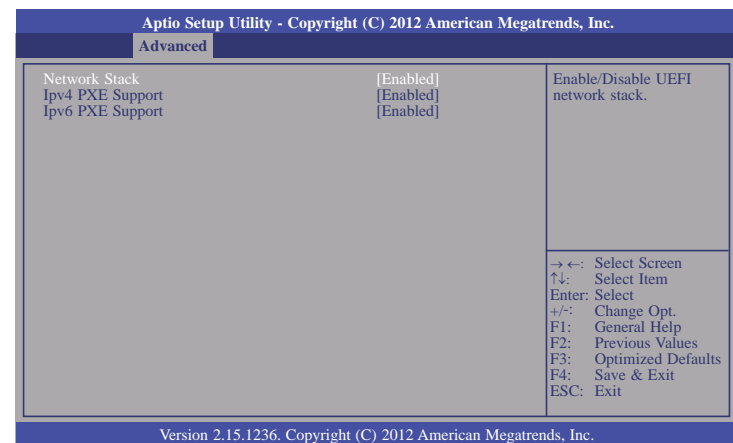
Enters the watchdog timeout value. 0 means disabled.

## Network Stack

This section is used to enable or disable UEFI network stack.



When Network Stack is enabled, it will display the following information:



### Ipv4 PXE Support

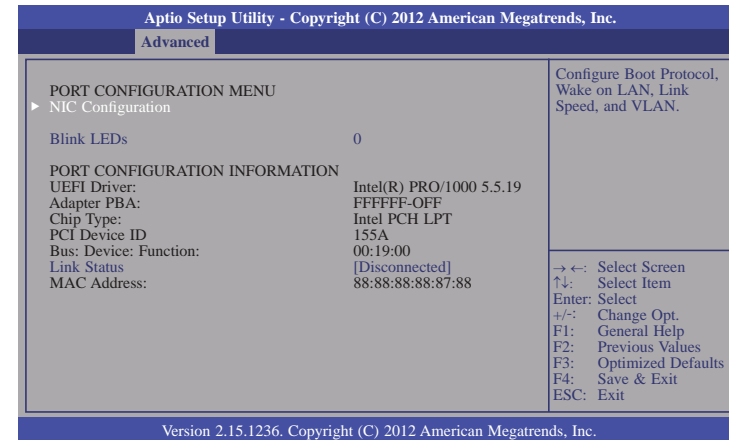
When enabled, Ipv4 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

### Ipv6 PXE Support

When enabled, Ipv6 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

### Intel(R) Ethernet Connection I218-LM - 88:88:88:88:87:88...

This section is used to configure the parameters of the Gigabit Ethernet device.



#### Blink LEDs

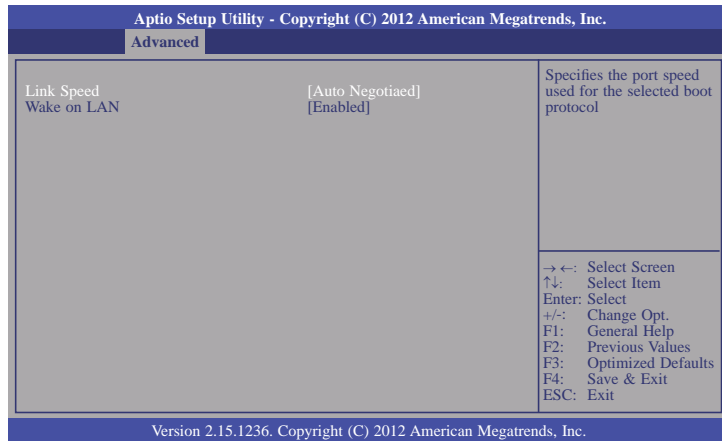
Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED.

#### Link Status

This field indicates the link status of the network device.

## NIC Configuration

This field is used to configure the Boot Protocol, Wake on LAN, Link Speed and VLAN.



### Link Speed

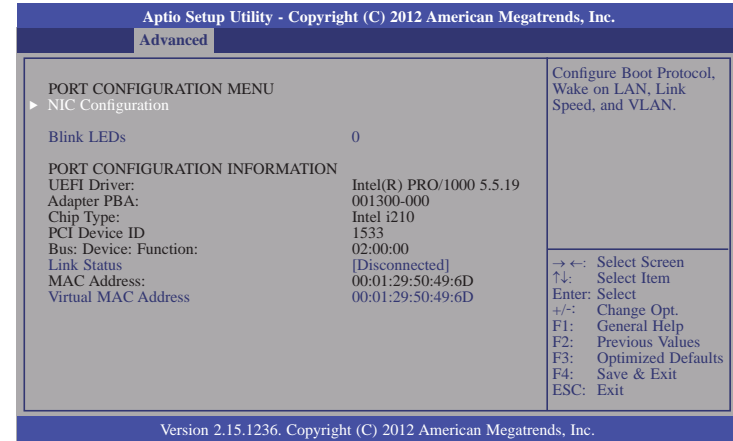
This field is used to specify the port speed used for the selected boot protocol.

### Wake on LAN

Enables the server to be powered on using an in-band magic packet.

## Intel(R) I210 Gigabit Network Connection - 00:01:29:50...

This section is used to configure the parameters of the Gigabit Ethernet device.



### Blink LEDs

Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED.

### Link Status

This field indicates the link status of the network device.

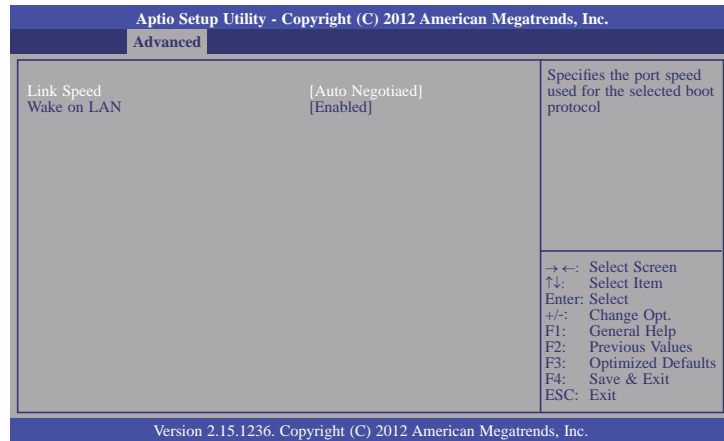
### Virtual MAC Address

Programmatically assignable MAC address of the Ethernet port.



## NIC Configuration

This field is used to configure the Boot Protocol, Wake on LAN, Link Speed and VLAN.



### Link Speed

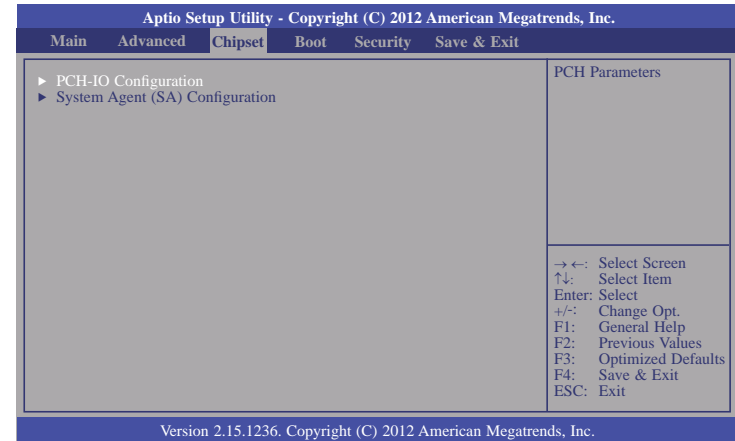
This field is used to specify the port speed used for the selected boot protocol.

### Wake on LAN

Enables the server to be powered on using an in-band magic packet.

## Chipset

This section configures relevant chipset functions.



## PCH-IO Configuration

This section illustrates the PCH parameters.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
Intel PCH RC Version	1.7.0.0	PCI Express Configuration settings.
Intel PCH SKU Name	Premium SKU	
Intel PCH Rev ID	04/B2	
► PCI Express Configuration		
► USB Configuration		
Wake on LAN	[Enabled]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

### Wake on LAN

Enables or disables the integrated LAN controller to wake the system. (The Wake on LAN cannot be disabled if ME is set to On at the Sx state.)

## PCI Express Configuration

This field is used to configure the PCI Express settings.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
PCI Express Configuration	PCI Express Root Port Settings.
► PCI Express Root Port	
→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit	
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	

### PCI Express Root Port

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
PCI Express Root Port 5	[Enabled]	Control the PCI Express Root port.
ASPM Support	[Disabled]	
PME SCI	[Enabled]	
Hot Plug	[Disabled]	
PCIe Speed	[Auto]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

**ASPM Support**

Sets the ASPM support.

**Force L0s** Force all links to the L0s state  
**Auto** BIOS auto configure  
**Disabled** Disable the ASPM support

**PME SCI**

Enables or disables the PCI Express PME SCI.

**Hot Plug**

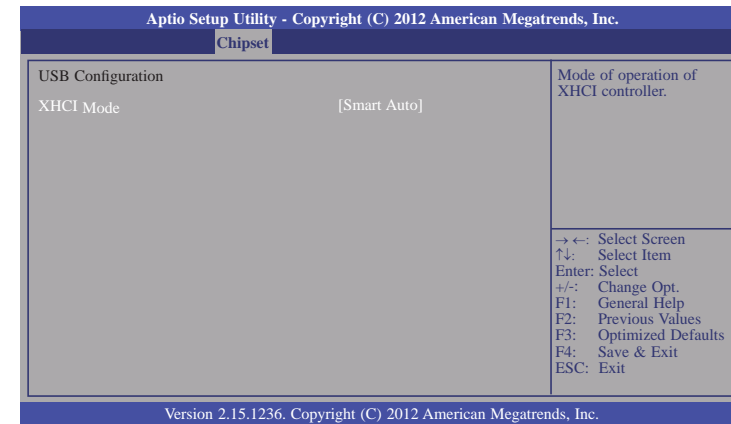
Enables or disables the PCI Express Hot Plug.

**PCIe Speed**

Selects the PCI Express port speed.

**USB Configuration**

This field is used to configure the USB settings.

**XHCI Mode**

Selects the operation mode of the XHCI controller. The options are Smart Auto, Auto, Enabled, Disabled and Manual.

## System Agent (SA) Configuration

This section is used to configure the parameters of System Agent.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
System Agent Bridge Name	Haswell	Check to enable VT-d function on MCH.
System Agent RC Version	1.7.0.0	
VT-d Capability	Supported	
VT-d	[Enabled]	
▶ Graphics Configuration ▶ Memory Configuration		
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

### VT-d

Enables the VT-d function on MCH.

## Graphics Configuration

This field configures the graphics settings.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
Graphics Configuration		Select which of IGFX/ PEG/PCI Graphics device should be Primary Display or Select SG for switch- able Gfx.
IGFX VBIOS Version	2179	
IGfx Frequency	400 MHz	
Primary Display	[Auto]	
Internal Graphics	[Auto]	
DVMT Pre-Allocated	[32M]	
▶ LCD Control		
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

### Primary Display

**Auto** When the system boots, it will auto detects the display device.

**IGFX** When the system boots, it will first initialize the onboard VGA.

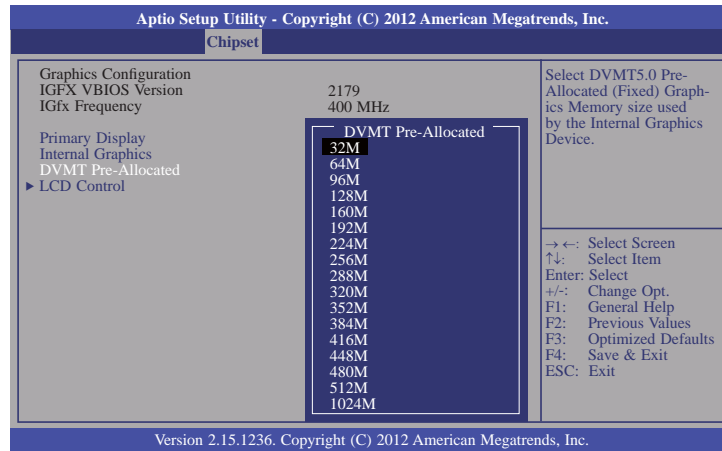
**PCIe** When the system boots, it will first initialize the PCI Express x1 graphics card.

### Internal Graphics

Keeps IGD enabled based on the setup options.

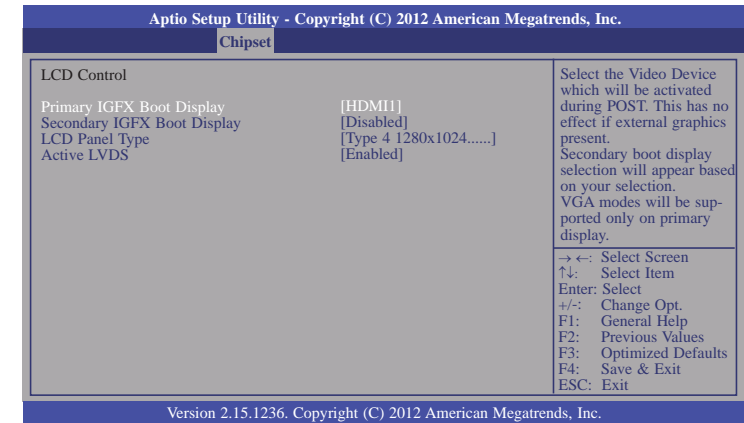
## DVMT Pre-Allocated

Selects DVMT 5.0 Pre-Allocated (Fixed) Graphics Memory size used by the Internal Graphics Device. Please refer to the information shown below.



## LCD Control

This field configures the LCD control.

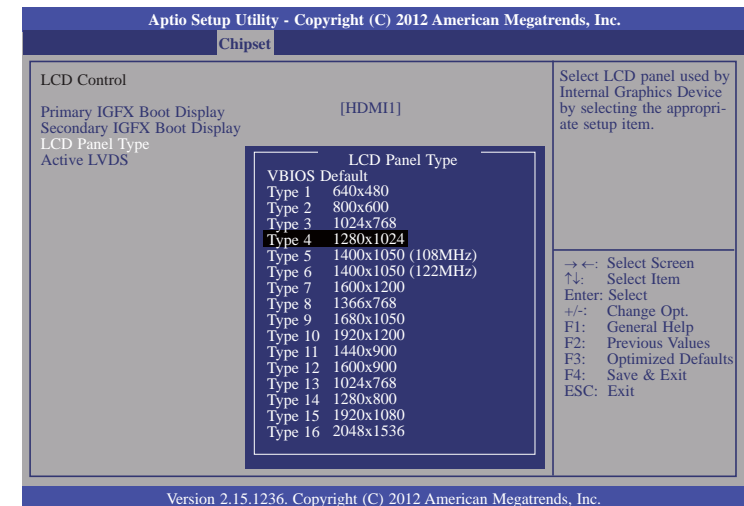


## Secondary IGFX Boot Display

Selects the secondary display device.

## LCD Panel Type

Selects the LCD panel used by the Internal Graphics Device via selecting the appropriate setup item.



**Active LVDS**

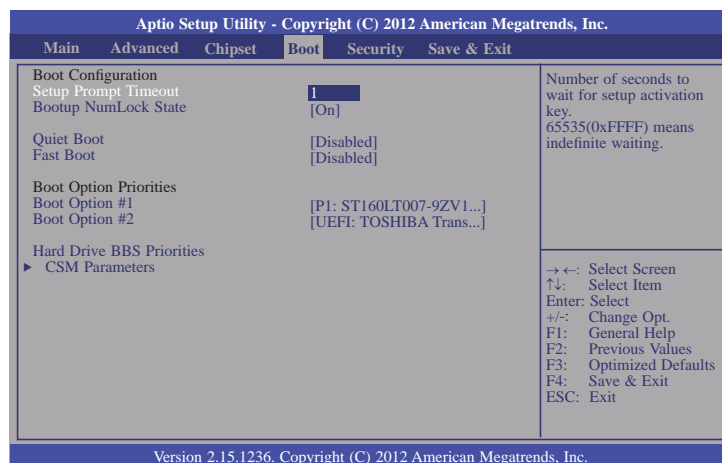
Enables or disables the LVDS function.

**Memory Configuration**

This field only displays the memory configuration.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
Memory Information		
Memory RC Version	1.7.0.0	
Memory Frequency	1600 Mhz	
Total Memory	12288 MB (DDR3)	
Memory Voltage	1.35V	
DIMM#1	8192 MB (DDR3)	
DIMM#2	4096 MB (DDR3)	
CAS Latency (tCL)	11	
Minimum delay time		
CAS to RAS (tRCDmin)	11	
Row Precharge (tRPmin)	11	
Active to Precharge (tRASmin)	28	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

## Boot



### Setup Prompt Timeout

Selects the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

### Bootup NumLock State

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

### Quiet Boot

Enables or disables the quiet boot function.

### Fast Boot

Enables or disables the boot with the initialization of a minimal set of devices required to launch the active boot option. Has no effect on BBS boot options.

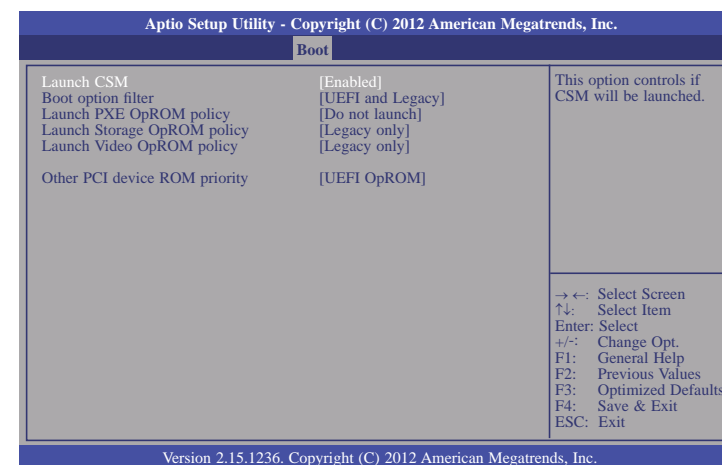
### Boot Option #1/#2

Sets the system boot order.

### Hard Drive BBS Priorities

Sets the order of the legacy devices in this group.

## CSM Parameters



### Launch CSM

This option controls if CSM will be launched.

### Boot option filter

This option controls what devices system can boot to.

### Launch PXE OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy PXE OpROM.

### Launch Storage OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy storage OpROM.

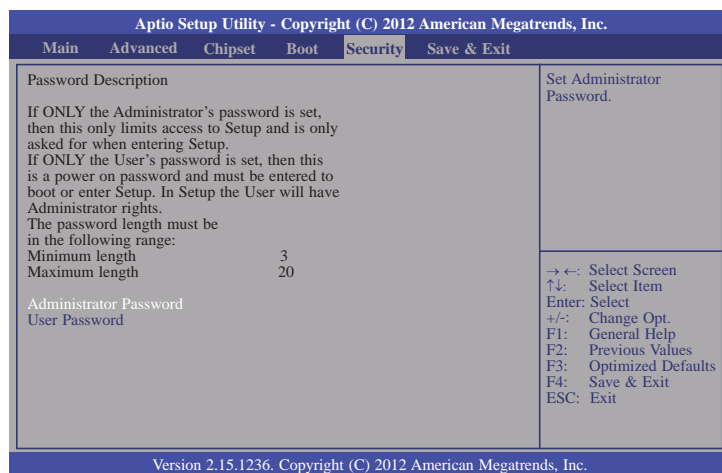
### Launch Video OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy video OpROM.

### Other PCI device ROM priority

For PCI devices other than Network. Mass storage or Video defines which OpROM to launch.

## Security



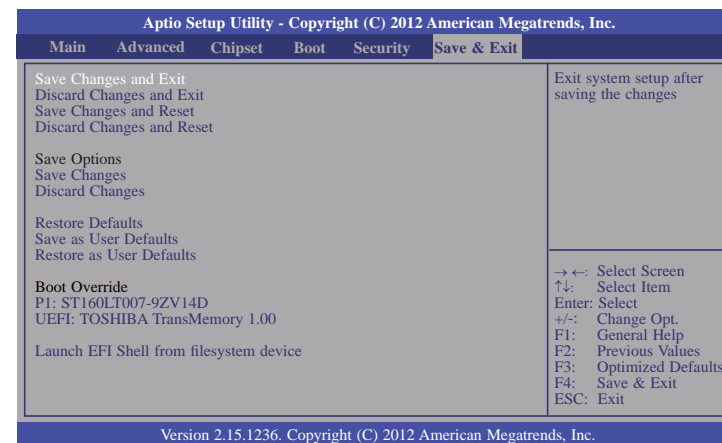
## Administrator Password

Sets the administrator password.

## User Password

Sets the user password.

## Save & Exit



## Save Changes and Exit

Exits the system setup after saving the changes.

## Discard Changes and Exit

Exits the system setup without saving any changes.

### Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

## Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

## Save Changes

Saves changes done so far to any of the setup options.

## Discard Changes

Discards changes done so far to any of the setup options.

## Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.



### Save as User Defaults

To save changes done so far as user default, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to save values as user default.

### Restore User Defaults

To restore user default to all the setup options, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore user default.

### Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Attempts to Launch EFI Shell application (Shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

## Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AFUDOS.EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

To execute the utility, type:

```
A:> AFUDOS BIOS_File_Name /b /p /n
```

then press <Enter>.

```
C:\AFU\AFUDOS>afudos filename /B /P /N

+-----+
|               AMI Firmware Update Utility(APTIO) v2.25               |
|               Copyright (C)2012 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved.               |
+-----+

Reading file ..... done
Erasing flash ..... done
Writing flash ..... done
Verifying flash ..... done
Erasing BootBlock ..... done
Writing BootBlock ..... done
Verifying BootBlock ..... done

C:\AFU\AFUDOS>
```

## Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.

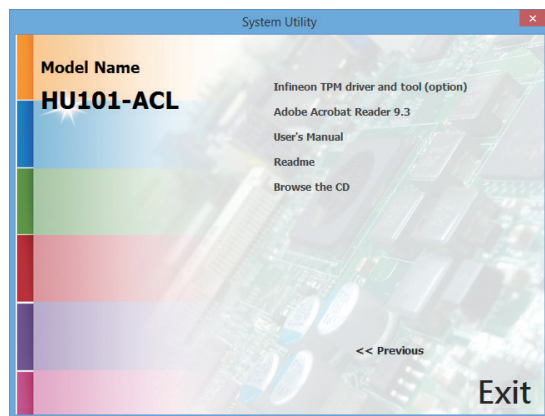
**Note:**

- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.

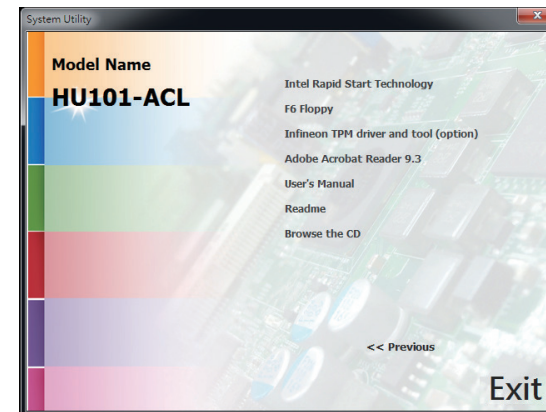
## Chapter 4 - Supported Software

Install drivers, utilities and software applications that are required to facilitate and enhance the performance of the system board. You may acquire the software from your sales representatives, from an optional DVD included in the shipment, or from the website download page at <https://www.dfi.com/DownloadCenter>.

### For Windows 8



### For Windows 7



#### Note:

This step can be ignored if the applications are standalone files.

## Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click “Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility” on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



4. Click Finish to exit setup.



## Intel HD Graphics Drivers

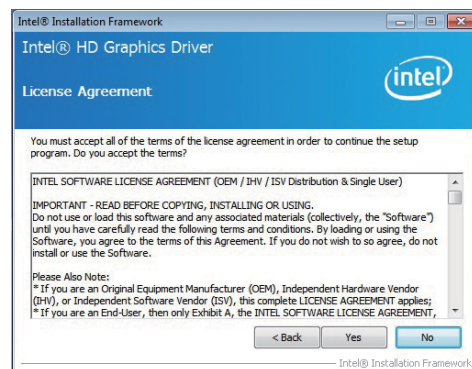
To install the driver, click “Intel HD Graphics Drivers” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.

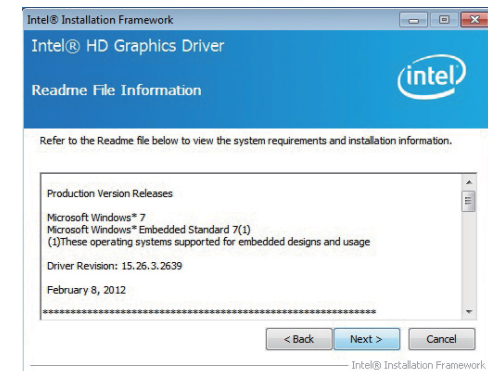


By default, the “Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme” is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows Vista desktop appears. The “blank screen” period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

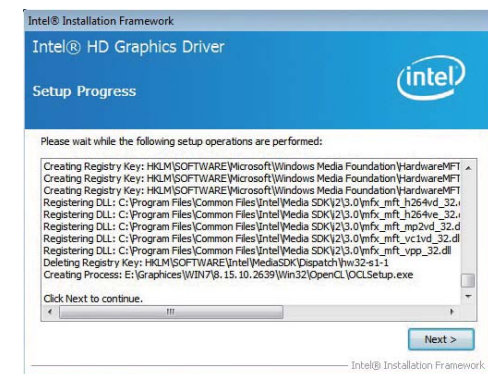
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.

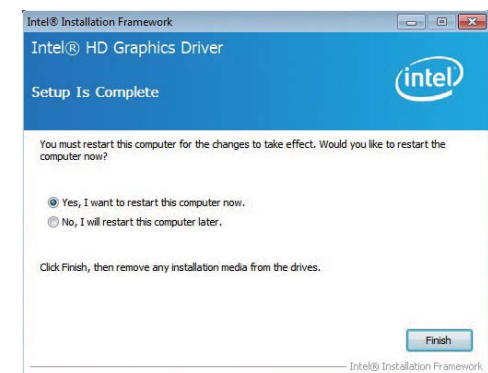


4. Setup is now installing the driver. Click Next to continue.



5. Click “Yes, I want to restart this computer now” then click Finish.

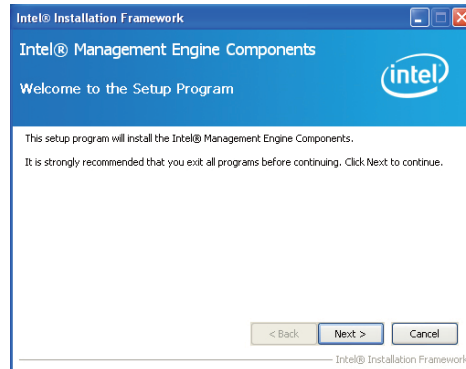
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



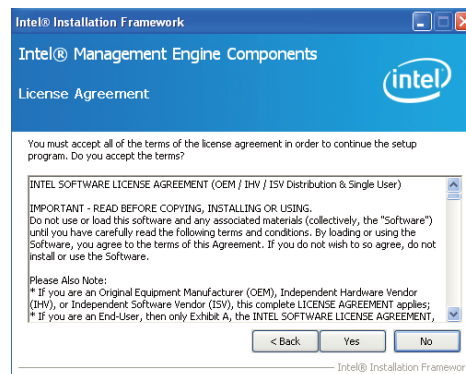
## Intel Management Engine Drivers 9.5

To install the driver, click "Intel Management Engine Drivers 9.5" on the main menu.

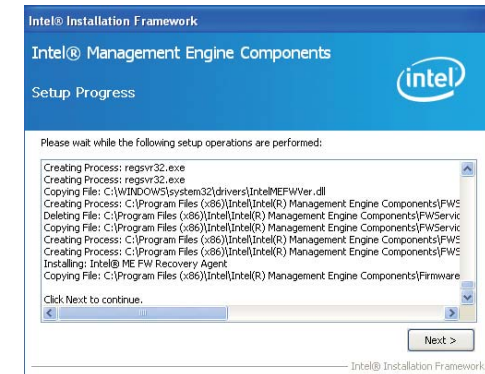
1. Setup is ready to install the driver.  
Click Next.



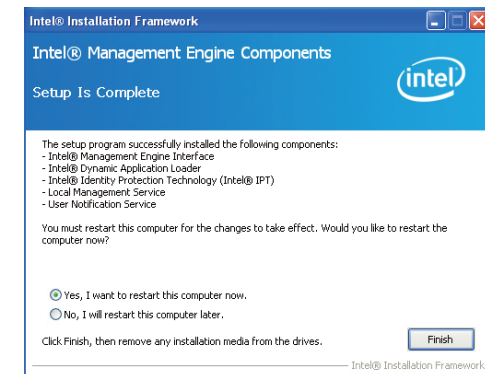
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



4. After completing installation, click Finish.

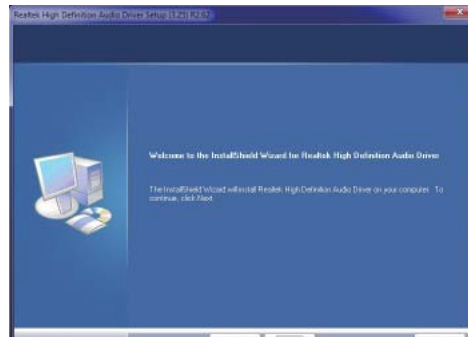




## Audio Drivers

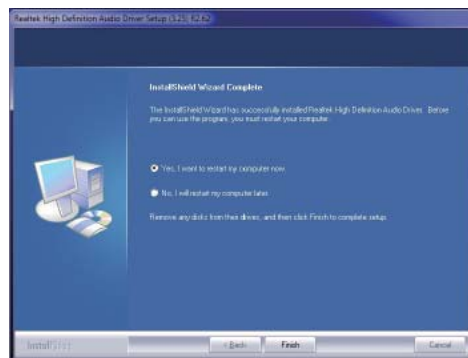
To install the driver, click “Audio Drivers” on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



2. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



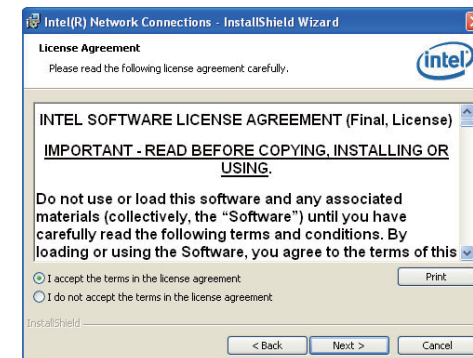
## Intel LAN Drivers

To install the driver, click “Intel LAN Drivers” on the main menu.

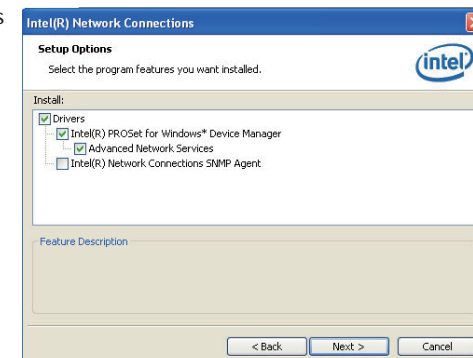
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



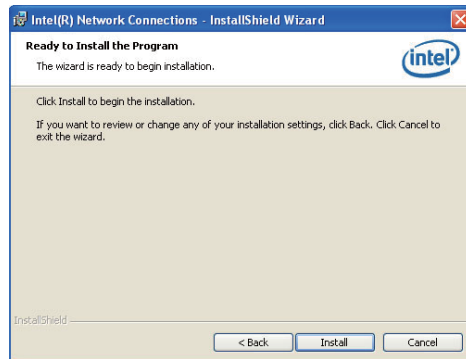
2. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” then click “Next”.



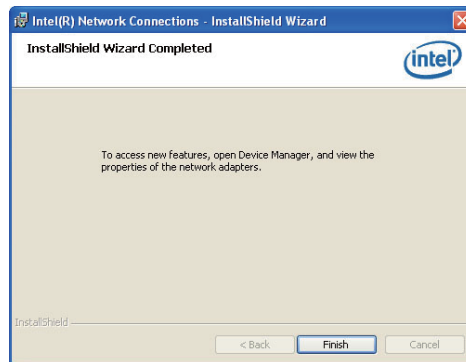
3. Select the program features you want installed then click Next.



- Click Install to begin the installation.



- After completing installation, click Finish.



## DFI Utility

DFI Utility provides information about the board, Watchdog, and DIO. To access the utility, click "DFI Utility" on the main menu.



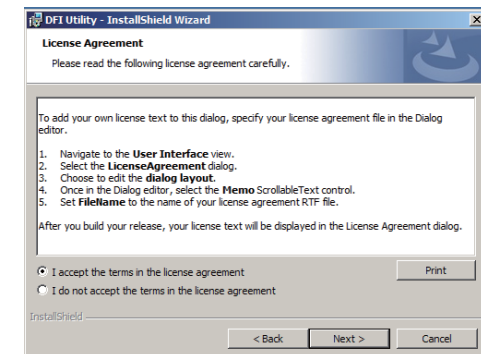
### Note:

If you are using Windows 7, you need to access the operating system as an administrator to be able to install the utility.

- Setup is ready to install the DFI Utility driver. Click "Next".

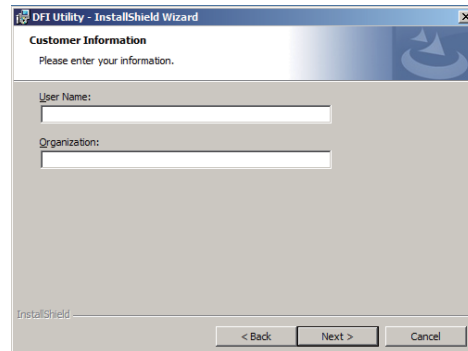


- Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".

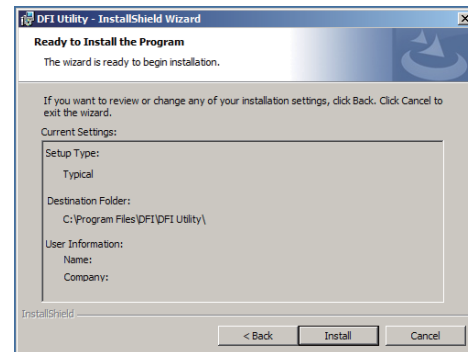




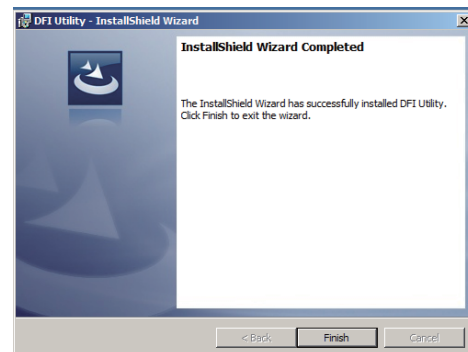
3. Enter “User name” (SB102) and “Organization” information then click “Next”.



4. Click “Install” to begin the installation.



5. After completing installation, click “Finish”.



The DFI Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.



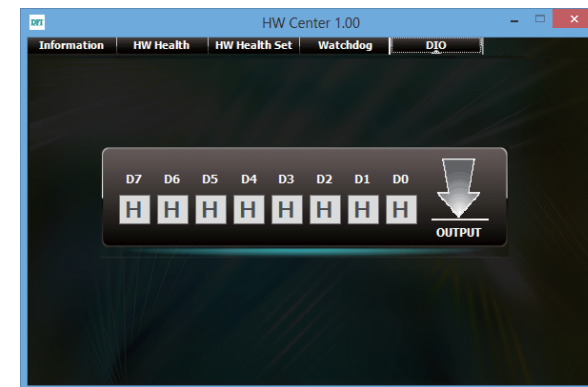
Information



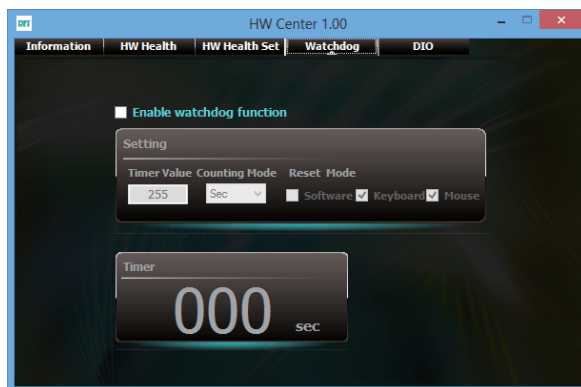
HW Health



HW Health Set



DIO

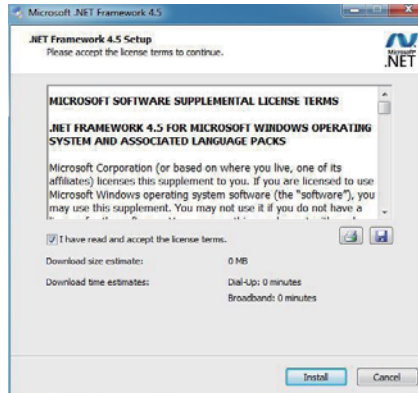


WatchDog

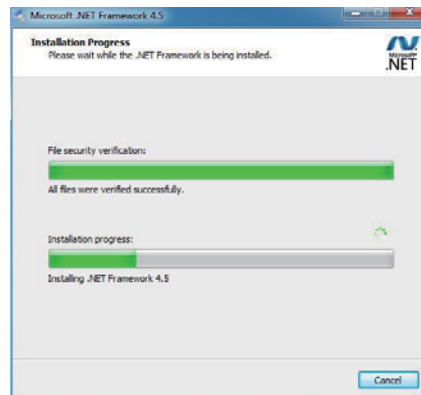
## Microsoft Framework 4.5

To install the utility, click “Microsoft Framework 4.5” on the main menu.

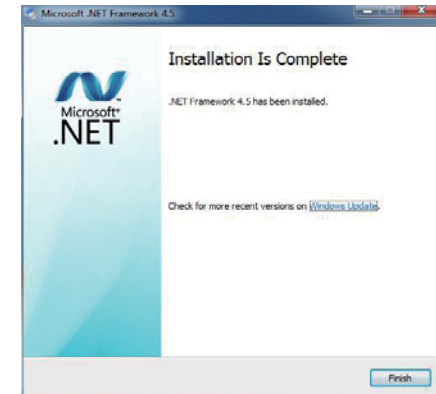
1. Read and accept the license agreement. Then, click “Installation”.



2. Setup is installing the driver.



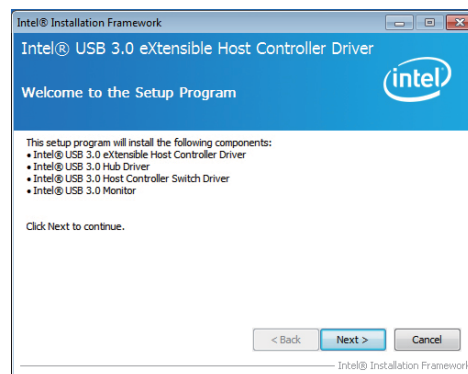
3. After completing installation, click Finish.



## Intel USB 3.0 Drivers (For Windows 7 Only)

To install the driver, click “Intel USB 3.0 Driver” on the main menu.

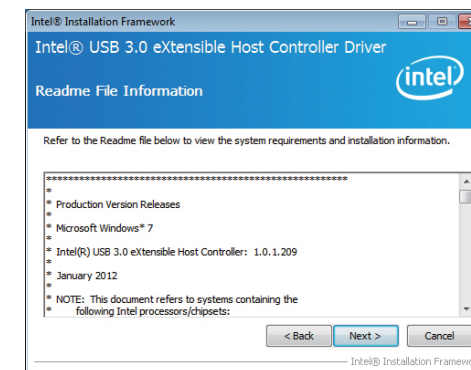
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



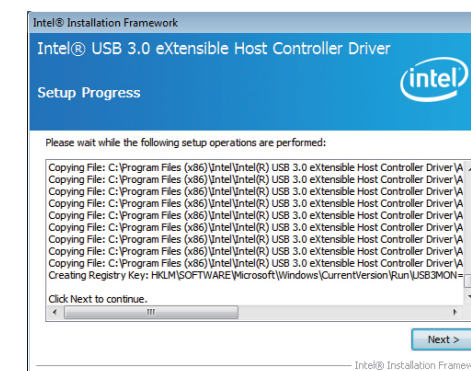
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



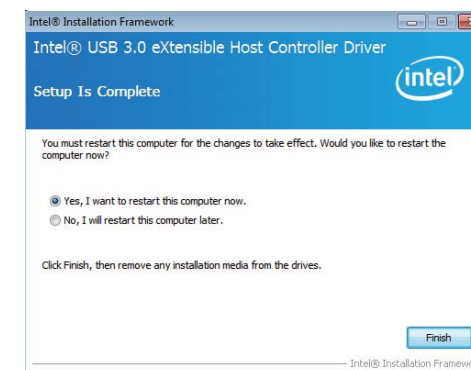
3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



4. Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.

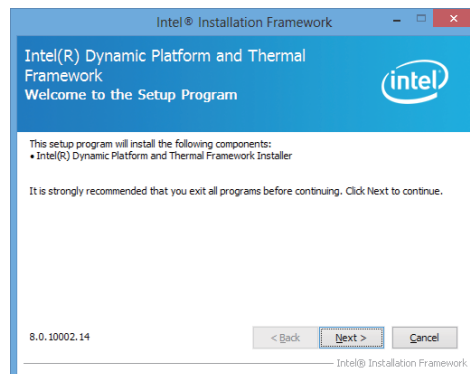


## Intel Dynamic Platform and Thermal Framework 8.0

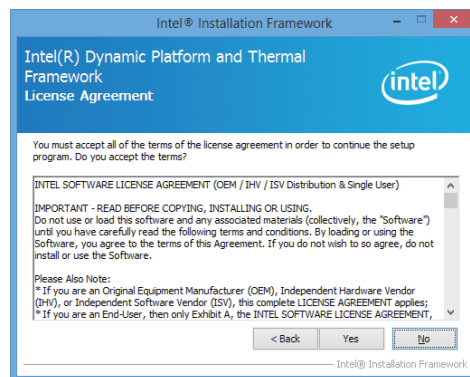
The Intel Dynamic Platform and Thermal Framework Technology enables the control of power and temperature management for the system protection.

To install the driver, click "Intel Dynamic Platform and Thermal Framework 8.0" on the main menu.

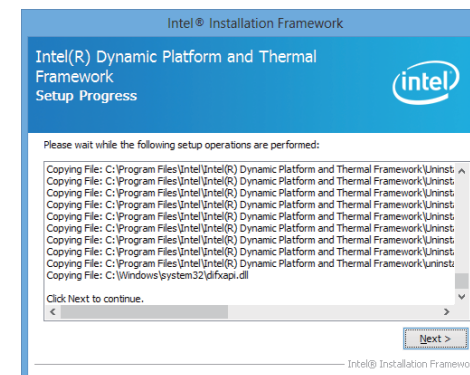
1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Exit all programs before continuing and click Next to continue.



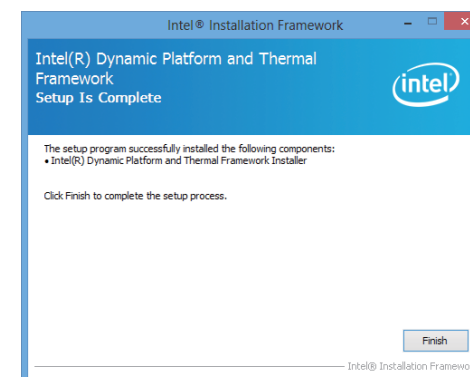
2. Read the license agreement and then click Yes.



3. After the setup progress finishes, click Next to continue..



4. Click Finish to complete the setup process.



## Intel Rapid Storage Technology

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

To install the driver, click "Intel Rapid Storage Technology" on the main menu.

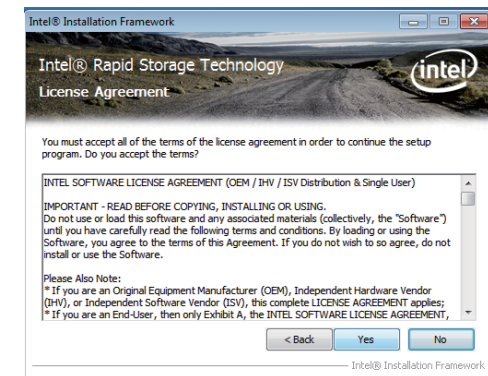
1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



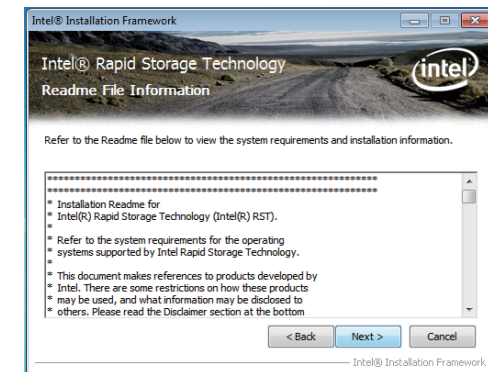
2. Read the warning then click Yes.



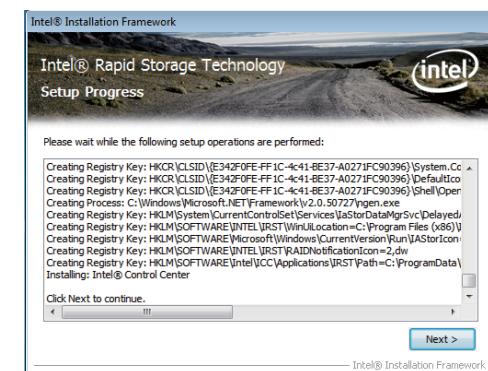
3. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



4. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.

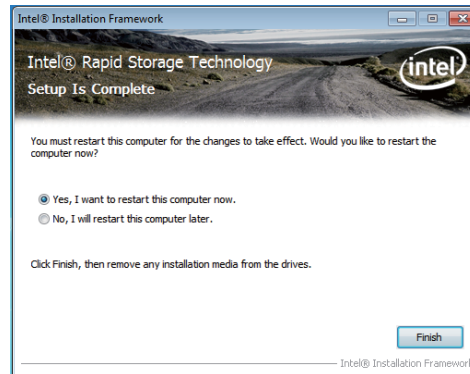


5. Setup is now installing the utility. Click Next to continue.



6. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

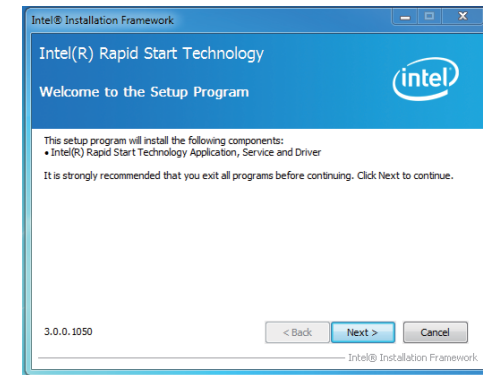
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



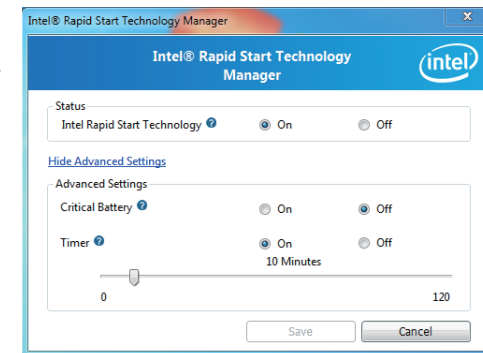
## Intel Rapid Start Technology

The Intel Rapid Start Technology is a utility that allows your system to wake up and run faster. To install the driver, click “Intel Rapid Start Technology” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Click ON and select the Advanced Settings to enable the Intel Rapid Start Technology. Then, click Save.





## F6 Floppy (For Windows 7 Only)

This is used to create a floppy driver diskette needed when you install Windows® XP using the F6 installation method. This will allow you to install the operating system onto a hard drive when in AHCI mode.

1. Insert a blank floppy diskette.
2. Locate for the drivers in the CD then copy them to the floppy diskette. The CD includes drivers for both 32-bit and 64-bit operating systems. The path to the drivers are shown below.

32-bit

CD Drive:\AHCI\_RAID\F6FLOPPY\6flpy32

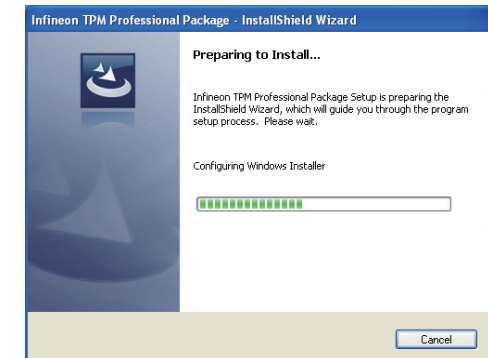
64-bit

CD Drive:\AHCI\_RAID\F6FLOPPY\6flpy64

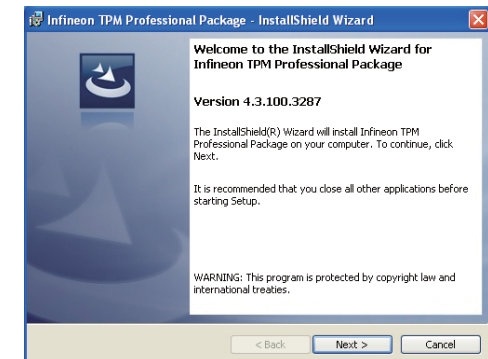
## Infineon TPM Driver and Tool (optional)

To install the driver, click “Infineon TPM driver and tool (option)” on the main menu.

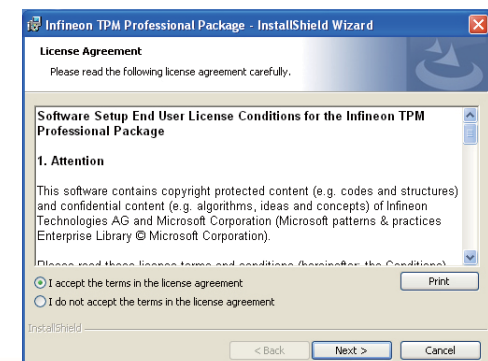
1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



2. The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.

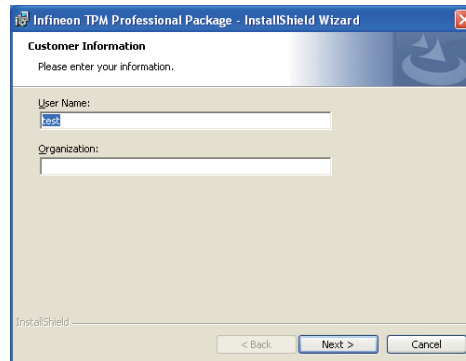


3. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” and then click “Next”.

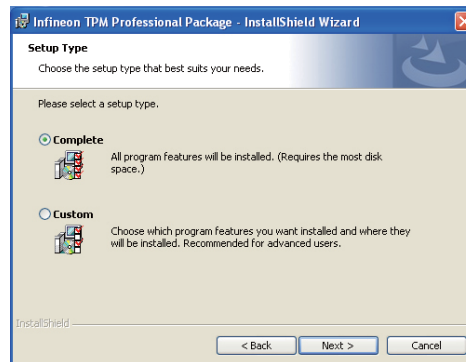




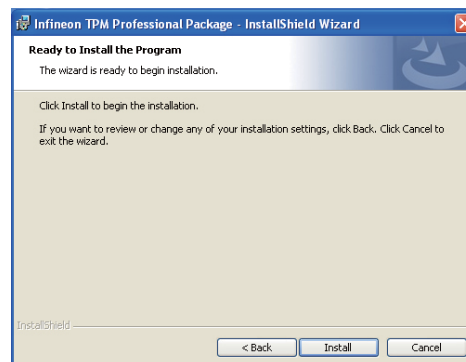
4. Enter the necessary information and then click Next.



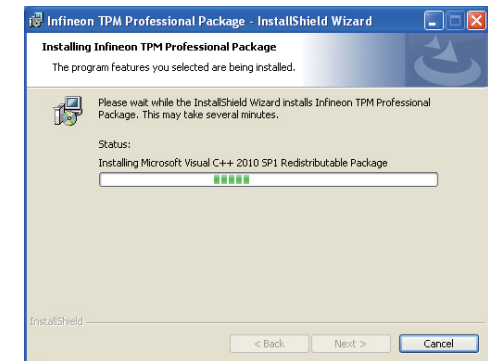
5. Select a setup type and then click Next.



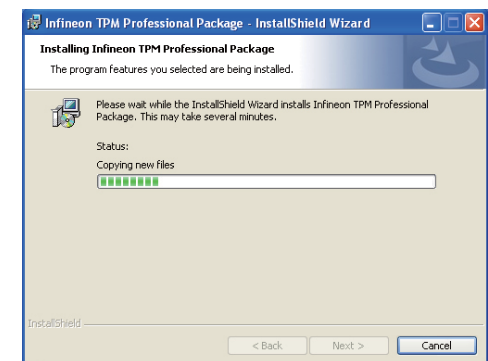
6. Click Install.



7. TPM requires installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package prior to installing the utility. Click Install.



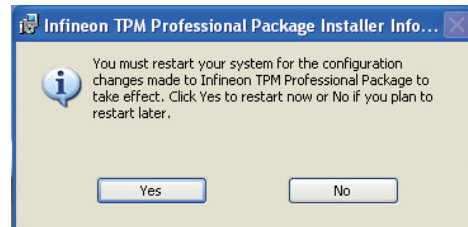
8. The setup program is currently installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package.



9. Click Finish.



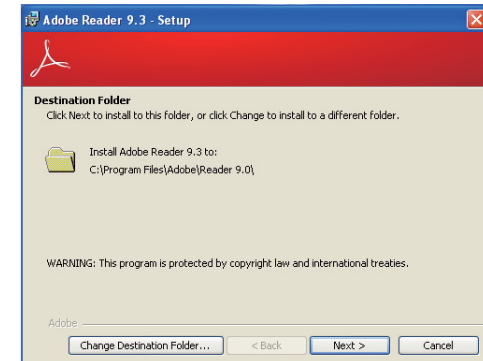
10. Click "Yes" to restart your system.



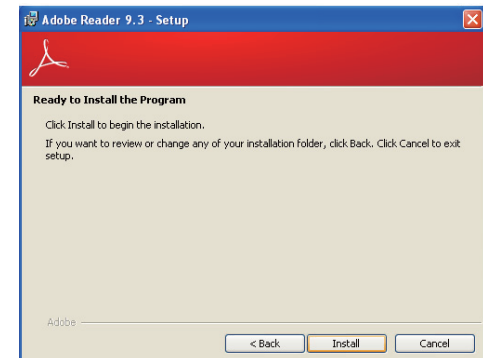
## Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

To install the reader, click "Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3" on the main menu.

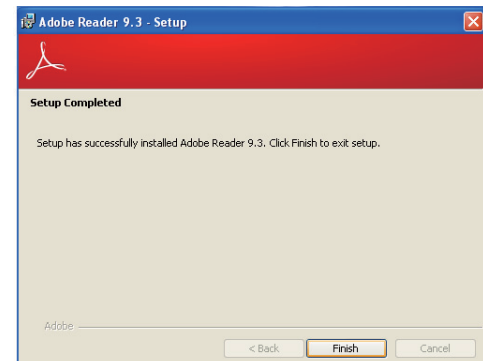
1. Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click Install to begin installation.



3. Click Finish to exit installation.



## Chapter 5 - Digital I/O Programming Guide

### Register Description

The Input Port Register (register 0) reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or output by the Configuration Register. They act only on the read operation. Writes to this register have no effect. The default value (X) is determined by the externally applied logic level. Before a read operation, a write transmission is sent with the command byte to indicate to the I<sup>2</sup>C device that the Input Port Register will be accessed next.

Register 0 (Input Port Register)

BIT	I-7	I-6	I-5	I-4	I-3	I-2	I-1	I-0
DEFAULT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

The Output Port Register (register 1) shows the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by the Configuration Register. Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. In turns, reads from this register reflect the value that is in the flip-flop controlling the output selection, not the actual pin value.

Register 1 (Output Port Register)

BIT	O-7	O-6	O-5	O-4	O-3	O-2	O-1	O-0
DEFAULT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

The Polarity Inversion Register (register 2) allows polarity inversion of the pins defined as inputs by the Configuration Register. If a bit in this register is set (written with 1), the corresponding port pin's polarity is inverted. If a bit in this register is clear (written with a 0), the corresponding port pin's original polarity is retained.

Register 2 (Polarity Inversion Register)

BIT	N-7	N-6	N-5	N-4	N-3	N-2	N-1	N-0
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

The Configuration Register (register 3) configures the direction of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set to 1, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with a high-impedance output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared to 0, the corresponding port is enabled as an input.

Register 3 (Configuration Register)

BIT	C-7	C-6	C-5	C-4	C-3	C-2	C-1	C-0
DEFAULT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

## Function Description

I2CWriteByte(SlaveAddr, SubAddr, Data):  
Write a Byte data to a specified I2C Device.

I2CReadByte(SlaveAddr, SubAddr, \*Data):  
Read a Byte data from a specified I2C Device.

SetBit(\*Data, Bit) :  
Set Data bit n as "1".

ClrBit(\*Data, Bit) :  
Set Data bit n as "0".

GetBit(Data, Bit) :  
Return the value of data bit n.

## Sample Code

### GPIO Configuration

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR      0x42
#define INPUT_PORT      0x00
#define OUTPUT_PORT     0x01
#define INVERSION_PORT  0x02
#define COMFIG_PORT     0x03

GpioConfig(int PinNum, int Mode)
{
    BYTE Data;
    BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;

    //Pin0-7 Input/Output Configuration
    I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, CONFIG_PORT, &Data);
    if(Mode == 1){SetBit(&Data, TempPinNum);} //Input
    else      {ClrBit(&Data, TempPinNum);} //Output
    I2C_WriteByte(SLAVE_ADDR, CONFIG_PORT, Data);

    return 1;
}
```

### GPIO Output Process

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR      0x42
#define INPUT_PORT      0x00
#define OUTPUT_PORT     0x01
#define INVERSION_PORT  0x02
#define COMFIG_PORT     0x03

GpioOut(int PinNum, int Level)
{
    BYTE Data;
    BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;

    //Pin0-7
    I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, OUTPUT_PORT, &Data);
    if(Level == 0){ClrBit(&Data, TempPinNum);}
    else      {SetBit(&Data, TempPinNum);}
    I2C_WriteByte(SLAVE_ADDR, OUTPUT_PORT, Data);

    return 1;
}
```

### GPIO Input Process

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR      0x42
#define INPUT_PORT      0x00
#define OUTPUT_PORT     0x01
#define INVERSION_PORT  0x02
#define COMFIG_PORT     0x03

GpioIn(int PinNum, int *Status)
{
    BYTE Data;
    BYTE Group = PinNum/8;
    BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;

    //Pin0-7
    I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, INPUT_PORT, &Data);
    *Status = GetBit(Data, TempPinNum);

    return 1;
}
```

## Chapter 6 - RAID

The system board allows configuring RAID on Serial ATA drives. It supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5 and RAID 10.

### RAID Levels

#### RAID 0 (Striped Disk Array without Fault Tolerance)

RAID 0 uses two new identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Data is divided into stripes and each stripe is written alternately between two disk drives. This improves the I/O performance of the drives at different channel; however it is not fault tolerant. A failed disk will result in data loss in the disk array.

#### RAID 1 (Mirroring Disk Array with Fault Tolerance)

RAID 1 copies and maintains an identical image of the data from one drive to the other drive. If a drive fails to function, the disk array management software directs all applications to the other drive since it contains a complete copy of the drive's data. This enhances data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or an existing drive and a new drive but the size of the new drive must be the same or larger than the existing drive.

#### RAID 5

RAID 5 stripes data and parity information across hard drives. It is fault tolerant and provides better hard drive performance and more storage capacity.

## Settings

To enable the RAID function, the following settings are required.

1. Connect the Serial ATA drives.
2. Configure Serial ATA in the AMI BIOS.
3. Configure RAID in the RAID BIOS.
4. Install the RAID driver during OS installation.
5. Install the Intel Rapid Storage Drivers.

### Step 1: Connect the Serial ATA Drives

Refer to chapter 2 for details on connecting the Serial ATA drives.



#### Important:

1. Make sure you have installed the Serial ATA drives and connected the data cables otherwise you won't be able to enter the RAID BIOS utility.
2. Treat the cables with extreme caution especially while creating RAID. A damaged cable will ruin the entire installation process and operating system. The system will not boot and you will lost all data in the hard drives. Please give special attention to this warning because there is no way of recovering back the data.

### Step 2: Configure Serial ATA in the AMI BIOS

1. Power-on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. Configure Serial ATA in the appropriate fields.
3. Save the changes in the Save & Exit menu.
4. Reboot the system.

### Step 3: Configure RAID in the RAID BIOS

When the system powers-up and all drives have been detected, the Intel RAID BIOS status message screen will appear. Press the <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously to enter the utility. The utility allows you to build a RAID system on Serial ATA drives.

## Step 4: Install the RAID Driver During OS Installation

The RAID driver must be installed during the Windows® XP or Windows® 2000 installation using the F6 installation method. This is required in order to install the operating system onto a hard drive or RAID volume when in RAID mode or onto a hard drive when in AHCI mode.

1. Start Windows Setup by booting from the installation CD.
2. Press <F6> when prompted in the status line with the 'Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver' message.
3. Press <S> to "Specify Additional Device".
4. At this point you will be prompted to insert a floppy disk containing the RAID driver. Insert the RAID driver diskette.
5. Locate for the drive where you inserted the diskette then select RAID or AHCI controller that corresponds to your BIOS setup. Press <Enter> to confirm.

You have successfully installed the driver. However you must continue installing the OS. Leave the floppy disk in the floppy drive until the system reboots itself because Windows setup will need to copy the files again from the floppy disk to the Windows installation folders. After Windows setup has copied these files again, remove the floppy diskette so that Windows setup can reboot as needed.

## Step 5: Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility

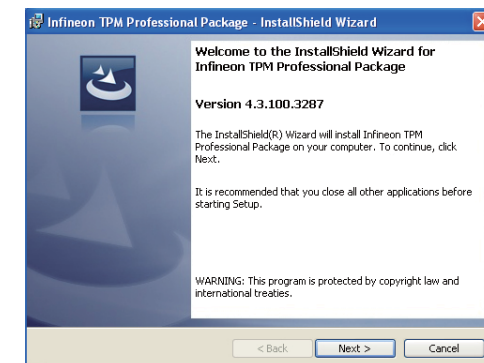
The Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility can be installed from within Windows. It allows RAID volume management (create, delete, migrate) from within the operating system. It will also display useful SATA device and RAID volume information. The user interface, tray icon service and monitor service allow you to monitor the current status of the RAID volume and/or SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

1. Insert the provided CD into an optical drive.
2. Click "Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility" on the main menu.

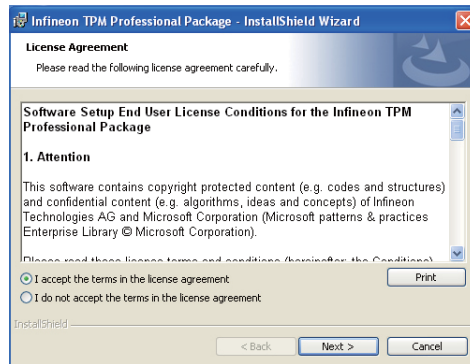
3. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.



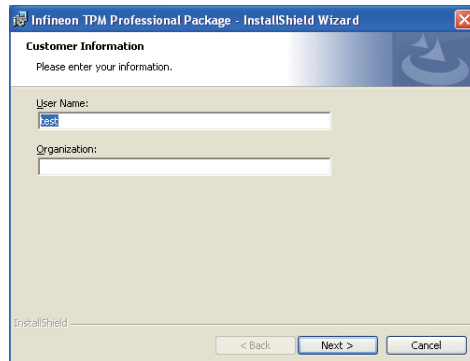
4. Read the license agreement and click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement." Then, click Next.



5. Go through the readme document to view system requirements and installation information then click Next.



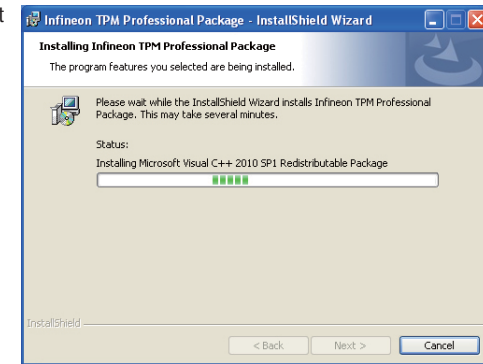
6. Click Next to install to the default folder or click change to choose another destination folder.



7. Confirm the installation and click Next.



8. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" to complete the installation and then click Finish.



## Chapter 7 - Intel AMT Settings

### Overview

Intel Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) combines hardware and software solution to provide maximum system defense and protection to networked systems.

The hardware and software information are stored in non-volatile memory. With its built-in manageability and latest security applications, Intel® AMT provides the following functions.

- **Discover**

Allows remote access and management of networked systems even while PCs are powered off; significantly reducing desk-side visits.

- **Repair**

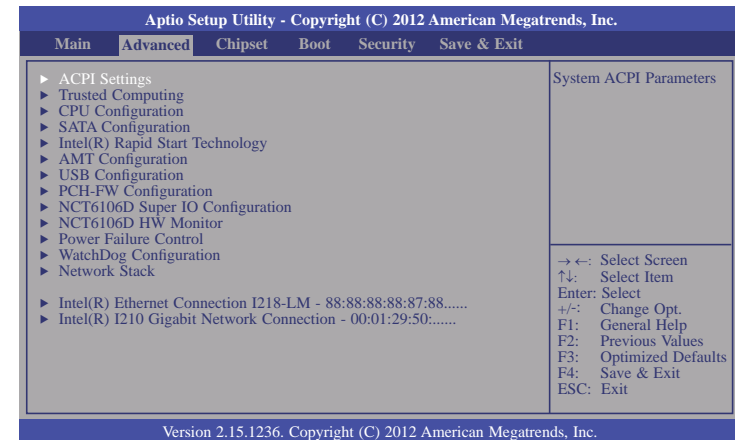
Remotely repair systems after OS failures. Alerting and event logging help detect problems quickly to reduce downtime.

- **Protect**

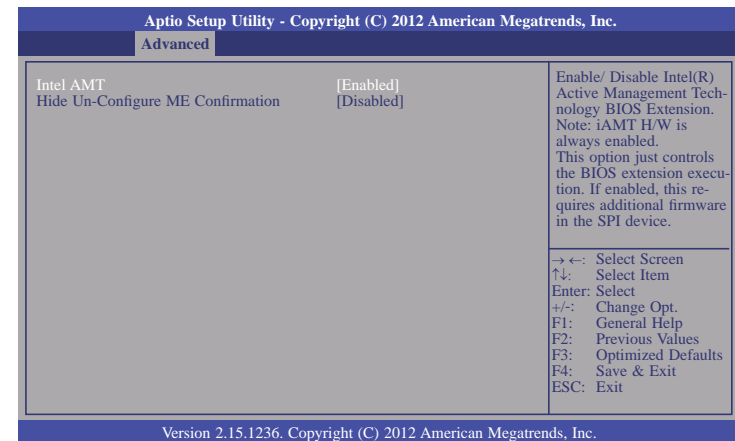
Intel AMT's System Defense capability remotely updates all systems with the latest security software. It protects the network from threats at the source by proactively blocking incoming threats, reactively containing infected clients before they impact the network, and proactively alerting when critical software agents are removed.

### Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS

1. Power-on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. In the **Advanced** menu, select **AMT Configuration**.

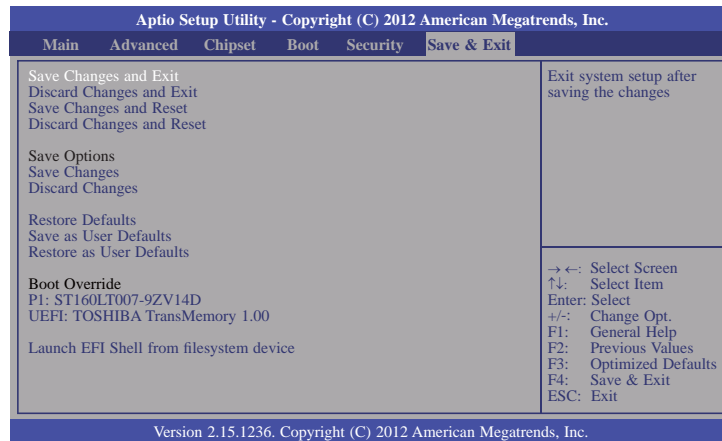


3. In the **Advanced** menu, select **Enable** in the **AMT** field.





4. In the **Save & Exit** menu, select **Save Changes and Reset** then select **OK**.

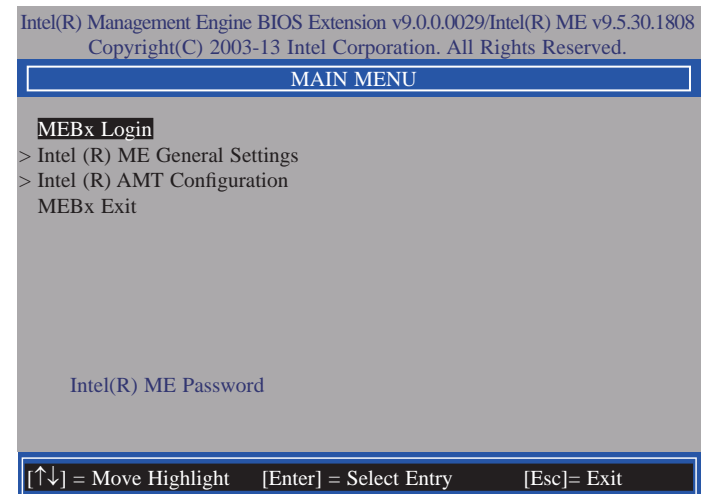


## Enable Intel® AMT in the Intel® Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX) Screen

1. When the system reboots, the following message will be displayed. Press **<Ctrl-P>** as soon as the message is displayed; as this message will be displayed for only a few seconds.

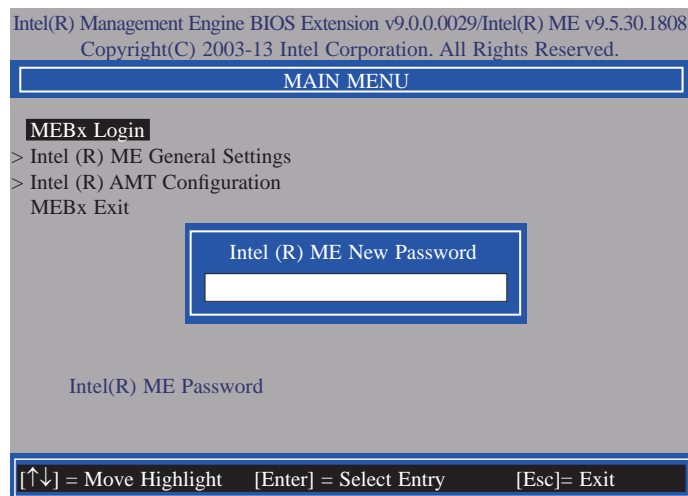


2. You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "**admin**". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME Password then press Enter.

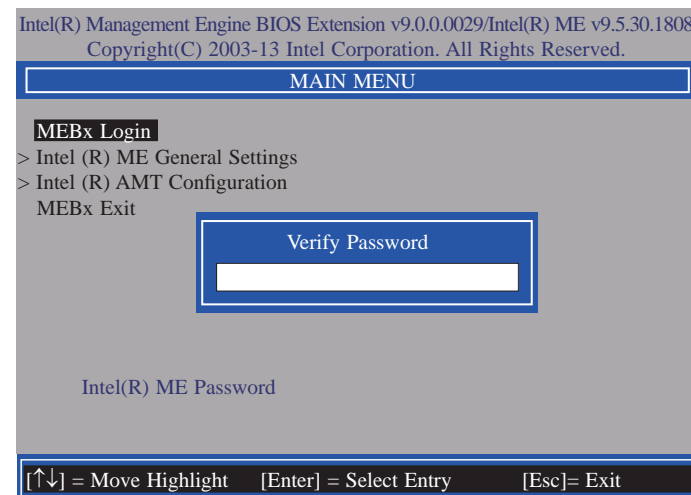


3. Enter a new password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME New Password then press Enter. The password must include:

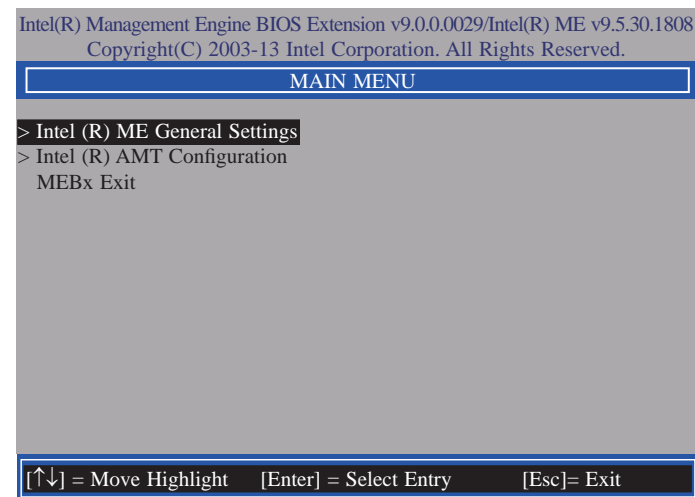
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



4. You will be asked to verify the password. Enter the same new password in the space provided under Verify Password then press Enter.



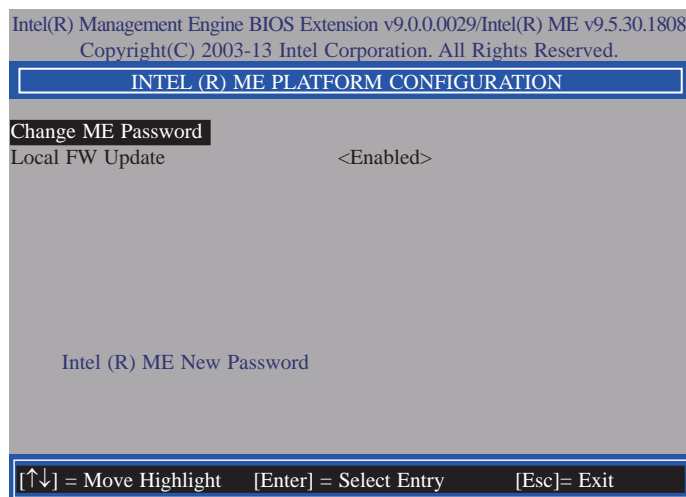
5. Select **Intel(R) ME General Settings** then press Enter.



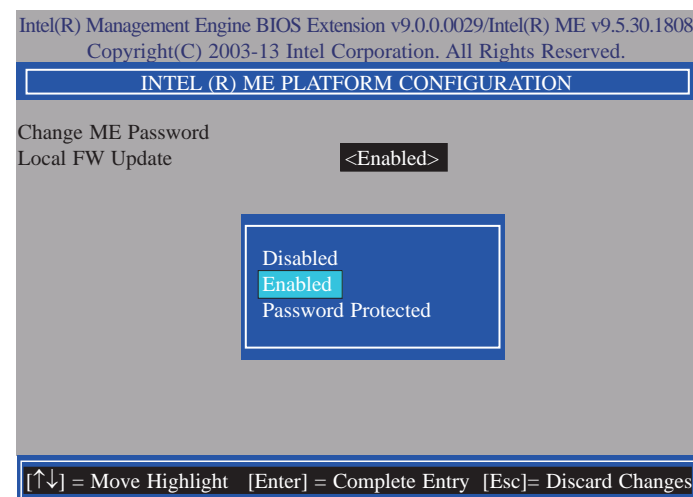
6. Select **Change Intel(R) ME Password** then press Enter.

You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "**admin**". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME New Password then press Enter.

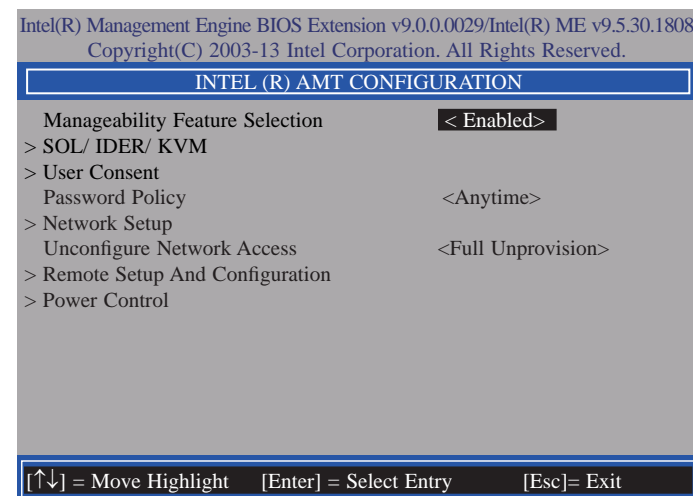
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



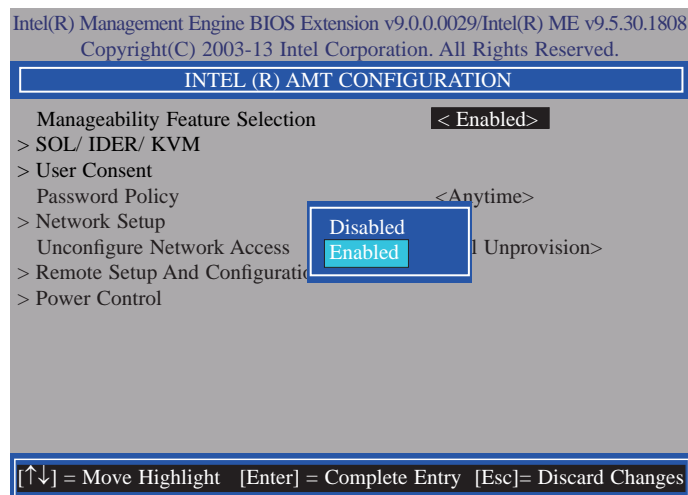
7. Select **Local FW Update** then press Enter. Select **Enabled** then press Enter.



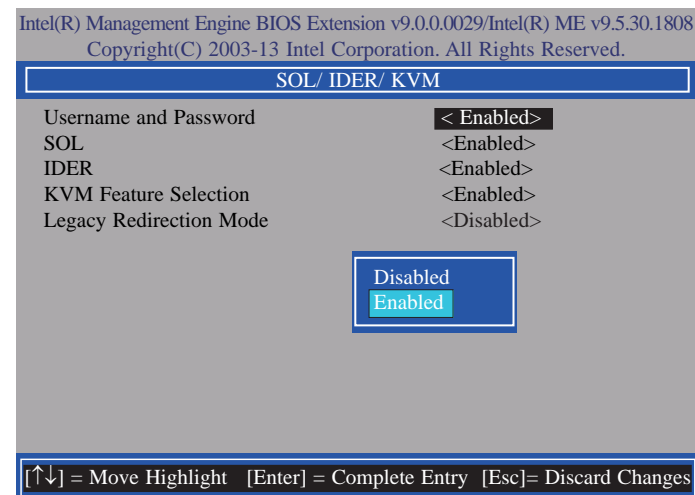
8. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Main Menu**. Select **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** then press Enter.



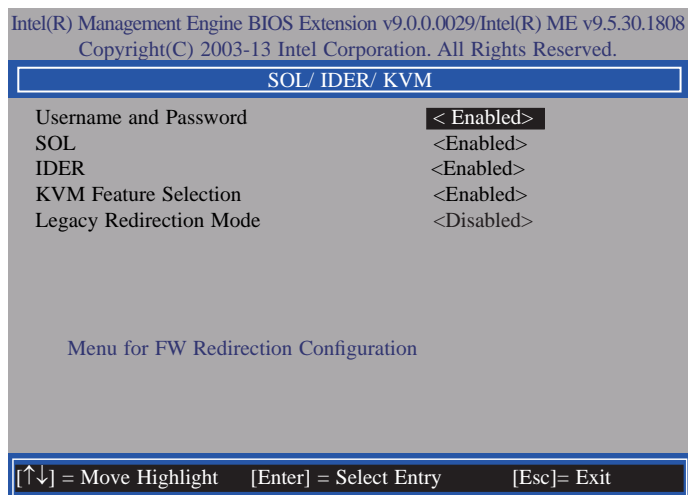
9. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Manageability Feature Selection** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



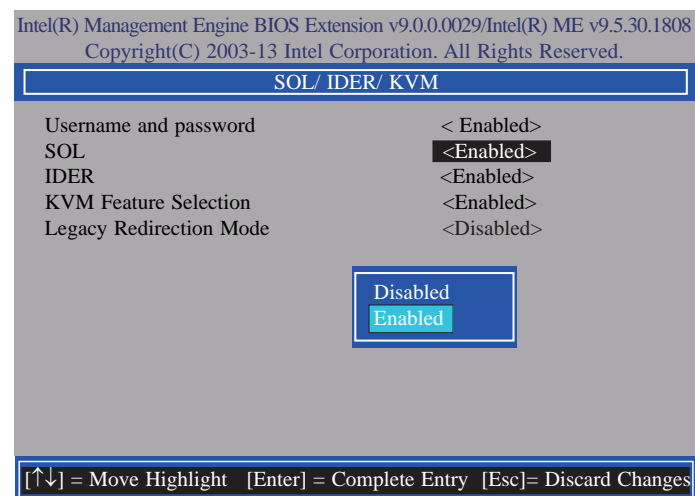
11. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **Username and Password** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



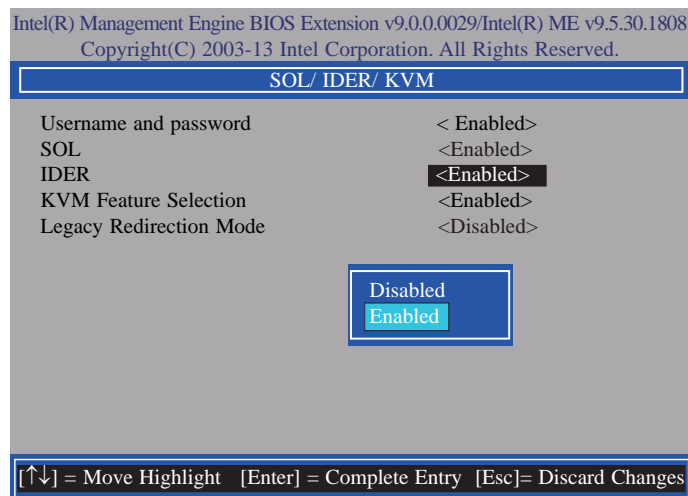
10. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **SOL/IDER/KVM** then press Enter.



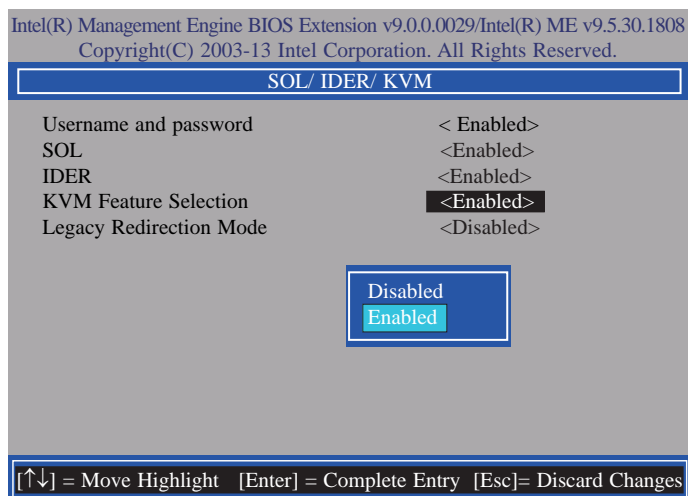
12. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **SOL** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



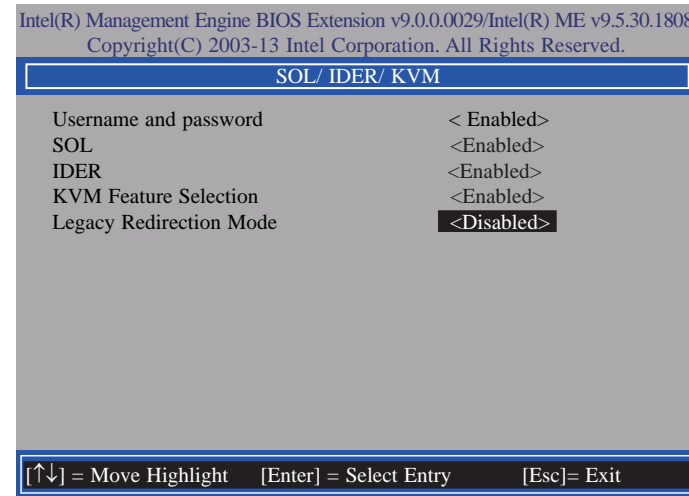
13. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **IDER** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



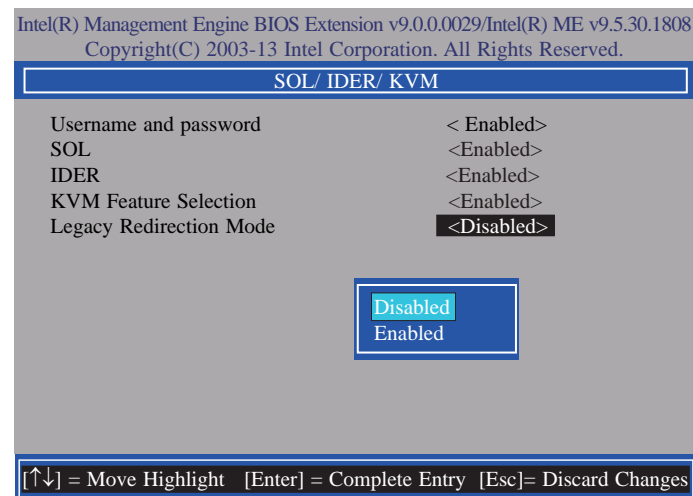
14. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **KVM Feature Selection** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



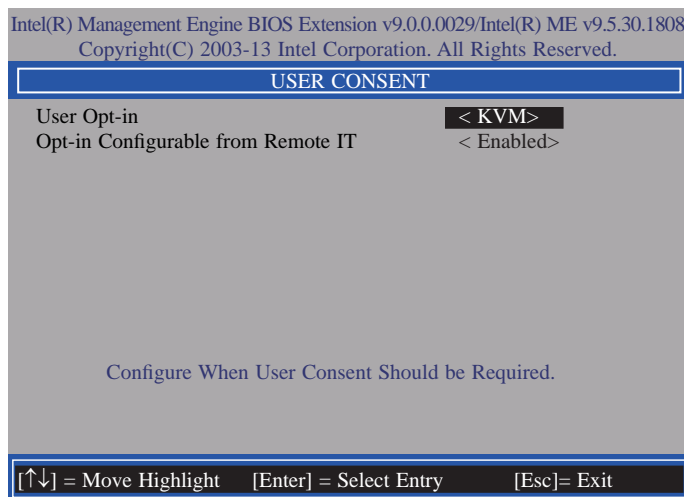
15. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **Legacy Redirection Mode** then press Enter.



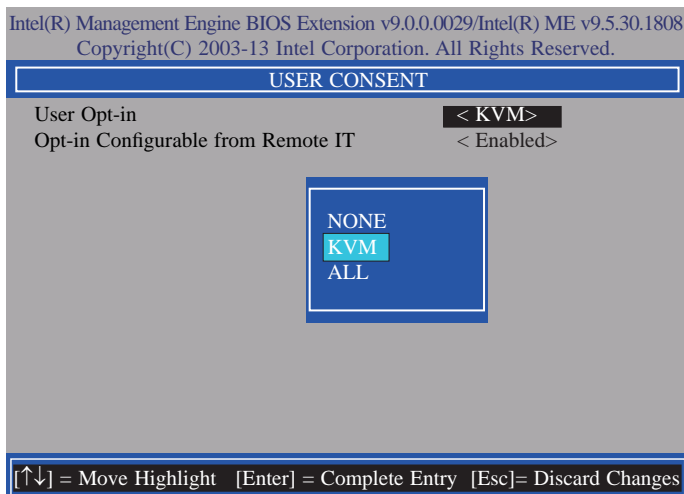
16. Select **Enabled** then press Enter.



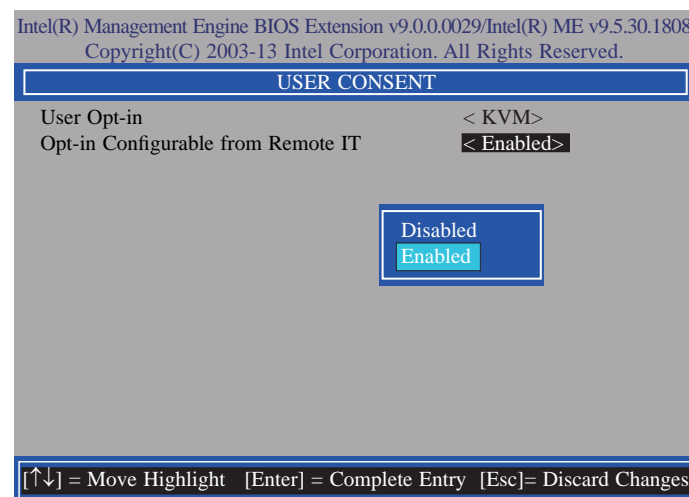
17. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu. Select **User Consent** then press Enter.



18. In the **User Consent** menu, select **User Opt-in** then press Enter. Select **None** then press Enter.

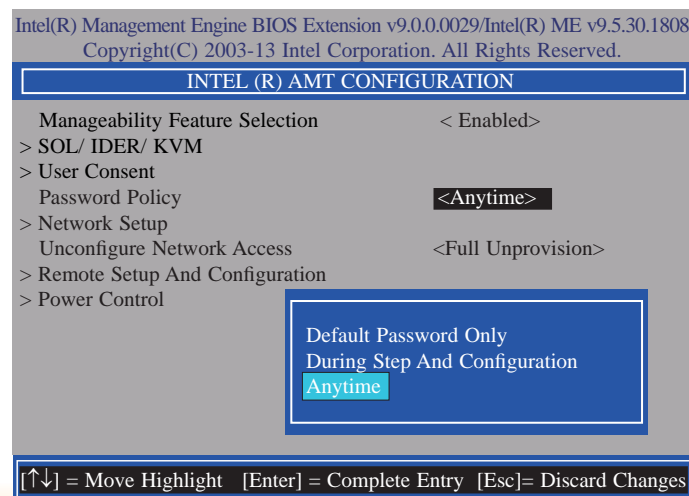


19. In the **User Consent** menu, select **Opt-in Configurable from Remote IT** then press Enter. Select **Disable Remote Control of KVM Opt-in Policy** then press Enter.

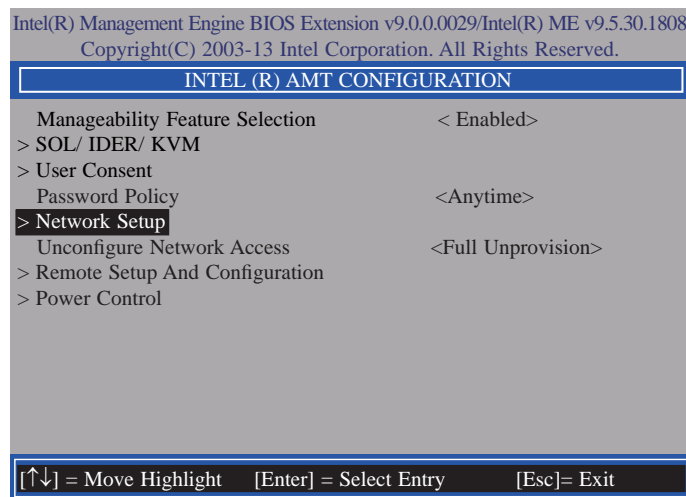


20. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu. Select **Password Policy** then press Enter.

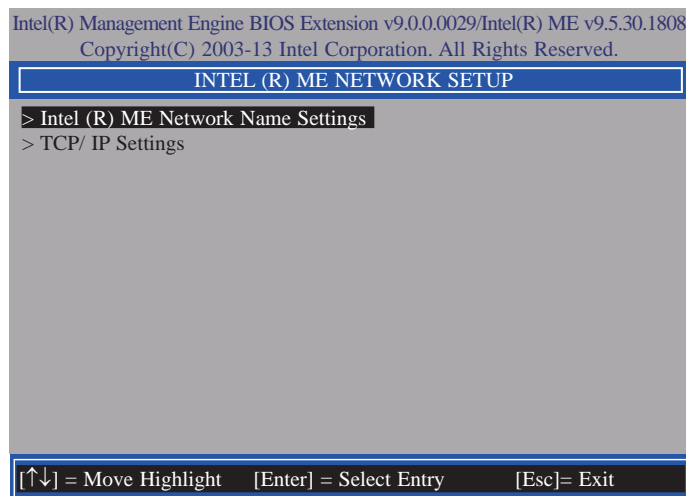
You may choose to use a password only during setup and configuration or to use a password anytime the system is being accessed.



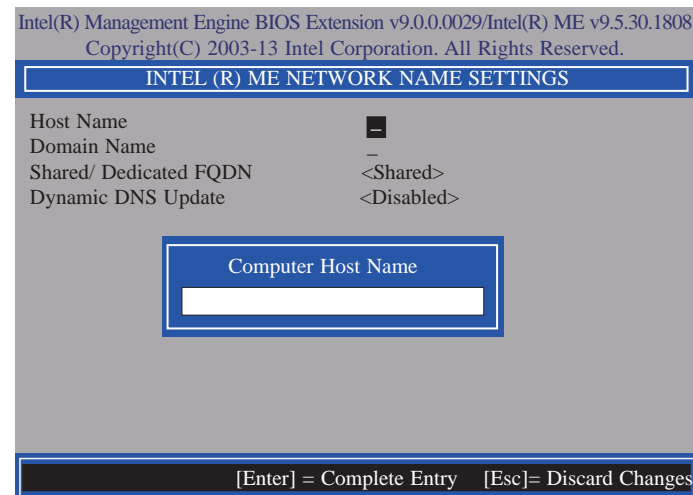
21. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Network Setup** then press Enter.



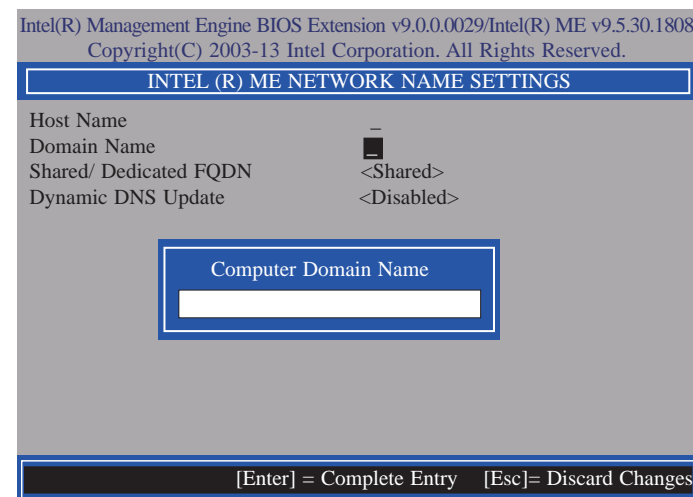
22. In the **Intel(R) ME Network Setup** menu, select **Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings** then press Enter.



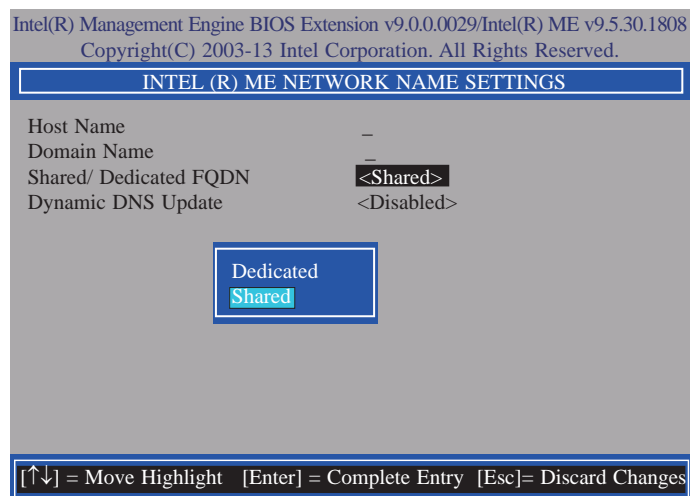
23. In the **Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings** menu, select **Host Name** then press Enter. Enter the computer's host name then press Enter.



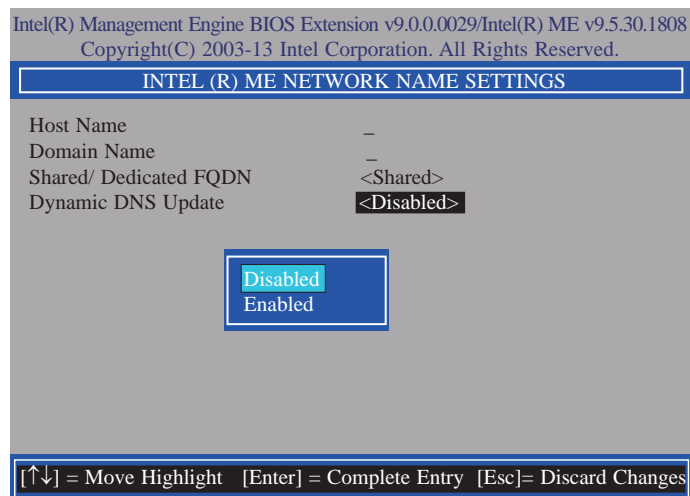
24. Select **Domain Name** then press Enter. Enter the computer's domain name then press Enter.



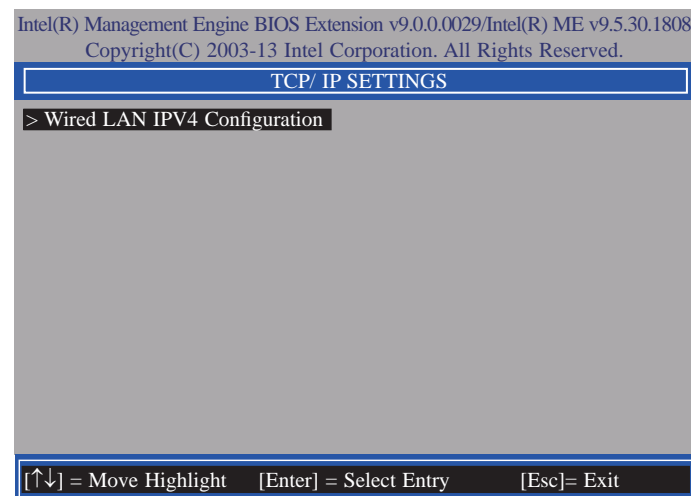
25. Select **Shared/Dedicated FQDN** then press Enter. Select **Shared** or **Dedicated** then press Enter.



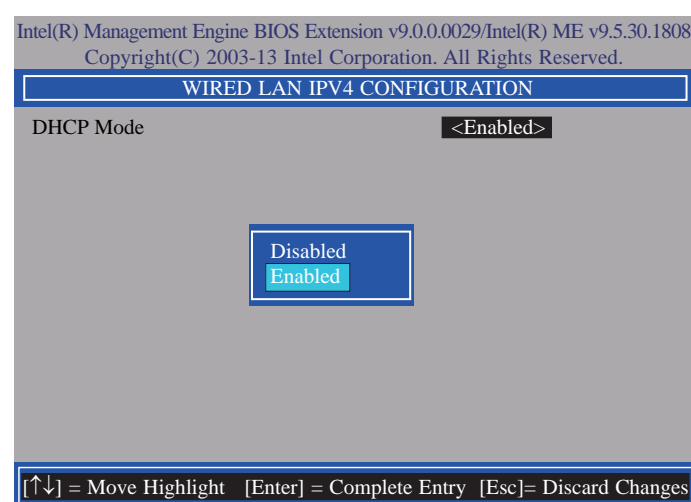
26. Select **Dynamic DNS Update** then press Enter. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** then press Enter.



27. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) ME Network Setup** menu. Select **TCP/IP Settings** then press Enter.

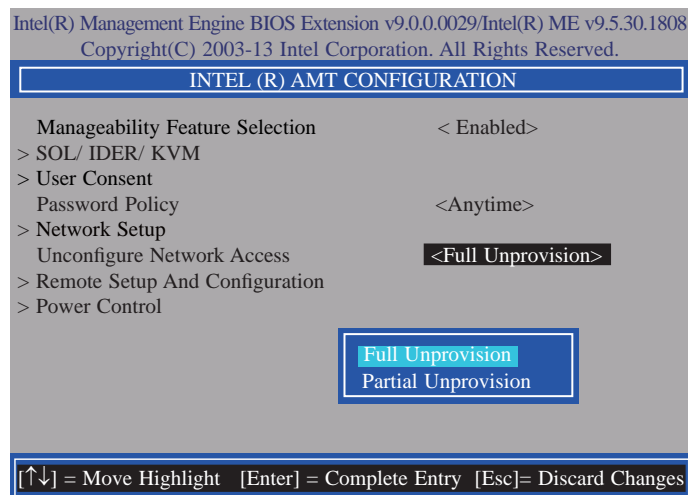


28. In the **TCP/IP Settings** menu, select **Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration** then press Enter.

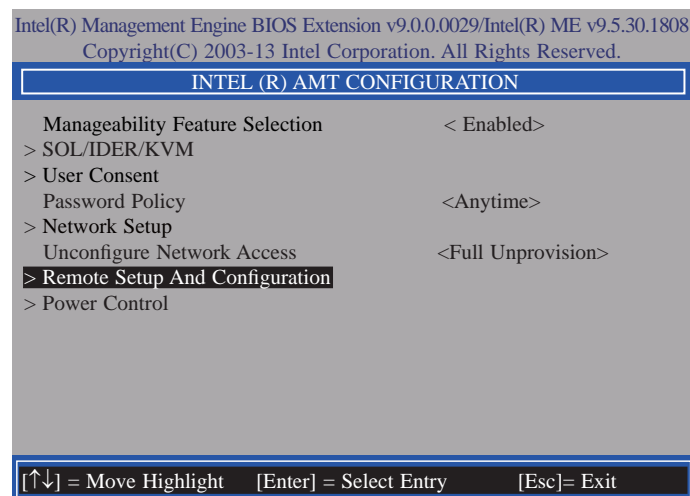




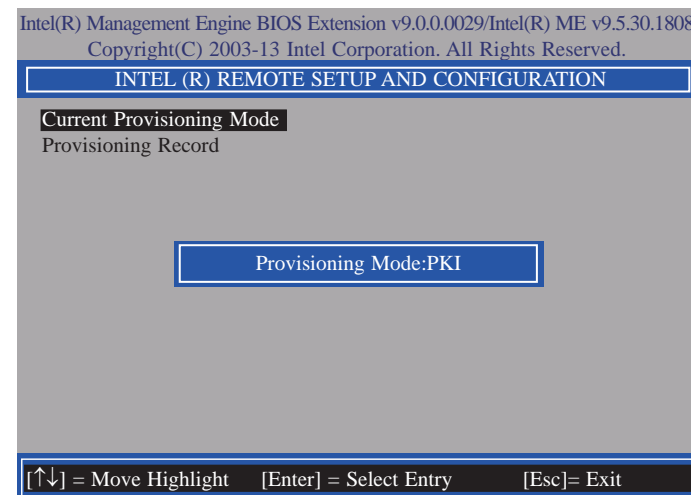
29. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Unconfigure Network Access** then press Enter.



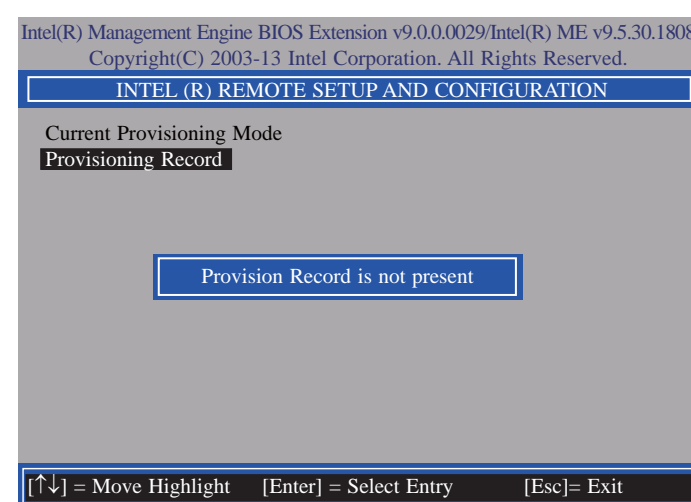
30. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Remote Setup And Configuration** then press Enter.



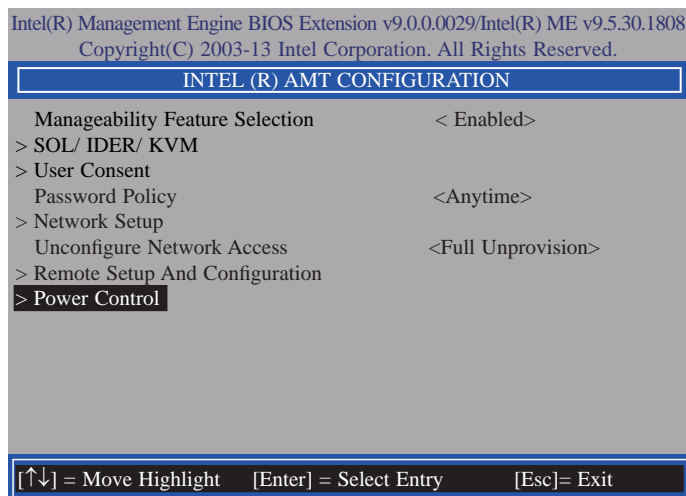
31. In the **Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration** menu, select **Current Provisioning Mode** then press Enter.



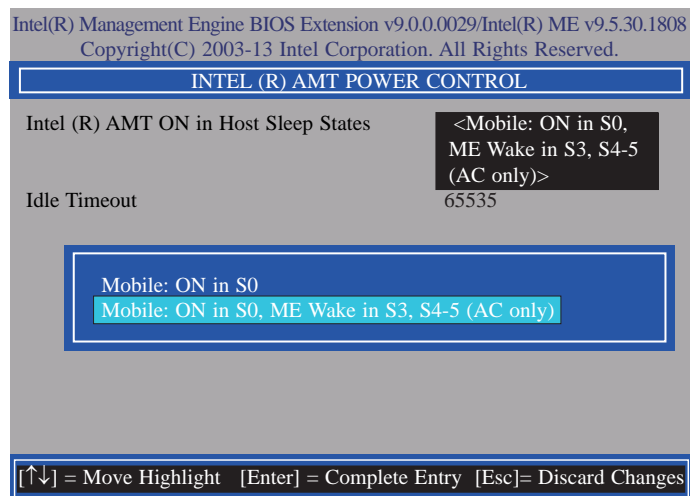
32. In the **Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration** menu, select **Provisioning Record** then press Enter.



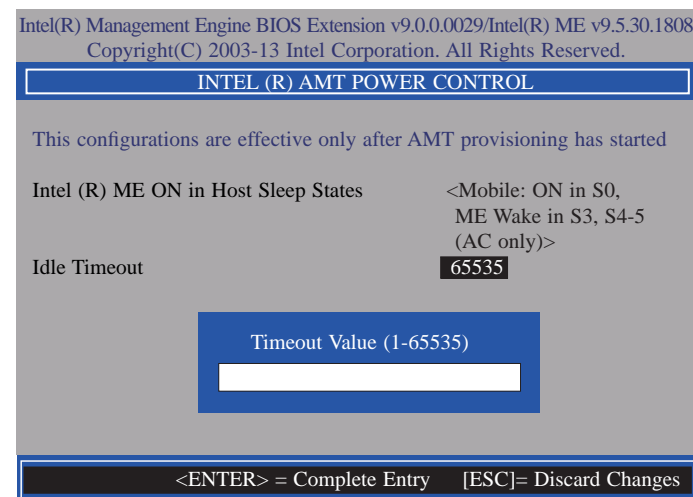
33. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Power Control** then press Enter.



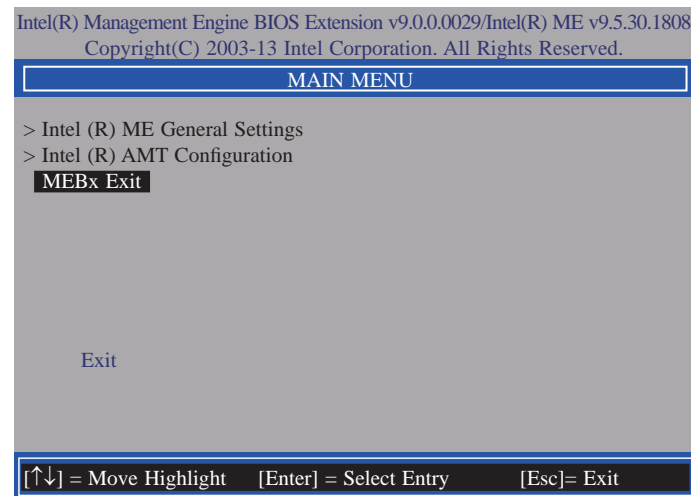
34. In the **Intel(R) AMT Power Control** menu, select **Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States** then press Enter. Select an option then press Enter.



35. In the **Intel(R) AMT Power Control** menu, select **Idle Timeout** then press Enter. Enter the timeout value (1-65535).



36. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Main Menu**. Select **Exit** then press Enter. Type **Y** then press Enter.



## Appendix A - NLITE and AHCI Installation Guide

### nLite

nLite is an application program that allows you to customize your XP installation disc by integrating the RAID/AHCI drivers into the disc. By using nLite, the F6 function key usually required during installation is no longer needed.


**Note:**

The installation steps below are based on nLite version 1.4.9. Installation procedures may slightly vary if you're using another version of the program.

1. Download the program from nLite's official website.

<http://www.nliteos.com/download.html>

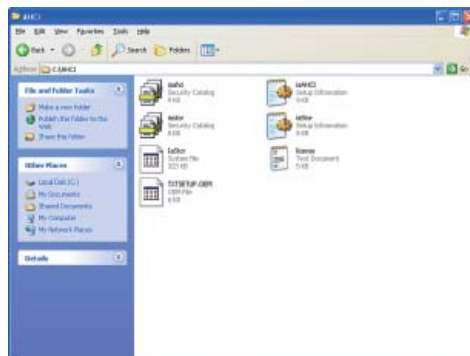
2. Install nLite.


**Important:**

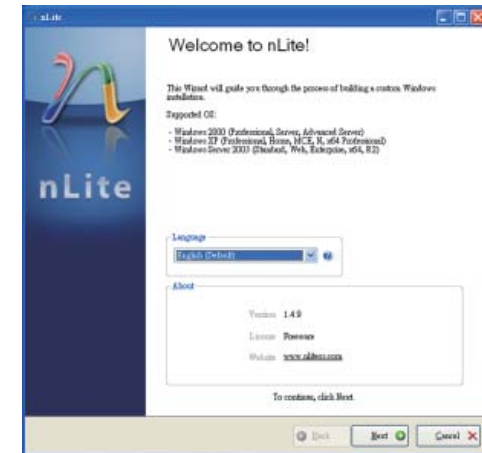
Due to its coding with Visual.Net, you may need to first install .NET Framework prior to installing nLite.

3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files from Intel's website. The drivers you choose will depend on the operating system and chipset used by your computer.

The downloaded driver files should include iaahci.cat, iaAHCI.inf, iastor.cat, iaStor.inf, iaStor.sys, license.txt and TXTSETUP.OEM.

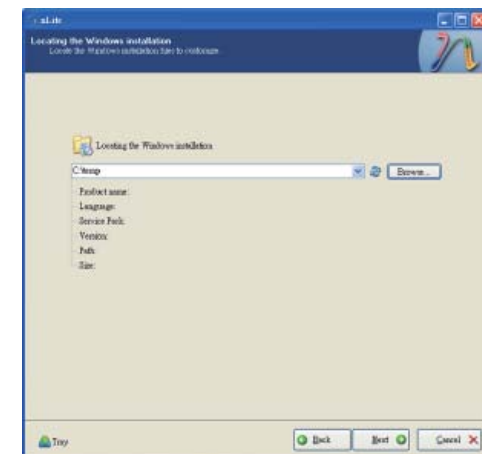


4. Insert the XP installation disc into an optical drive.
5. Launch nLite. The Welcome screen will appear. Click **Next**.

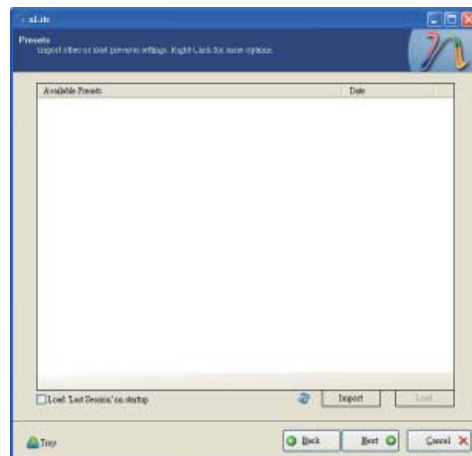


6. Click **Next** to temporarily save the Windows installation files to the designated default folder.

If you want to save them in another folder, click **Browse**, select the folder and then click **Next**.



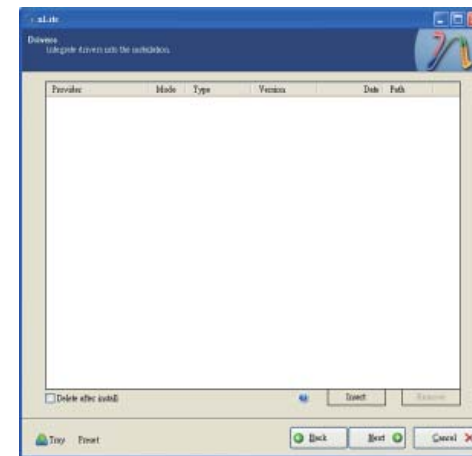
7. Click **Next**.



8. In the Task Selection dialog box, click **Drivers** and **Bootable ISO**. Click **Next**.



9. Click **Insert** and then select **Multiple driver folder** to select the drivers you will integrate. Click **Next**.

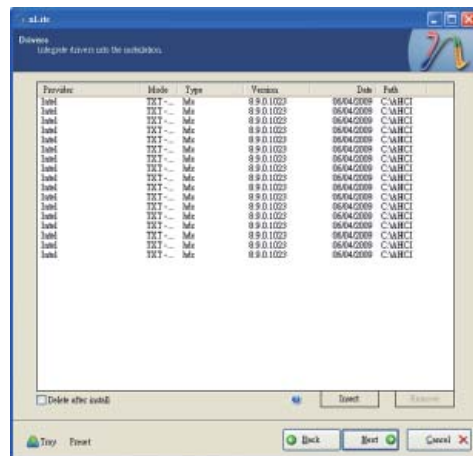


10. Select only the drivers appropriate for the Windows version that you are using and then click **OK**.

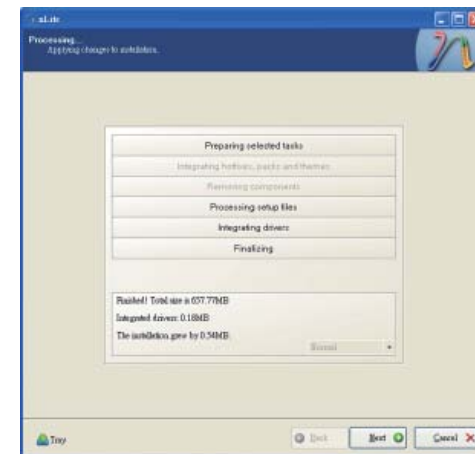
Integrating 64-bit drivers into 32-bit Windows or vice versa will cause file load errors and failed installation.



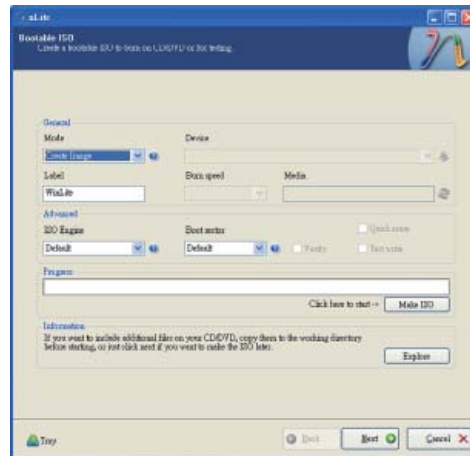
12. Click **Next**.



14. When the program is finished applying the changes, click **Next**.

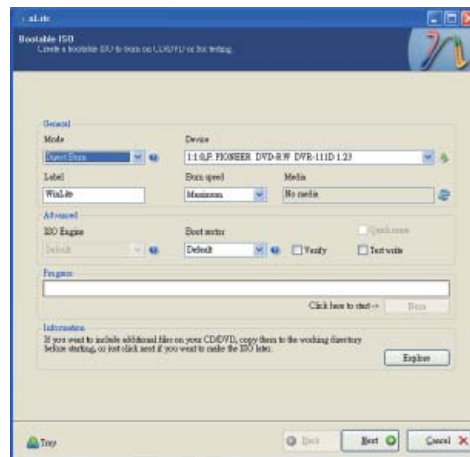


15. To create an image, select the **Create Image** mode under the General section and then click **Next**.



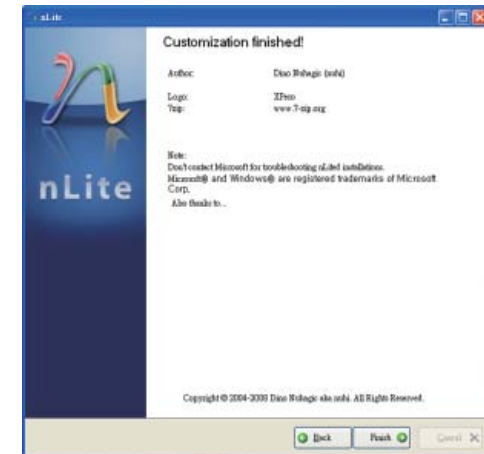
16. Or you can choose to burn it directly to a disc by selecting the **Direct Burn** mode under the General section.

Select the optical device and all other necessary settings and then click **Next**.



17. You have finished customizing the Windows XP installation disc. Click **Finish**.

Enter the BIOS utility to configure the SATA controller to RAID/AHCI. You can now install Windows XP.

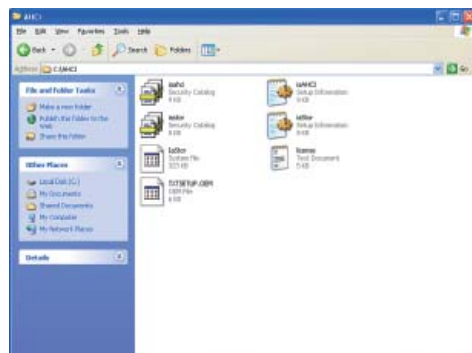


**AHCI**

The installation steps below will guide you in configuring your SATA drive to AHCI mode.

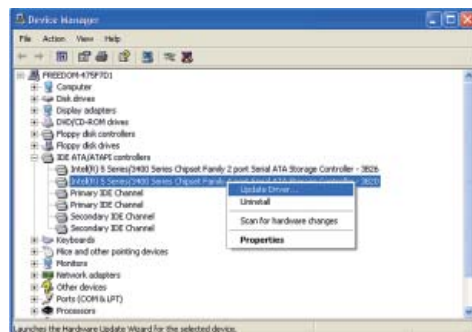
1. Enter the BIOS utility and configure the SATA controller to IDE mode.
2. Install Windows XP but do not press F6.
3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files supported by the motherboard chipset from Intel's website.

Transfer the downloaded driver files to C:\AHCI.

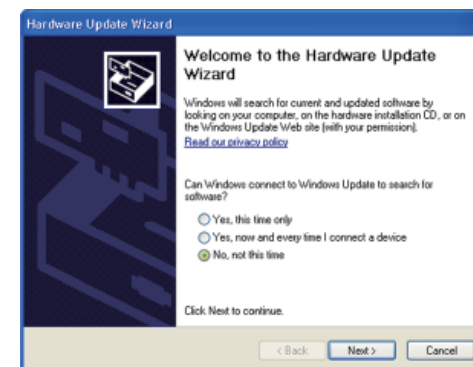


4. Open Device Manager and right click on one of the Intel Serial ATA Storage Controllers, then select **Update Driver**.

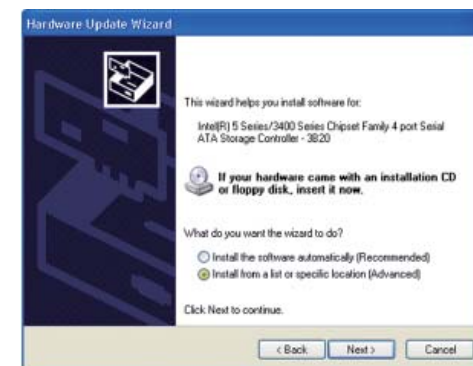
If the controller you selected did not work, try selecting another one.



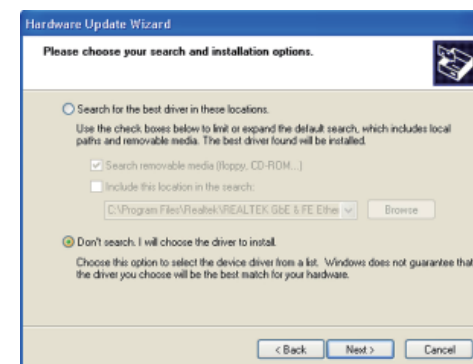
5. In the Hardware Update Wizard dialog box, select **"No, not this time"** then click **Next**.



6. Select **"Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)"** and then click **Next**.

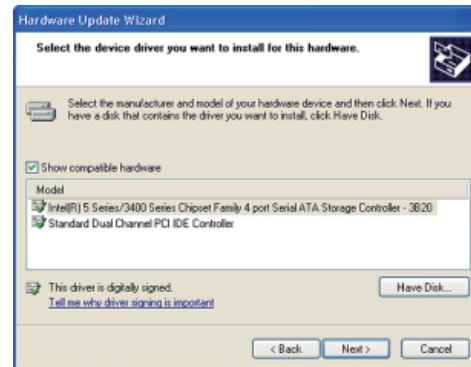


7. Select **"Don't search. I will choose the driver to install"** and then click **Next**.

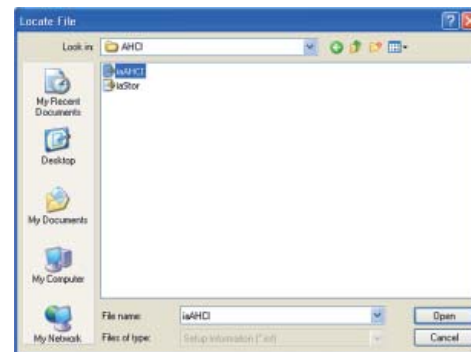




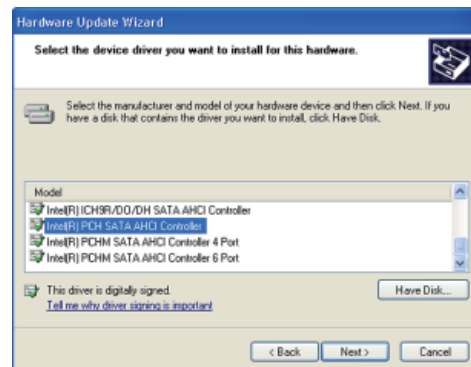
8. Click **"Have Disk"**.



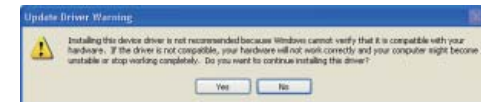
9. Select C:\AHCI\viaAHCI.inf and then click **Open**.



10. Select the appropriate AHCI Controller of your hardware device and then click **Next**.

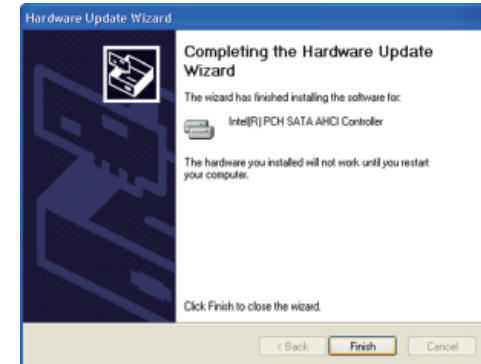


11. A warning message appeared because the selected SATA controller did not match your hardware device.



Ignore the warning and click **Yes** to proceed.

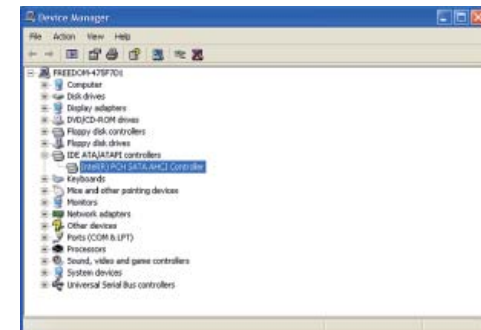
12. Click **Finish**.



13. The system's settings have been changed. Windows XP requires that you restart the computer. Click **Yes**.



14. Enter the BIOS utility and modify the SATA controller from IDE to AHCI. By doing so, Windows will work normally with the SATA controller that is in AHCI mode.





## Appendix B - Watchdog Sample Code

;Software programming example:

```

;-----
;(1) Enter Super IO Configuration mode
;-----
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,87H
OUT     DX,AL
OUT     DX,AL

;-----
;(2) Configuration Logical Device 8, register CRF0/CRF1 (WDT Control/WDT
timer)
;-----
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,07H           ;Ready to Program Logical Device
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,08H           ;Select Logical Device 8
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL, F1H           ;Select watchdog timer register
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,10H           ;Set watchdog timer value
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL, F0H           ;Select watchdog Control Register
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,02H           ;Set Watchdog Control Value
OUT     DX,AL

;-----
;(1) Exit extended function mode
;-----
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,AAH
OUT     DX,AL

```

## Appendix C - System Error Message

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

### Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

#### CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.



**Important:**

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

#### CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

#### DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

#### FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (80)

Unable to reset floppy subsystem.

#### FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (40)

Floppy type mismatch.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (80)

HDD reset failed.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (40)

HDD controller diagnostics failed.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (20)

HDD initialization error.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (10)

Unable to recalibrate fixed disk.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (08)

Sector Verify failed.

#### Keyboard is locked out - Unlock the key

The BIOS detects that the keyboard is locked. Keyboard controller is pulled low.

#### Keyboard error or no keyboard present

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

#### Manufacturing POST loop

System will repeat POST procedure infinitely while the keyboard controller is pull low. This is also used for the M/B burn in test at the factory.

#### BIOS ROM checksum error - System halted

The checksum of ROM address F0000H-FFFFFH is bad.

#### Memory test fail

The BIOS reports memory test fail if the memory has error(s).

## Appendix D - Troubleshooting Checklist

### Troubleshooting Checklist

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
4. The monitor is turned on.
5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

### Monitor/Display

**If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:**

1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
3. Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

**The picture seems to be constantly moving.**

1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
2. Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

**The screen seems to be constantly wavering.**

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

### Power Supply

**When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.**

1. Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

### Floppy Drive

**The computer cannot access the floppy drive.**

1. The floppy diskette may not be formatted. Format the diskette and try again.
2. The diskette may be write-protected. Use a diskette that is not write-protected.
3. You may be writing to the wrong drive. Check the path statement to make sure you are writing to the targeted drive.
4. There is not enough space left on the diskette. Use another diskette with adequate storage space.

## Hard Drive

### Hard disk failure.

1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

### Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

## Serial Port

### The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled characters.

1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.
3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

## Keyboard

### Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

## System Board

1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
5. If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.