



# **WM343-SD330/SD331**

**Desktop Box IPC  
User's Manual**

## Copyright

This publication contains information that is protected by copyright. No part of it may be reproduced in any form or by any means or used to make any transformation/adaptation without the prior written permission from the copyright holders.

This publication is provided for informational purposes only. The manufacturer makes no representations or warranties with respect to the contents or use of this manual and specifically disclaims any express or implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. The user will assume the entire risk of the use or the results of the use of this document. Further, the manufacturer reserves the right to revise this publication and make changes to its contents at any time, without obligation to notify any person or entity of such revisions or changes.

Changes after the publication's first release will be based on the product's revision. The website will always provide the most updated information.

© 2018. All Rights Reserved.

## Trademarks

Product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are for identification purpose only and are the properties of the respective owners.

## FCC and DOC Statement on Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

### Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

## Table of Contents

<b>Copyright</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>Trademarks</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>FCC and DOC Statement on Class A</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>About this Manual</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Warranty</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Static Electricity Precautions</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Safety Measures</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Safety Precautions</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>About the Package</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Before Using the System</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Chapter 1 - Introduction</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>Chapter 2 - Getting Started</b> .....	<b>12</b>
<b>Chapter 3 - Installing Devices</b> .....	<b>13</b>
<b>Chapter 4 - Jumper Settings</b> .....	<b>22</b>
Clear CMOS.....	22
Serial Port RS232/422/485 Select .....	23
Serial Port Power Select.....	25
Power-on Select .....	26
Backlight Power Select (for SD330-Q170/H110 only) .....	27
Panel Power Select (for SD330-Q170/H110 only).....	27
LCD/Inverter Power Select (for SD330-Q170/H110 only).....	28
Mini PCIe/mSATA Signal Select (for SD330-Q170 only) .....	28
<b>Chapter 5 - Ports and Connectors</b> .....	<b>29</b>
Rear Panel I/O Ports.....	29
PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Port.....	29
COM (Serial) Ports.....	30
Graphics Interfaces.....	30
RJ45 LAN Ports.....	31
USB Ports.....	31
Audio .....	32
I/O Connectors.....	33
S/PDIF Connector.....	33
Digital I/O and Power Connector .....	34
SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors.....	35
COM (Serial) Ports.....	36
USB Ports.....	37
Cooling Fan Connectors.....	38
Chassis Intrusion Connector .....	39
LPC Connector.....	40
Power Connectors.....	41
SMBus Connector .....	42
Standby Power LED .....	43
Battery.....	43
Front Panel Connector .....	44
Expansion Slots .....	45
LVDS LCD Panel Connector .....	46
<b>Chapter 6 - Mounting Options</b> .....	<b>47</b>
<b>Chapter 7 - BIOS Setup</b> .....	<b>49</b>
Overview .....	49
Insyde BIOS Setup Utility.....	50
Main .....	50
Advanced .....	50
Device Manager.....	57
Security.....	62
Boot.....	63
Exit.....	64
Updating the BIOS.....	65
Notice: BIOS SPI ROM .....	65
<b>Chapter 8 - Supported Software</b> .....	<b>66</b>
<b>Chapter 9 - RAID</b> .....	<b>78</b>
<b>Chapter 10 - Intel AMT Settings</b> .....	<b>82</b>

## About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual can be obtained from the DFI website at [www.dfi.com](http://www.dfi.com). To download the user's manual from our website, please go to "Support" > "Download Center." On the Download Center page, select your product or type the model name and click "Search" to find all technical documents including the user's manual for a specific product.

## Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

## Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



### Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

## Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

Battery:

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

## Safety Precautions

- Use the correct DC input voltage range.
- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.
- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.
- Keep this system away from humidity.
- Place the system on a stable surface. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- The openings on the system are for air ventilation to protect the system from overheating. **DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.**
- Place the power cord in such a way that it will not be stepped on. Do not place anything on top of the power cord. Use a power cord that has been approved for use with the system and that it matches the voltage and current marked on the system's electrical range label.
- If the system will not be used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- If one of the following occurs, consult a service personnel:
  - The power cord or plug is damaged.
  - Liquid has penetrated the system.
  - The system has been exposed to moisture.
  - The system is not working properly.
  - The system dropped or is damaged.
  - The system has obvious signs of breakage.
- The unit uses a three-wire ground cable which is equipped with a third pin to ground the unit and prevent electric shock. Do not defeat the purpose of this pin. If your outlet does not support this kind of plug, contact your electrician to replace the outlet.
- Disconnect the system from the DC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.

## About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- 1 WM343-SD330 or WM343-SD331 System Unit
- 1 CPU cooler
- 1 SATA Data Cable (Length: 650mm)
- 4 HDD Screws
- 1 Quick Installation Guide
- 1 PSU Flex ATX 150W/250W/350W/400W/500W
- 1 System Fan

## Optional Items

- Power Cord
- 3.5" HDD Tray Kit

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

## Before Using the System

Before powering-on the system, prepare the basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- CPU and memory modules
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

## Chapter 1 - Introduction

### Overview



Front View



Rear View

### Key Features

<b>Model Name</b>	<b>WM343-SD</b>
<b>Processor</b>	6th Generation Intel® Core™, Pentium® and Celeron® processors
<b>Chipset</b>	Intel® C236 / Q170 / H110 Chipset
<b>LAN</b>	2 LAN ports
<b>COM</b>	1 COM port
<b>Displays</b>	1 x VGA 1 x DVI-I (DVI-D signal) 1 x DP++
<b>USB</b>	4 USB 3.0 ports + 2 USB 2.0 ports
<b>Audio</b>	Mic-in, Line-out, Line-in (available upon request)

## Specifications

<b>System</b>	Processor	6th Generation Intel® Core™ Processors (LGA 1151 Socket) Intel® Xeon® Processor E3-1275 v5, Quad Core, 8M Cache, 3.6GHz (4.0GHz), 80W Intel® Xeon® Processor E3-1225 v5, Quad Core, 6M Cache, 3.3GHz (3.7GHz), 80W Intel® Xeon® Processor E3-1268L v5, Quad Core, 8M Cache, 2.4GHz (3.4GHz), 35W Intel® Core™ i7-6700 Processor, Quad Core, 8M Cache, 3.4GHz (4.0GHz), 65W Intel® Core™ i7-6700TE Processor, Quad Core, 8M Cache, 2.4GHz (3.4GHz), 35W Intel® Core™ i5-6500 Processor, Quad Core, 6M Cache, 3.2GHz (3.6GHz), 65W Intel® Core™ i5-6500TE Processor, Quad Core, 6M Cache, 2.3GHz (3.3GHz), 35W Intel® Core™ i3-6100 Processor, Dual Core, 4M Cache, 65W Intel® Core™ i3-6100TE Processor, Dual Core, 4M Cache, 2.7GHz, 35W Intel® Pentium® Processor G4400, Dual Core, 3M Cache, 3.3GHz, 65W Intel® Pentium® Processor G4400TE, Dual Core, 3M Cache, 2.9GHz, 35W Intel® Celeron® Processor G3900, Dual Core, 2M Cache, 2.8GHz, 65W Intel® Celeron® Processor G3900TE, Dual Core, 2M Cache, 2.6GHz, 35W
	Chipset	WM343-SD330 SD330-Q170: Intel® Q170 Chipset SD330-H110: Intel® H110 Chipset WM343-SD331 SD331-C236: Intel® C236 Chipset SD331-Q170: Intel® Q170 Chipset
	Memory	WM343-SD331 (SD331-C236/SD331-Q170) Four 288-pin ECC/non-ECC DIMM up to 64GB, dual channel DDR4 1866/2133MHz WM343-SD330 (SD330-Q170) Four 288-pin DIMM up to 64GB, dual channel DDR4 1866/2133MHz WM343-SD330 (SD330-H110): Two 288-pin DIMM up to 32GB, dual channel DDR4 1866/2133MHz

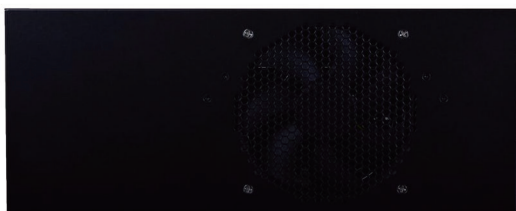
<b>Graphics</b>	Controller	Intel® HD Gen 9 Graphics
	Feature	OpenGL 5.0, DirectX 12, OpenCL 2.1 HW Decode: AVC/H.264, MPEG2, VC1/WMV9, JPEG/MJPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9 HW Encode: MPEG2, AVC/H264, JPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9
	Display	1 x VGA 1 x DVI-I (DVI-D signal) 1 x DP++ 1 x LVDS (only for SD330-Q170/SD330-H110) VGA: resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz DVI-I: resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz DP++: resolution up to 4096x2304 @ 60Hz LVDS: dual channel, resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz
	Triple Display	VGA + DVI-I (DVI-D signal) + DP++
<b>Storage</b>	External	1 or 2 x 3.5"/2.5" SATA 3.0 Drive Bays (1 x 3.5" SATA drive bay, by default) 1 x 5.25" Optical Drive Bay
<b>Expansion</b>	Interface	WM343-SD330 1 x PCIe x16 (Gen 3) 1 x PCIe x4 (Gen 3) 2 x PCI 1 x Full-size Mini PCIe (USB/PCIe/mSATA, PCIe by default) (only for SD330-Q170)
		WM343-SD331 2 x PCIe x16 (1 x16 or 2 x8 signal) (Gen 3) 2 x PCIe x4 (Gen 3)
<b>Audio</b>	Codec	Realtek ALC888S-VD2-GR

<b>ETHERNET</b>	Controller	1 x Intel® I210AT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps) 1 x Intel® I219LM PCIe with iAMT11.0 (10/100/1000Mbps)
<b>LED</b>	Indicators	1 x Power LED 1 x HDD LED
<b>REAR I/O</b>	Ethernet	2 x GbE (RJ-45)
	Serial	1 x RS-232/422/485 (RS-232 w/ power) (DB-9)
	USB	4 x USB 3.0 2 x USB 2.0
	PS/2	1 x PS/2 (mini-DIN-6)
	Display	1 x VGA 1 x DVI-I (DVI-D signal) 1 x DP++
	Audio	1 x Line-out, 1 x Mic-in, 1 x Line-in (available upon request)
	Buttons	1 x Power Button
<b>Cooling</b>	Fan	1 x System Fan
<b>Environment</b>	Operating Temperature	0 to 45°C
	Storage Temperature	0 to 60°C
	Relative Humidity	5 to 95% RH (non-condensing)
<b>Mechanical</b>	Shock	Operating: 3G Non-operating: 5G
	Vibration	Operating: Random 5~500Hz 0.5G Non-operating: Sine 10~500Hz 1.5G
	Package Drop	ISTA Project 1A
<b>WatchDog Timer</b>	Output & Interval	System Reset, Programmable via Software from 1 to 255 Seconds
<b>Power</b>	Supply	Flex ATX 250W (or optional 150/250/350/400/500W)
<b>OS Support and BIOS</b>	OS	Windows 7 (/WES7) 32/64-bit Windows 8.1 (64-bit) Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 64-bit Debian 8 (with VESA graphics driver) CentOS 7 (with VESA graphics driver) Ubuntu 15.10 (Intel graphics driver available)
	BIOS	Insyde SPI 128Mbit
<b>Mechanical</b>	Construction	Sheet Metal
	Compliance	Wall Mount
	Dimensions	349mm x 140.2mm x 290.9mm (13.74" x 5.52" x 11.45")
	Weight	TBD

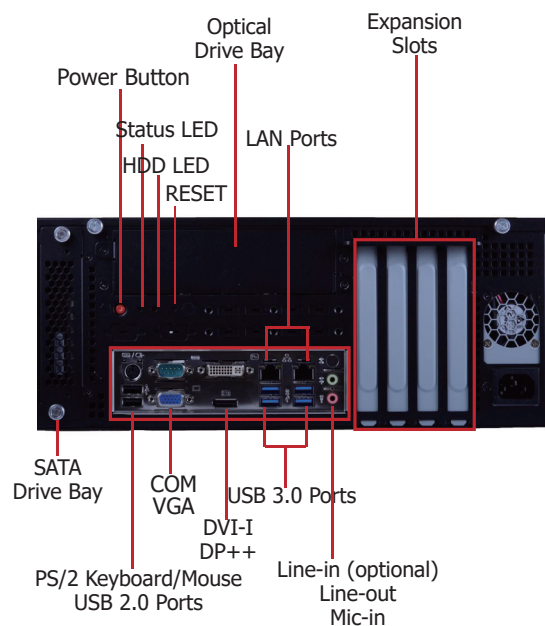


## Getting to Know the WM343-SD

### Front View



### Rear View



### DVI-I/DP++/VGA Port

Connects the DVI-I (DVI-D signal)/DP++/VGA connector of an LCD monitor.

### COM Port

Connects serial devices. COM 1 can be selected among RS232, RS422 and RS485 as well as between RS232 and RS232 with power via jumper settings.

### USB 3.0 Ports

Connect USB 3.0 devices and devices based on USB 2.0 and 1.1/1.0 versions.

### USB 2.0 Ports

Connect USB 2.0 devices and devices based on USB 1.1/1.0 versions.

### LAN Ports

Connect the system to a local area network.

### Line-out

Connects an external speaker.

### Line-in (optional)

Connects any audio devices such as CD players, audio mixers, musical instruments, etc.

### Mic-in

Connects an external microphone.

### PS/2 KB/Mouse

Connects a PS/2 keyboard and mouse.

### Expansion slots

Provides PCIe or PCI expansion connectivity.

### Power Button

Press to power on or off the system.

### Status LED (Green)

Indicates system status.

Status LED			
ACPI state	S0	Sleep	S4, S5
LED Behavior	ON	Blinking	Off

### HDD LED (Red)

Indicates the status of hard drives.

HDD LED		
HDD State	Disk access activity	Disk drives present or not present
LED Behavior	Blinking	Off

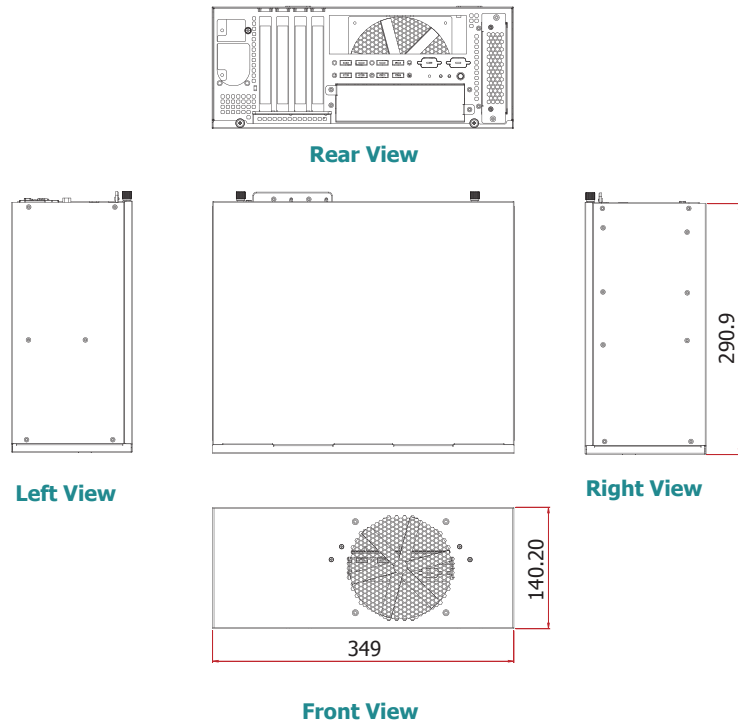
### SATA Drive Bay

Inserts a SATA drive.

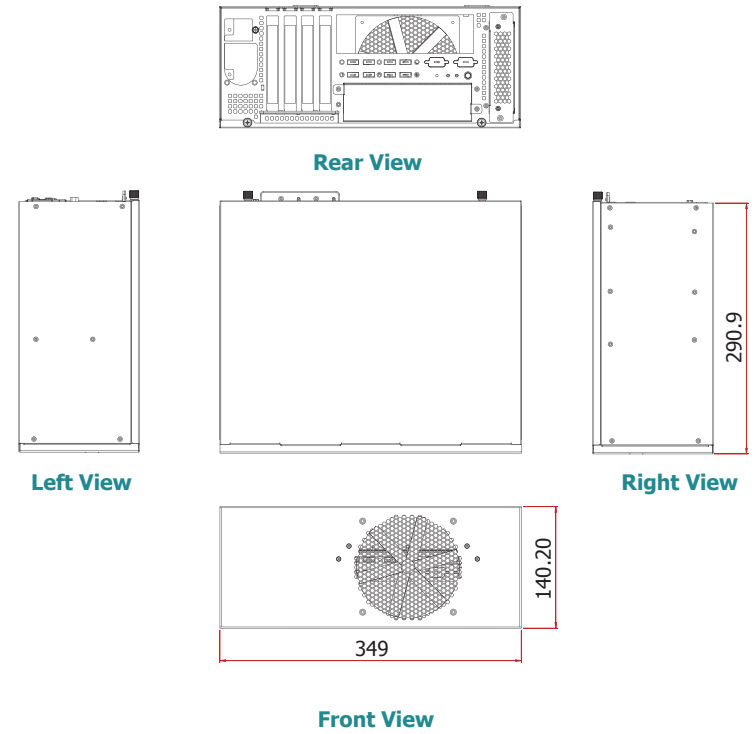
### Optical Drive Bay

Inserts a DVD or CD-ROM. Note that this bay can also be an optional 3.5" SATA drive bay.

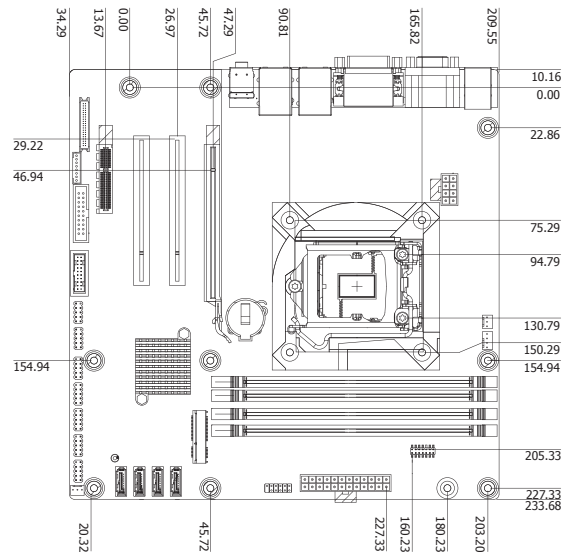
## Mechanical Dimensions (WM343-SD330)



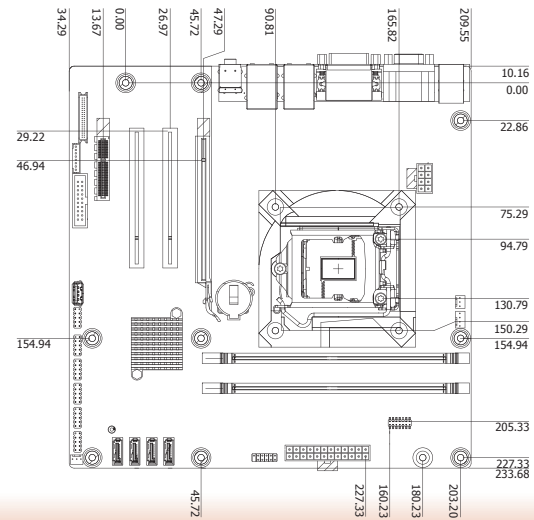
## Mechanical Dimensions (WM343-SD331)



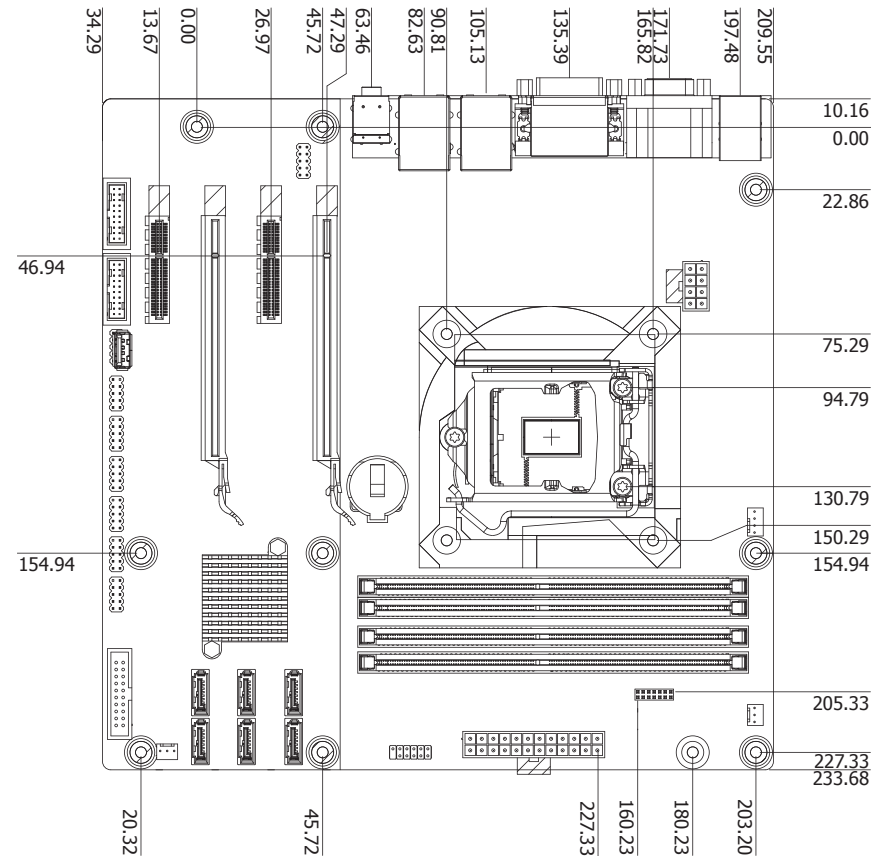
## Motherboard Dimensions (SD330-Q170)



## Motherboard Dimensions (SD330-H110)



## Motherboard Dimensions (SD331-C236/SD331-Q170)



## Chapter 2 - Getting Started

---

### Preparing the System

Before you start using the system, you need the following items:

- SATA hard drive
- AC power adapter
- USB or PS/2 keyboard
- USB or PS/2 mouse
- CD-ROM drive (for installing software/drivers)
- Screwdriver
- Memory modules

### Installing Devices

The following devices can be installed in the system.

- Memory modules
- SATA hard drive

### Configuring the BIOS

To get you started, you may need to change configurations such as the date, time and the priority of boot devices.

1. Power on the system.
2. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. Press the Delete key to enter the BIOS setup utility.

### Installing the Operating System

Most operating system software can be installed using a DVD (and DVD burner) or bootable USB drive.

Please refer to your operating system manual for instructions on installing an operating system.

### Installing the Drivers

The system requires you to install drivers for some devices to operate properly. Refer to the Supported Software chapter for instructions on installing the drivers.

## Chapter 3 - Installing Devices

### Opening the Chassis

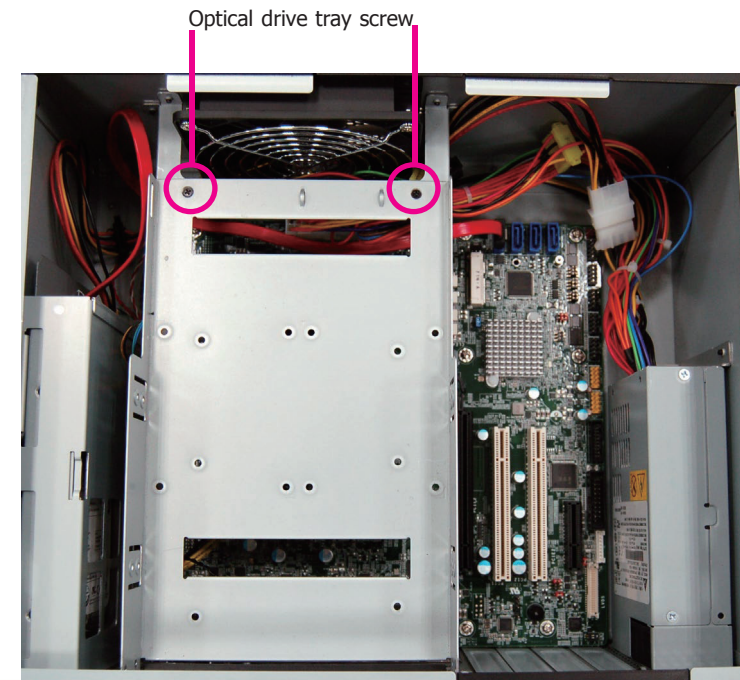
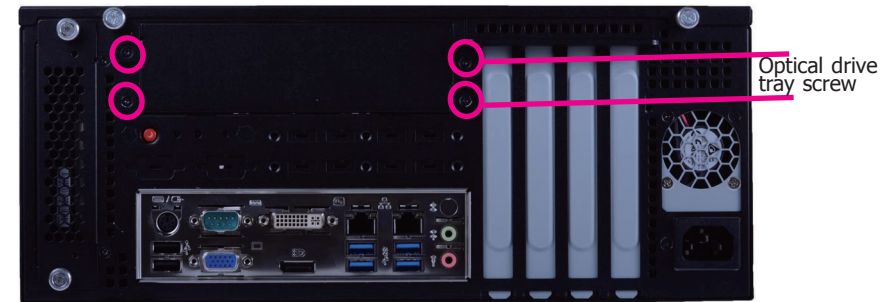
Please observe the following guidelines and follow the procedure to open the system.

1. Make sure the system and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been powered off.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Remove the top cover by uninstalling the thumb screws.

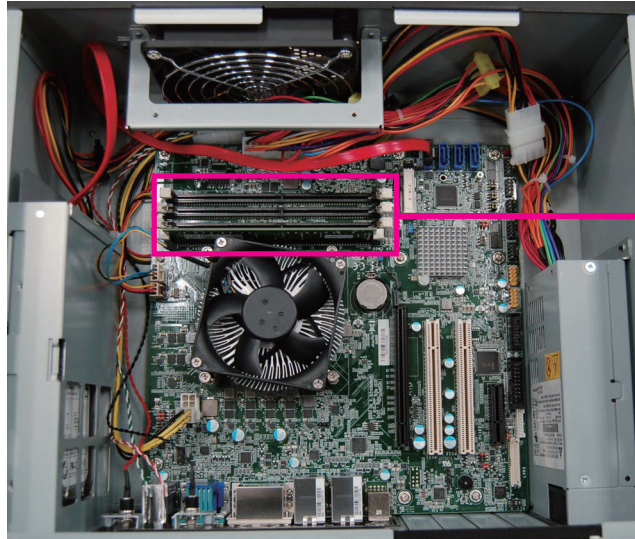


### Installing a DIMM

To access the DIMM sockets, first remove the optical drive tray by uninstalling the screws from the rear panel and inside the chassis.



1. Align the notch on the DIMM with the tab in the DIMM socket.
2. Press down on the DIMM until the release tabs spring back to secure the DIMM in place.



The installed DIMM

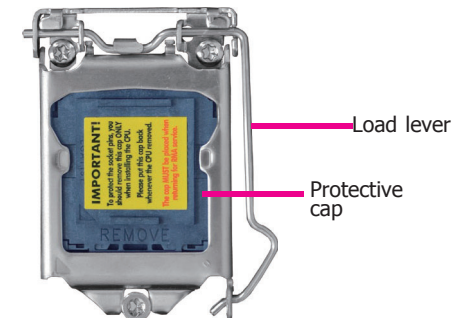
## Installing a CPU

1. Make sure the system and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been powered-off.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. The system board is equipped with a surface mount LGA 1151 socket. This socket is exclusively designed for installing a LGA 1151 packaged Intel CPU.



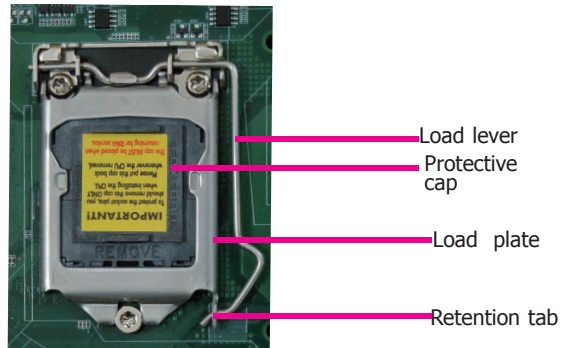
### Important:

1. Before you proceed, make sure (1) the LGA 1151 socket comes with a protective cap, (2) the cap is not damaged and (3) the socket's contact pins are not bent. If the cap is missing or the cap or contact pins are damaged, contact your dealer immediately.
2. Keep the protective cap. RMA requests will be accepted and processed only if the LGA 1151 socket comes with the protective cap.



4. Unlock the socket by pushing the load lever down, move it sideways until it is released from the retention tab, and then lift the load lever up.

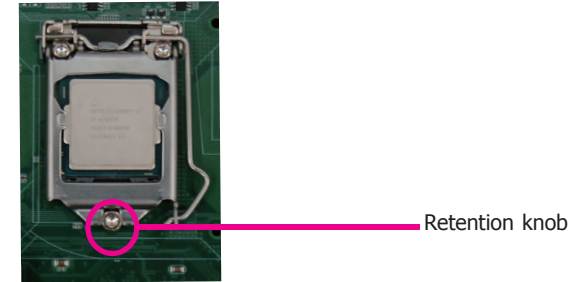
- Remove the protective cap from the CPU socket. The cap is used to protect the CPU socket against dust and harmful particles. Remove the protective cap only to install the CPU.
- Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the corner of the CPU socket as the photo shown below.
- Unlock the socket by pushing the load lever down and moving it sideways until it is released from the retention tab and then lift the load lever up.



**Important:**

The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be inserted without exerting any force.

- Close the load plate and push the load lever down to lock it under the retention tab. While closing the load plate, slide the front edge of the load plate under the retention tab.



- Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the corner of the CPU socket as shown below. The CPU's notch will at the same time fit into the socket's alignment key.



Alignment key

Gold triangular mark

## Installing the Fan and Heat Sink

The CPU must be kept cool by using a CPU fan with heat sink. Without sufficient air circulation across the CPU and heat sink, the CPU will overheat damaging both the CPU and system board.



### Note:

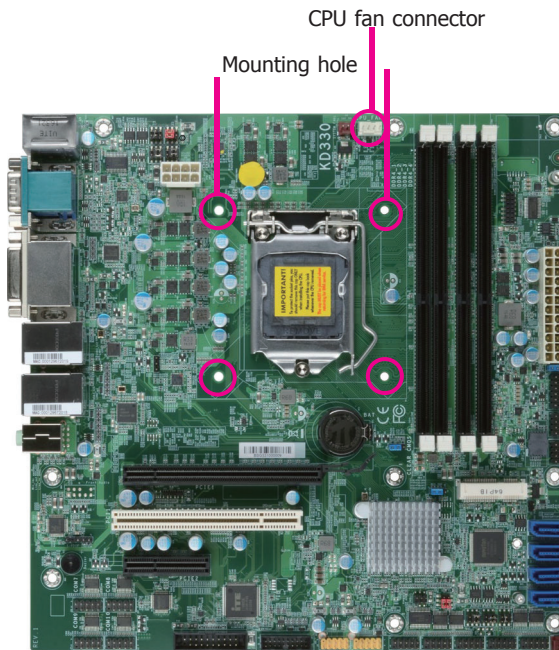
A boxed Intel® processor already includes the CPU fan and heat sink assembly. If your CPU was purchased separately, make sure to only use Intel®-certified fan and heat sink.

1. Before you install the fan / heat sink, you must apply a thermal paste onto the top of the CPU. The thermal paste is usually supplied when you purchase the fan / heat sink assembly. Do not spread the paste all over the surface. When you later place the heat sink on top of the CPU, the compound will disperse evenly.

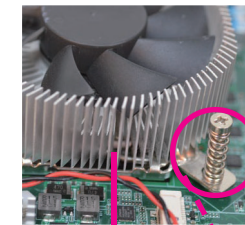
Some heat sinks come with a patch of pre-applied thermal paste. Do not apply thermal paste if the fan / heat sink already has a patch of thermal paste on its underside. Peel the strip that covers the paste before you place the fan / heat sink on top of the CPU.

2. Place the heat sink on top of the CPU. The 4 screw around the heat sink, which are used to secure the heat sink onto the system board, must match the 4 mounting holes around the socket.

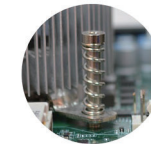
3. Orient the heat sink such that the CPU fan's cable is nearest the CPU fan connector.



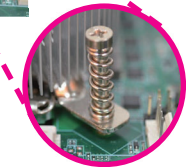
4. Rotate each screw that are diagonally across the heat sink. Perform the same procedure for the other screws.



Heat sink



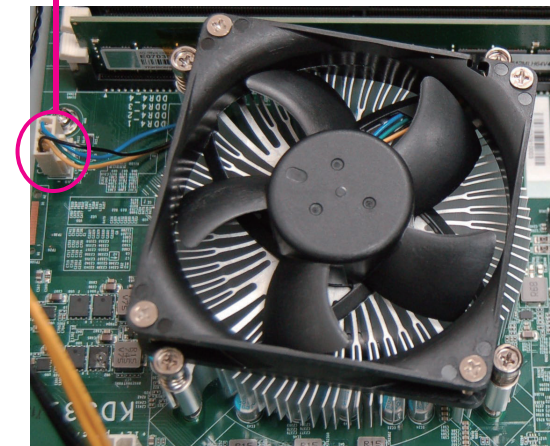
"Locked" position of the screw



"Unlocked" position of the screw

5. Connect the CPU fan's cable to the CPU fan connector on the system board.

CPU fan connector



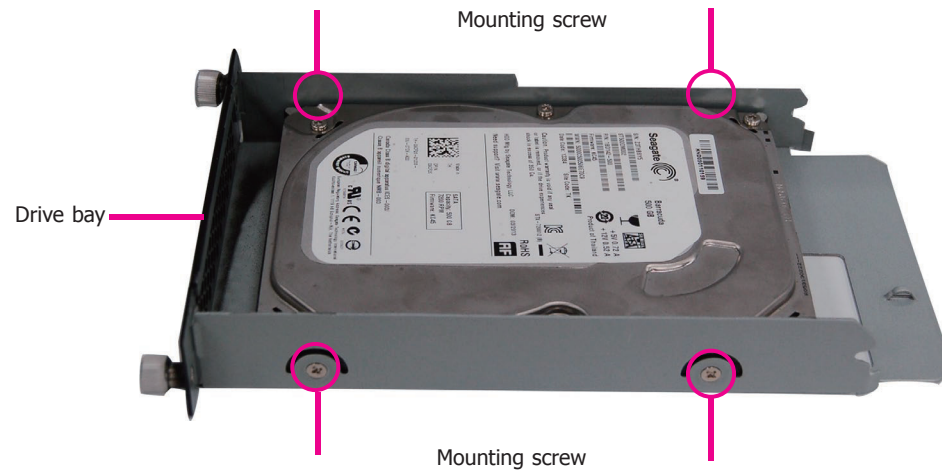


## Installing a 3.5" SATA Drive

1. Remove the thumb screws that secure the HDD drive tray to the chassis and remove the drive tray.

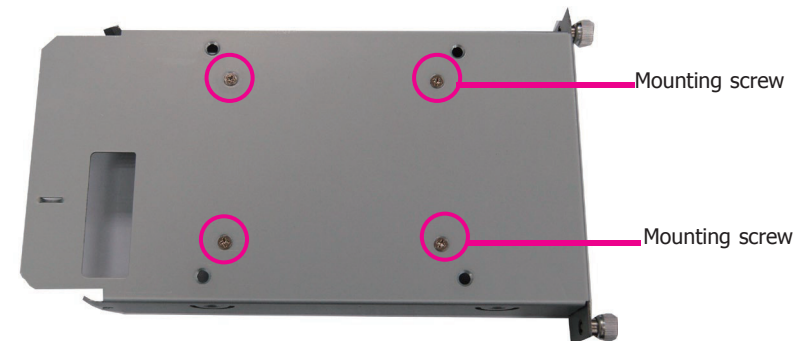


2. Secure the hard drive to the drive tray. Align the mounting holes on the SATA drive with the mounting holes on the HDD drive tray. Use 4 mounting screws to install the hard drive onto the HDD drive tray.

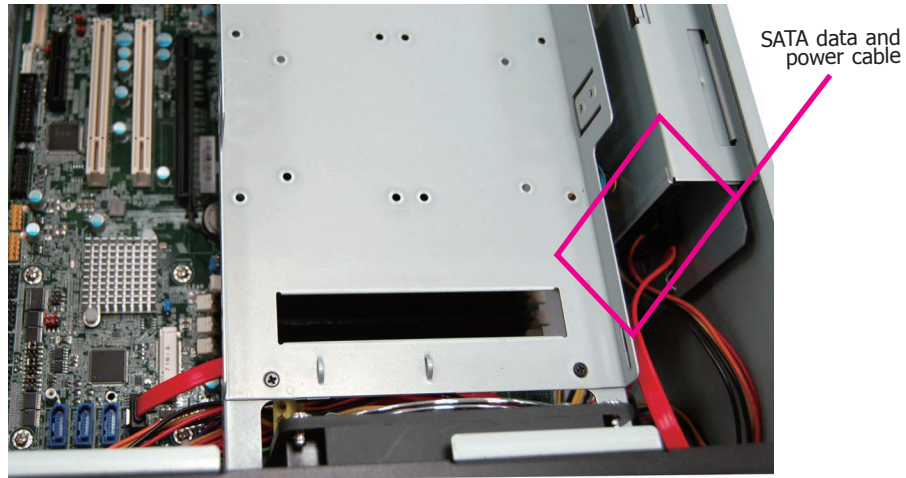


## Installing a 2.5" SATA Drive

Use the same HDD drive tray to secure a 2.5" hard disk to the system. Refer to the pictures below for the location of mounting holes.



1. Slide the HDD drive tray back to the system and secure it with the thumb screws.
2. Connect the SATA data cable and power cable to the connectors on the SATA drive. And connect the other end of the SATA data cable on the motherboard.



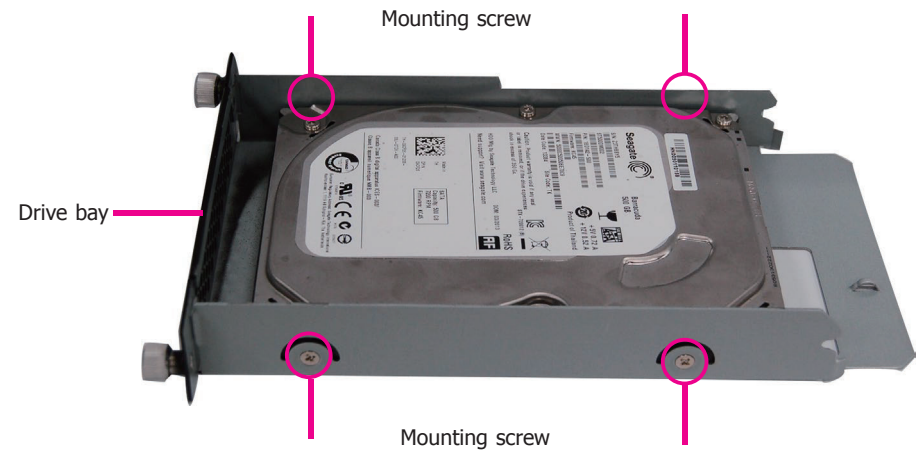
## Installing More Than One SATA Drive (Optional)

To install more than one 2.5" SATA drive, use the 5.25" optical drive tray. And to install more than one 3.5" SATA drive, please order another HDD drive tray as shown in the following procedure.

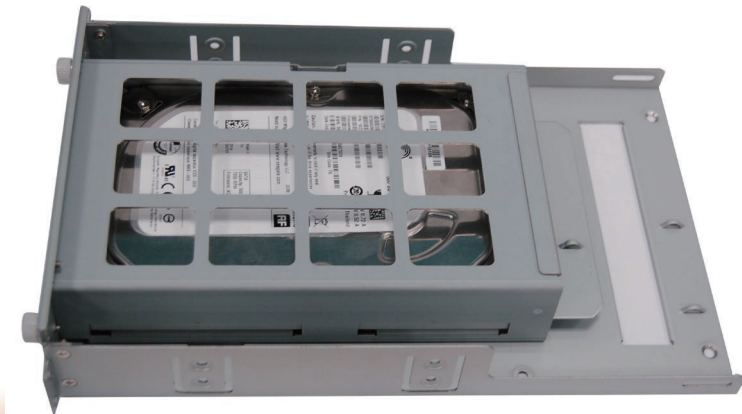
### For 3.5" SATA Drives

Use the following procedure to install a second 3.5" HDD/SSD:

1. Secure the hard drive to the drive tray. Align the mounting holes on the SATA drive with the mounting holes on the HDD drive tray. Use 4 mounting screws to install the hard drive onto the HDD drive tray.



2. Slide the HDD drive tray with the installed hard drive into the optical drive bay and secure the installation with the thumb screws.



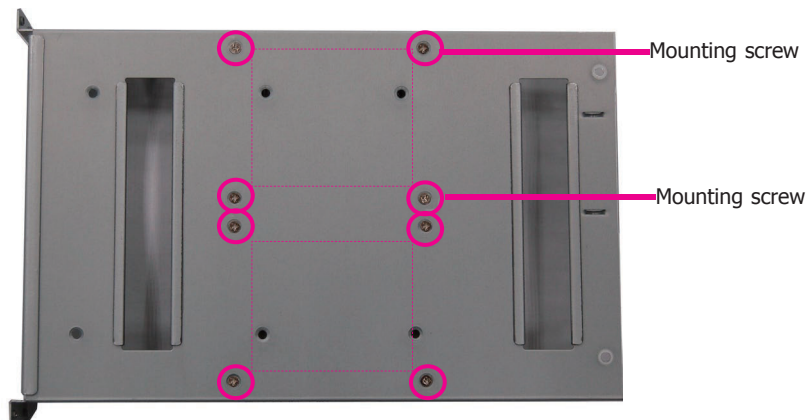
## For 2.5" SATA Drives

Use the following procedure to install a second and third 2.5" HDD/SSD:

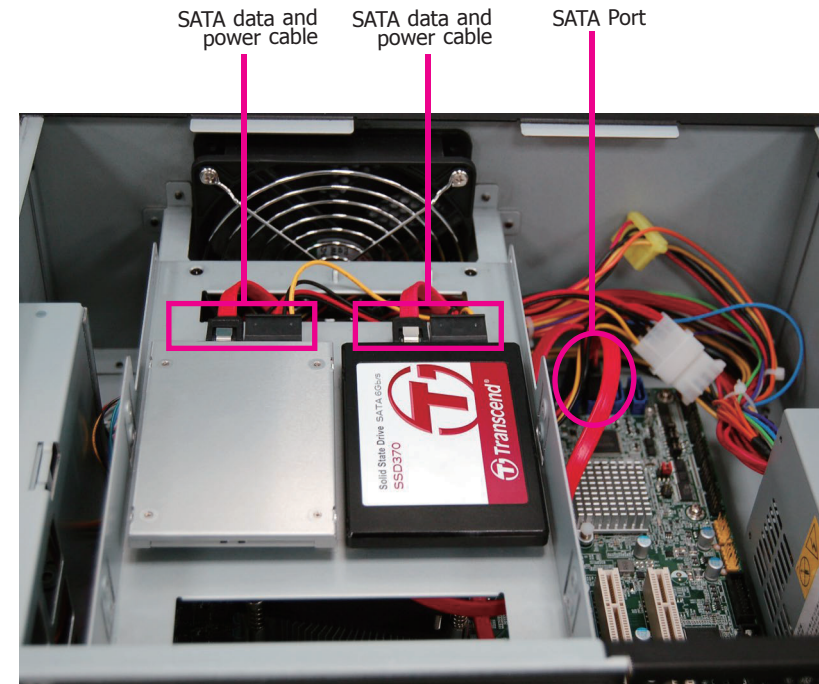
1. Attach 4 standoffs to the 2.5" HDD or SSD.



2. Secure the hard drive to the optical drive tray. Align the standoffs on the HDD with the mounting holes on the optical drive tray. Use 4 mounting screws to install the hard drive onto the optical drive tray.



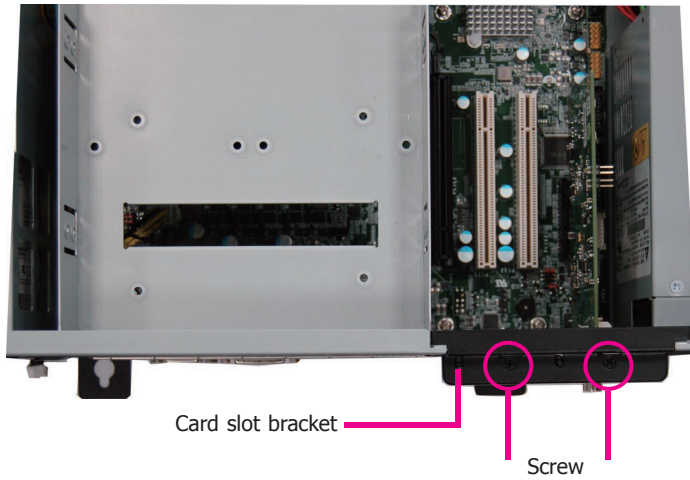
3. Install the optical drive tray back to the system.
4. Connect the SATA data cable and power cable to the connectors on the SATA drive. And connect the other end of the SATA data cable on the motherboard.



## Installing a PCI or PCIe Expansion Card

Use the following procedure to install a PCIe expansion card:

1. Remove the mounting screws to uninstall the card slot bracket.



2. Insert the expansion card in the connector on the motherboard and press down until secured.



3. Reinstall the card slot bracket to secure the expansion card in place.

### Rear View



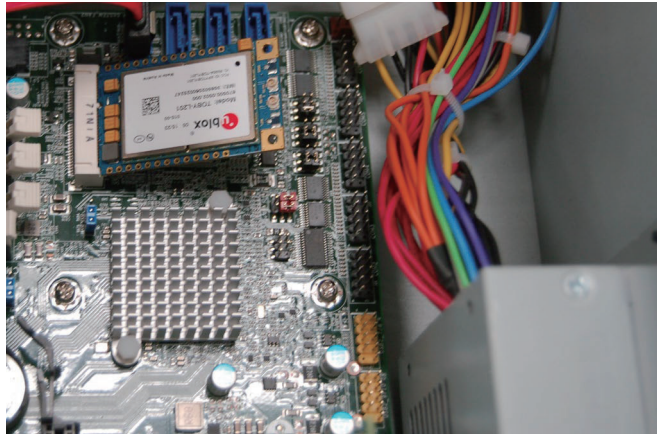
#### Notes:

1. The WM343-SD330 is equipped with one PCIe x16, one PCIe x4 and two PCI slots.
2. The WM343-SD331 is equipped with two PCIe x16 and two PCIe x4 slots.

## Installing a Mini PCIe Card

The system board is equipped with one Mini PCIe slot that uses USB, PCI and mSATA signals.

1. Grasp the Mini PCIe card by its edges and align the notch in the connector of the PCIe card with the notch in the connector on the system board.



2. Push the Mini PCIe card down and use the provided mounting screws to secure the card on the system board.

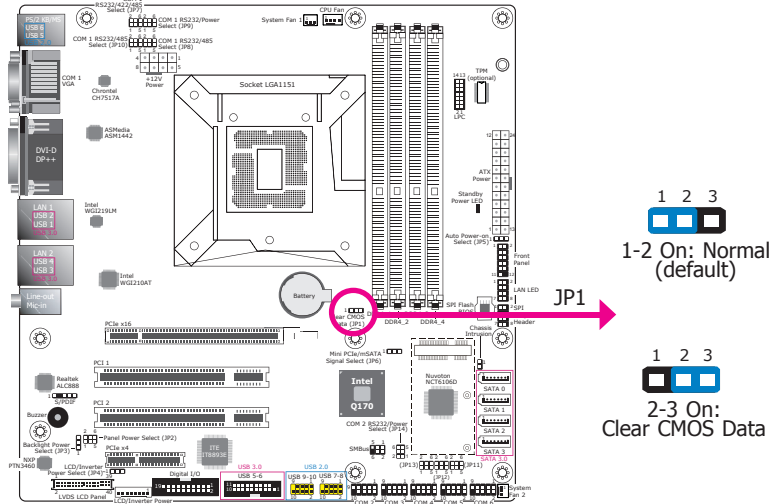
**Note:**

The Mini PCIe slot is only available in WM343-SD330 (Intel® Q170 Chipset).

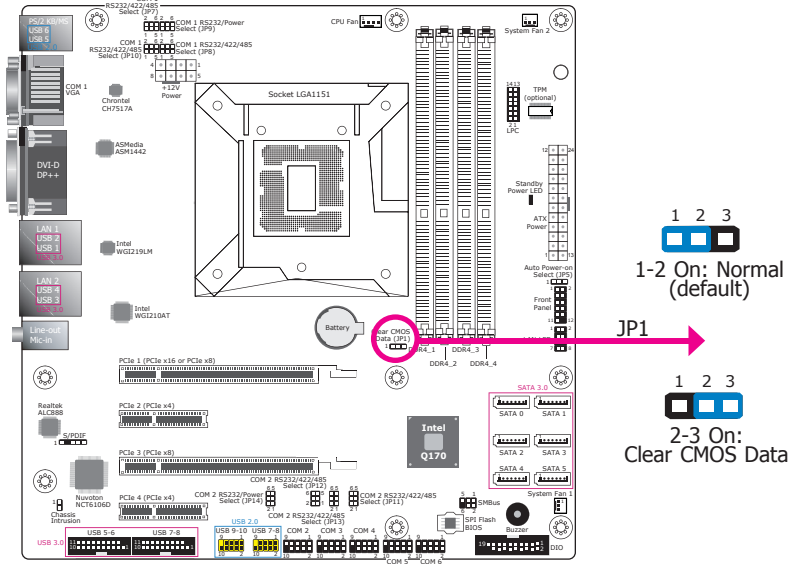
# Chapter 4 - Jumper Settings

## Clear CMOS

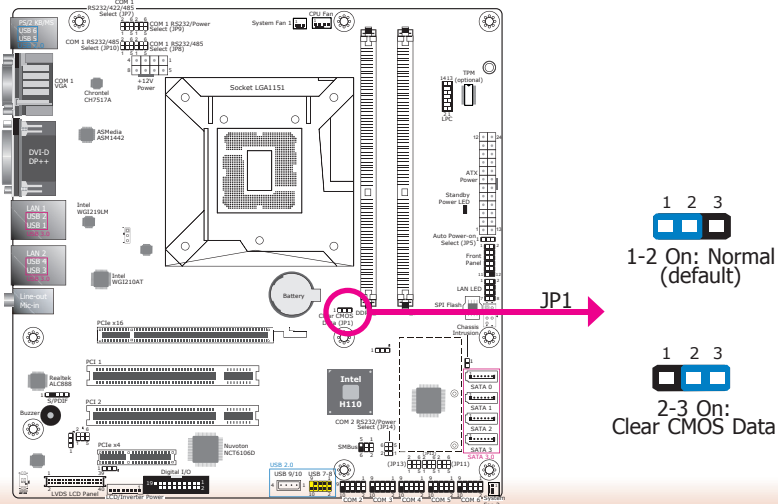
### WM343-SD330 (Q170)



### WM343-SD331 (C236/Q170)



### WM343-SD330 (H110)



If you encounter the following situations, you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

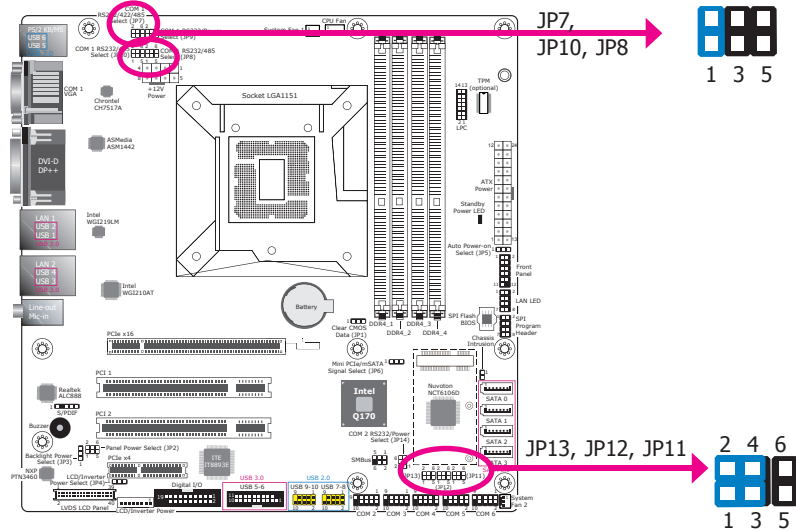
- a) CMOS data becomes corrupted.
- b) You forgot the supervisor or user password.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow these steps below:

1. Power off the system and unplug the power cord.
2. Set the jumper pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set the jumper pins back to its default setting, pins 1 and 2 On.
3. Now plug the power cord and power on the system.

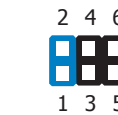
## Serial Port RS232/422/485 Select

### WM343-SD330 (Q170)



JP7, JP8, and JP10 (for COM 1) and JP11, JP12, and JP13 (for COM 2) are used to configure the COM ports to RS232, RS422 (full duplex) or RS485. The pin assignments of the COM ports will vary according to the jumper settings.

#### JP7 (COM 1) / JP11 (COM 2)



1-2 On: RS232 (default)



3-4 On: RS422 Full Duplex



5-6 On: RS485

#### JP8 and JP10 (COM 1) / JP12 and JP13 (COM 2)

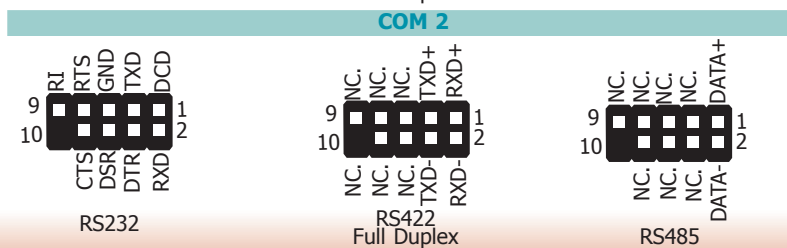
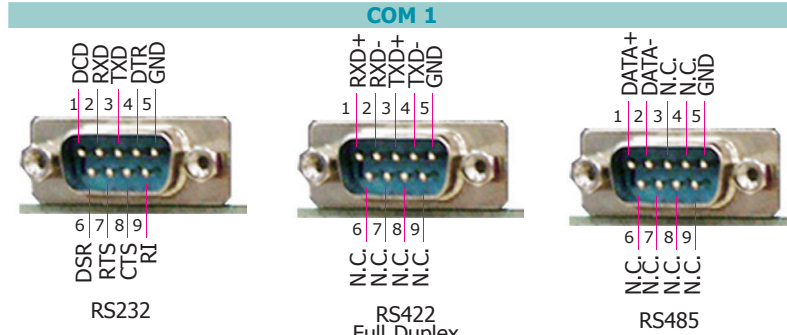
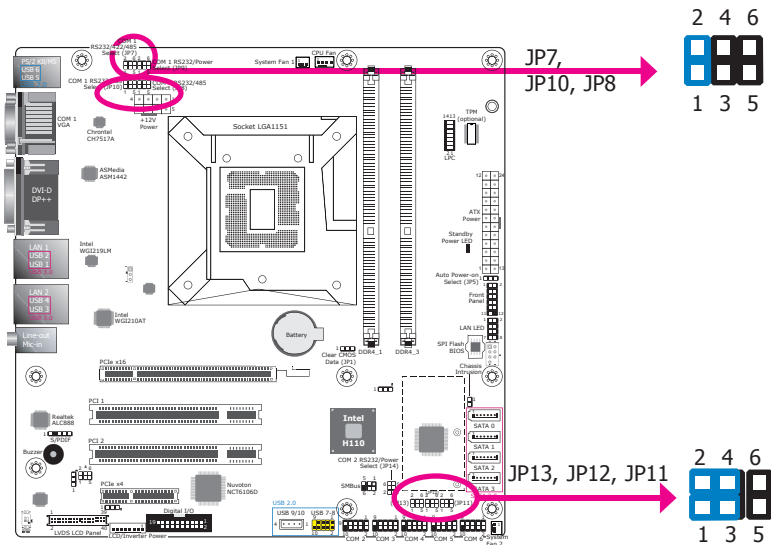


1-3, 2-4 On: RS232 (default)

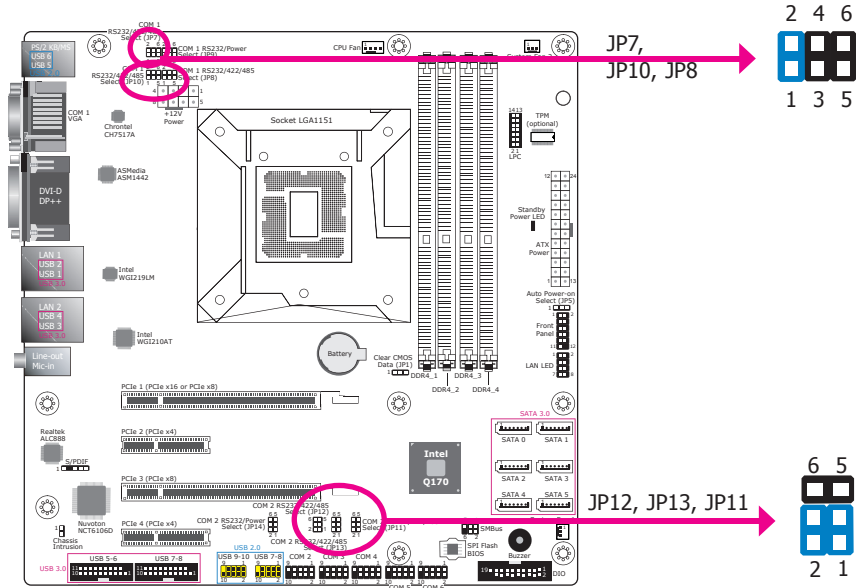


3-5, 4-6 On: RS422 Full Duplex/ RS485

### WM343-SD330 (H110)

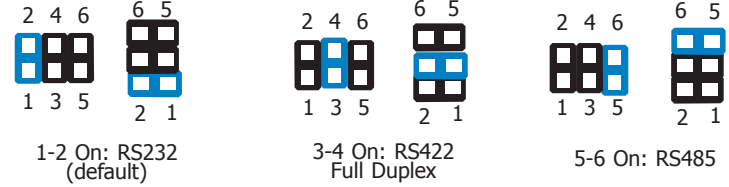


WM343-SD331 (C236/Q170)

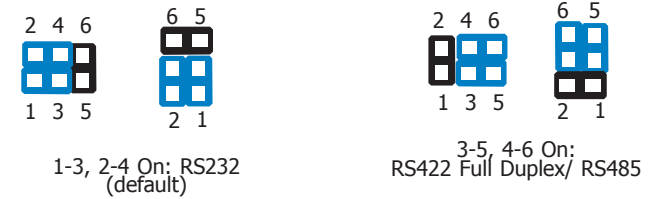


JP7, JP8, and JP10 (for COM1) and JP11, JP12, and JP13 (for COM2) are used to configure the COM ports to RS232, RS422 (full duplex) or RS485. The pin assignments of the COM ports will vary according to the jumper settings.

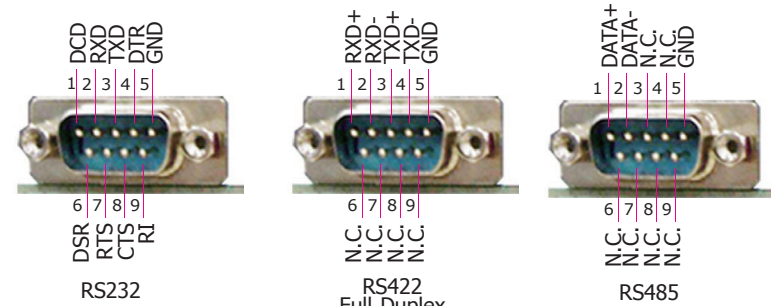
JP7 (COM 1) / JP11 (COM 2)



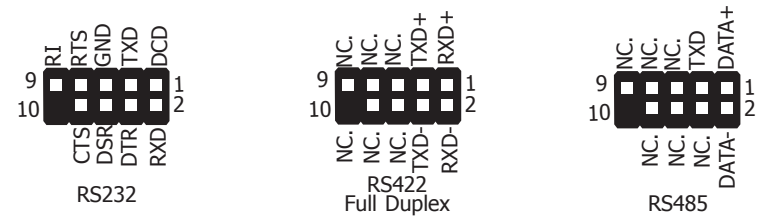
JP8 and JP10 (COM 1) / JP12 and JP13 (COM 2)



COM 1



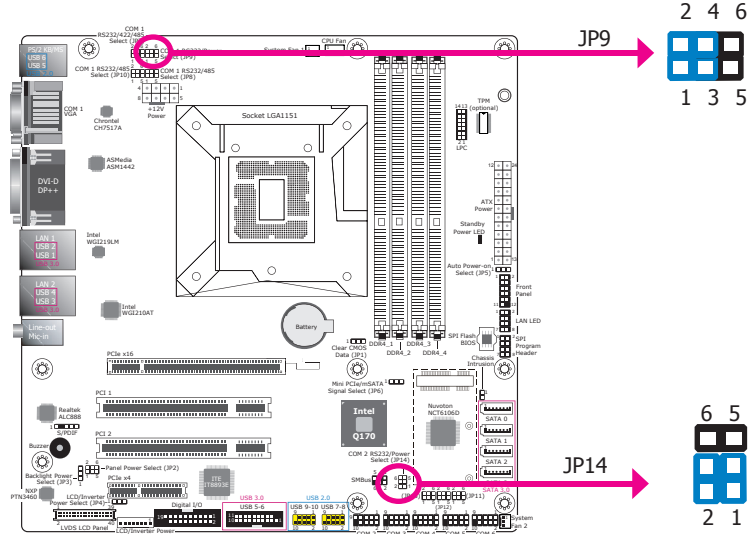
COM 2



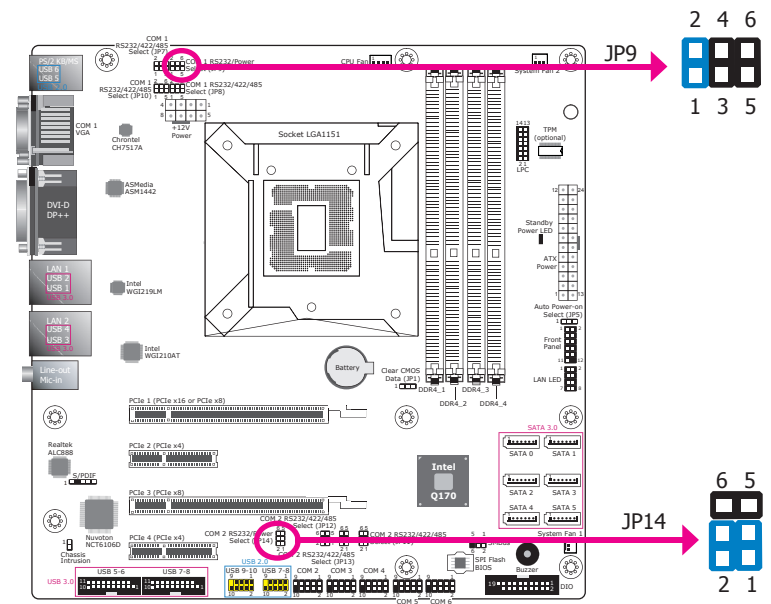


## Serial Port Power Select

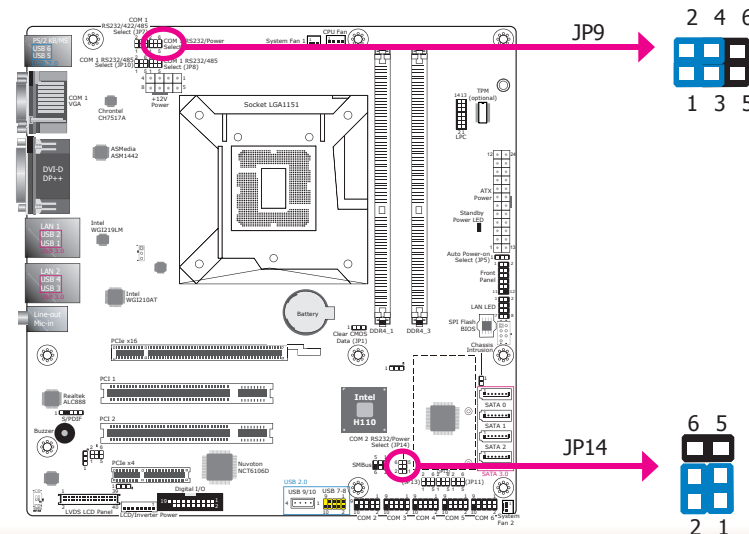
### WM343-SD330 (Q170)



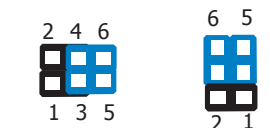
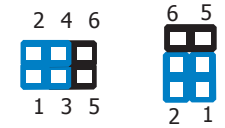
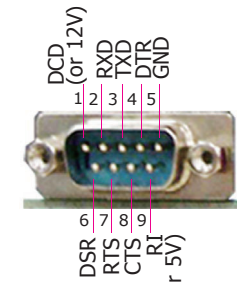
### WM343-SD331 (C236/Q170)



### WM343-SD330 (H110)



JP9 (for COM1) and JP14 (for COM2) are used to switch the COM ports to RS232 or RS232 with power. The pin assignments of the COM ports will vary according to the jumper settings.

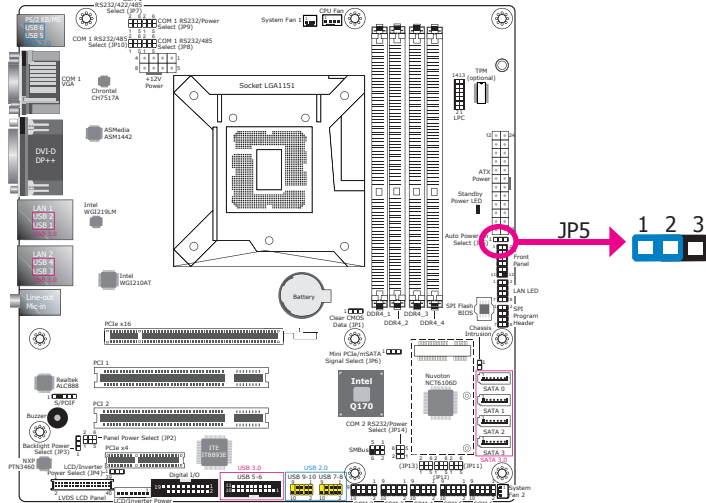


1-3 (RI), 2-4 (DCD) On:  
RS232 (default)

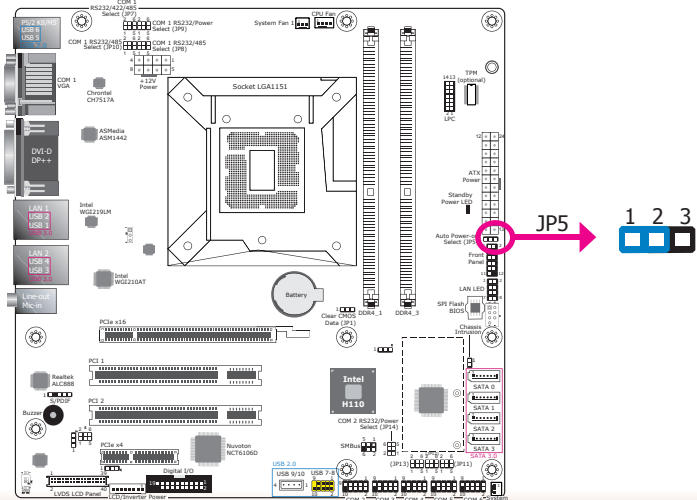
3-5 (+5V), 4-6 (+12V) On:  
RS232 with power

## Power-on Select

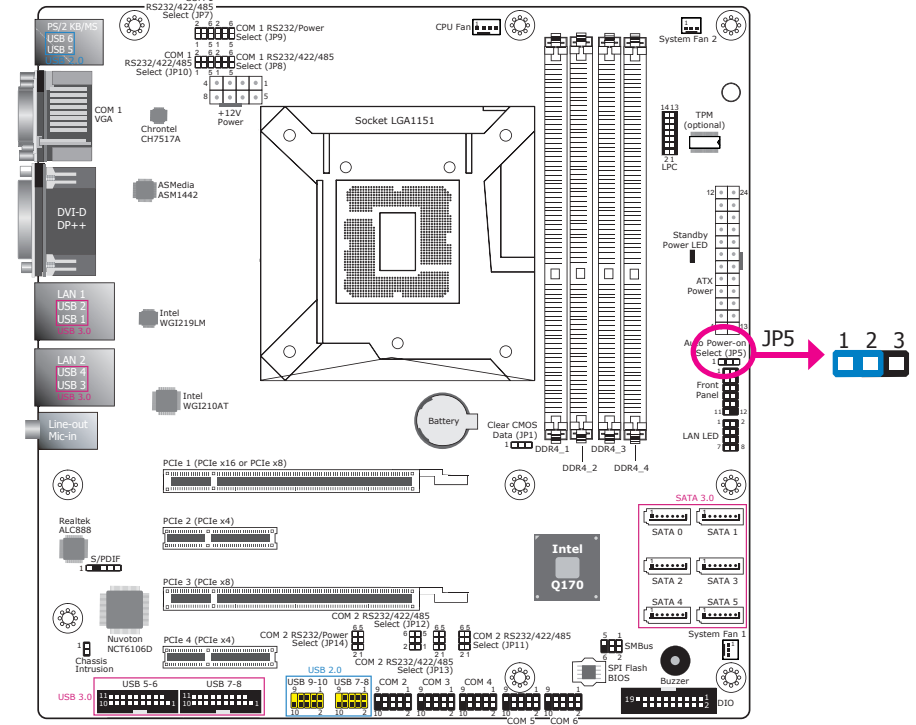
### WM343-SD330 (Q170)




### WM343-SD330 (H110)




### WM343-SD331 (C236/Q170)

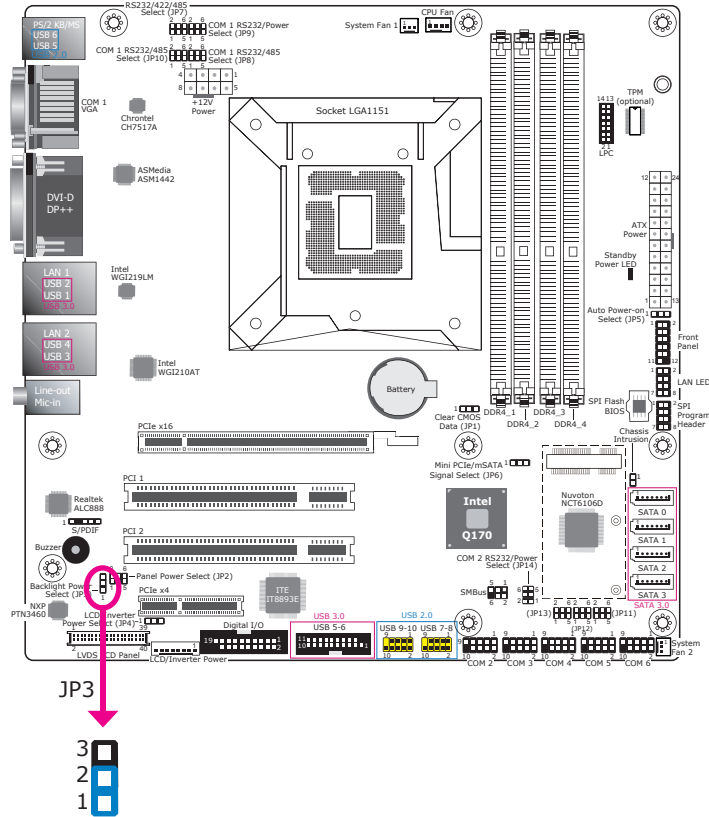


JP5 is used to select the method of powering on the system. If you want the system to power on whenever AC power comes in, set the jumper pins 2 and 3 to On. If you want to use the power button, set the jumper pins 1 and 2 to On.

1 2 3  
  
 1-2 On:  
 Power-on via power button  
 (default)

1 2 3  
  
 2-3 On:  
 Power-on via AC power or  
 WOL after power interruption

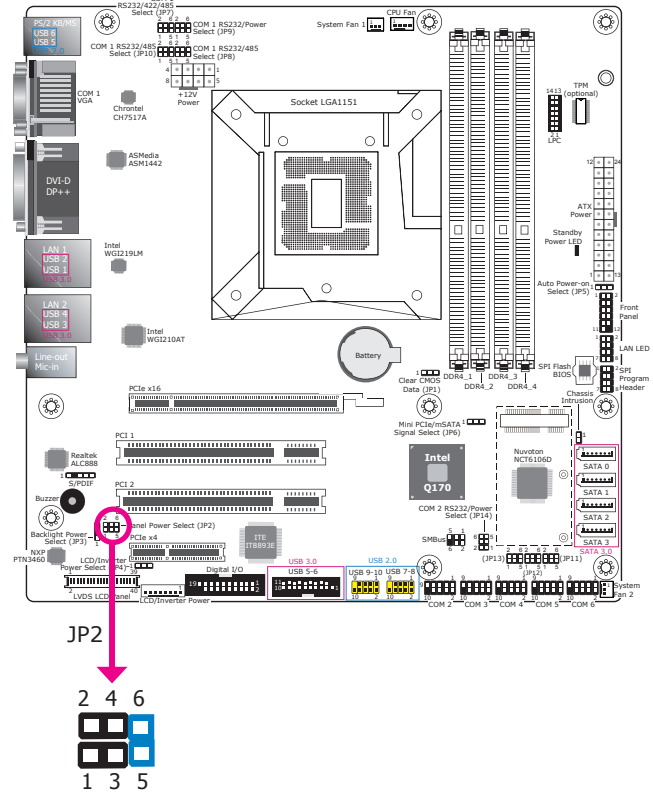
### Backlight Power Select (for SD330-Q170/H110 only)



JP3 is used to select the power level of backlight brightness control.

Backlight Power Select	JP3
+3.3V (default)	1-2 On
+5V	2-3 On

### Panel Power Select (for SD330-Q170/H110 only)

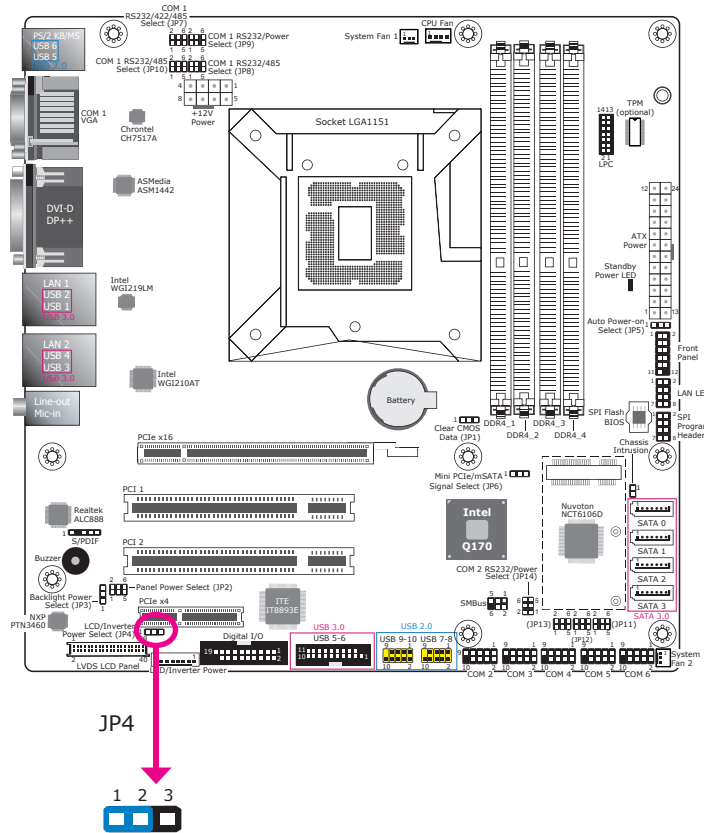


JP2 is used to select the power supply of the LCD panel.

Panel Power Select	JP2
+12V	1-2 On
+5V	3-4 On
+3.3V (default)	5-6 On

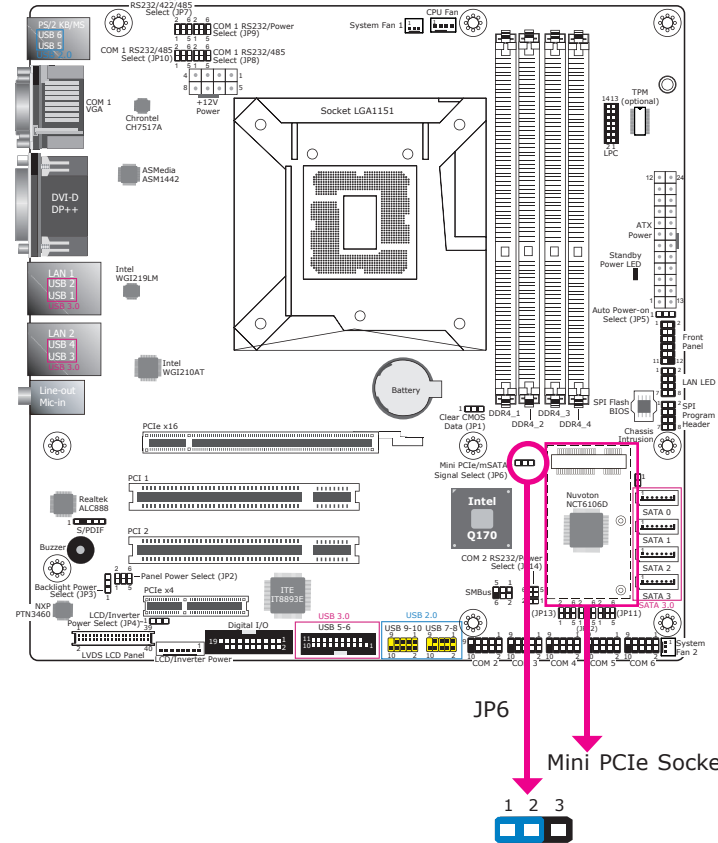
**LCD/Inverter Power Select (for SD330-Q170/H110 only)**

**Mini PCIe/mSATA Signal Select (for SD330-Q170 only)**



JP4 is used to select the power level of the LCD/inverter power connector.

LCD/Inverter Power Select	JP4
+12V (default)	1-2 On
+5V	2-3 On

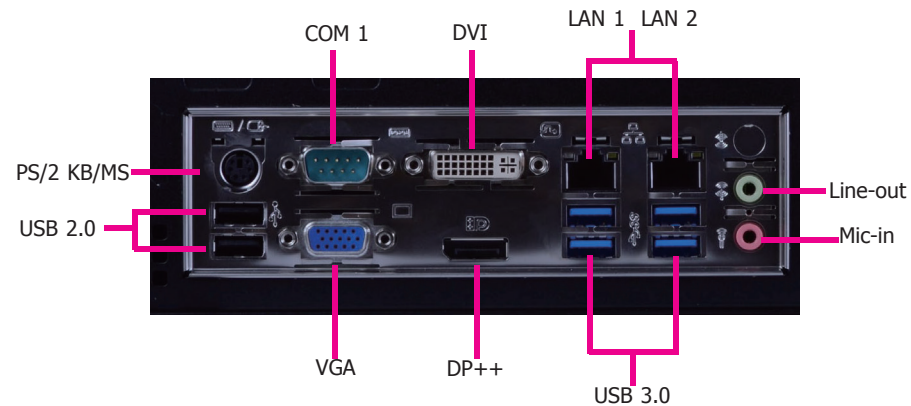


JP6 is used to select the signal for the Mini PCIe socket.

Mini PCIe/mSATA Signal Select	JP6
Mini PCIe (default)	1-2 On
mSATA	2-3 On

## Chapter 5 - Ports and Connectors

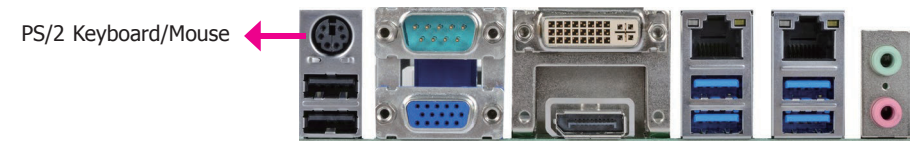
### Rear Panel I/O Ports



The rear panel I/O consists of the following ports:

- 1 PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse port
- 1 Serial port
- 1 VGA
- 1 DVI-I (DVI-D Signal) port
- 1 DisplayPort
- 2 RJ45 LAN ports
- 4 USB 3.0 ports
- 2 USB 2.0 ports
- Line-in jack (optional)
- Line-out jack
- Microphone jack

### PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Port



These ports are used to connect a PS/2 mouse/keyboard.

#### Wake-On PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse

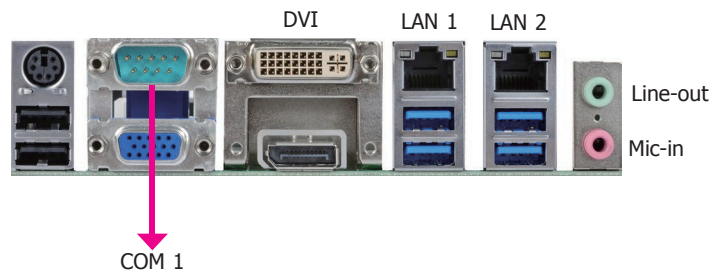
The Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to power on the system. To use this function, configure the wake-up function of PS/2 keyboard/mouse in the Advanced menu ("ACPI Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.



#### Note:

This port cannot work with a PS/2 mouse alone. To connect both keyboard and mouse, please use a PS/2 keyboard mouse splitter adapter.

## COM (Serial) Ports



### COM 1 port

The pin functions of COM 1 will vary according to the respective jumper settings (JP7, JP8 and JP10). Another jumper (JP9) is used to configure COM 1 to pure RS232 or RS232 with power. Refer to "Serial Port RS232/422/485 Select" and "Serial Port Power Select" in Chapter 4 for more information.

COM 3 to COM 6 are fixed at RS232.

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

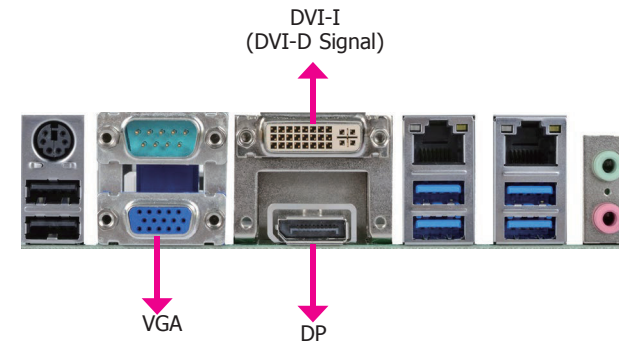
### BIOS Setting

Configure the serial ports in the Advanced menu ("SIO NUVOTON6106D" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

## Graphics Interfaces

The display ports consist of the following:

- DVI-I port (DVI-D signal)
- 1 DP++ port
- 1 VGA port



### VGA Port

The VGA port is used for connecting a VGA monitor. Connect the monitor's 15-pin D-shell cable connector to the VGA port. After you plug the monitor's cable connector into the VGA port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

### DVI-I Port

The DVI-I (DVI-D Signal) port is used to connect an LCD monitor. Having a DVI-I interface, this port supports DVI-D signal only. Connect the display device's cable connector to the DVI-I port. After plugging the cable connector into the port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

### DP Port

The DisplayPort is a digital display interface used to connect a display device. The interface, developed by VESA and backwards compatible with VGA, DVI and HDMI, delivers higher performance than any other digital interfaces.

### BIOS Setting

Configure display devices in the advanced menu ("Video Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

## RJ45 LAN Ports



### Features

- LAN1: Intel® I219LM Gigabit Ethernet controller with iAMT11.0. (Note that SKUs with the Intel® H110 chipset or the Intel® Core™ i3, Celeron® and Pentium® processors do not support iAMT.)
- LAN2: Intel® I210AT PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controller

The LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network with a network hub.

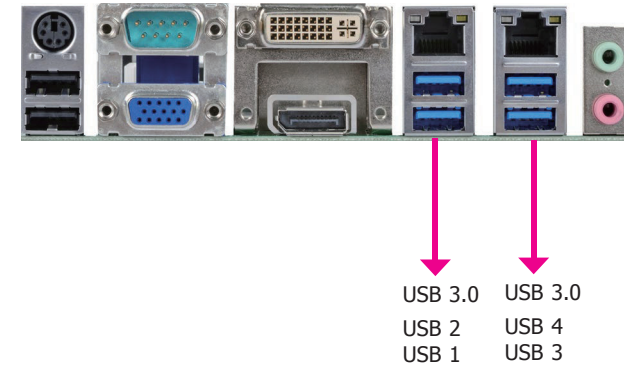
### BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard LAN ports in the Advanced menu (“ACPI Configuration” submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

### Driver Installation

Install the LAN drivers. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

## USB Ports



USB allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

In addition to the external USB ports, the system board is equipped with onboard USB 3.0 and 2.0 pin headers. Refer to “I/O Connectors” in this chapter for more information.

### Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. To use this function, make sure that the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 1.5A$  for 2 USB ports. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 2A$ .

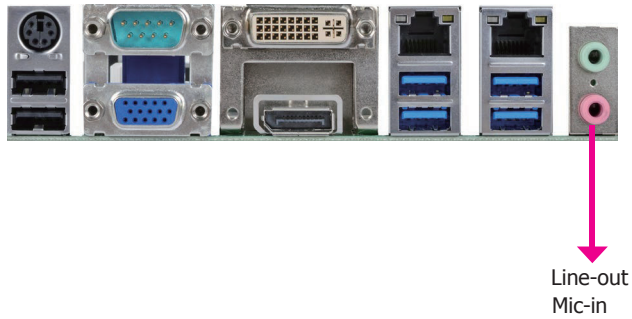
### BIOS Setting

Configure these onboard USB devices in the Advanced menu (“USB Configuration” submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

### Driver Installation

You may need to install the proper drivers in your operating system to use USB devices. Refer to Chapter 8 and your operating system’s manual or documentation for more information.

## Audio



### Rear Audio

The system board is equipped with 2 audio jacks. A jack is a one-hole connecting interface for inserting a plug.

- Line-out Jack (lime)  
This jack is used to connect a headphone or external speakers.
- Mic-in Jack (pink)  
This jack is used to connect an external microphone.

### Driver Installation

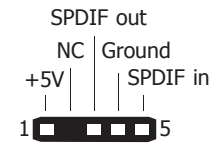
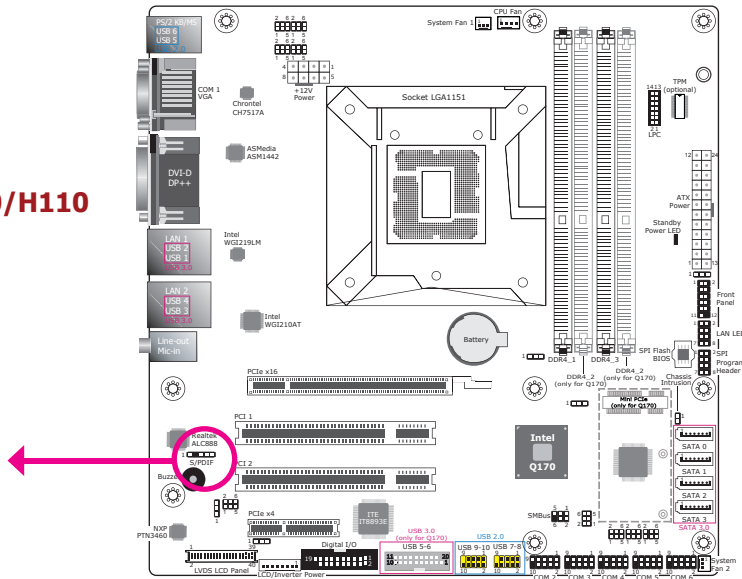
Install the audio driver. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.



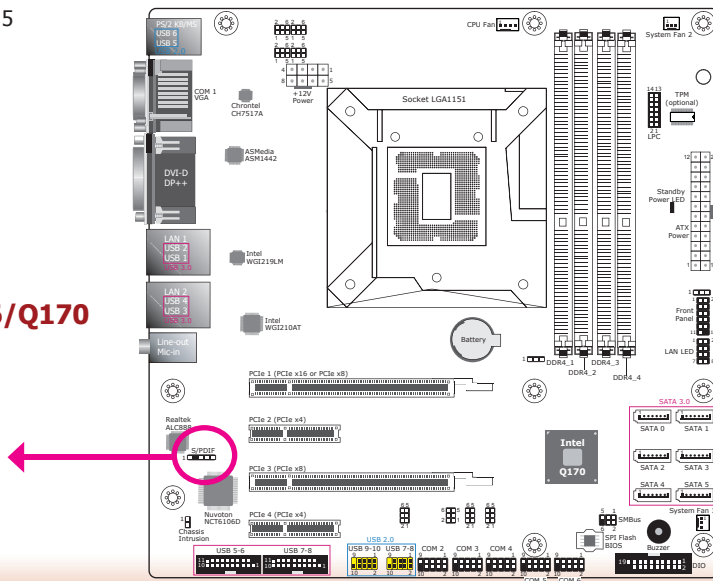
## I/O Connectors

### S/PDIF Connector

#### SD330-Q170/H110



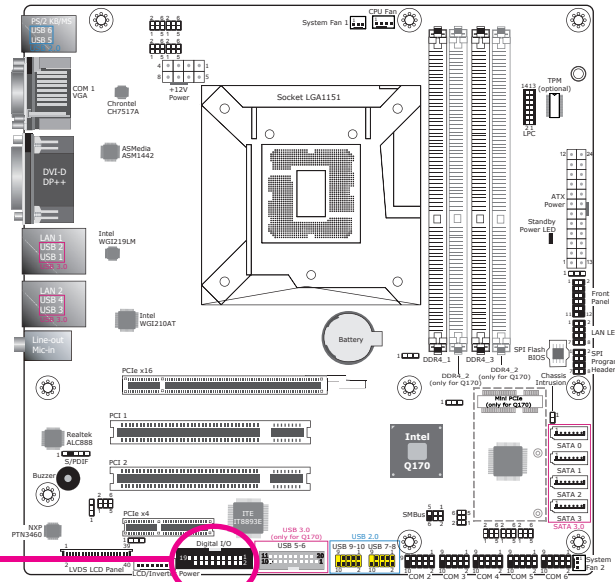
#### SD331-C236/Q170



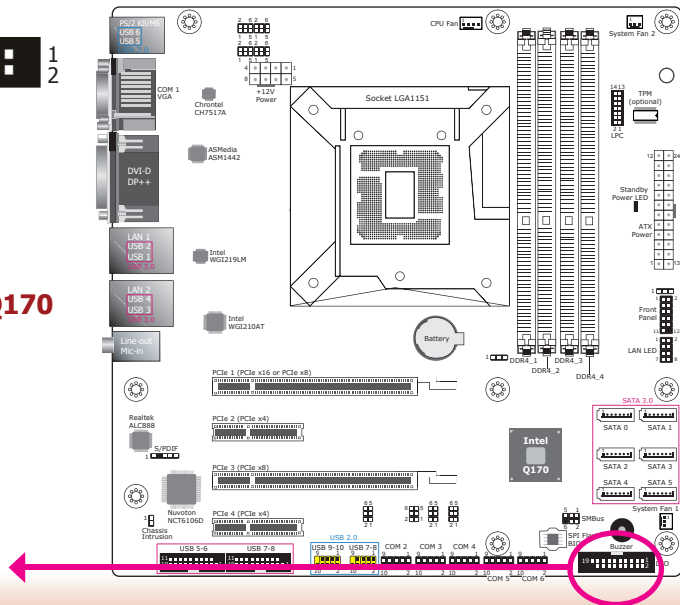
The S/PDIF connector is used to connect an external S/PDIF port. Your S/PDIF port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and connect the audio cable to the S/PDIF connector. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable is aligned with pin 1 of the S/PDIF connector.

### Digital I/O and Power Connector

**SD330-Q170/H110**



**SD331-C236/Q170**



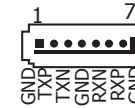
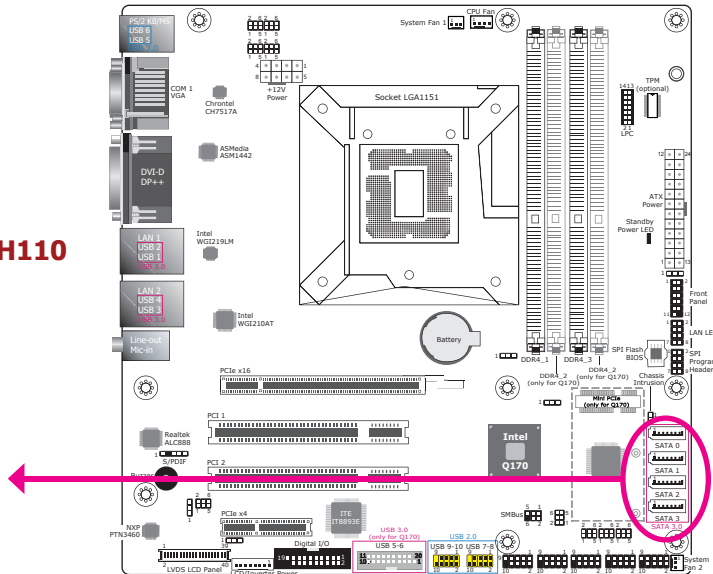
The 8-bit Digital I/O connector provides monitoring and control function to the connected devices. We have built support software called EAPI that enables the functionality of hardware components. Please contact our technical support or sales representatives for the support software package.

### Digital I/O Connector

Pins	Pin Assignment	Pins	Pin Assignment
1	GND	2	+12V
3	DIO7	4	+12V
5	DIO6	6	GND
7	DIO5	8	+5V
9	DIO4	10	+5V
11	DIO3	12	GND
13	DIO2	14	V_5P0_STBY
15	DIO1	16	V_5P0_STBY
17	DIO0	18	GND
19	GND	20	NC

## SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors

SD330-Q170/H110



### Features

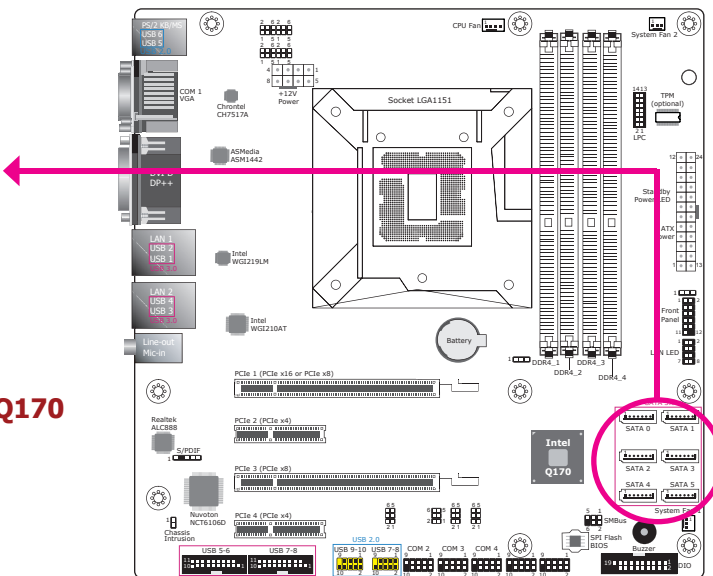
#### SD330-Q170/H110:

- 4 Serial ATA ports  
-Support SATA 3.0 with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- Support Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller with Intel® Rapid Storage Technology (Note that SKUs with the Intel® H110 chipset do not support RAID.)

#### SD331-C236/Q170:

- 6 Serial ATA ports  
-Support SATA 3.0 with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- Support Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller with Intel® Rapid Storage Technology

SD331-C236/Q170



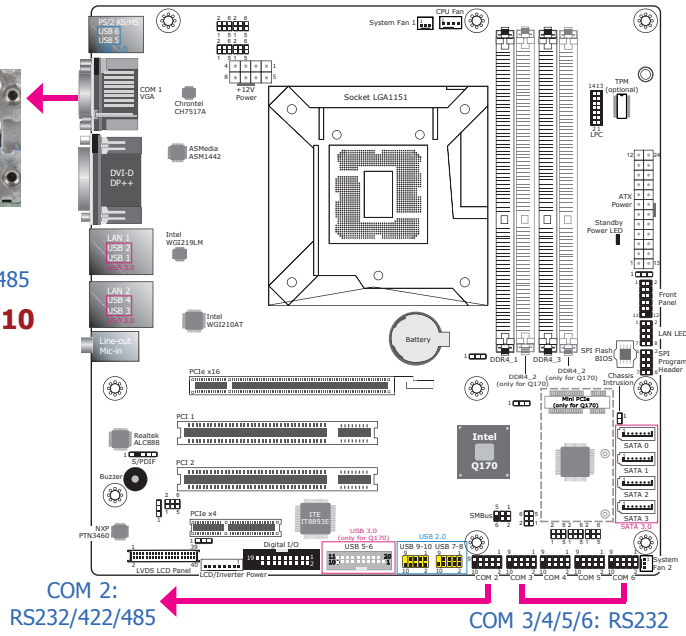
The Serial ATA connectors are used to connect Serial ATA devices. Connect one end of the SATA cable to one of the SATA connectors and the other end to your SATA device.

### BIOS Setting

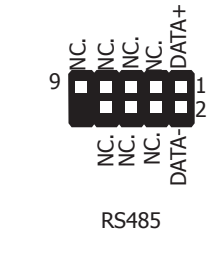
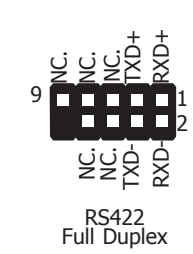
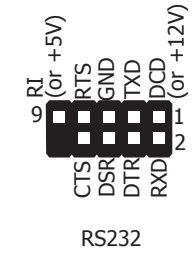
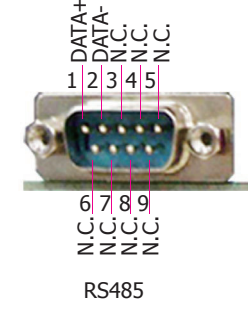
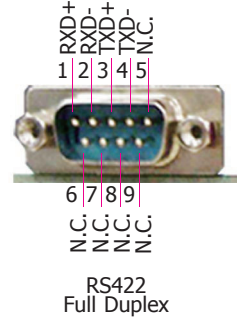
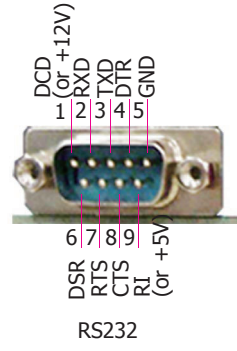
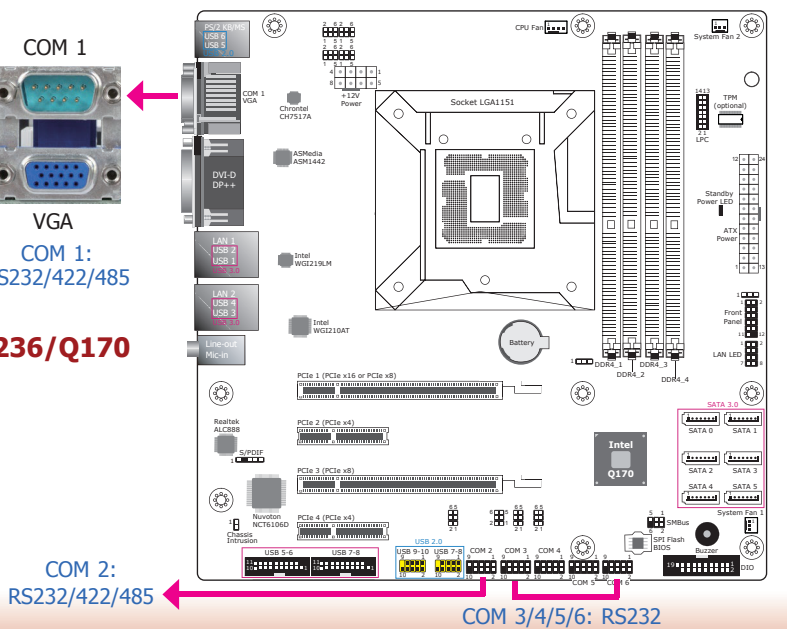
Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Advanced menu ("SATA Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

COM (Serial) Ports

COM 1  
VGA  
COM 1:  
RS232/422/485  
SD330-Q170/H110



COM 1  
VGA  
COM 1:  
RS232/422/485  
SD331-C236/Q170



COM 1 port

Please refer to the "Rear Panel I/O Ports" section in this chapter for more information.

COM 2 port

The pin assignments of COM port 2 will vary according to the jumper settings (JP11, JP12, and JP13). JP14 is used to configure COM 2 to pure RS232 or RS232 with power. Refer to "Serial Port RS232/422/485 Select" and "Serial Port Power Select" in Chapter 4 for more information. COM 3 to COM 6 are fixed at RS232.

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

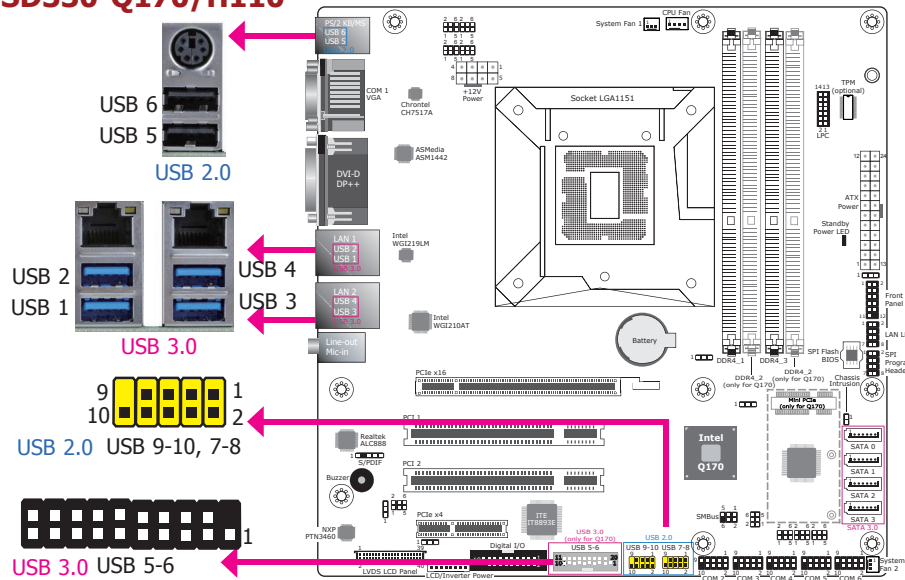
Connecting External Serial Ports

Your COM port may come mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the serial port cable to the COM connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable aligns with pin 1 of the COM connector.

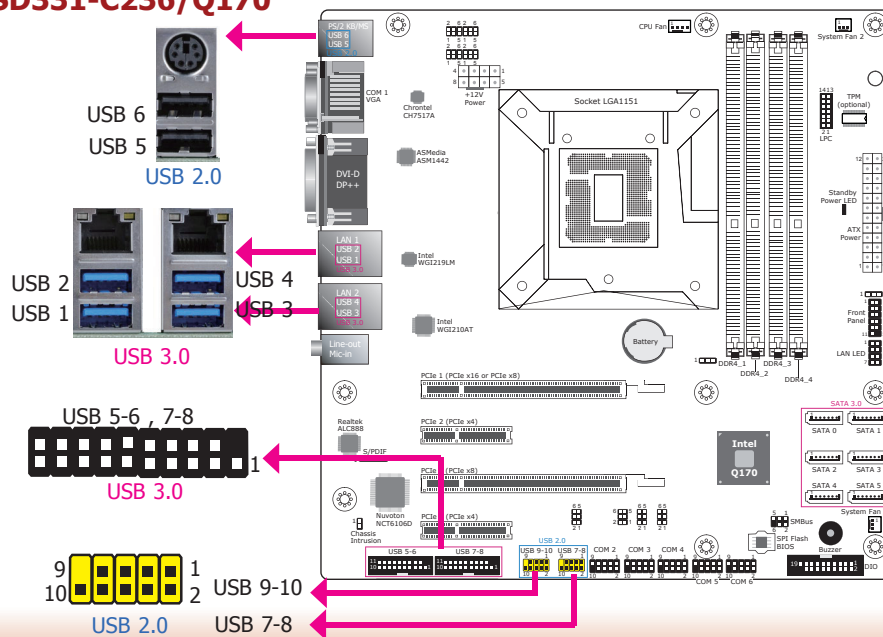
BIOS Setting

Configure the serial ports with more advanced options such as the RS485 auto flow mechanism in the Advanced menu ("SIO NUVOTON6106D" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

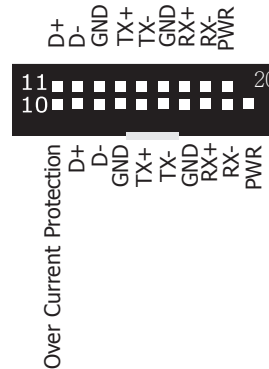
## USB Ports SD330-Q170/H110



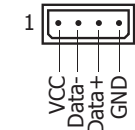
## SD331-C236/Q170



### USB 3.0



### USB 2.0 vertical port (for SD330-H110/SD331-Q170)



### USB 2.0



### SD330-Q170/H110:

- H110: 4 USB 3.0 (all external ports) and 5 USB 2.0 (2 external ports and 3 via internal pin headers and a vertical port)
- Q170: 6 USB 3.0 (4 external ports and 2 via internal pin headers) and 6 USB 2.0 (2 external ports and 4 via internal pin headers)

### SD331-C236/Q170:

- C236: 8 USB 3.0 (4 external ports and 4 via internal pin headers) and 6 USB 2.0 (2 external ports and 4 via internal pin headers)
- Q170: 8 USB 3.0 (4 external ports and 4 via internal pin headers) and 5 USB 2.0 (2 external ports and 3 via internal pin headers and a vertical port)

The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

The system board is also equipped with internal USB 2.0 and USB 3.0 ports via pin headers. The 10-pin connector (USB 2.0) allows you to connect 2 additional ports. And the 20-pin connector (USB 3.0) allows you to connect 2 additional ports. These additional USB ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and then insert the USB port cables to a connector.

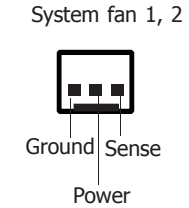
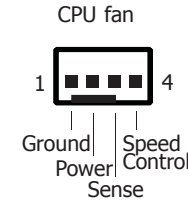
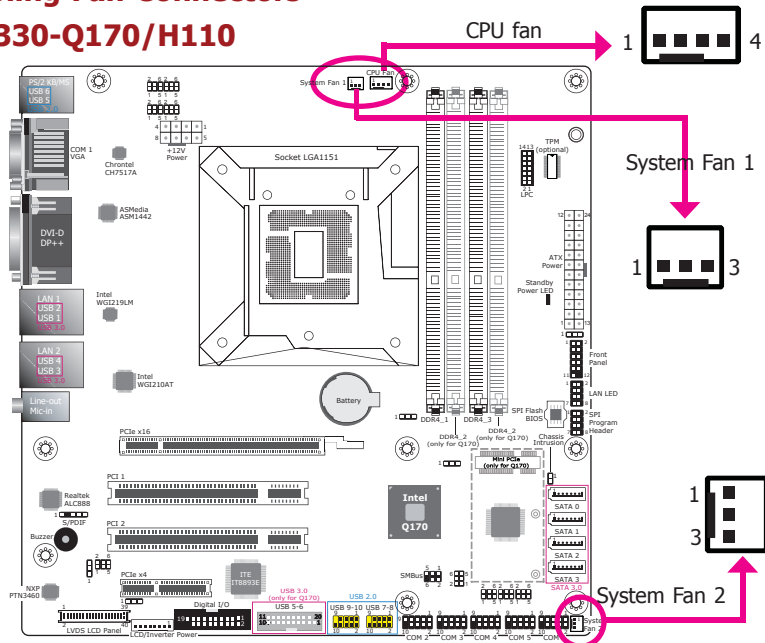
### BIOS Setting

Configure these onboard USB devices in the Advanced menu ("USB Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

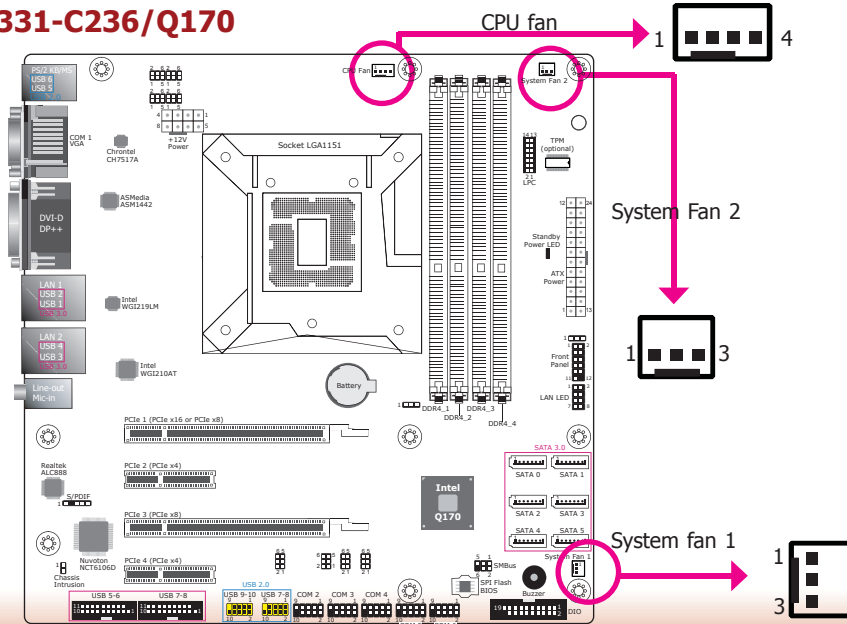
### Driver Installation

You may need to install proper drivers in your OS to use USB devices. Refer to Chapter 8 and your operating system's documentation for more information.

### Cooling Fan Connectors SD330-Q170/H110



### SD331-C236/Q170



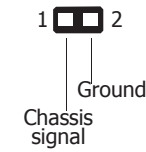
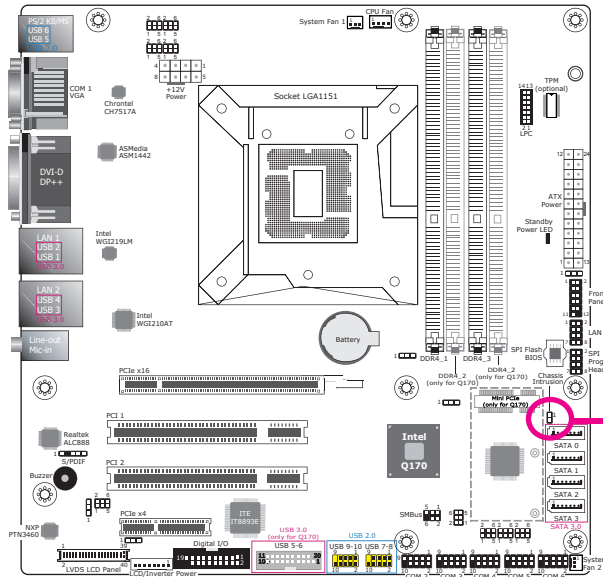
The fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components.

#### BIOS Setting

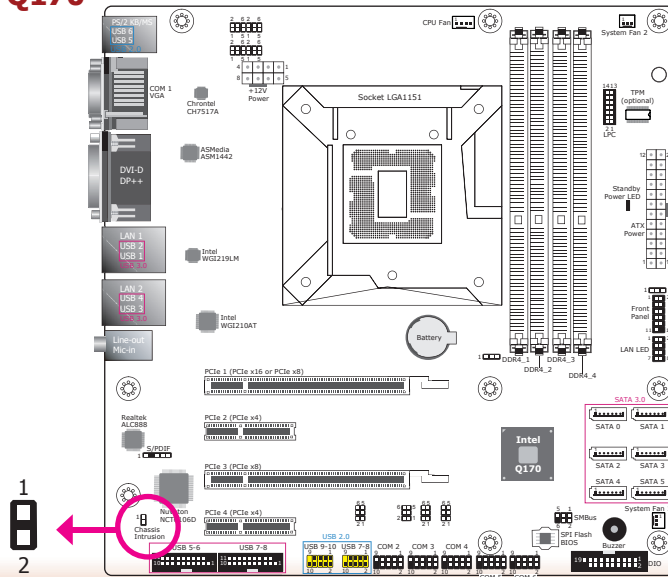
The Advanced menu ("PC Health Status" submenu) of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fans. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

### Chassis Intrusion Connector

### SD330-Q170/H110

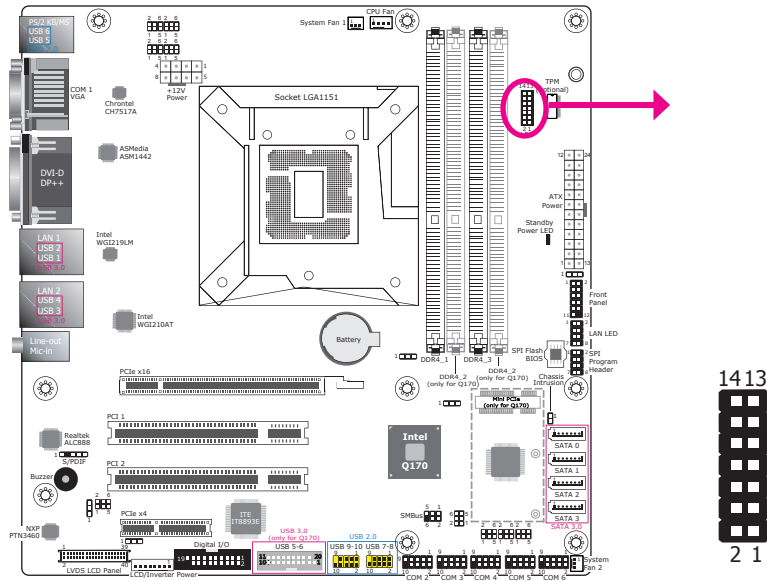


### SD331-C236/Q170

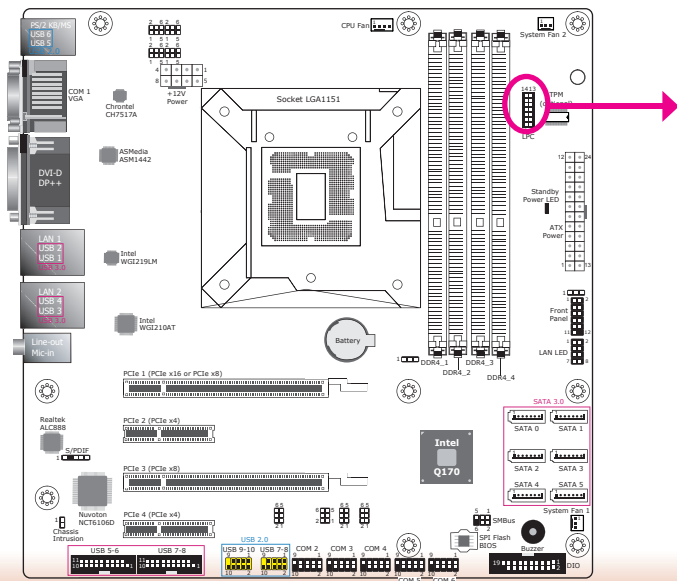


The board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to this connector. When the system's power is on and a chassis intrusion occurred, an alarm will sound. When the system's power is off and a chassis intrusion occurred, the alarm will sound only when the system restarts.

## LPC Connector SD330-Q170/H110



## SD331-C236/Q170



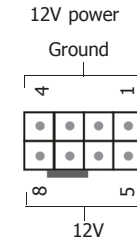
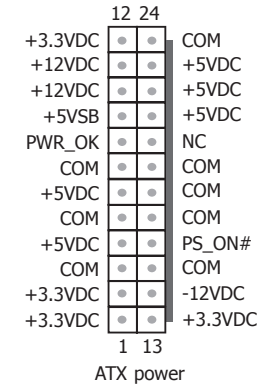
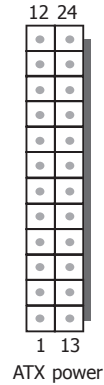
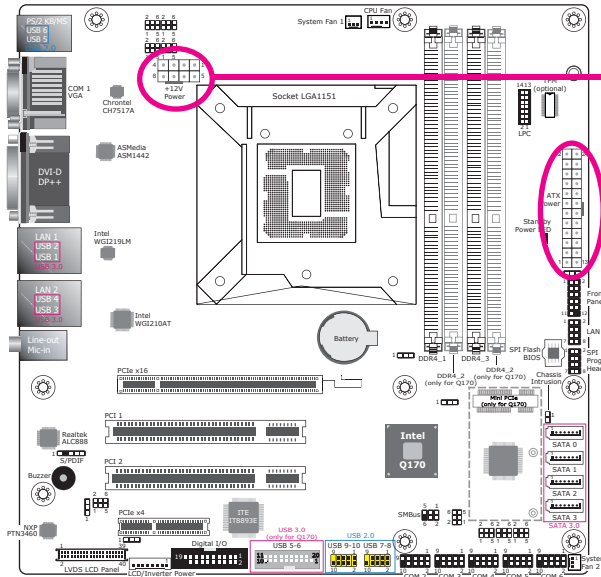
The Low Pin Count Interface was defined by Intel® Corporation to facilitate the industry's transition towards legacy free systems. It allows the integration of low-bandwidth legacy I/O components within the system, which are typically provided by a Super I/O controller. Furthermore, it can be used to interface firmware hubs, Trusted Platform Module (TPM) devices and embedded controllers. Data transfer on the LPC bus is implemented over a 4 bit serialized data interface, which uses a 24MHz LPC bus clock. For more information about LPC bus, please refer to the Intel® Low Pin Count Interface Specification Revision 1.1'. The table below indicates the pin assignments of the LPC connector.

Pin	Pin Assignment	Pin	Pin Assignment
1	L_CLK	2	L_AD1
3	L_RST#	4	L_AD0
5	L_FRAME#	6	3V3
7	L_AD3	8	GND
9	L_AD2	10	Key
11	INT_SERIRQ	12	GND
13	5VSB	14	5V

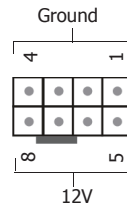
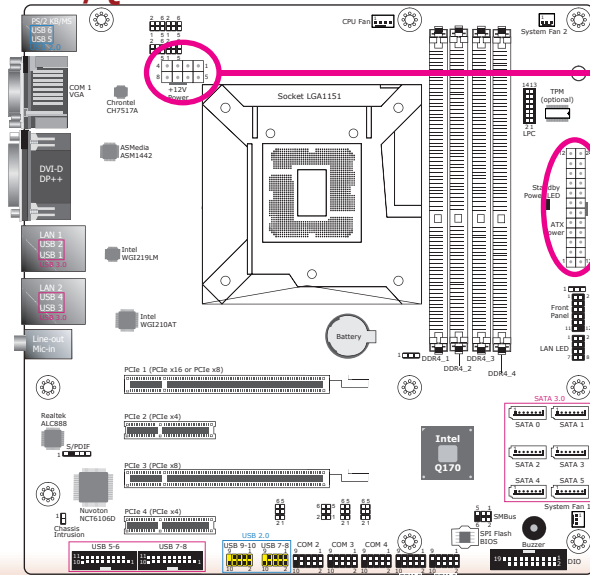


## Power Connectors

### SD330-Q170/H110



### SD331-C236/Q170

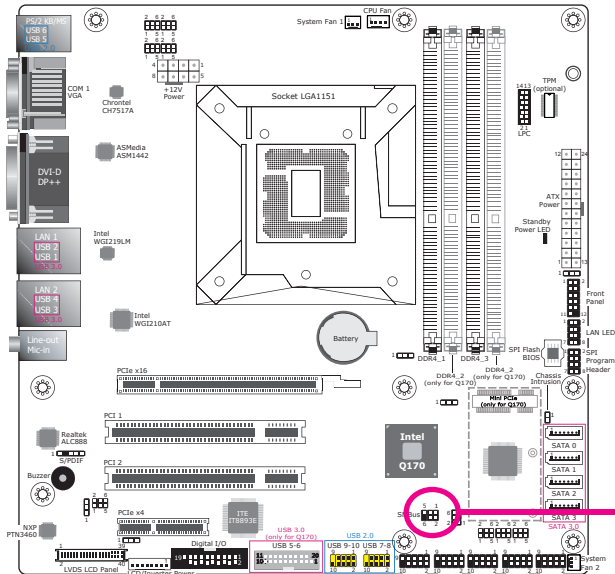


Use a power supply that complies with the ATX12V Power Supply Design Guide Version 1.1. An ATX12V power supply unit has a standard 24-pin ATX main power connector that must be inserted into the 24-pin connector. The 8-pin +12V power connector enables the delivery of more +12VDC current to the processor's Voltage Regulator Module (VRM).

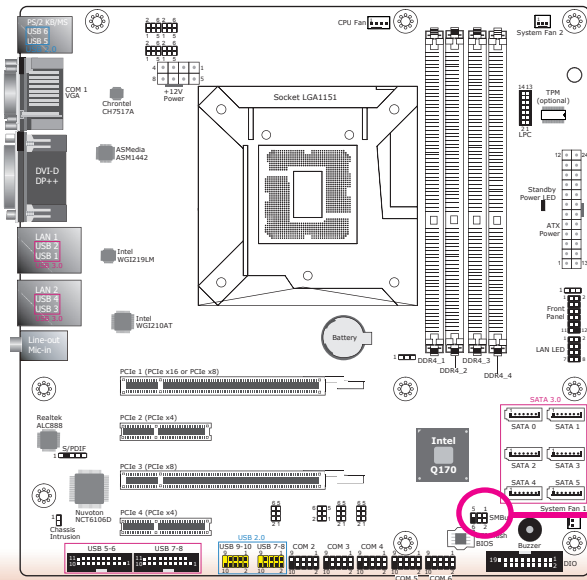
The power connectors from the power supply unit are designed to fit the 24-pin and 8-pin connectors in only one orientation. Make sure to find the proper orientation before plugging the connectors.

Please use the recommended power supply unit with the correct wattage. Insufficient power supplied to the system may result in system instability or the add-in boards and peripherals not functioning properly. Calculating the system's approximate power usage is important to ensure that the power supply meets the system's consumption requirements.

## SMBus Connector SD330-Q170/H110



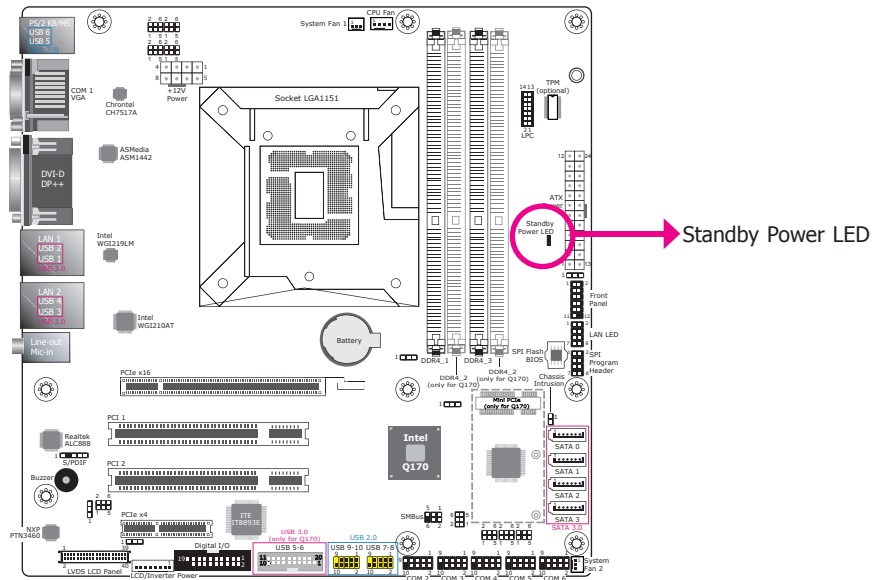
## SD331-C236/Q170



The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect SMBus devices. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

### Standby Power LED

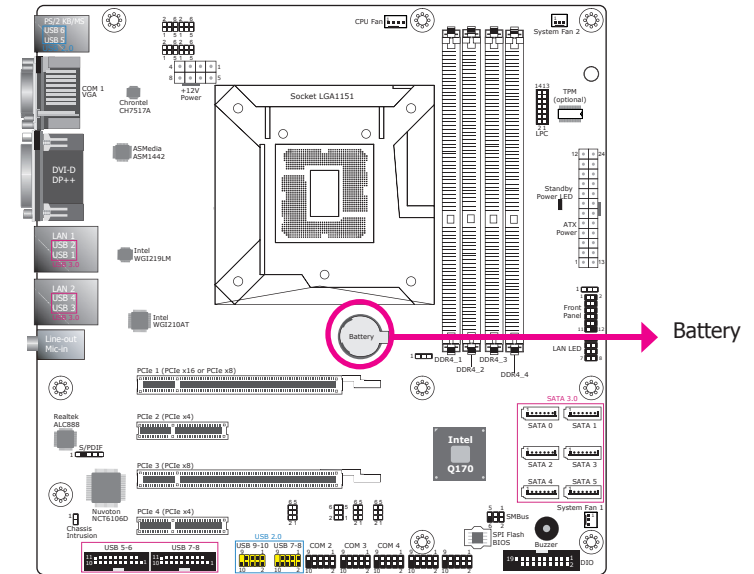
SD330-Q170/H110, SD331-C236/Q170



This LED will be red when the system is in the standby mode. It indicates that there is power on the system board. Power off the PC and then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

### Battery

SD330-Q170/H110, SD331-C236/Q170

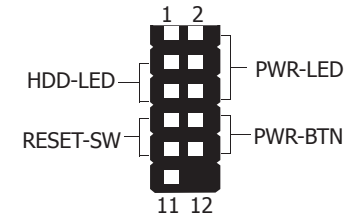
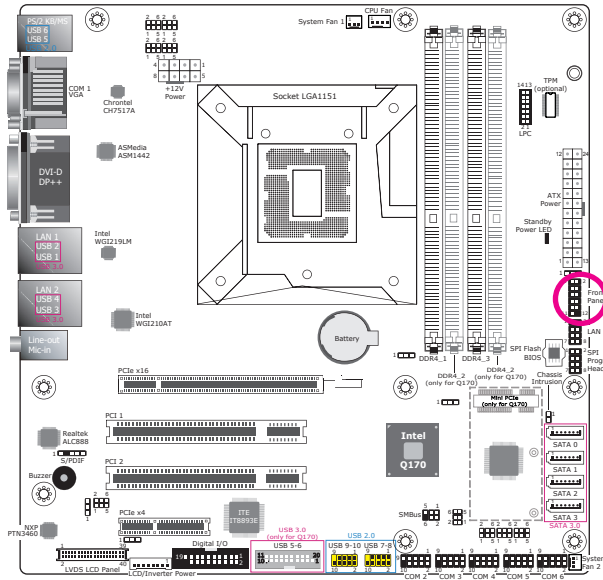


The lithium ion battery powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. It is an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

#### Safety Measures

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

## Front Panel Connector SD330-Q170/H110



This connector provides several control and LED indicator functions.

### HDD-LED - HDD LED

This LED will be lit when the hard drive is being accessed.

### RESET SW - Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot the system without having to power off the system.

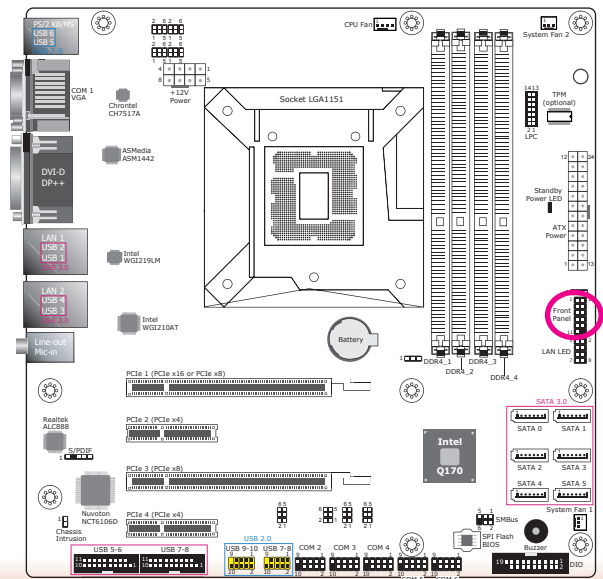
### PWR-BTN - Power Switch

This switch is used to power on or off the system.

### PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED

When the system's power is on, this LED will be lit. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink every second. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every 4 seconds.

## SD331-C236/Q170

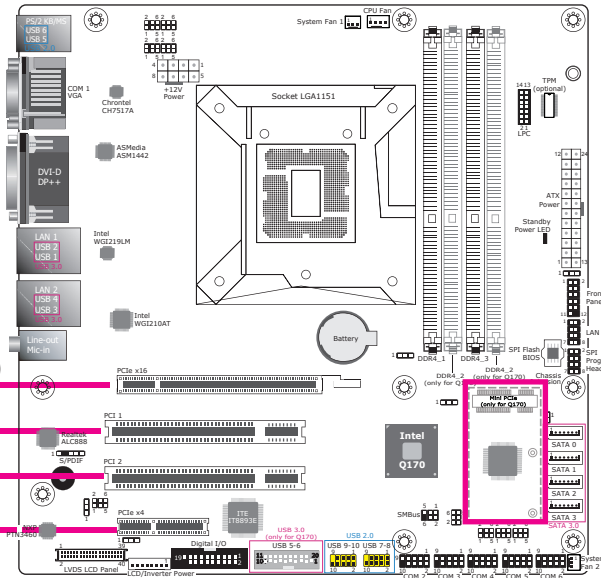


	Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment
<b>HDD-LED</b>	3	HDD Power	<b>PWR-LED</b>	2	LED Power
	5	Signal		4	LED Power
<b>RESET SW</b>	7	Ground	<b>PWR-BTN</b>	6	Signal
	9	RST Signal		8	Ground
	11	N.C.		10	Signal

## Expansion Slots

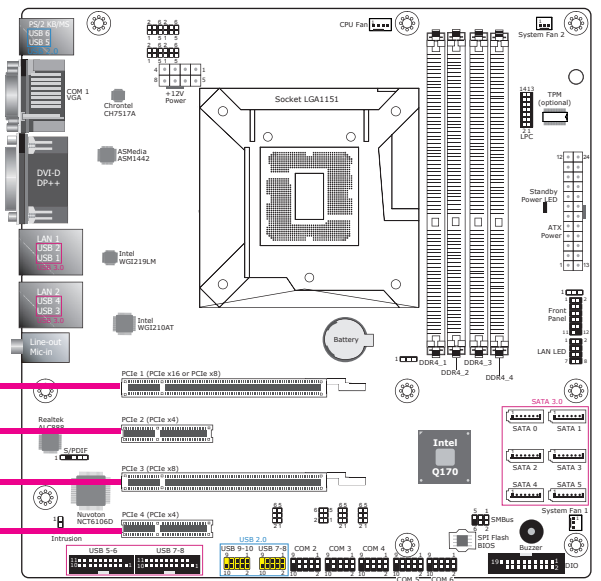
### SD330-Q170/H110

- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| Q170             | H110             |
| PCIe x16 (Gen 3) | PCIe x16 (Gen 3) |
| PCI              | PCI              |
| PCI              | PCI              |
| PCIe x4 (Gen3)   | PCIe x4 (Gen2)   |



### SD331-C236/Q170

- |                           |      |
|---------------------------|------|
| C236                      | Q170 |
| PCIe x16 (x16 or x8 Gen3) |      |
| PCIe x4 (Gen3)            |      |
| PCIe x8 (Gen3)            |      |
| PCIe x4 (Gen3)            |      |



### SD330-Q170/H110:

#### Mini PCIe Slot (only for SD330-Q170)

The SD330-Q170 board is equipped with a full-size Mini PCIe slot (PCIe/USB/SATA signals). This slot supports the installation of a Mini PCIe or an mSATA card. To switch the interface between Mini PCIe and mSATA, please refer to Jumper Settings in Chapter 4.

#### PCI Express x16 Slot

Install a PCI Express x16 (lanes) expansion card such as a graphics card into the PCIe x16 (lanes) slot. To install a graphics card into this slot, align the graphics card above the slot then press it down firmly until it is completely seated in the slot. The retaining lever on the end of the slot will automatically hold the graphics card in place.

#### PCI Slots

These PCI slots support PCI expansion cards.

#### PCI Express x4 Slot

Install PCI Express cards such as network cards or other expansion cards. Note that the SD330-Q170 board supports PCIe Gen3 x4 (lanes) and the SD330-H110 board supports PCIe Gen2 x4 (lanes).

### SD331-C236/Q170:

#### PCI Express x16 (x16 or x8 Gen3 signal) Slot

Install a PCI Express x16 (lanes) expansion card such as a graphics card into this slot. It shares the signal with the below PCIe x8 slot. To install a graphics card into this slot, align the graphics card above the slot then press it down firmly until it is completely seated in the slot. The retaining lever on the end of the slot will automatically hold the graphics card in place.

#### PCI Express x8 (Gen3 signal) Slot

The second PCIe x8 slot shares the signal with the above PCIe x16 slot. The PCIe x16 automatically switches to x8 signal when this slot is occupied.

#### PCI Express x4 (Gen3 signal) Slots

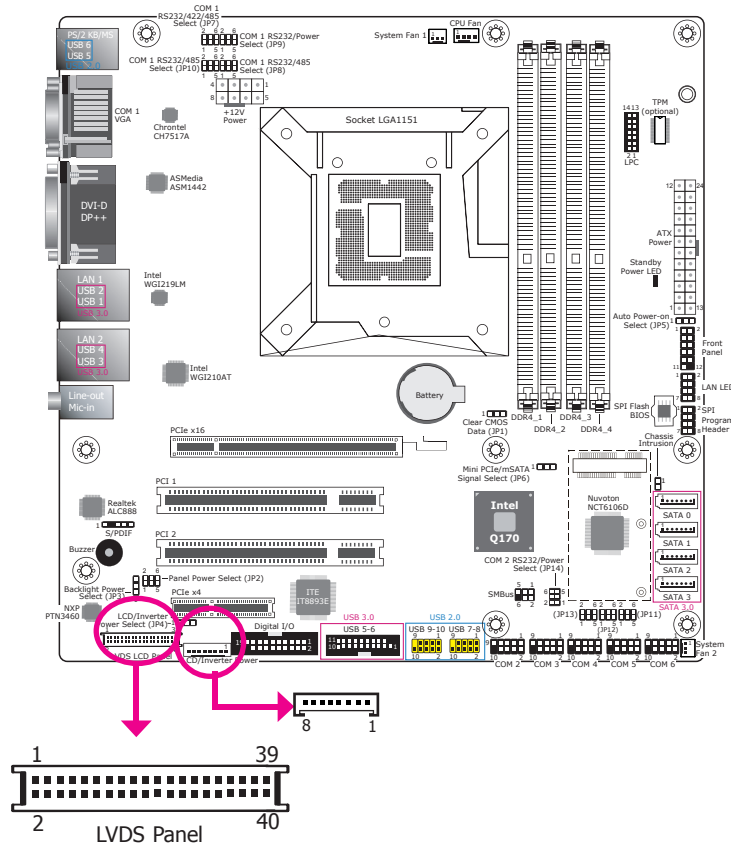
Install PCI Express expansion cards to expand the I/O capability of the system.

#### BIOS Setting

Configure these PCIe slots including their speed in the Advanced menu ("PCI Express Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.

## LVDS LCD Panel Connector (for SD330-Q170/H110 only)

### LCD/Inverter Power Connector



## LVDS LCD Panel Connector

Pins	Function	Pins	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	LVDS_Out3+ (Odd_3+)	4	LVDS_Out7+ (Even_3+)
5	LVDS_Out3- (Odd_3-)	6	LVDS_Out7- (Even_3-)
7	GND	8	GND
9	LVDS_Out2+ (Odd_2+)	10	LVDS_Out6+ (Even_2+)
11	LVDS_Out2- (Odd_2-)	12	LVDS_Out6- (Even_2-)
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDS_Out1+ (Odd_1+)	16	LVDS_Out5+ (Even_1+)
17	LVDS_Out1- (Odd_1-)	18	LVDS_Out5- (Even_1-)
19	GND	20	GND
21	LVDS_Out0+ (Odd_0+)	22	LVDS_Out4+ (Even_0+)
23	LVDS_Out0- (Odd_0-)	24	LVDS_Out4- (Even_0-)
25	GND	26	GND
27	LVDS_CLK1+ (Odd_CLK+)	28	LVDS_CLK2+ (Even_CLK+)
29	LVDS_CLK1- (Odd_CLK-)	30	LVDS_CLK2- (Even_CLK-)
31	GND	32	GND
33	DDC_CLK	34	NC
35	DDC_DATA	36	+3.3V
37	Panel Power	38	Panel Power
39	Panel Power	40	Panel Power

## LCD/Inverter Power Connector

Pins	Function
1	GND
2	GND
3	Panel Inverter Brightness Voltage Control
4	Panel Power
5	+3.3V
6	Panel Backlight On/Off Control
7	+12V
8	+12V

The system board allows you to connect a LCD panel with the LVDS LCD panel connector and the LCD/Inverter power connector. These connectors transmit video signals and power from the system board to the LCD display panel.

Refer to the right side for the pin assignments of these connectors.

### BIOS Setting

Configure the LCD panel in the Advanced menu ("Video Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.



### Note:

DFI board's LVDS connector: Hirose DF13-40DP-1.25V(91)/40P/1.25mm; cable side connector: Hirose DF13-40DS-1.25C.

## Chapter 6 - Mounting Options



### Note:

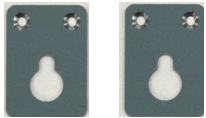
The system unit used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual one. These illustrations are for reference only.

There are 2 mount brackets available:

- Wall mount



- Rack-mount tray bracket



### Wall Mount



Wall mount kit include:

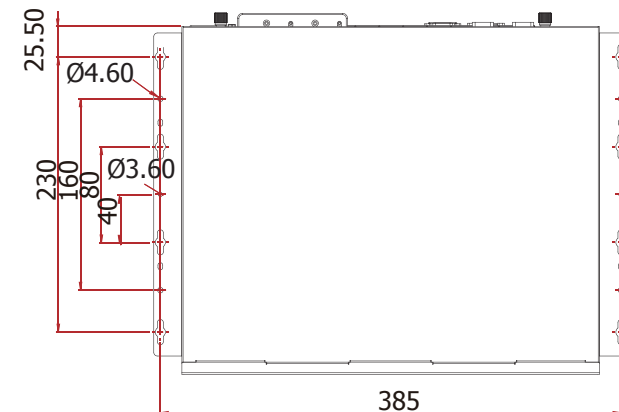
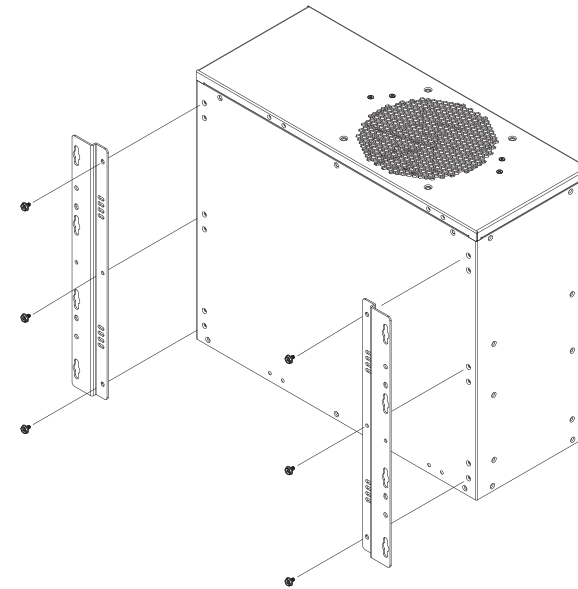
- 2 wall mount brackets




1. On the bottom of the system, use 4 mounting screws to secure the wall mount brackets on each side of the system.

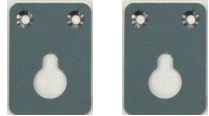


The mechanical drawing of the wall mount illustration with dimensions.



## Rack Tray Mount

-  Rack-mount tray kit include:
- 2 Rack-mount tray brackets



1. Place the system on the rack-mount tray and align the mounting holes of the tray with the mount bracket.
2. Follow the rack manufacture's instruction to properly secure the system to the rack.



## Chapter 7 - BIOS Setup

### Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



**Note:**

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

### Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

### Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and <Del> keys simultaneously.

### Legends

Keys	Function
Right and Left arrows	Move the highlight left or right to select a menu
Up and Down arrows	Move the highlight up or down between submenu or fields
<Esc>	Exit the BIOS Setup Utility
<F1>	Help
<F5>	Change values
<F6>	Change values
<F9>	Setup Defaults
<F10>	Save and Exit
<Enter>	Press <Enter> to enter the highlighted submenu.

### Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

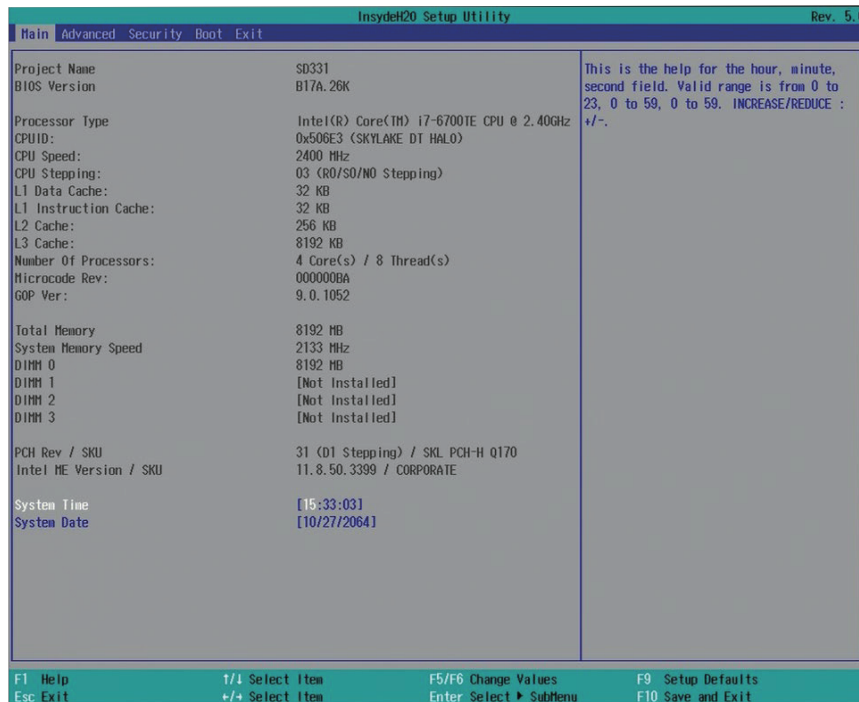
### Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

## Insyde BIOS Setup Utility

### Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



#### System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

#### System Date

The date format is <month>, <date>, <year>. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

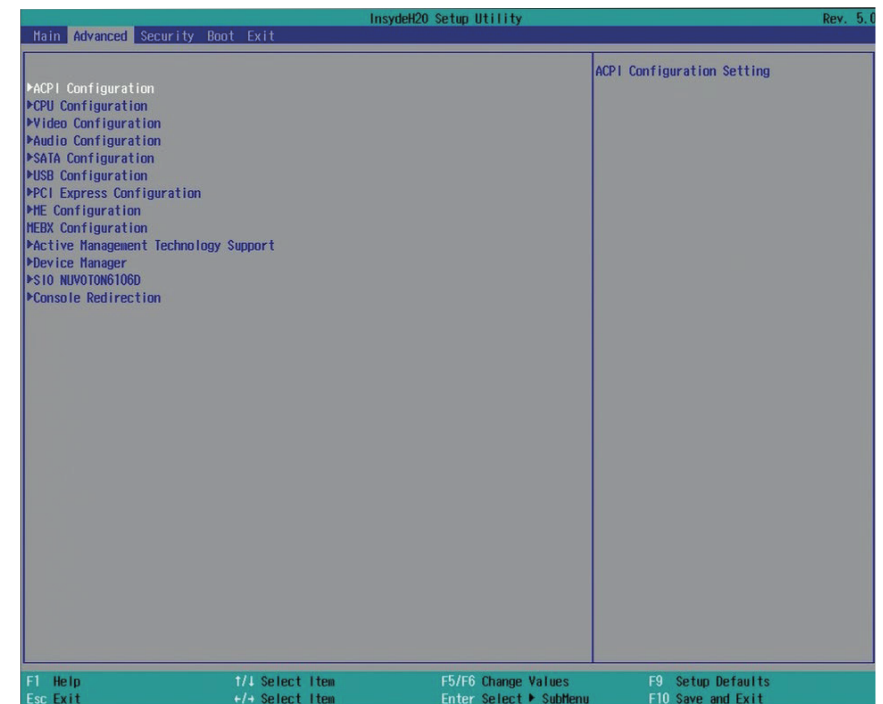
## Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



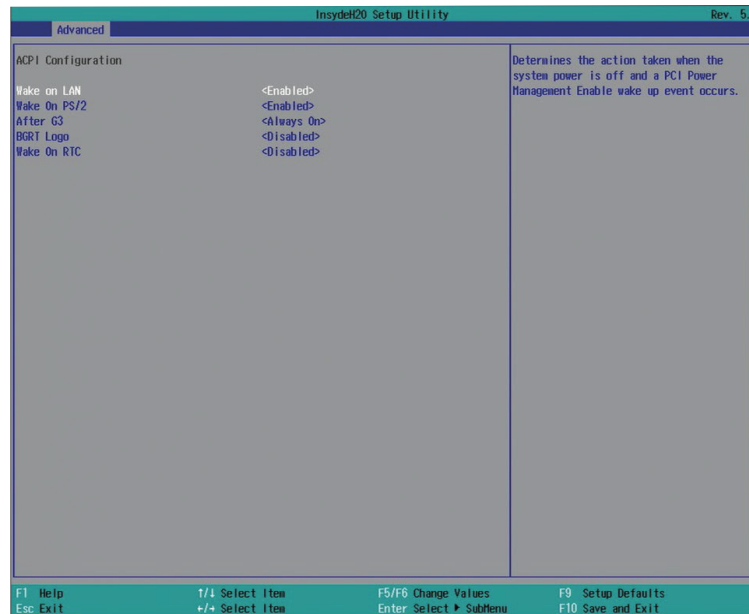
#### Important:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



## ACPI Settings

This section configures system's ACPI parameters.



### Wake on LAN

Enable or disable WOL (wake-on-LAN) to wake the system through an Ethernet adapter.

### Wake on PS/2

Enable or disable the use of a PS/2 device to wake the system.

### After G3

This field is to specify which state the system should be in when power is re-applied after a power failure (G3, the mechanical-off, state).

**Always On** The system is powered on.

**Always Off** The system is powered off.

### BGRT Logo

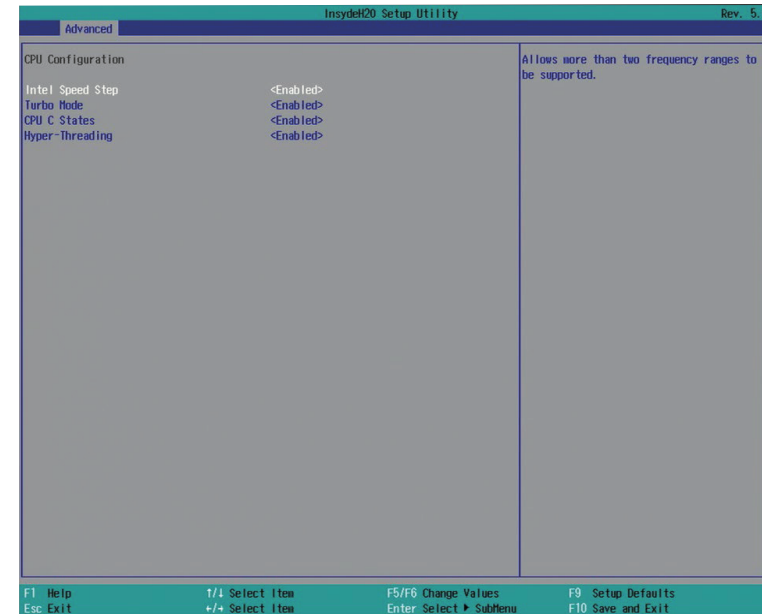
Enable or disable the display of an operating system logo or image during boot using the BGRT (Boot Graphics Resource Table) mechanism.

### Wake on RTC

Automatically power the system on at a particular time every day from the real-time clock battery. Specify the wake up time of the day below: <hour>, <minute>, <second>.

## CPU Configuration

This section configures the CPU.



### Intel® SpeedStep™

Enable or disable the Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology, which helps optimize the balance between system's power consumption and performance. After it is enabled in the BIOS, you can take advantage of its offering by setting power schemes from the operating system's power options.

### Turbo Mode

Enable or disable processor turbo mode, which allows the processor core to automatically run faster than the base frequency by taking advantage of thermal and power headroom. Note this option is not available on the Core™ i3 processor.

### CPU C States

Enable or disable CPU Power Management. It allows the CPU to go to C states when it's not 100% utilized.

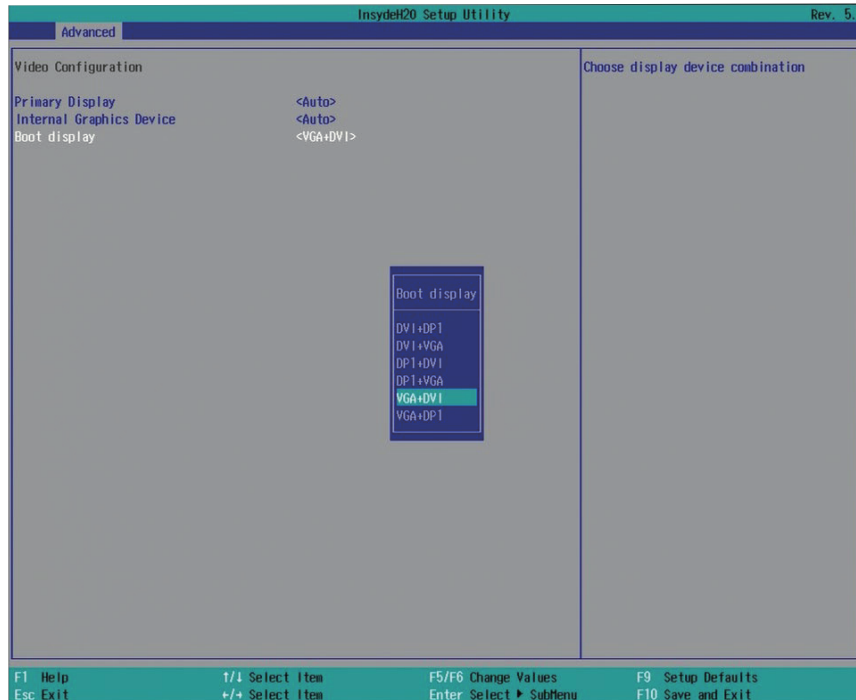
### Hyper-Threading

Enable Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology (HT) on the processor to improve performance of operating systems and software that are optimized for hyper-threading technology. Please check the software specifications to determine if enabling HT can be advantageous to the overall system performance.

please contact technical support. Note this option is only available for the Xeon® processor.

## Video Configuration

This section configures the video settings. Note that the configuration options vary depending on the "Boot type" selected in the "Boot" menu.



### Primary Display

Select the primary display for the system. Note that this option will be shown only if the "Boot type" is set to "Dual" or "UEFI". The options are Auto or IGFX (internal graphics). The order of video device initialization will be as follows:

**Auto mode:** PEG (PCIe Graphics devices connected to PEG lanes directly routed from the CPU )->PCIe graphics devices->PCI graphics devices->IGFX (internal graphics)

**IGFX:** IGFX (internal graphics)->PEG (PCIe Graphics devices connected to PEG lanes directly routed from the CPU)->PCIe graphics devices->PCI graphics devices

**PEG:** PEG (PCIe Graphics devices connected to PEG lanes directly routed from the CPU )->PCIe graphics devices->IGFX (internal graphics)

**PCIe:** PCIe graphics devices->PEG (PCIe Graphics devices connected to PEG lanes directly routed from the CPU )->IGFX (internal graphics)

### Internal Graphics Device

Enable, disable or automatically detect the internal graphics.

### Boot display

Prioritize device combination for display during system boot. Note that this option will be shown only if the "Boot type" is set to "Dual" or "Legacy".

The options for SD331-C236/Q170 are as follows:

DVI+DP1

DVI+VGA

DP1+DVI

DP1+VGA

VGA+DVI

VGA+DP1

The options for SD330-Q170/H110 are as follows:

LCD+DVI

LCD+DP1

LCD+VGA

DVI+DP1

DVI+VGA

DP1+DVI

DP1+VGA

VGA+DVI

VGA+DP1

### LVDS Panel Supported (Only available for SD330-Q170/H110)

Enable this option to configure your LCD panel with the following configurations:

**PTN3460 Configuration** Select the color depth from the following options: 18bit, 24bit, 36bit, and 8bit.

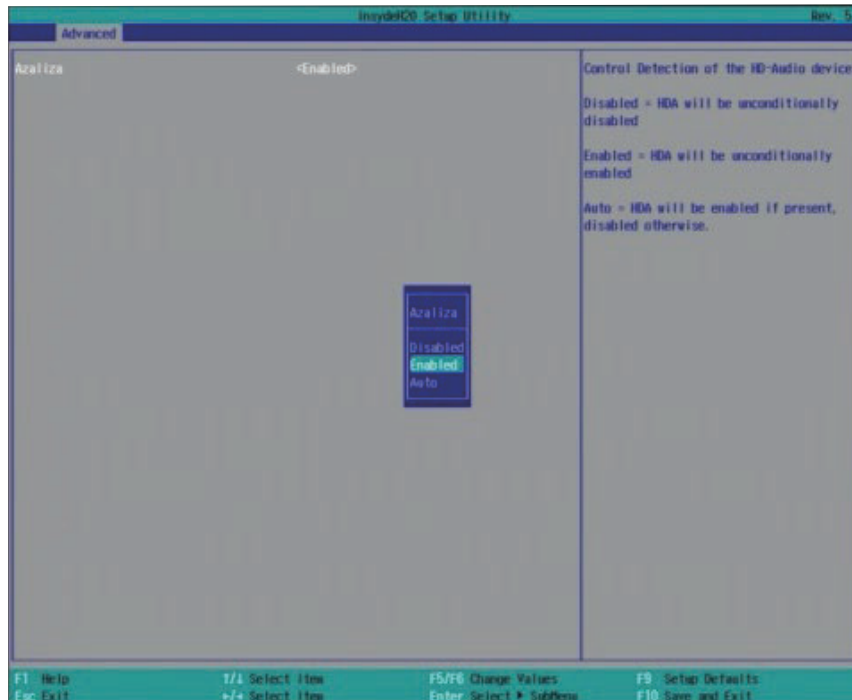
**LCD Panel Type** Select the resolution for the LCD panel from the following options: 800x480, 800x600, 1024x768, 1366x768, 1280x1024, and 1920x1080.

### Backlight Type

Select the backlight type from the following options: Normal+PWM, Normal+DC, Invert+PWM, and Invert+DC.

## Audio Configuration

This section configures the audio settings.



### HD Audio

Control the detection of the high-definition audio devices.

#### Disabled

High-definition audio devices will be unconditionally disabled.

#### Enabled

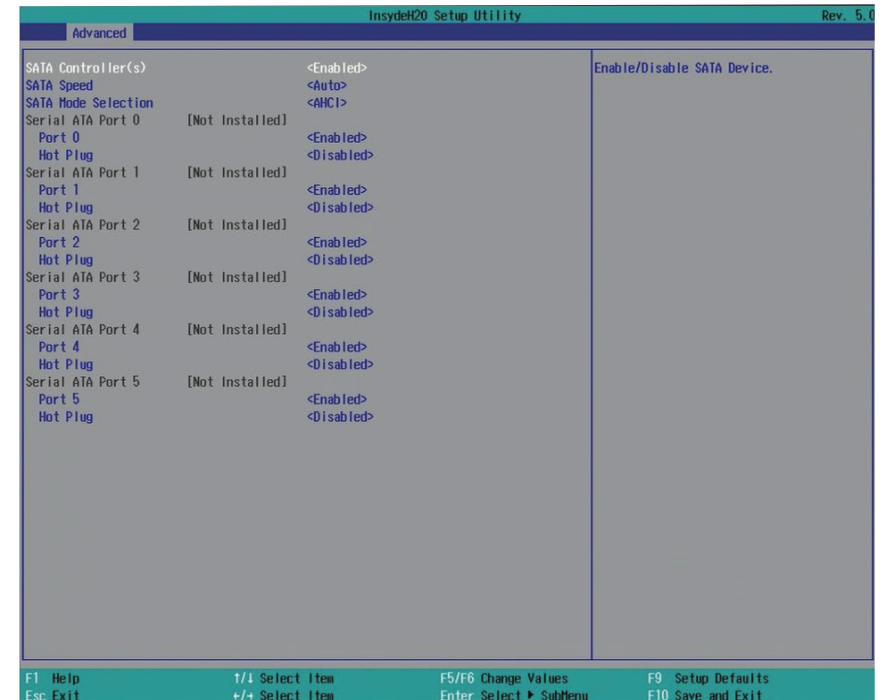
High-definition audio devices will be unconditionally enabled.

#### Auto

High-definition audio devices will be enabled if present and disabled otherwise.

## SATA Configuration

This section configures SATA controllers.



**SATA Controller(s)**

Enable or disable Serial ATA controllers.

**SATA Speed**

Select Serial ATA device speed from Gen1 (1.5 Gbit/s), Gen2 (3 Gbit/s), Gen 3 (6 Gbit/s) or auto.

**SATA Mode Selection**

The mode selection determines how the SATA controller(s) operates.

**AHCI Mode**

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

**RAID Mode**

This option allows you to create RAID using Intel® Rapid Storage Technology on the Serial ATA devices. For more information, please see Chapter 9 - RAID.

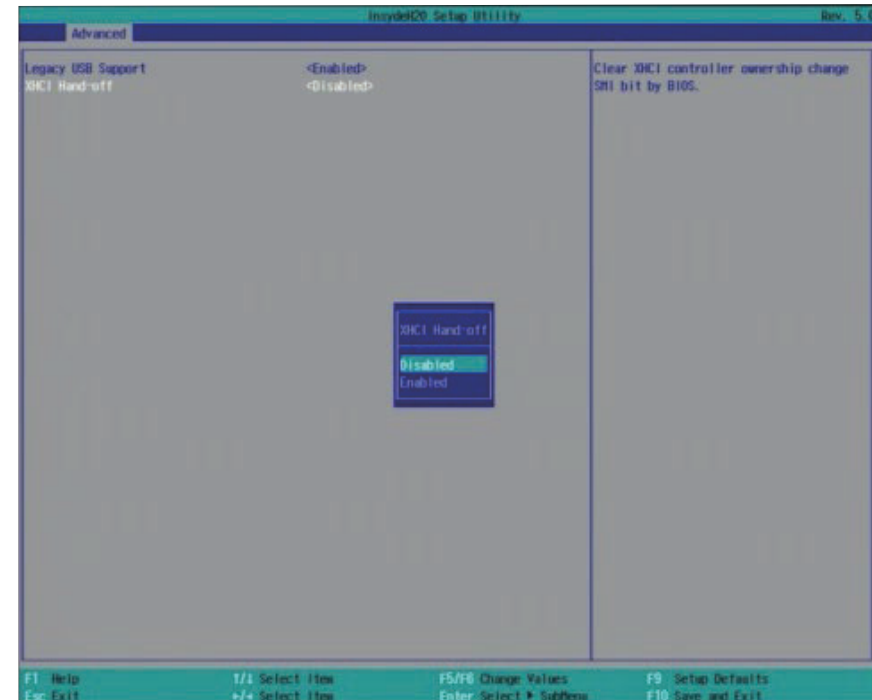
**Serial ATA Port 0 to 5 and Hot Plug**

Enable or disable each Serial ATA port and its hot plug function.

Note that for SD330-H110, the SATA port will be numbered from 0 to 3. And for SD330-Q170, it will be numbered from 0 to 4 (port 4 controls the signal of the Mini PCIe slot).

**USB Configuration**

This section configures the parameters of the USB devices.

**Legacy USB Support****Disabled**

Disable USB keyboard/mouse/storage support.

**Enabled**

Enable USB keyboard/mouse/storage support.

**UEFI Only**

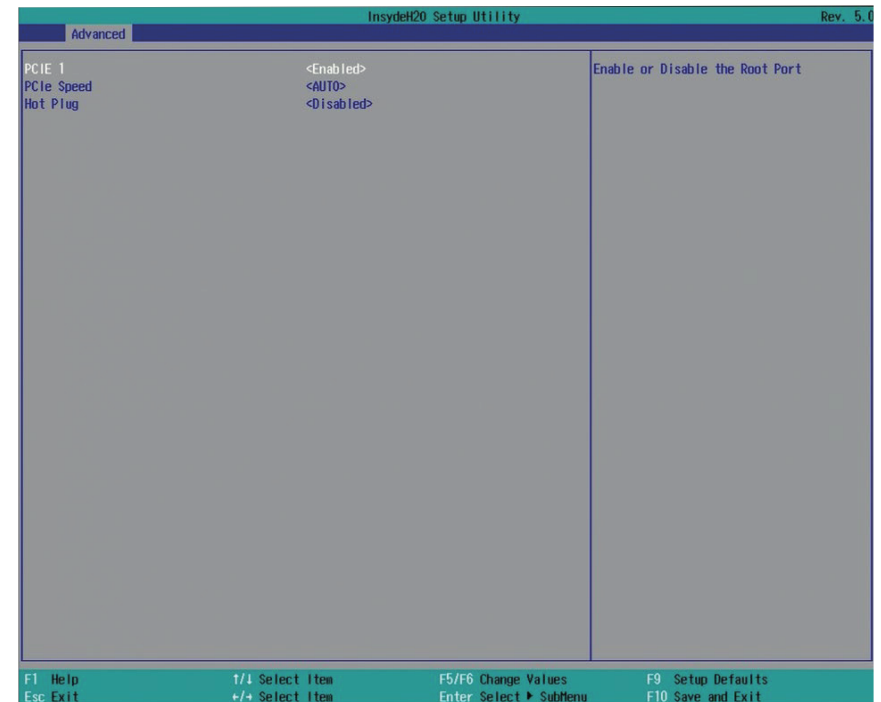
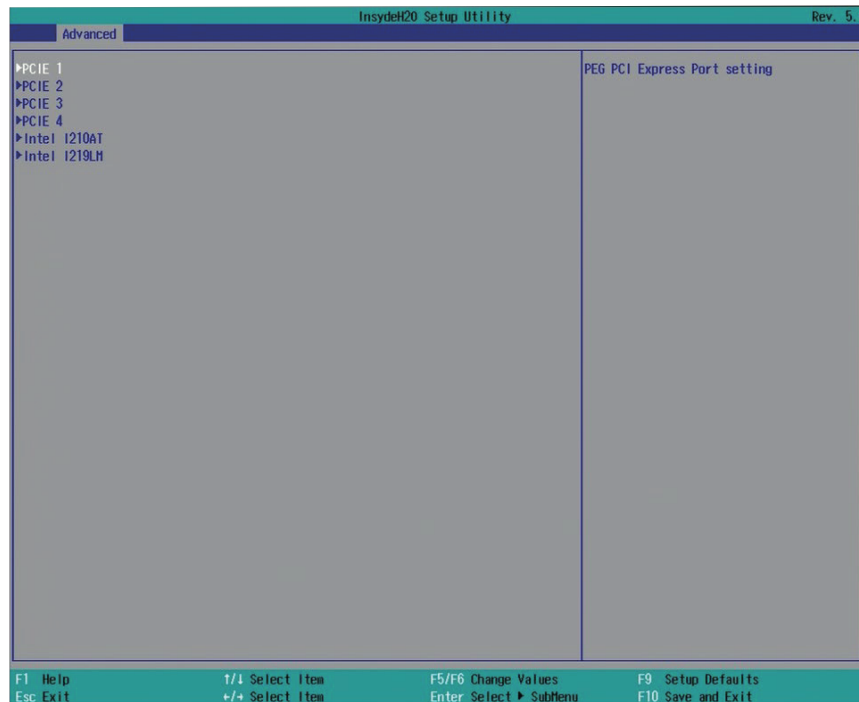
Enable USB keyboard/mouse/storage support only under the UEFI environment.

**XHCI Hand-off**

Enable this item for operating systems that do not support xHCI Hand-off. The XHCI ownership change will be claimed by the XHCI driver.

## PCI Express Configuration

This section configures the settings of PCI Express root ports.



### PCI Express Configuration

Select a PCI Express root port and press "Enter" to configure.

#### PCI Express Root Port

PCIE 1: PCIE1 slot

PCIE 2: PCIE2 slot

PCIE 3: PCIE3 slot (Note for SD330-Q170, this will be the full-size Mini PCIe slot)

PCIE 4: PCIE4 slot (Note this is only available for SD331-C236/Q170)

Intel I210AT

Intel I219LM

For each PCIe root port above, configure the following parameters:

#### Enable/Disable

Enable or disable this PCI Express root port.

#### PCIe Speed

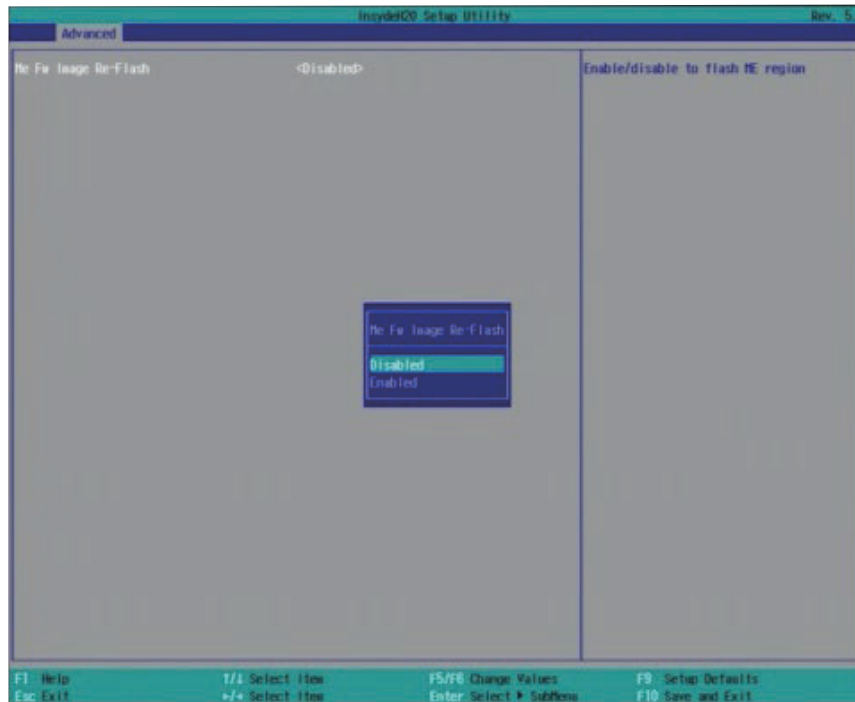
Select the speed of the PCI Express root port: Auto, Gen1 (2.5 GT/s), Gen2 (5 GT/s) or Gen3 (8 GT/s).

#### Hot Plug

Enable or disable the hot plug function of the PCIe root port.

## ME Configuration

This section configures flashing of the Intel® Management Engine.

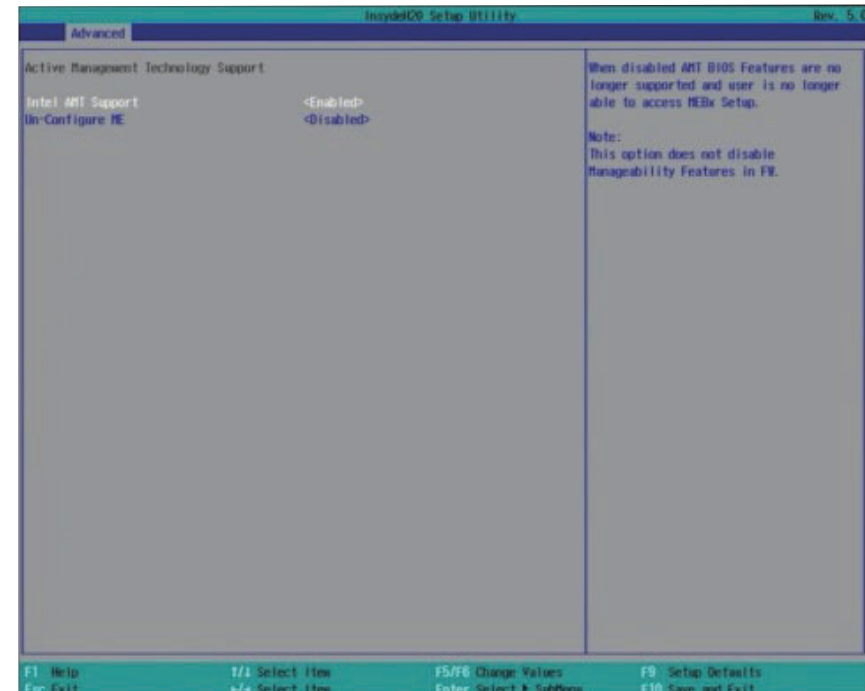


### Me Fw Image Re-Flash

Enable or disable Intel® Management Engine firmware flashing when updating the BIOS.

## Active Management Technology Support

The section allows you to enable or disable the Intel® Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) BIOS extension. Refer to Chapter 10 - Intel AMT Settings for more information. Note that this function is not available for the Intel® Core™ i3, Intel® Pentium®, Intel® Celeron® processors or the Intel® H110 chipset.



### Intel AMT Support

Enable or disable Intel® Active Management Technology BIOS extension.

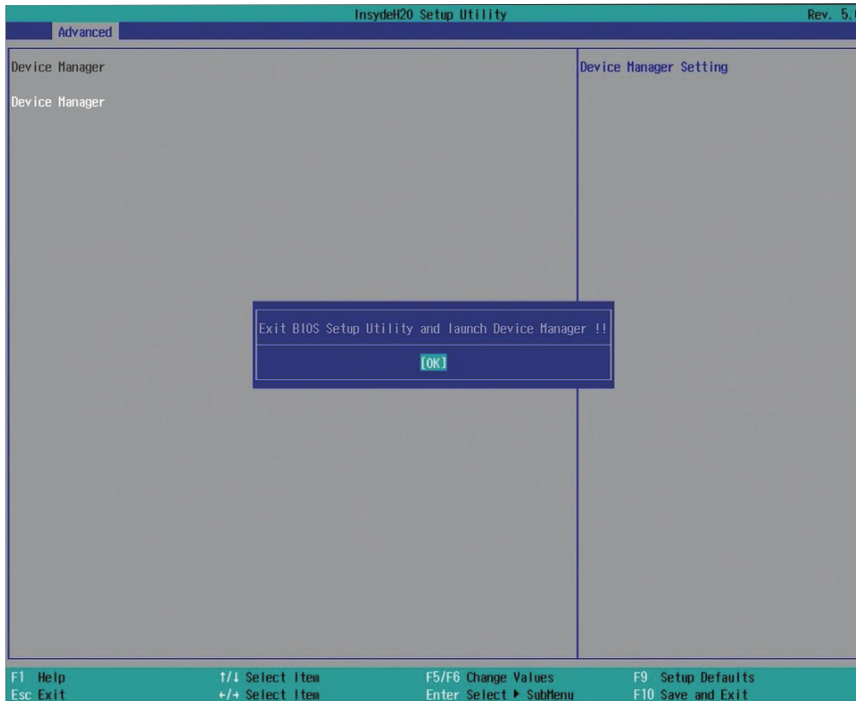
### Un-Configure ME

Clears all ME related configurations without requiring a password on the next boot.



## Device Manager

This Device Manager menu is used to configure UEFI network settings when the "Network Stack" or the "PXE Boot Stack" is enabled in the "Dual" or "UEFI" boot mode or when the PXE Boot to LAN is enabled in the "Legacy" boot mode. Refer to the "Boot" section in this chapter. After this function is selected, the screen will warn you that you are going to exit the BIOS setup utility.



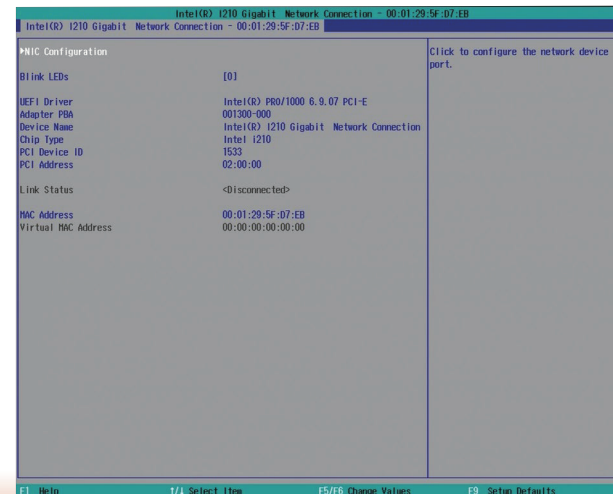
## Network Device List

The "Device Manager" screen is displayed. And if the "Network Stack" or the "PXE Boot to LAN" option is enabled from the "Boot" menu, the "Network Device List" should be shown in the "Device list". Select "Network Device List" to view all of the detected network devices. For each network device, you can select to view and configure its settings. In addition, you can select either the IPv4 or IPv6 network settings for UEFI network configuration.



## NIC Configuration Menu

This screen shows hardware information for the Ethernet controllers and configures their operation.



### Blink LEDs

Enter the duration (seconds) for the Ethernet's ACT LED to blink to indicate its presence.

### NIC Configuration

This screen configures the Ethernet controller. Select the link speed from the following options: Auto Negotiated, 10Mbps Half, 10Mbps Full, 100Mbps Half, and 100Mbps Full.

### IPv4 Network Configuration

This screen configures the IP addressing method (DHCP or static IP). For static IP addressing, configure the following:

Local IP address and subnet mask: Enter the IP address for the network device in the IPv4 format:

x . x . x . x (x must be a decimal value between 0 and 255).

Local Gateway: Enter the gateway address in the IPv4 format.

Local DNS (Domain Name System) Servers: Enter DNS (Domain Name System) server IP addresses in the IPv4 format.



### IPv6 Network Configuration

If you select to use IPv6 network settings, enter the Interface ID (64 bit). Policy: Select either automatic or manual. And select "Advanced Configuration" to configure IPv6 network address manually if the manual option is selected.

New IPv6 address: Enter the IP address for the network device in the IPv6 format:

x : x : x : x : x : x : x : x (x can be any hexadecimal value between 0 and FFFF). Place a space to separate each IP address to enter more than one address.

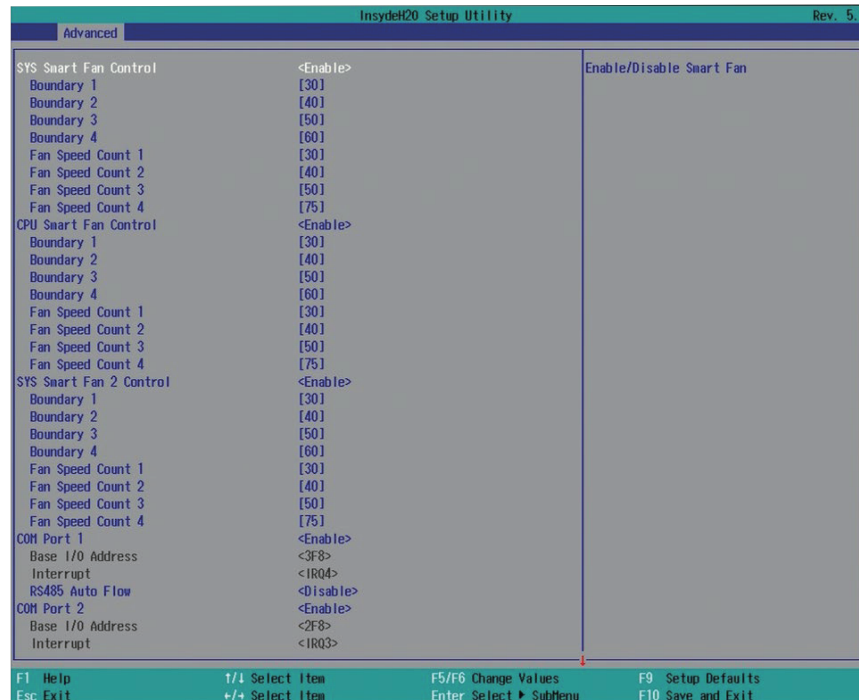
New Gateway addresses: Enter gateway addresses in the IPv6 format.

New DNS addresses: Enter DNS (Domain Name System) server IP addresses in the IPv6 format.



## Super IO Configuration

This section configures the system super I/O chip parameters.



### SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan/SYS Smart Fan 2 Control

Enable or disable the smart fan control.

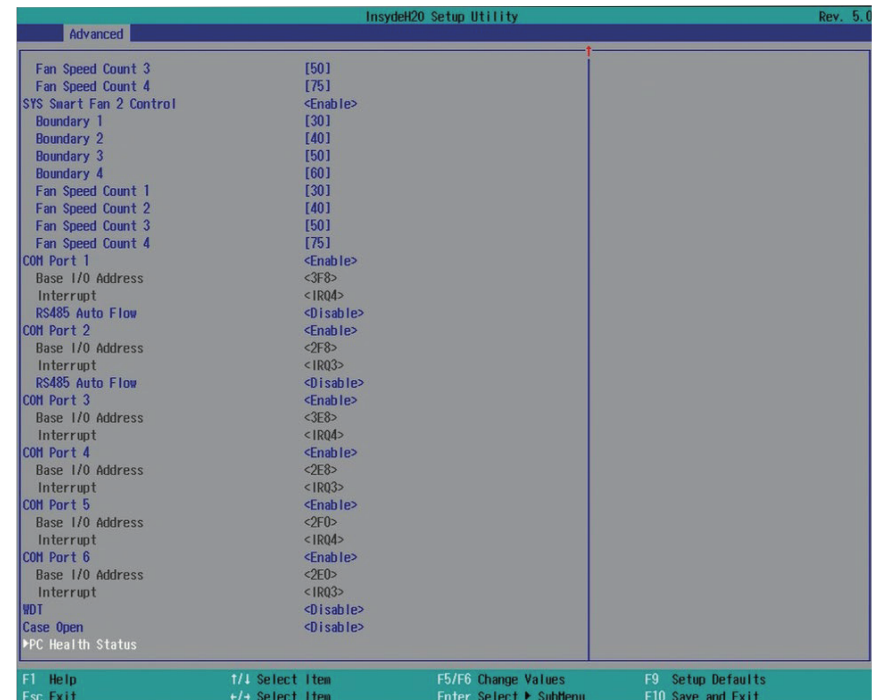
Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

Set the boundary temperatures that determine the operation of the fan with different fan speeds accordingly. For example, when the system or the CPU temperature reaches boundary temperature 1, the system or CPU fan should be turned on and operate at the designated speed.

The range of the temperature is from 0 to 127°C.

### Fan Speed Count 1 to Fan Speed Count 4

Set the fan speed. The range is from 1 (lowest speed)-100% (full speed).



### COM Port 1 and COM Port 6

Enable or disable each serial port.

**Disable** Disable this serial port.

**Enable** Enable this serial port.

It also shows the Base I/O address and the assigned interrupt number.

For COM Port 1 and COM Port 2, you can enable or disable the RS485 auto flow mechanism.

### WDT

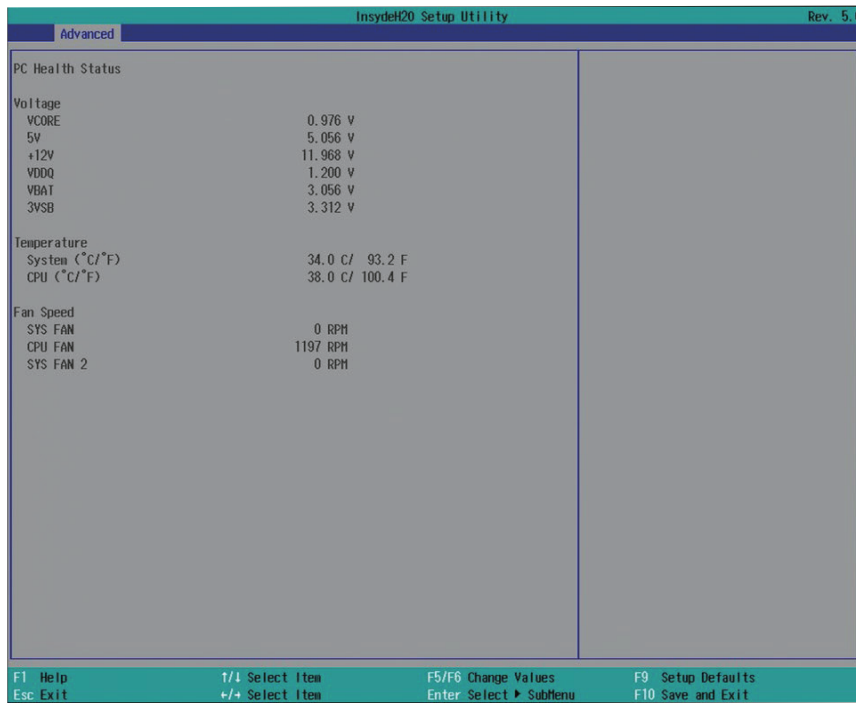
Enable or disable the watchdog function. A counter will appear if you select to enable WDT. Input any value between 1 and 255.

### Case Open

Enable or disable the case open function.

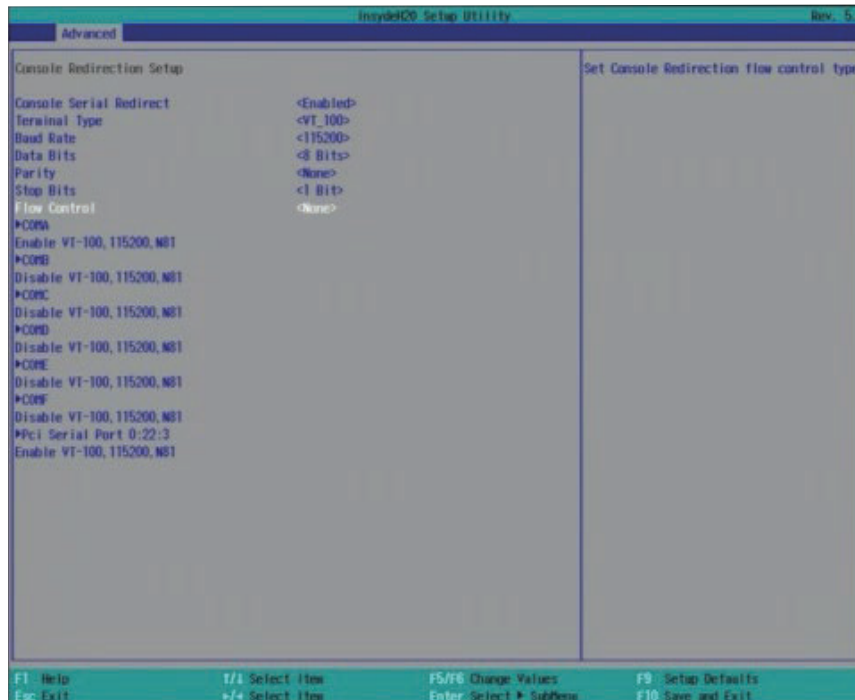
## PC Health Status

This section displays PC health information such as the voltages and CPU and system temperatures.



## Console Redirection

Console redirection lets you monitor and control the system from a remote station by re-directing the host screen output through a serial port.



### Console Serial Redirect

Enable or disable the console redirection function. (The default is disabled.) If you select to enable it, please configure the following parameters for serial communication between the system and a remote station:

Terminal type: VT\_100, VT\_100+, VT\_UTF8, or PC\_ANSI.

Baud rate: 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800, 2400 or 1200.

Data bits: 8 bits or 7 bits.

Parity: None, Even or Odd.

Stop bits: 1 bit or 2 bits.

Flow control: None, RTS/CTS or XON/XOFF

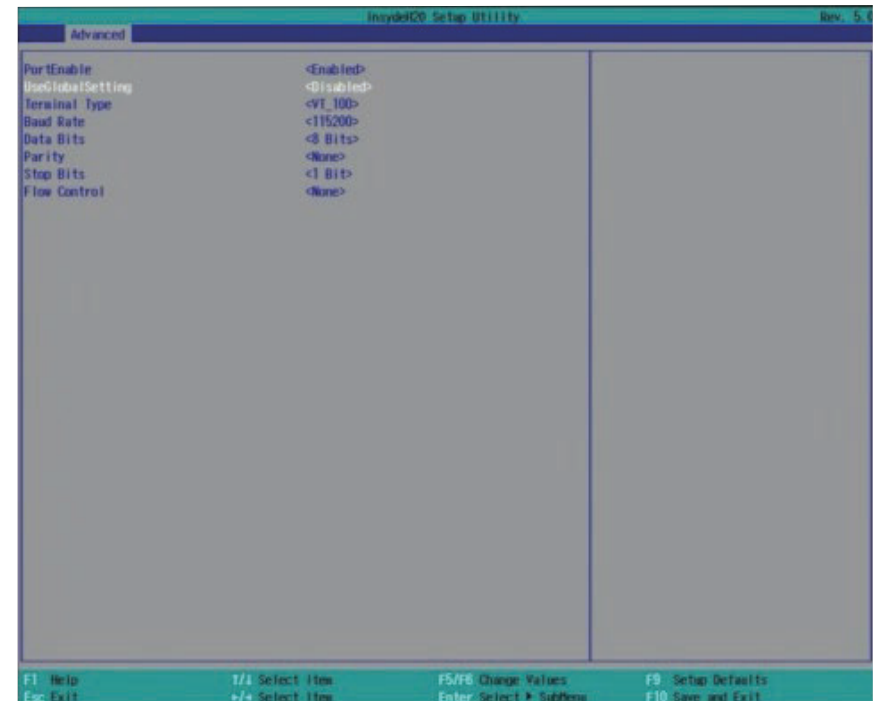
This is the global setting for all of the designated serial ports for the console redirection function.

### COMA to COMF/PCI Serial Port

Enable or disable the serial redirection function for each of the serial ports on the system. And configure the serial communication parameters to be used between the system and a remote station.

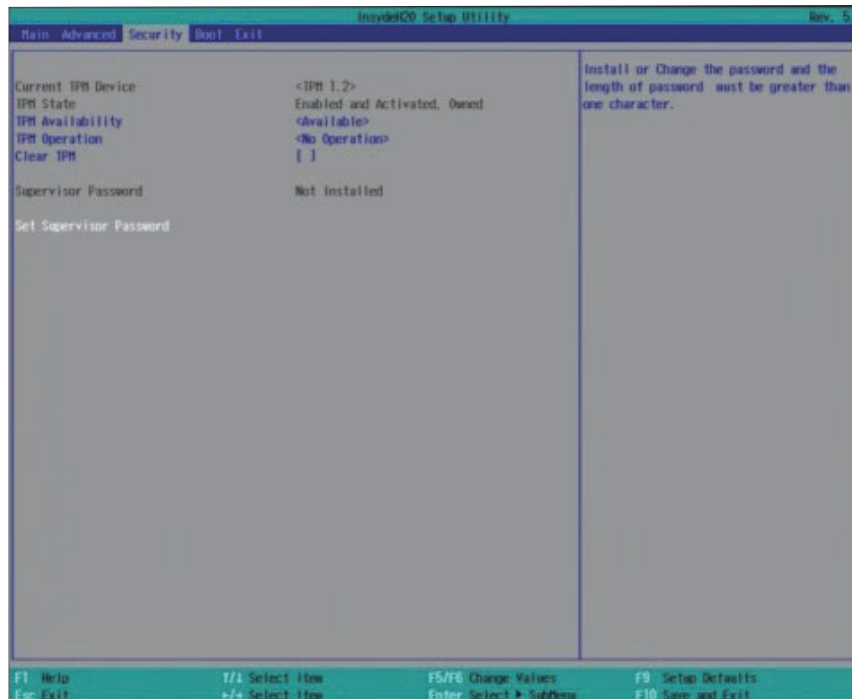
### UseGlobalSetting

Choose to use the pre-configured global settings from the previous menu or configure a different setting for each serial port.



## Security

This section configures the security for the BIOS Setup utility and the optional Trusted Platform Module (TPM) function.



### TPM Availability

Show or hide TPM availability and its configurations.

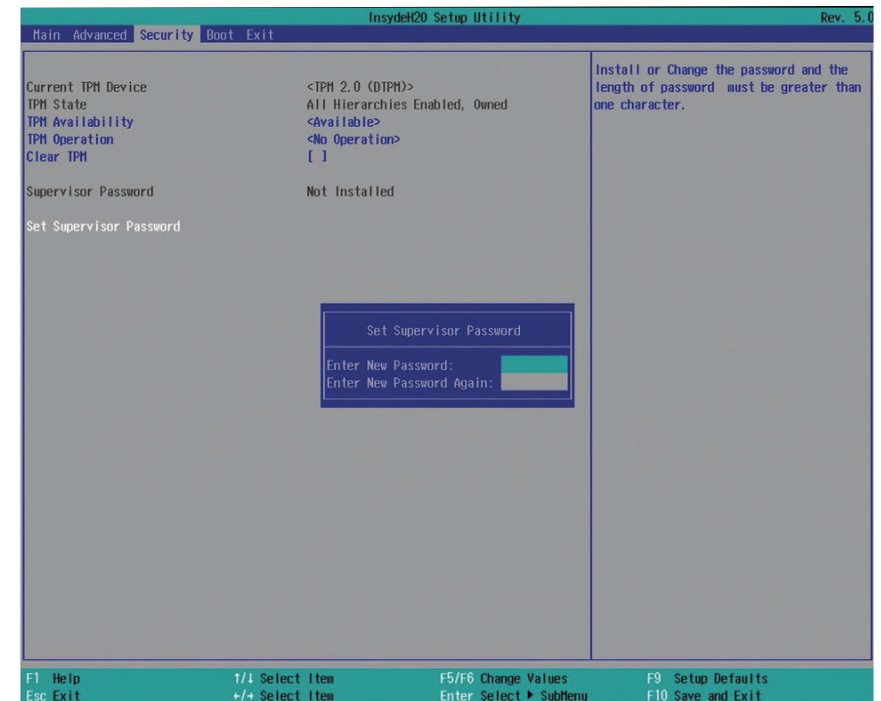
### TPM Operation

Enable or disable the TPM function. It displays the following options:

- No Operation: No changes to the current state.
- Disable: Disable and deactivate TPM.
- Enable: Enable and activate TPM.

### Clear TPM

Remove all TPM ownership contents.



### Set Supervisor Password

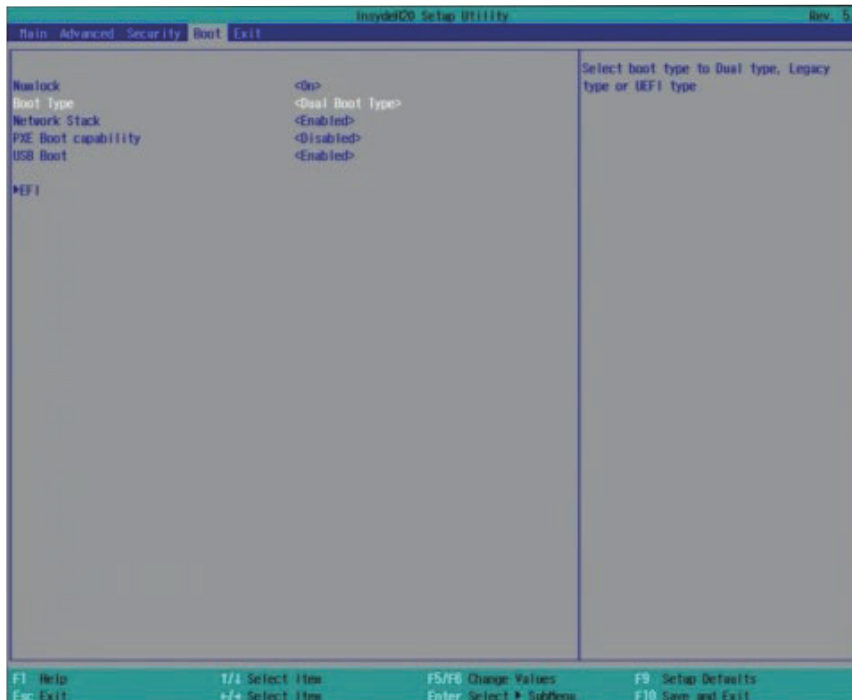
Set the administrative password for entering the BIOS utility or upon entering the power-on self-test (POST) process. The length of the password must be greater than 1 character and less than or equal to 10 characters.

### Power-on Password

If you select to set the supervisor password, this option will be shown. Enable or disable prompt for password at boot.

## Boot

This section configures boot options.



### Numlock

Select the power-on state for the Num Lock key.

### Boot Type

Select the boot type. The options are Dual Boot, Legacy Boot and UEFI Boot Type.

### Network Stack

This option is shown only when the boot type is set to Dual or UEFI.

Enable or disable UEFI network stack. It supports the operation of these functions or software: Windows 8 BitLocker Network Unlock, UEFI IPv4/IPv6 PXE and legacy PXE option ROM.

If this function is enabled, you can then go to "Advanced">"Device Manager" to configure network settings for network connection under the UEFI environment.

### PXE Boot Capability (UEFI mode) / PXE Boot to LAN (Legacy mode)

Enable or disable Preboot eXecution Environment (PXE) boot to LAN. In the UEFI or Dual boot mode, this function can only be enabled if the Network Stack support is enabled.

### USB Boot

Enable or disable booting to USB boot devices.

## Boot Device Priority

This section configures legacy or EFI boot order or both depending on the "Boot Type" selected.



### EFI Boot Menu

Use + and - keys to arrange the priority of the boot devices in the list.

### Legacy Boot Menu

#### Normal

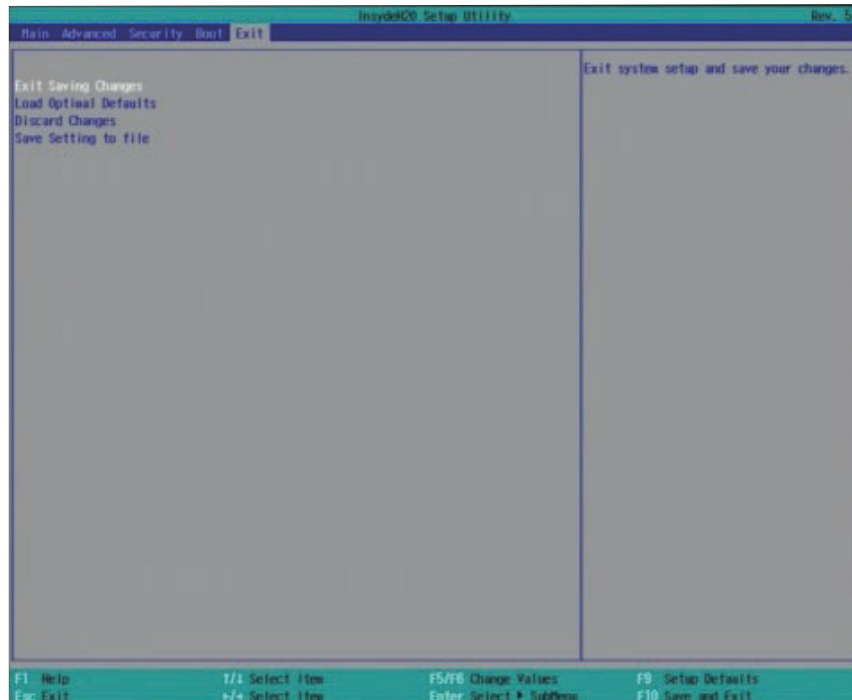
For this option, determine the boot order for the devices within each category. Use the + and - key to arrange the priority of the boot type devices in the list. The first device in the list has the highest boot priority.

#### Advance

For this option, determine the boot order for all bootable devices. Use + and - keys to arrange the priority of the detected boot devices in the list. The first device in the list has the highest boot priority.

## Exit

This section configures the parameters for exiting the BIOS setup utility.



### Exit Saving Changes

Select this field and press <Enter> to exit BIOS setup and save your changes.

### Load Optimal Defaults

Select this field and press <Enter> to load the optimal defaults.

### Discard Changes

Select this field and press <Enter> to exit the BIOS setup without saving your changes.

### Save Setting to file

Select this option to save BIOS configuration settings to a USB drive. The operation will fail if there aren't any USB devices detected on the system. The saved configuration will have the DSF file extension and can be used for restoration.

### Restore Setting from file

Select this option to restore BIOS configuration settings from a USB drive. Note that this option will not be available if there aren't any USB devices detected on the system.



## Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need an updated BIOS file and a flash utility. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files and specific instructions on how to update BIOS with the flash utility.

When you download the given BIOS file, you may find a BIOS flash utility attached with the BIOS file. This is the utility for performing the BIOS update procedure. For your convenience, we will also provide you with an auto-execution file in the BIOS file downloaded. This auto-execution file will bring you directly to the flash utility menu soon after system boots up and finishes running the boot files in your boot disk.

```

Read file successfully. (path= "platform.ini")

Information
Please do not remove the AC power

Insyde H20FFT (Flash Firmware Tool) Version (SEG) 100.00.08.10
Copyright(c) 2012 - 2017, Insyde Software Corp. All Rights Reserved.

Initializing
Current BIOS Model name: SD330
New BIOS Model name: SD330

Current BIOS version: B17A.31A
New BIOS version: B18A.31A

Updating Block at FFFFF000h
0%      25%      50%      75%      100%
C:\SD330>_
  
```

## Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.



### Note:

- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.

## Chapter 8 - Supported Software

---

The system requires you to install drivers for some devices to operate properly. To download the latest driver, please go to the DFI Download Center:

<http://www.dfi.com/DownloadCenter>

Once you are in the Download Center page, select your product or type the model name and click "Search" to find product-related resources such as documentation and drivers.

Drivers are available for the following devices in Windows 10:

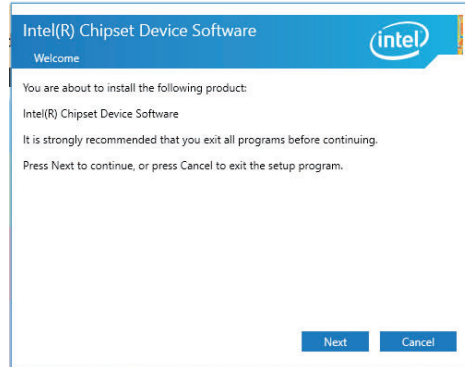
- Intel Chipset Device Software
- Intel® Graphics Driver
- Intel® LAN Driver
- Kernel Mode Driver Framework (For Windows 7 only)
- Intel® ME Driver
- Intel® USB 3.0 Driver (For Windows 7 and Windows 8.1)
- Audio Driver
- Intel® Serial IO Driver

## Intel Chipset Device Software

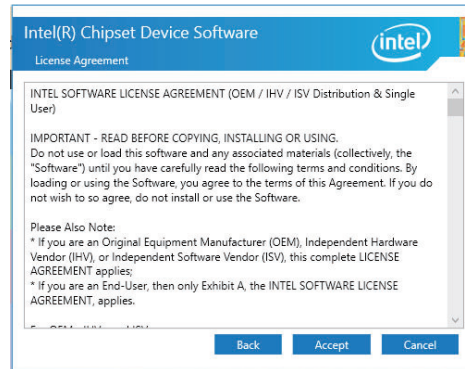
The Intel® Chipset Device Software is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, follow these steps:

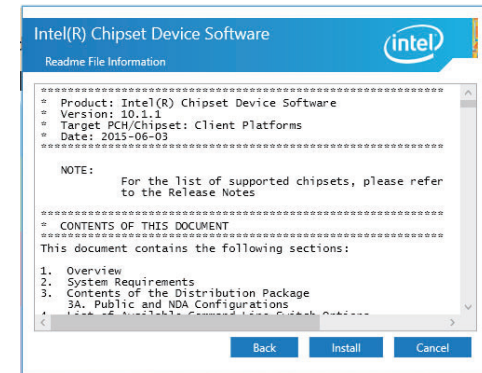
1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click "Next".



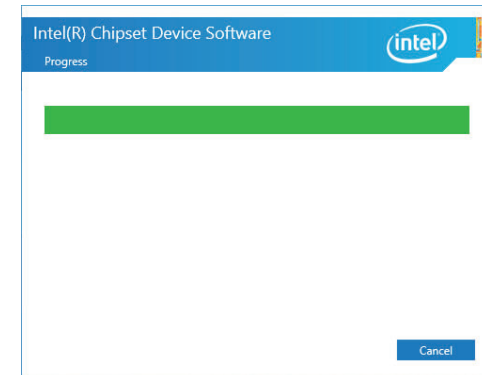
2. Read the license agreement, and then click "Yes".



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips, and then click "Next". Please wait while the installation is in progress.



4. Please wait while the installation is in progress.



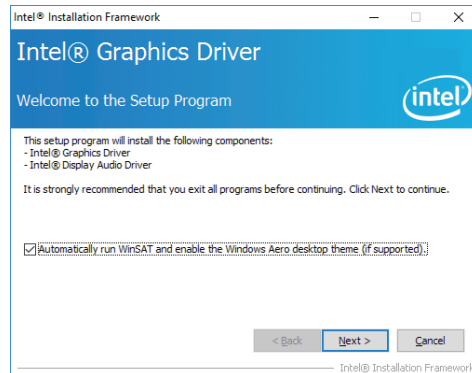
5. Click "Restart Now" to allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Intel Graphics Driver

To install this driver, follow these steps:

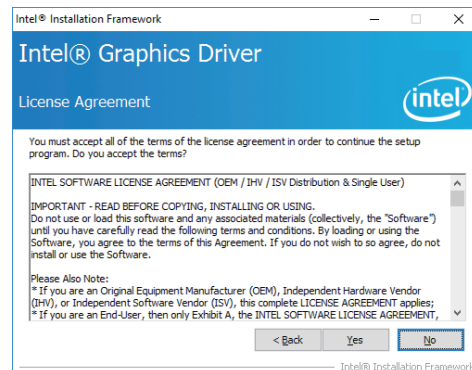
1. Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click "Next".



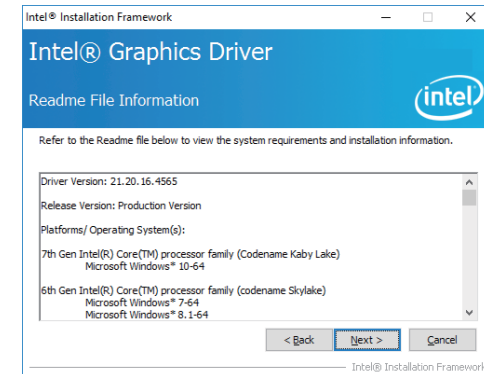
By default, the "Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme" is enabled. When this is enabled and after the system reboots, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows 7/ Windows 8.1/ Windows 10 desktop appears. The "blank screen" period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

We recommend that you skip this process by disabling this function and then click "Next".

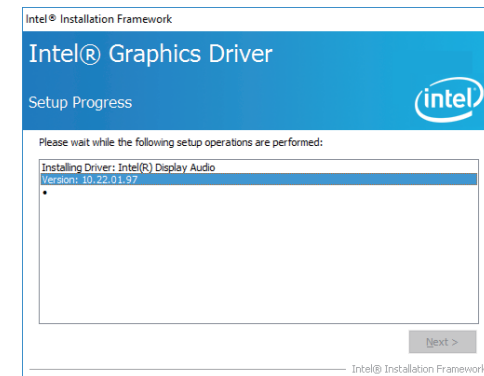
2. Read the license agreement, and then click "Yes".



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips, and then click "Next".

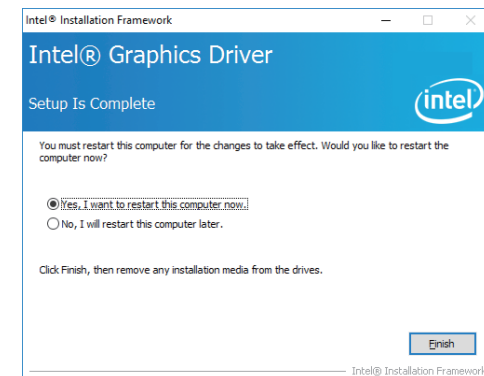


4. Setup is now installing the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



5. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now", and then click "Finish".

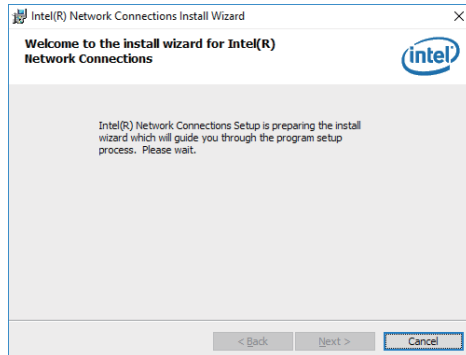
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



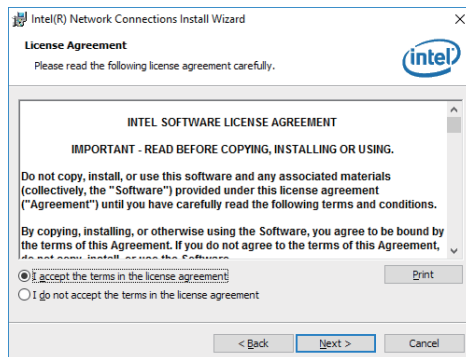
## Intel LAN Driver

To install this driver, follow these steps:

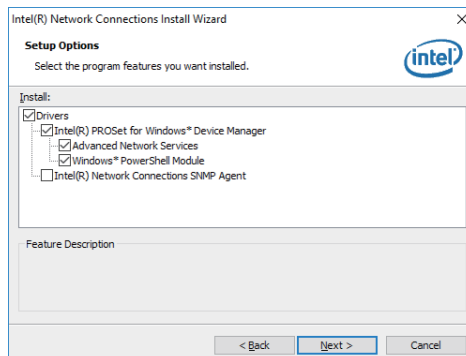
1. Setup is preparing to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



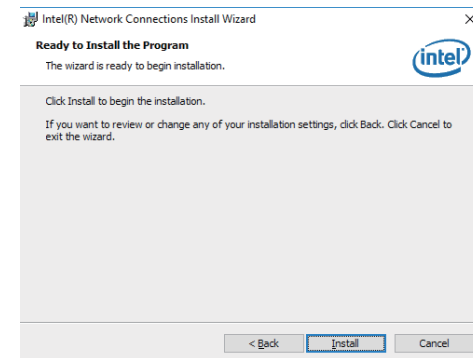
2. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" if you accept the agreement, and then click "Next".



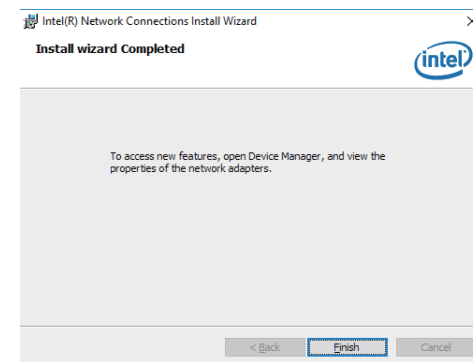
3. Select the program features you want to install, and then click "Next".



4. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



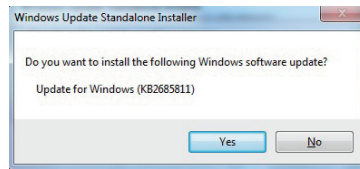
5. After the installation is complete, click "Finish".



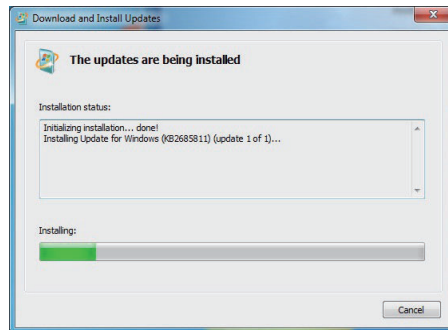
## Kernel Mode Driver Framework (For Windows 7 only)

To install this driver, follow these steps:

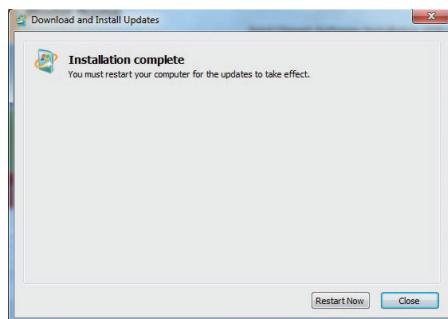
1. Click "Yes" to start the installation.



2. The update is installed now.



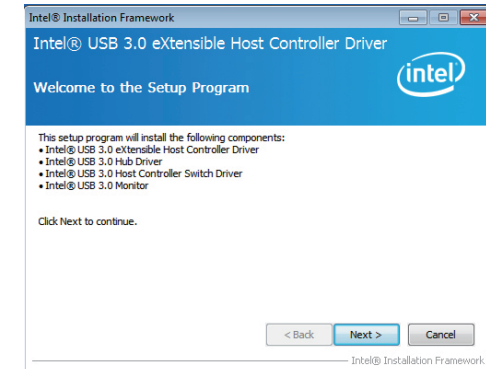
3. Click "Restart Now" to restart your computer when the installation is complete.



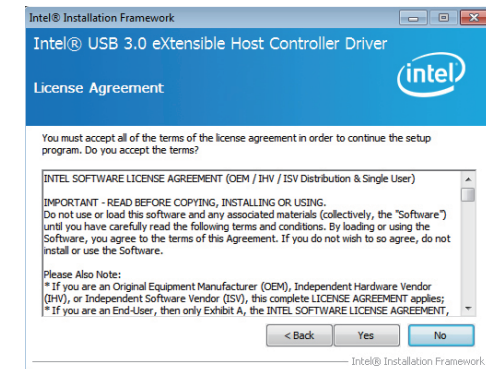
## Intel USB 3.0 Driver (For Windows 7 and Windows 8.1)

To install the driver, click "Intel USB 3.0 Driver" on the main menu.

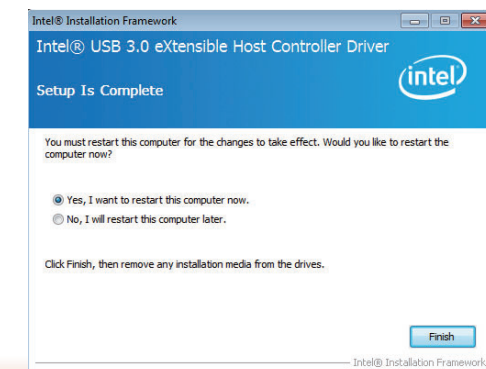
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



2. Read the license agreement, and then click "Yes".



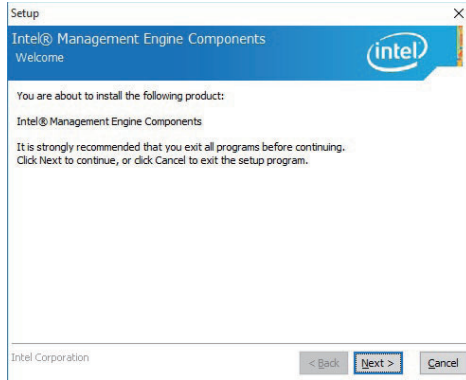
3. Wait while the setup is installing the driver. After the installation is complete, click "Finish".



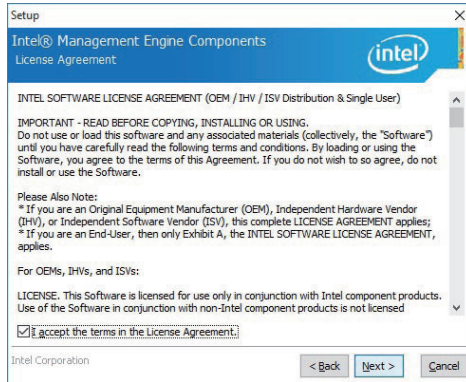
## Intel ME Driver

To install the Intel® Management Engine (Intel® ME) Driver, follow these steps:

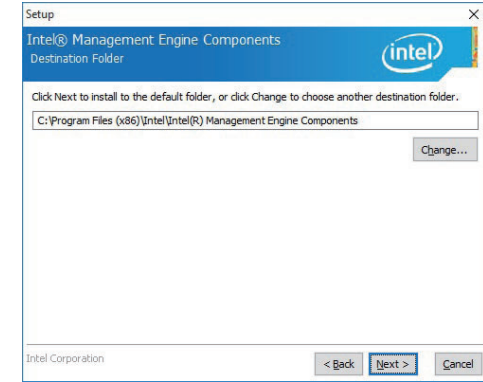
1. You are about to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



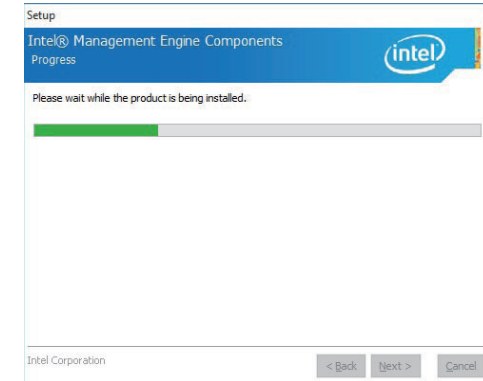
2. Read the license agreement, and then click "Next".



3. Setup is currently installing the driver. After the installation is complete, click "Next."



4. Please wait while the product is being installed.



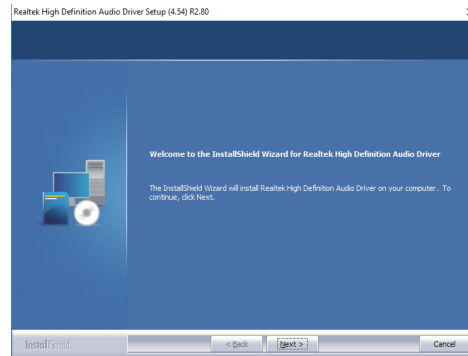
5. After the installation is complete, click "Finish".



## Audio Driver

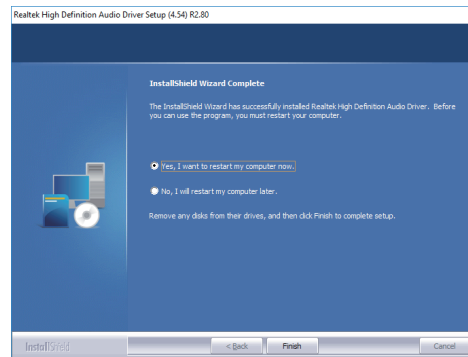
To install this driver, follow these steps:

1. Setup is now ready to install the audio driver. Click "Next".
2. Follow the steps of the on-screen instructions; click "Next" each time you finish a step.



3. Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now", and then click "Finish".

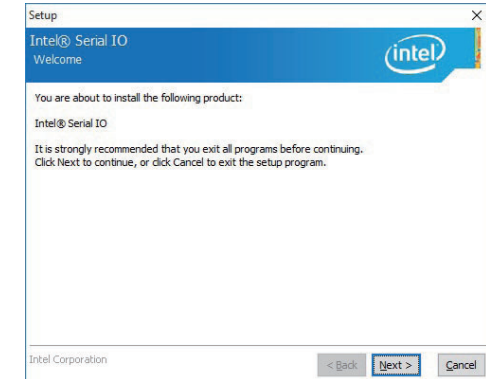
Restart the system to allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Serial IO Driver

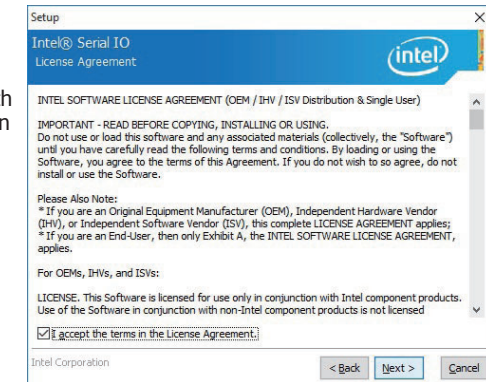
To install this driver, follow these steps:

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



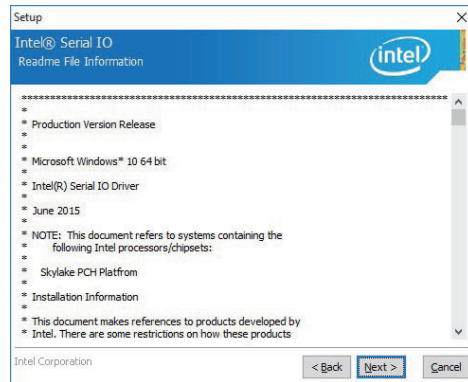
2. Read the license agreement carefully.

Click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement" if you agree with the terms in the agreement and then click "Next".

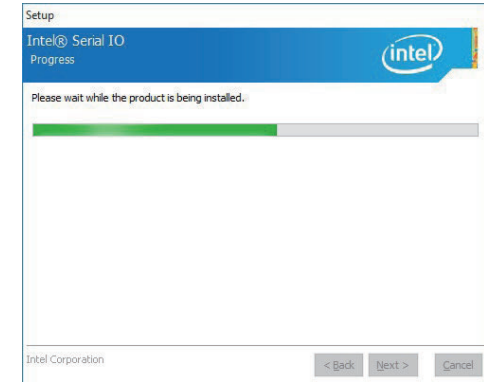




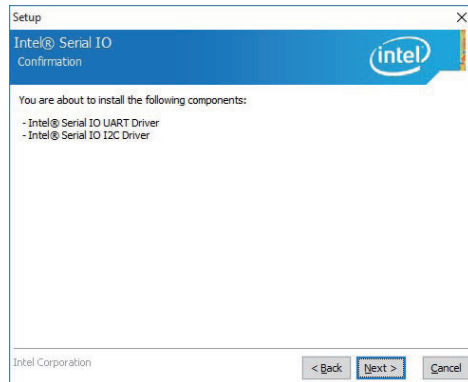
3. Read the file information and then click "Next".



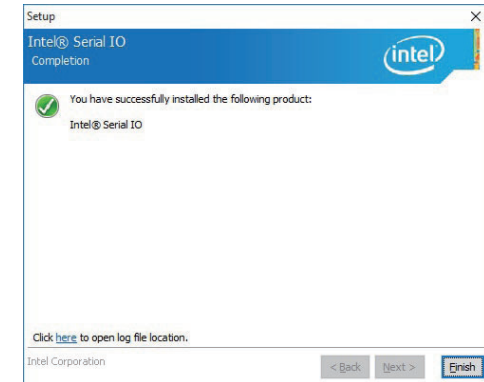
5. Setup is now installing the driver.



4. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next" to begin the installation.



6. Click "Finish" to exit the setup.



## Intel Rapid Storage Technology

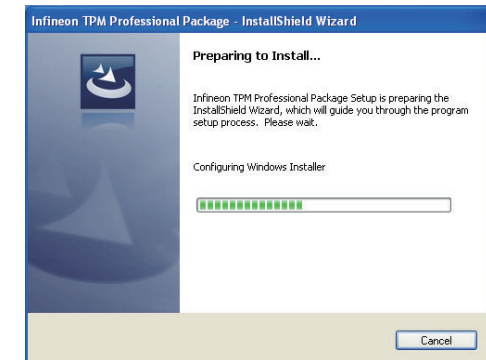
The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

To install the driver, please refer to **Chapter 9** for more information.

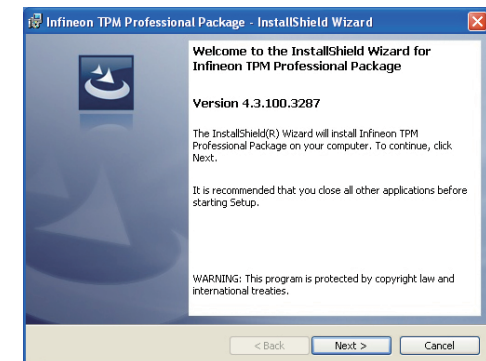
## Infineon TPM 1.2 Driver and Tool (optional)

To install this driver, follow these steps:

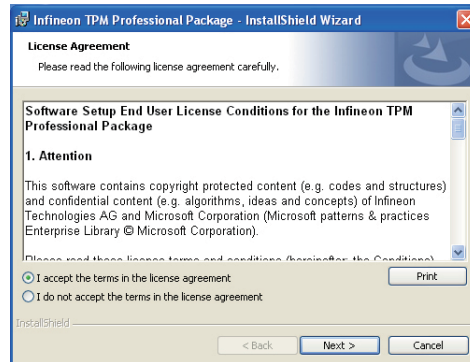
1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



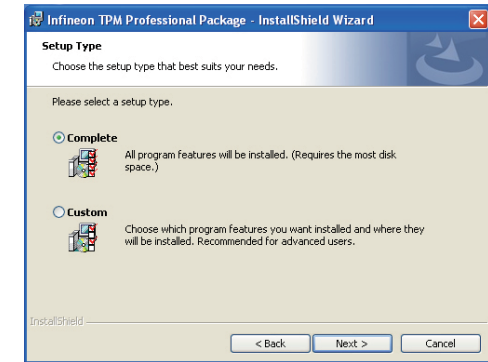
2. The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click "Next" to continue.



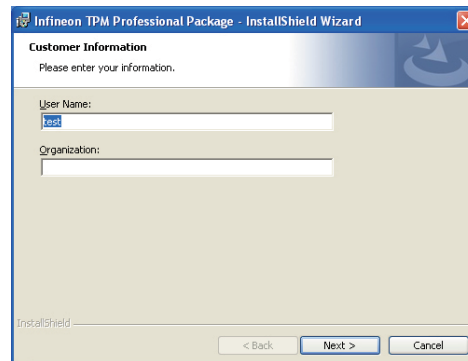
3. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" if you accept the license agreement and then click "Next".



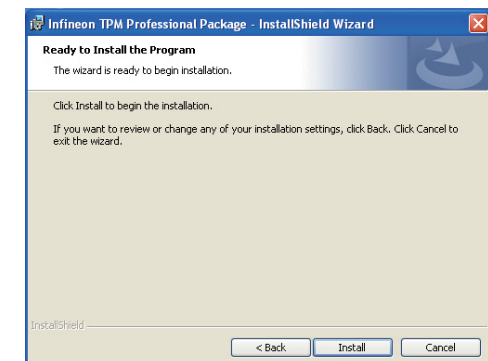
5. Select a setup type and then click "Next".



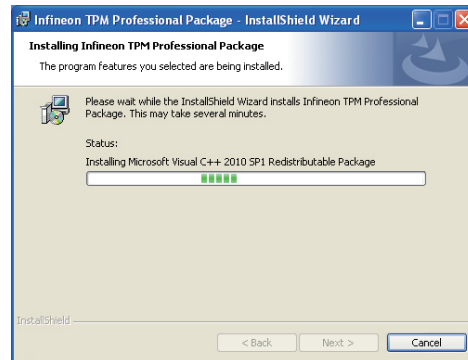
4. Enter the necessary information and then click "Next".



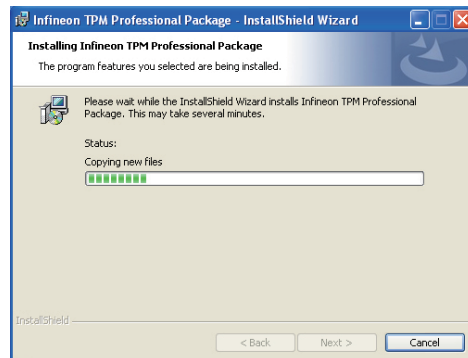
6. Click "Install" to start the installation.



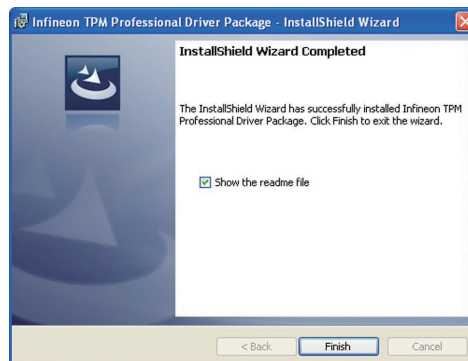
7. TPM requires installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package prior to installing the utility. Click "Install".



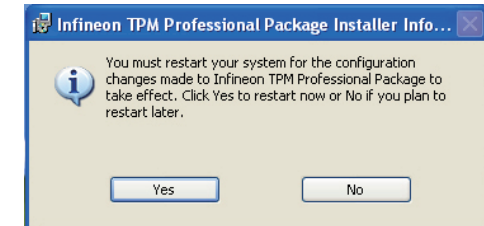
8. The setup program is currently installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package.



9. Click "Finish".



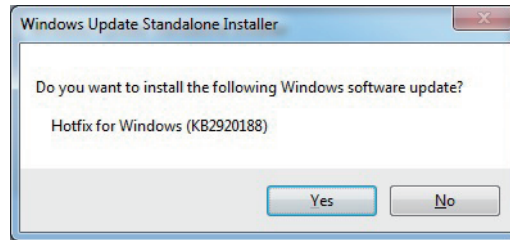
10. Click "Yes" to restart your system.



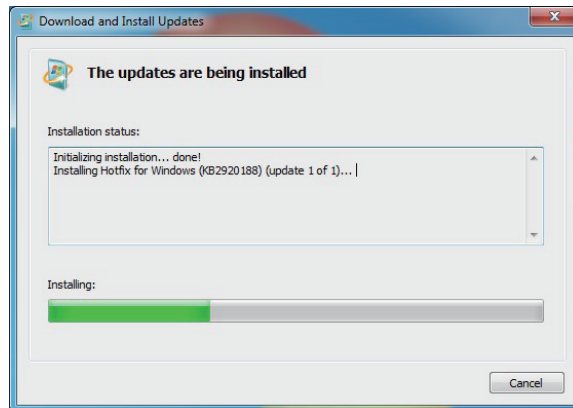
## Windows TPM 2.0 Hotfix (For 64-bit Windows 7 only)

To install this driver, follow these steps:

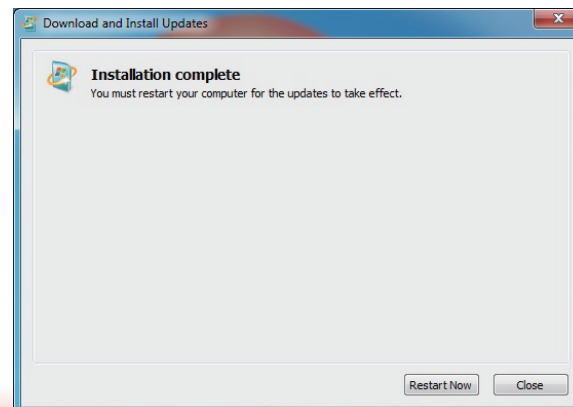
1. Click "Yes" to start the installation.



2. The update is being installed now.



3. Click "Restart Now" to restart your computer when the installation is complete.



## Chapter 9 - RAID

The system board allows RAID configuration with levels of RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5. Note that SKUs with the Intel® H110 chipset do not support RAID.

### RAID Levels

#### RAID 0 (Striped Disk Array without Fault Tolerance)

RAID 0 uses two new identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Data is divided into stripes and each stripe is written alternately between two disk drives. This improves the I/O performance of the drives at different channel; however it is not fault tolerant. A failed disk will result in data loss in the disk array.

#### RAID 1 (Mirrored Disk Array with Fault Tolerance)

RAID 1 copies and maintains an identical image of the data from one drive to the other drive. If a drive fails to function, the disk array management software directs all applications to the other drive since it contains a complete copy of the drive's data. This enhances data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or an existing drive and a new drive but the size of the new drive must be the same or larger than the existing drive.

#### RAID 5 (Striped Disk Array with Distributed Parity)

RAID 5 stripes data and parity information across hard drives. It is fault tolerant and provides better hard drive performance and higher disk utilization than RAID 1.

RAID Level	Min. Drives	Protection	Description
RAID 0	2	None	Data striping without redundancy
RAID 1	2	Single Drive Failure	Disk mirroring
RAID 5	3	Single Drive Failure	Block-level data striping with distributed parity

### Settings

To enable the RAID function, the following settings are required.

1. Connect the Serial ATA drives.
2. Enable RAID in the BIOS.
3. Create a RAID volume.
4. Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility.

#### Step 1: Connect the Serial ATA Drives

Refer to Chapter 3 for details on connecting the Serial ATA drives.



##### Important:

1. Make sure you have installed the Serial ATA drives and connected the data cables otherwise you won't be able to enter the RAID BIOS utility.
2. Treat the cables with extreme caution especially while creating RAID. A damaged cable will ruin the entire installation process and operating system. The system will not boot and you will lost all data in the hard drives. Please give special attention to this warning because there is no way of recovering back the data.

#### Step 2: Enable RAID in the BIOS

1. Power on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the BIOS.
2. Go to "Advanced" menu, and select the "SATA Configuration" menu.
3. Change the "SATA Mode Selection" to "RAID" mode.
4. Save the changes in the "Exit" menu.
5. Reboot the system.

### Step 3: Create a RAID Volume

1. When the Intel® RST option ROM status screen displays during POST, press <Ctrl> and <I> simultaneously to enter the option ROM user interface.
2. Select 1: Create RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
3. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the RAID level and press <Enter>.
4. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the strip size and press <Enter>.
5. Press <Enter> to select the physical disks.
6. Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of hard drives and press <Space> to select the drive.
7. Press <Enter>.
8. Select the volume size and press <Enter>. You must select less than one hundred percent of the available volume space to leave space for the second volume.
9. Press <Enter> to create the volume.
10. At the prompt, press <Y> to confirm volume creation.
11. Select 4: Exit and press <Enter>.
12. Press <Y> to confirm exit.

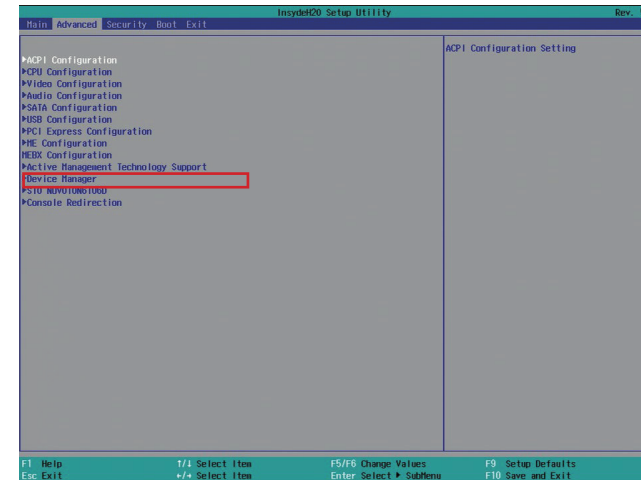

**Note:**

These steps are cited from the Intel® Support site, "Set Up a System with Intel® Matrix RAID Technology" (Article ID: 000005789).

### Step 3-1: Create a RAID Volume if the boot type is UEFI

If the boot type is set to UEFI, RAID volume creation will be different. Please use the following steps to create RAID volumes. To set the boot type, enter the BIOS utility and go to "Boot" > "Boot type".

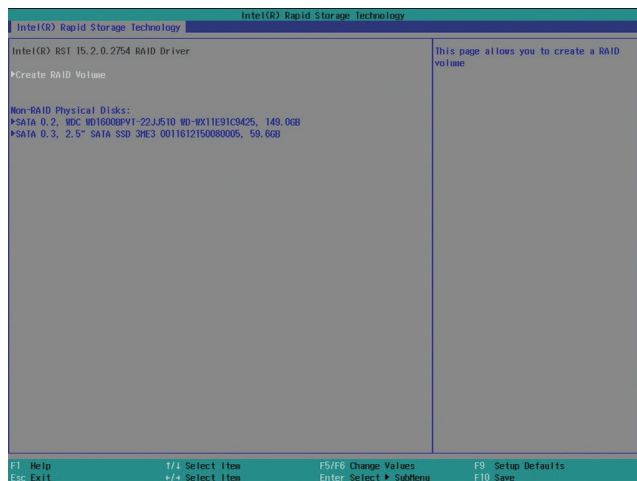
1. In the BIOS, go to the "Advanced" > "Device Manager".



2. Select Device Manager. The system will prompt you that it is going to exit the BIOS utility. Select "OK" to continue.
3. The "Intel® Rapid Storage Technology" menu appears. Enter this menu.



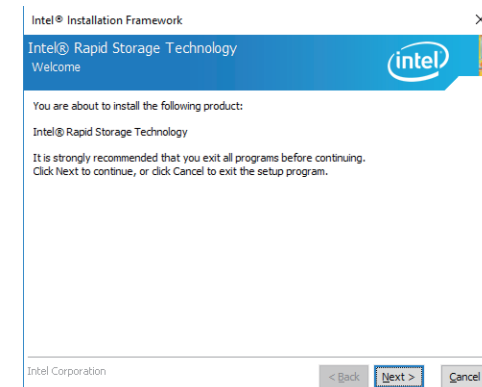
- The screen displays all available drives. Select "Create RAID volume" to create a RAID volume".
- Use the up or down arrow keys to select the RAID level and press <Enter>.
- Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of hard drives and press <Enter> and select "x" to select the drive for the RAID group.
- Use the up or down arrow keys to select the strip size and press <Enter>.
- Enter the capacity for the volume and press <Enter>.
- Select "Create Volume" to start creating the volume.



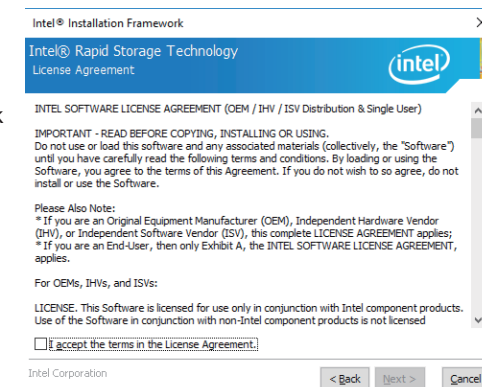
## Step 4: Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility can be installed from within Windows. It allows RAID volume management (create, delete, migrate) from within the operating system. It will also display useful SATA device and RAID volume information. The user interface, tray icon service and monitor service allow you to monitor the current status of the RAID volume and/or SATA drives. Furthermore, It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

- Insert the provided DVD into an optical drive.
- Click "Intel Rapid Storage Driver" on the main menu.
- Setup is ready to install the utility. Click "Next" to continue.

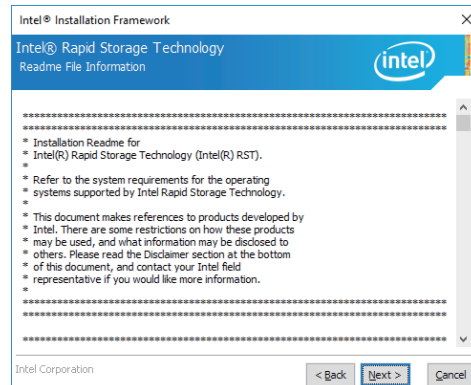


- Read the license agreement and click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement" if you accept the agreement. Then, click "Next".

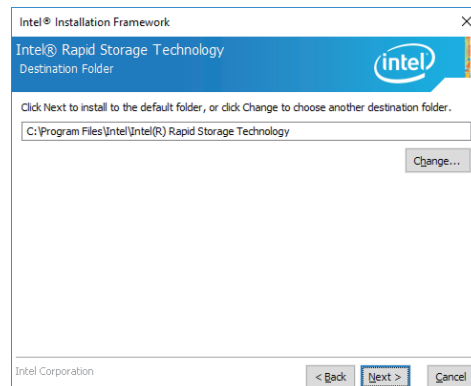




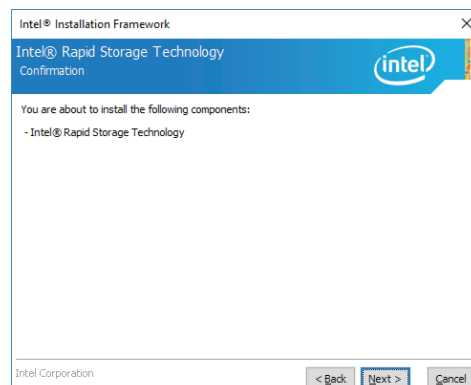
5. Go through the readme document to view system requirements and installation information, then click "Next".



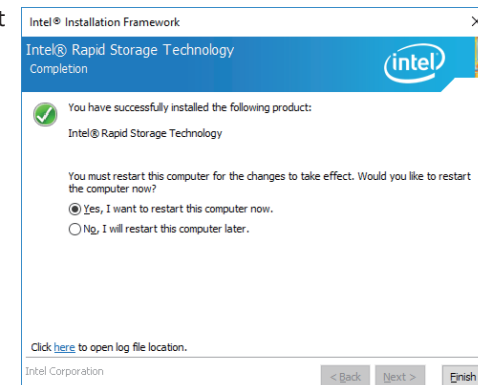
6. Click "Next" to install to the default folder or click "change" to choose another destination folder.



7. Confirm the installation and click "Next".



8. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" to complete the installation and click "Finish".



## Enable Intel Smart Response Technology

Intel® Rapid Storage Technology (Intel® RST) comes with a caching feature, Intel® Smart Response Technology, to improve system performance with an SSD used as cache memory.

To use this features, the following requirements have to be met:

- \*Intel RST software 10.5 version release or later
- \*Single hard disk drive or multiple drives in one RAID volume
- \*Solid state drive (SSD) with a minimum capacity of 18.6 GB
- \*Operating system: Windows 7 (32-bit and 64-bit editions) or later versions

Before using this function, set up your system with the following methods:

1. Configure SATA mode in BIOS setup. Please refer to the previous section on Intel Rapid Storage Technology for detailed instructions.
2. Install the operating system and all required device drivers.
3. Install the Intel RST software version 10.5 or later.
4. Enable Intel Smart Response Technology, which is denoted as accelerate in the Intel RST software.



### Note:

The above information is cited from the Intel® Support site, "Intel® Smart Response Technology User Guide" (Article ID: 000005501).

## Chapter 10 - Intel AMT Settings

### Overview

Intel Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) combines hardware and software solutions to provide maximum system defense and protection to networked systems. Note that the SKUs with the Intel® H110 chipset or the Intel® Core™ i3, Celeron® and Pentium® processors do not support iAMT.

The hardware and software information are stored in non-volatile memory. With its built-in manageability and latest security applications, Intel® AMT provides the following functions.

- **Discover**

Allows remote access and management of networked systems even while PCs are powered off; significantly reducing desk-side visits.

- **Repair**

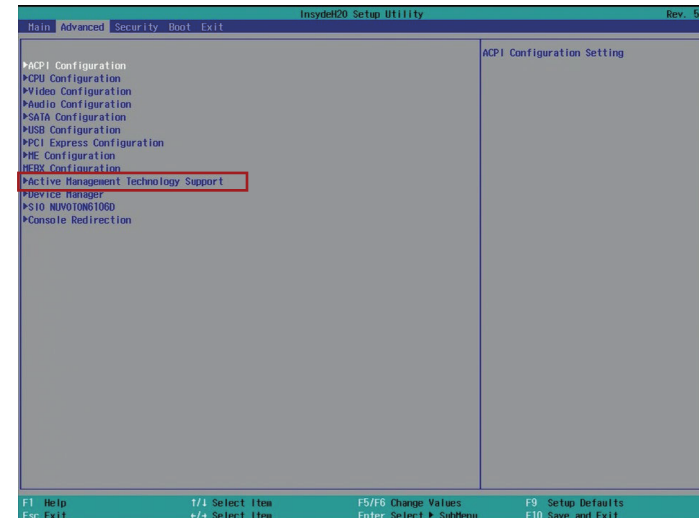
Remotely repair systems after OS failures. Alerting and event logging help detect problems quickly to reduce downtime.

- **Protect**

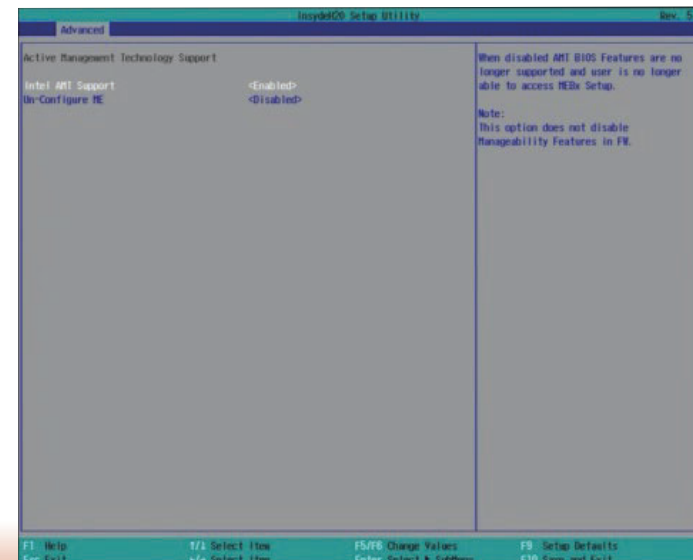
Intel AMT's System Defense capability remotely updates all systems with the latest security software. It protects the network from threats at the source by proactively blocking incoming threats, reactively containing infected clients before they impact the network, and proactively alerting when critical software agents are removed.

### Enable Intel® AMT in the Insyde BIOS

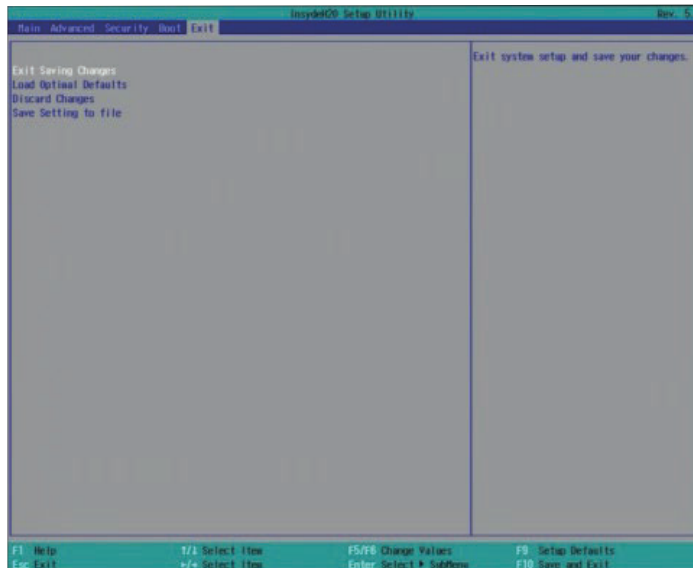
1. Power on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the BIOS setup utility.
2. In the "Advanced" menu, select "Active Management Technology Support".



3. In the "Active Management Technology Support" menu, select "Enabled" for "Intel AMT Support".

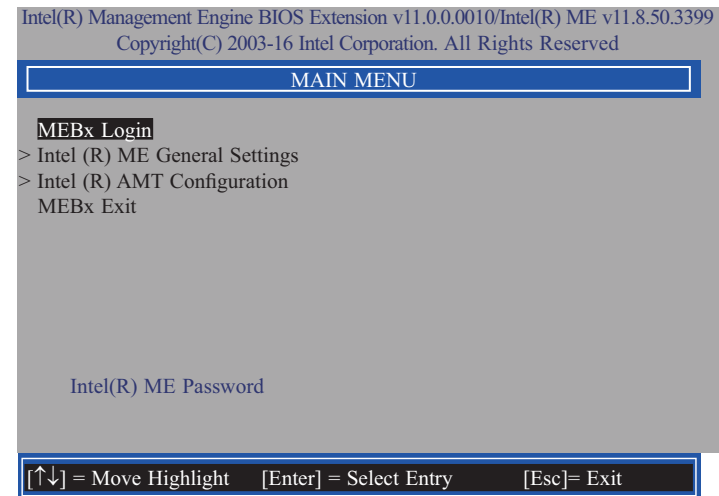


4. In the "Exit" menu, select "Exit Saving Changes" and then select "OK".



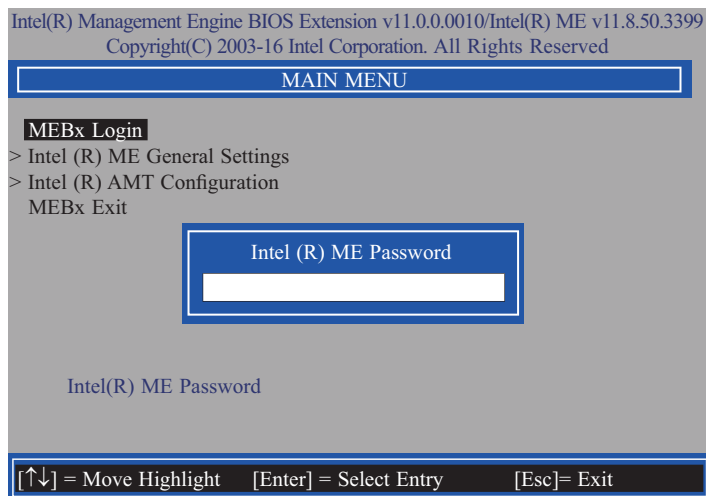
## Set up Intel® AMT using the Intel® Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX)

1. After the system reboots, press <Del> to enter the BIOS menu again.
2. In the "Advanced" menu, select "MEBX Configuration" to enter the Manageability Engine BIOS Extension (MEBx) Setup.
3. When the system reboots, you will be prompted for a password. The default password is "admin". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME Password, then press "Enter".

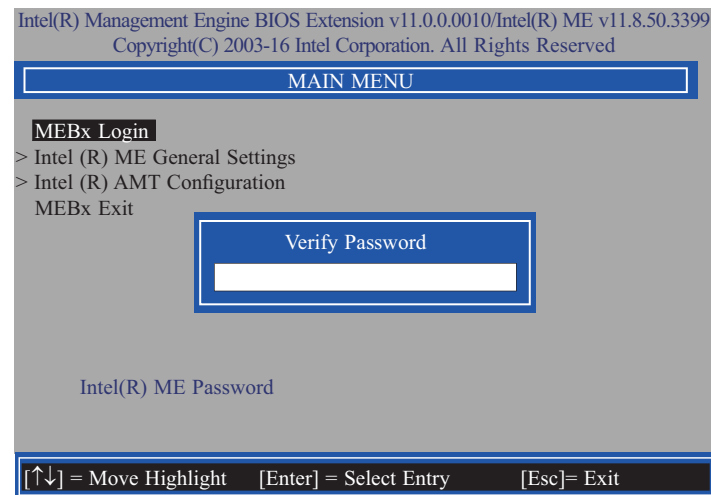


4. Enter a password in the space provided under "Intel(R) ME Password" and then press "Enter". The password must include:

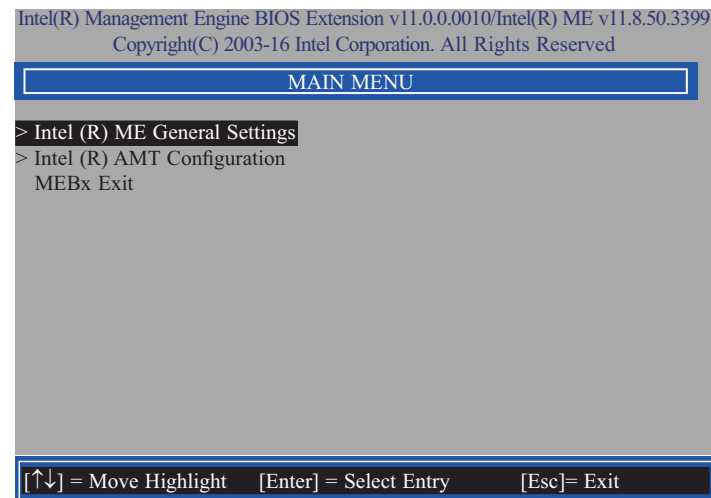
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



5. You will be asked to verify the password. Enter the same new password in the space provided under "Verify Password" and then press "Enter".



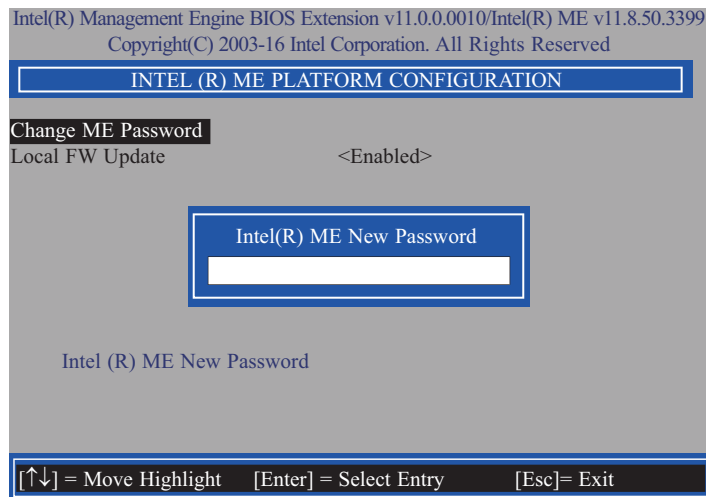
6. Select "Intel(R) ME General Settings" and then press "Enter".



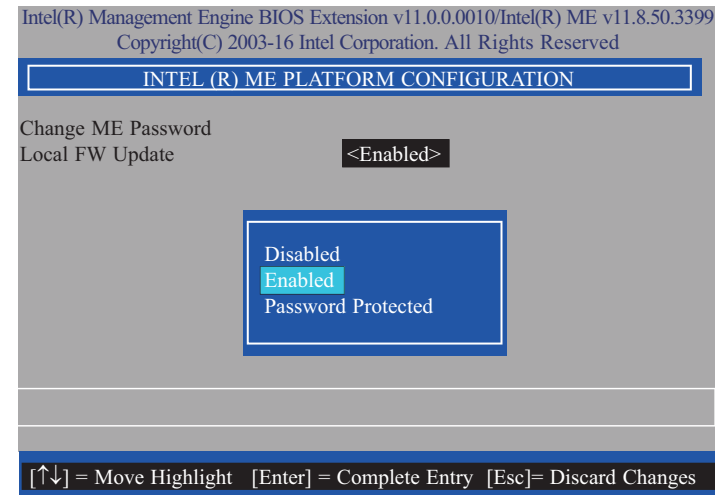
7. Select "Change Intel(R) ME Password" and then press "Enter".

You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "admin". Enter the default password in the space provided under "Intel(R) ME New Password" and then press "Enter".

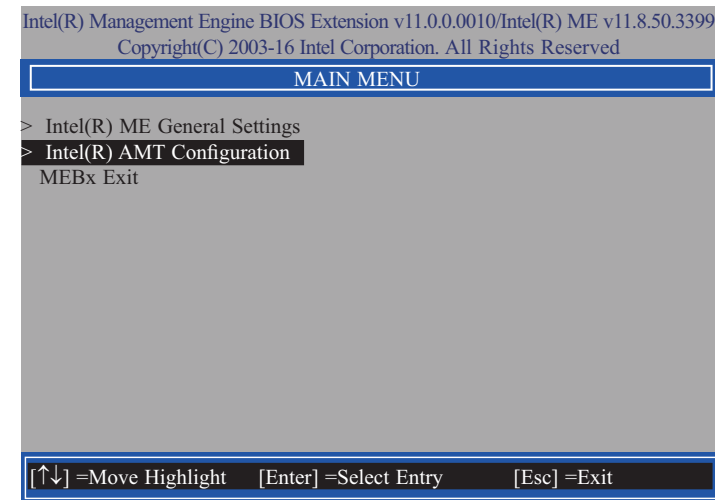
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



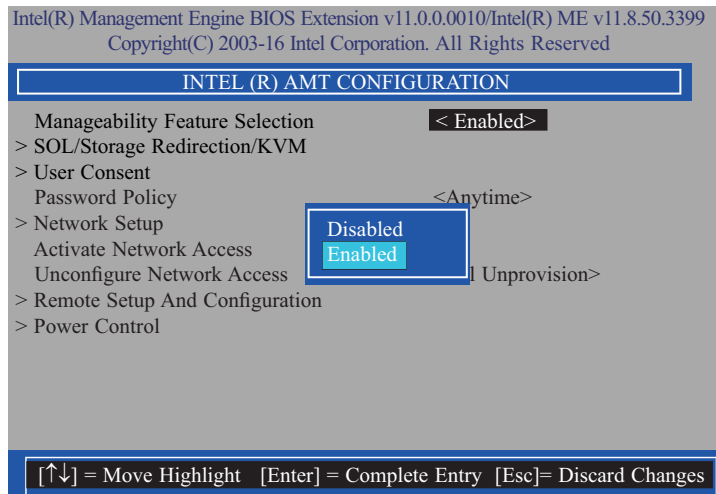
8. Select "Local FW Update" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" or "Password Protected" and then press "Enter".



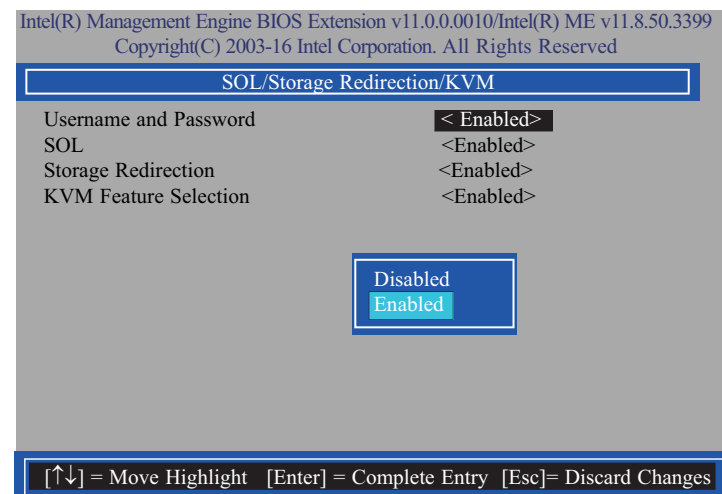
9. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Main Menu". Select "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" and then press "Enter".



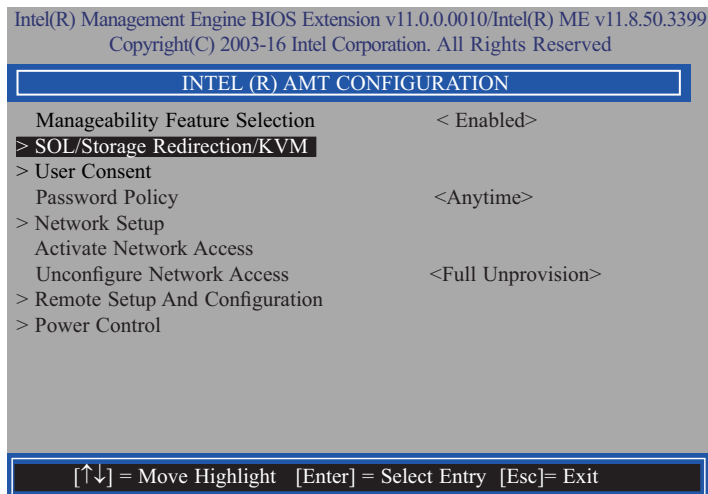
10. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Manageability Feature Selection" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



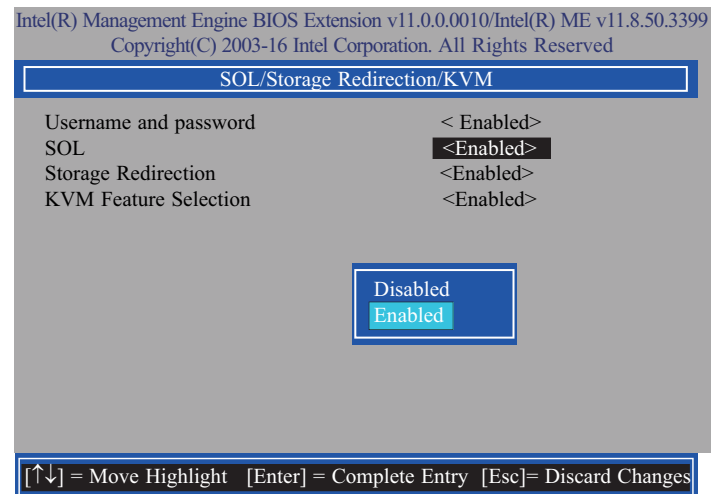
12. In the "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" menu, select "Username and Password" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



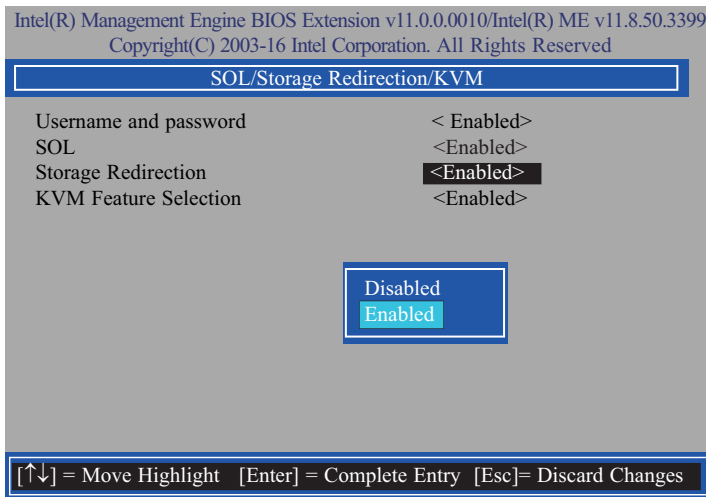
11. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" and then press "Enter".



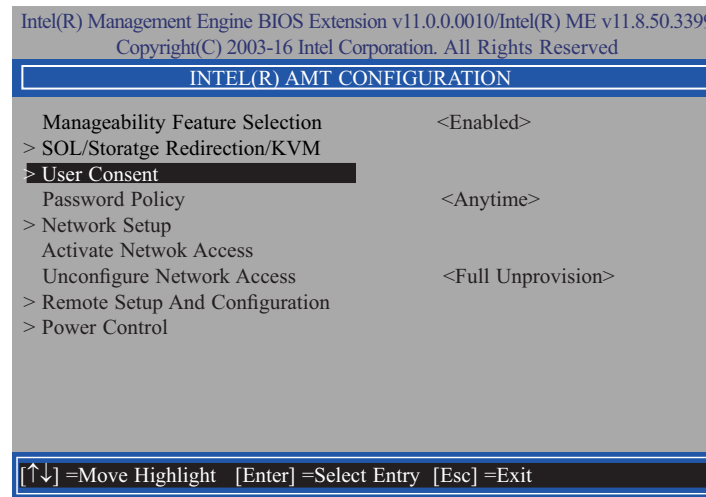
13. In the "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" menu, select "SOL" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



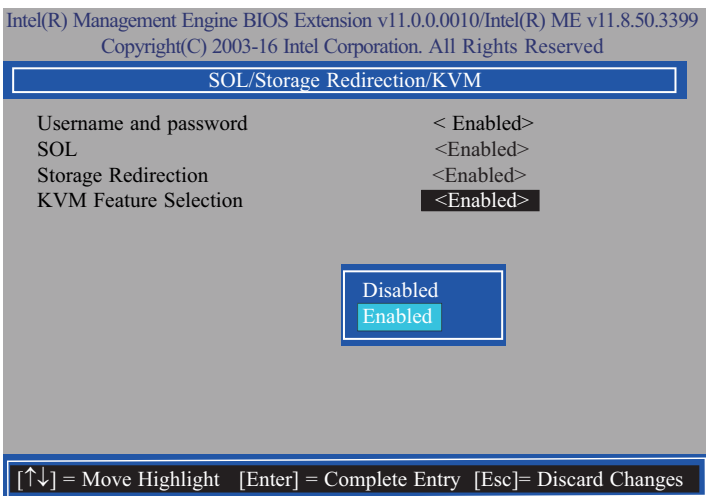
14. In the "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" menu, select "Storage Redirection" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



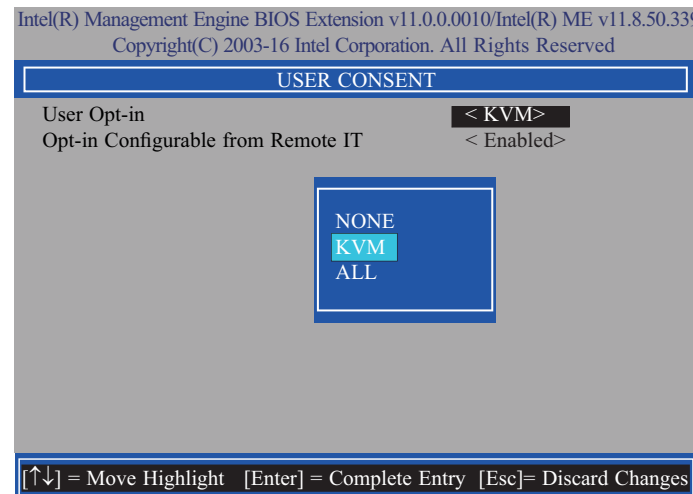
16. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu. Select "User Consent" and then press "Enter".



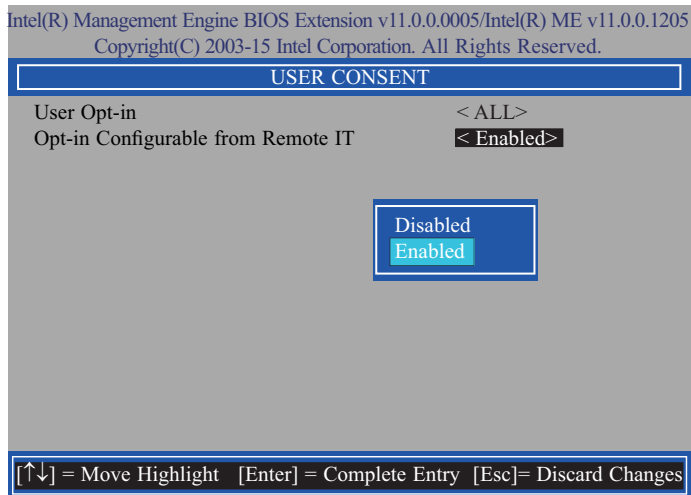
15. In the "SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM" menu, select "KVM Feature Selection" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



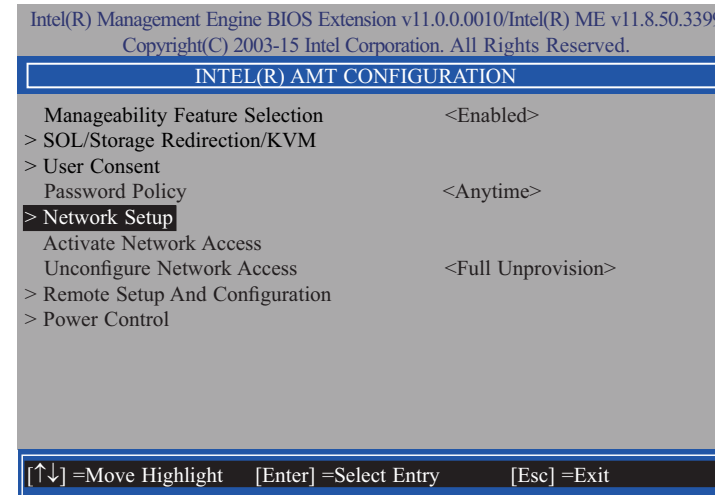
17. In the "User Consent" menu, select "User Opt-in" and then press "Enter". Select "None", "KVM" or "ALL" and then press "Enter".



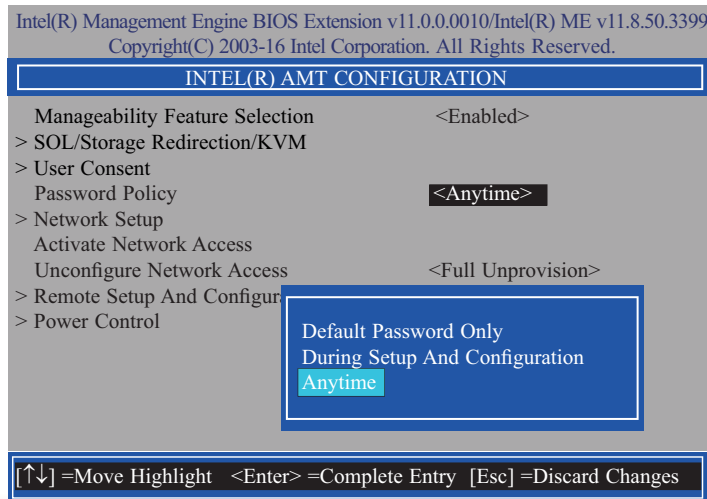
18. In the "User Consent" menu, select "Opt-in Configurable from Remote IT" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



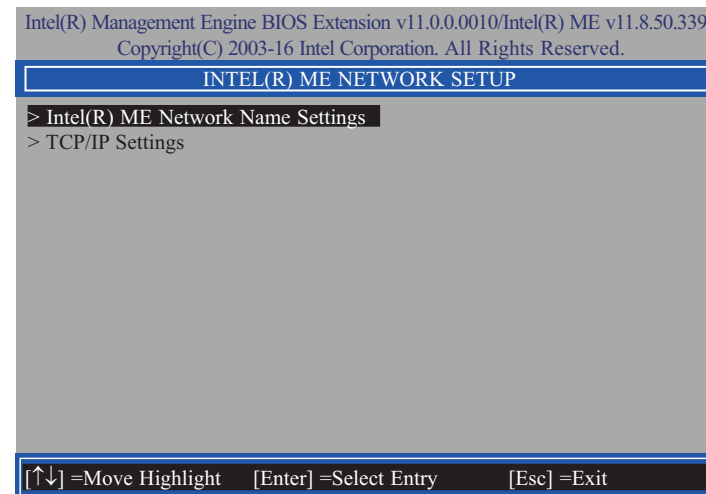
20. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Network Setup" and then press "Enter".



19. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu. Select "Password Policy" and then press "Enter". You may choose to use a password only during setup and configuration or to use a password anytime the system is being accessed.

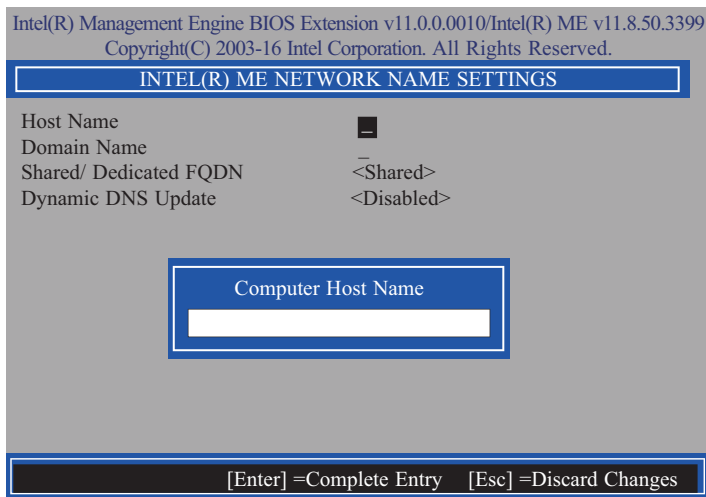


21. In the "Intel(R) ME Network Setup" menu, select "Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings" and then press "Enter".

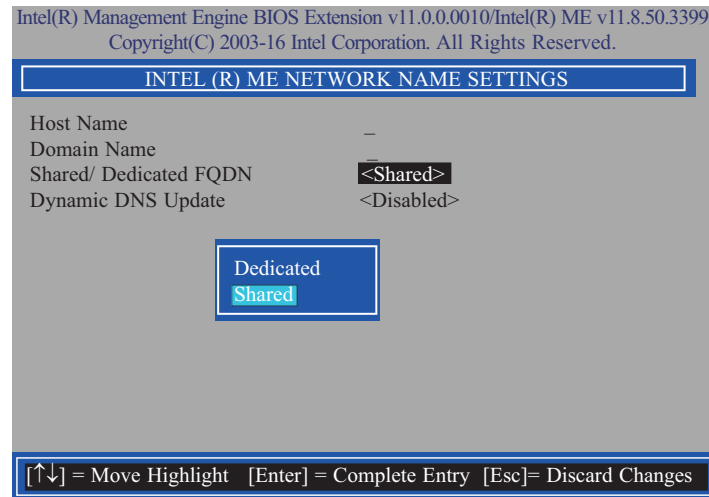




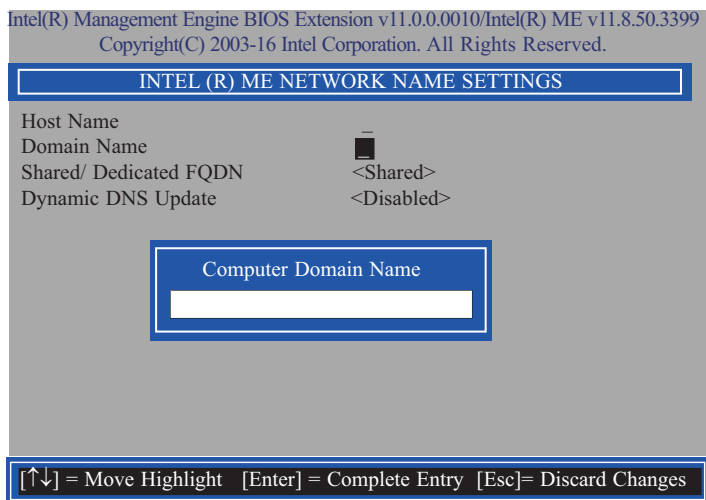
22. In the "Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings" menu, select "Host Name" and then press "Enter". Enter the computer's host name and then press "Enter".



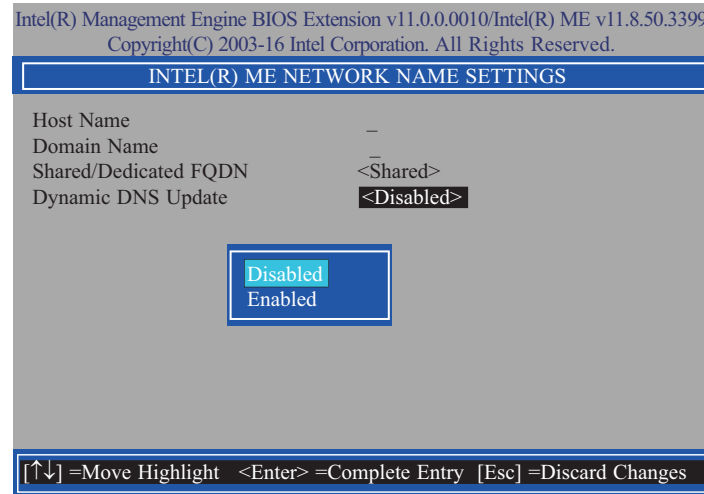
24. Select "Shared/Dedicated FQDN" and then press "Enter". Select "Shared" or "Dedicated" and then press "Enter".



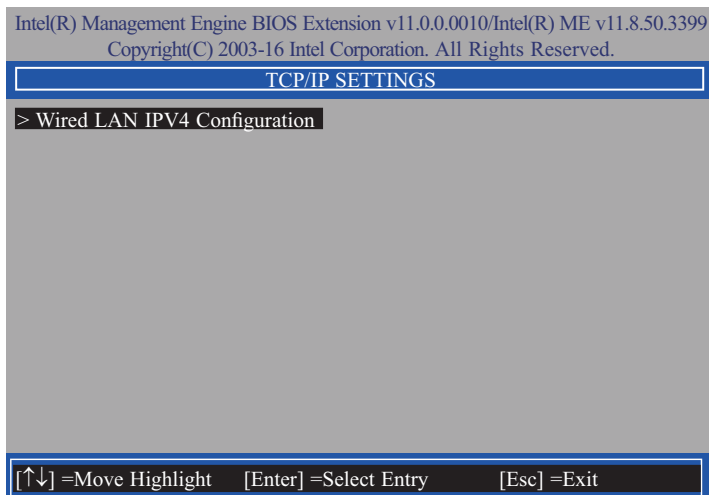
23. Select "Domain Name" and then press "Enter". Enter the computer's domain name and then press "Enter".



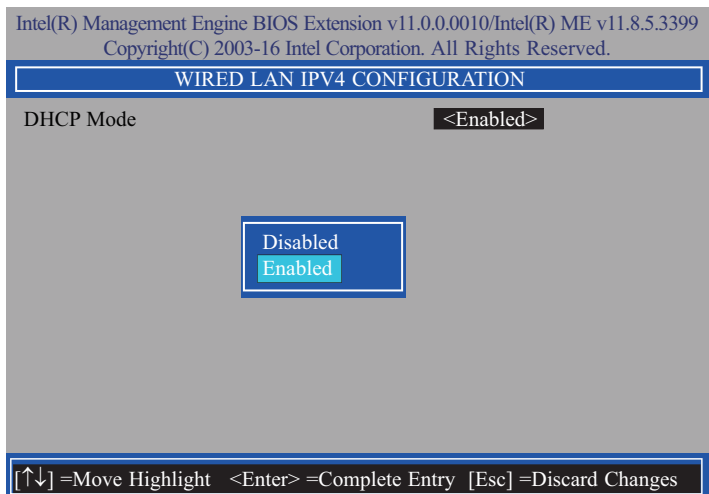
25. Select "Dynamic DNS Update" and then press "Enter". Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and then press "Enter".



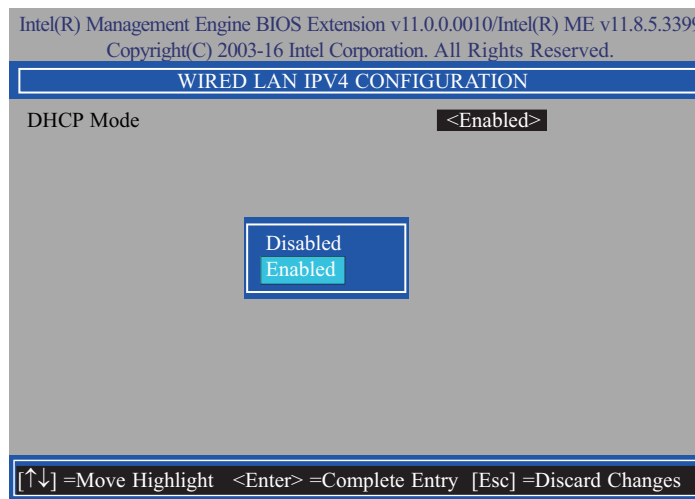
26. Select Previous Menu until you return to the "Intel(R) ME Network Setup" menu. Select "TCP/IP Settings" and then press "Enter".



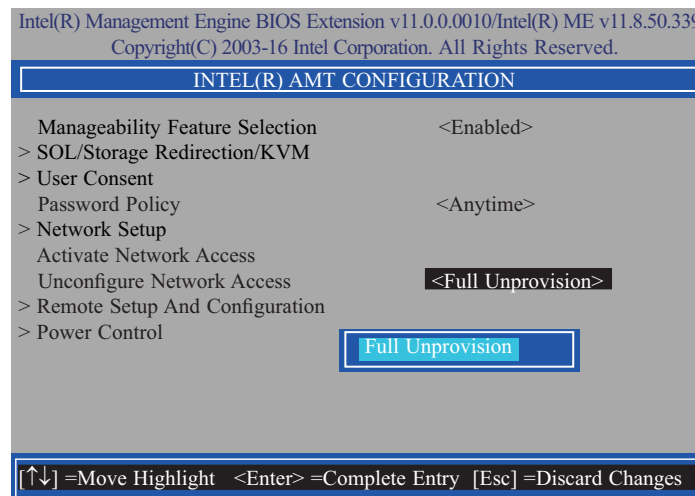
27. In the "TCP/IP Settings" menu, select "Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration" and then press "Enter".



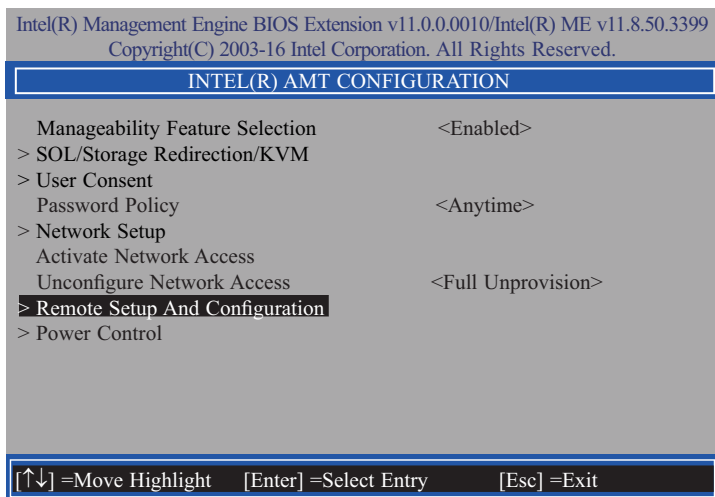
28. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Activate Network Access" and then select "Yes/No" and press "Enter".



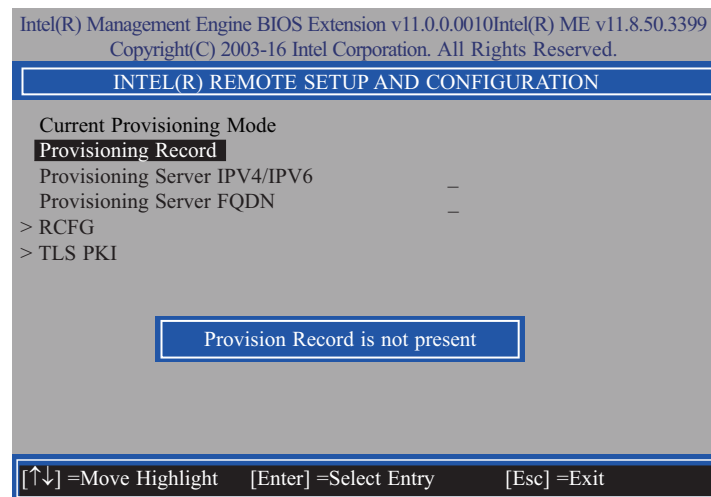
29. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Unconfigure Network Access" and then press "Enter".



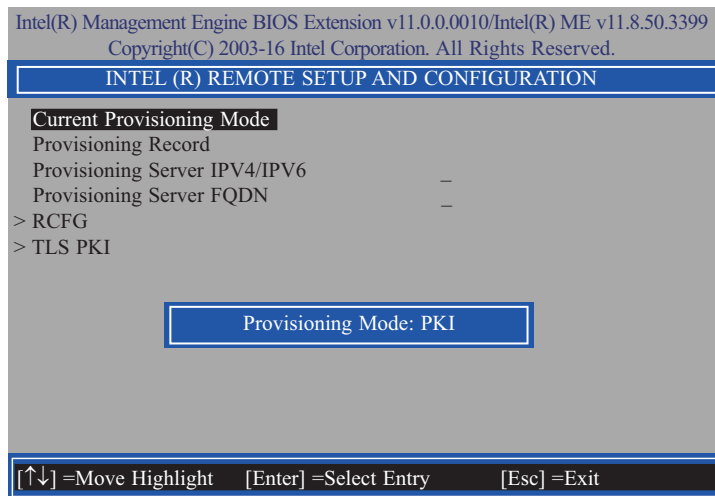
30. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Remote Setup And Configuration" and then press "Enter".



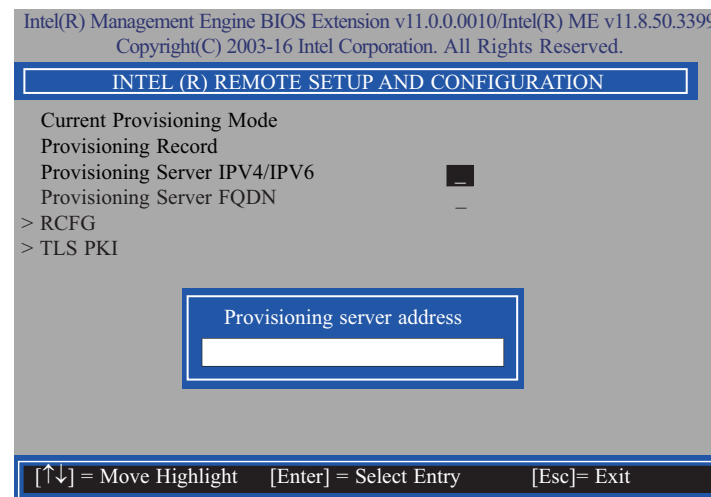
32. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Provisioning Record" and then press "Enter".



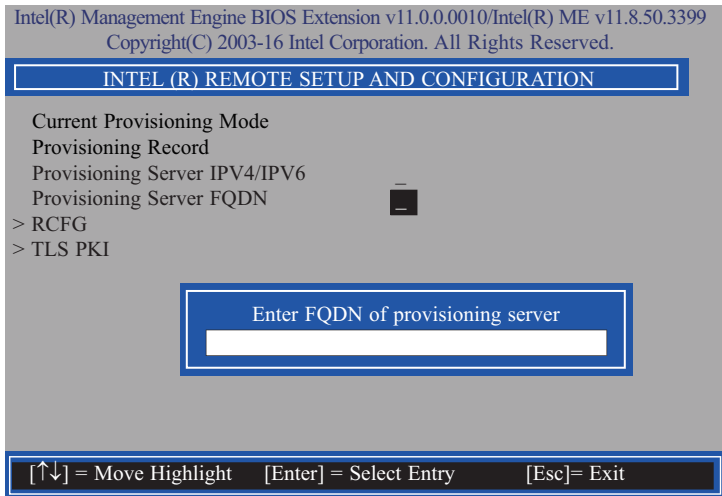
31. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Current Provisioning Mode" and then press "Enter".



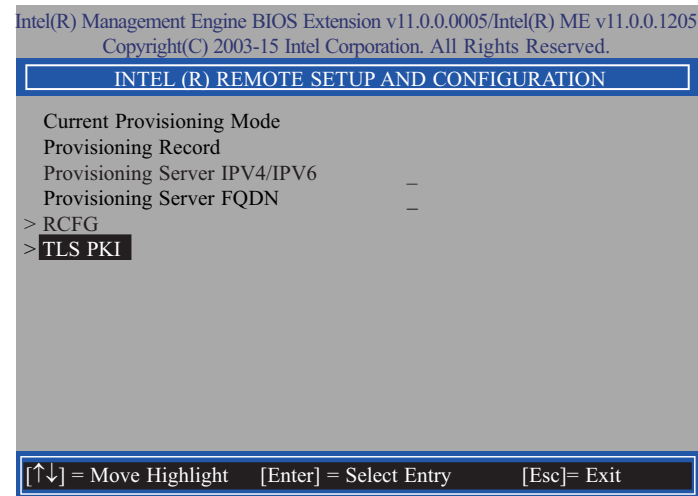
33. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Provisioning server IPV4/ IPV6", enter "Provisioning server address" and then press "Enter".



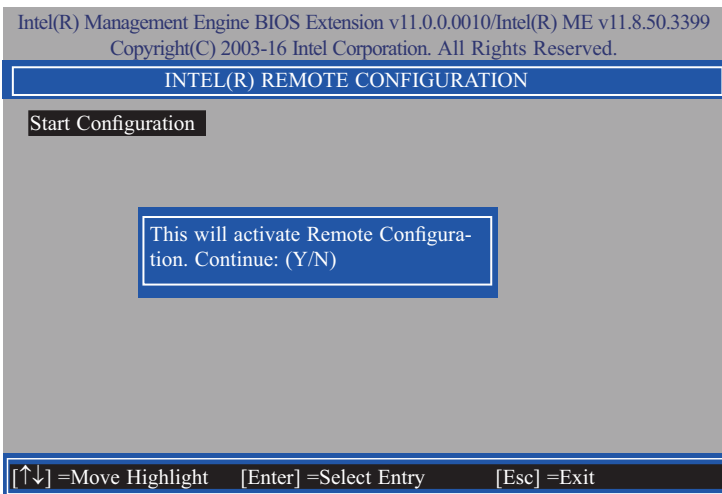
34. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "Provisioning server FQDN", enter the FQDN of Provisioning server, and then press "Enter".



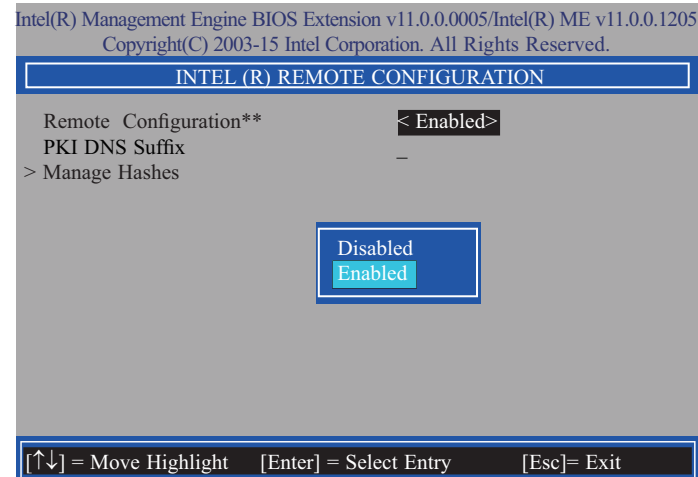
36. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "TLS PKI" and then press "Enter".



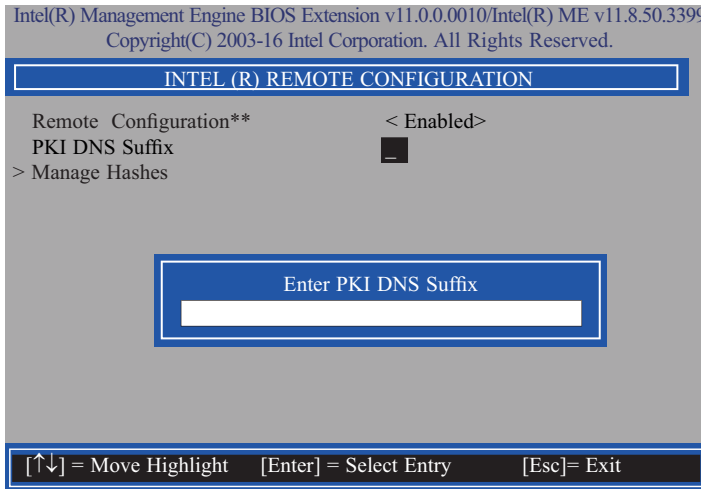
35. In the "Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration" menu, select "RCFG" and press "Enter", and then select "Start Configuration Y/N" and press "enter".



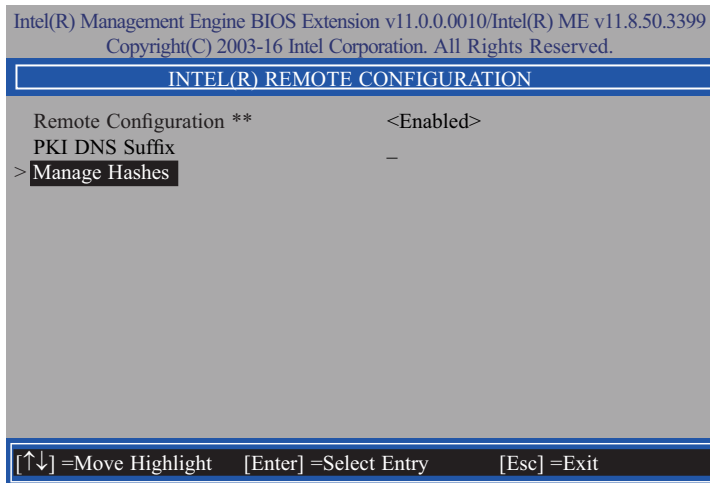
37. In the "Intel(R) Remote Configuration" menu, select "Remote Configuration\*\*" and press "Enter", and then select "Enabled" or "Disabled" and press "Enter".



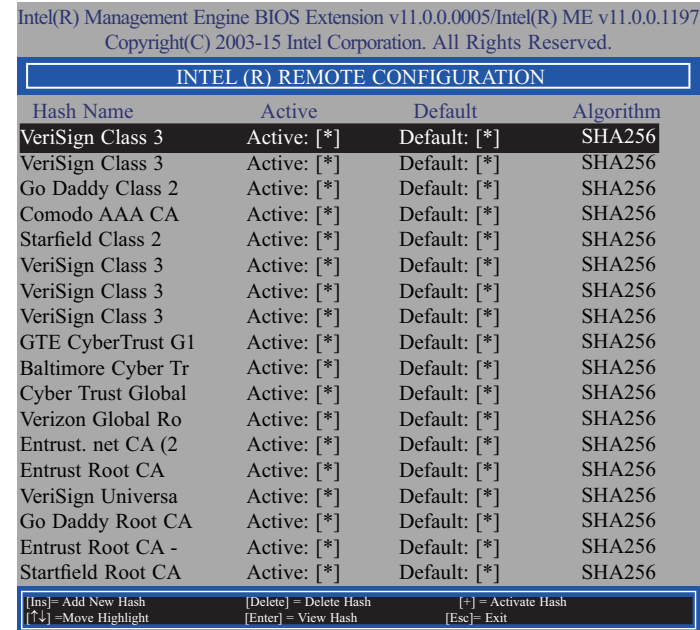
38. Select "PKI DNS Suffix", enter the "PKI DNS Suffix", and then press "Enter".



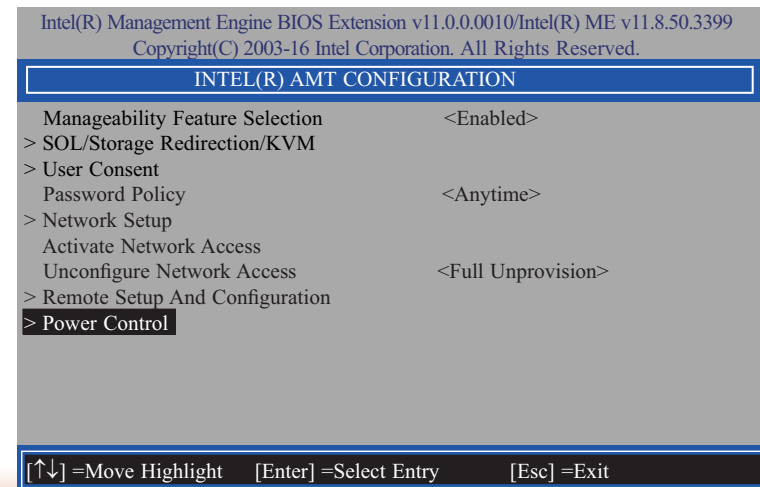
39. Select "Manage Hashes", and then press "Enter".



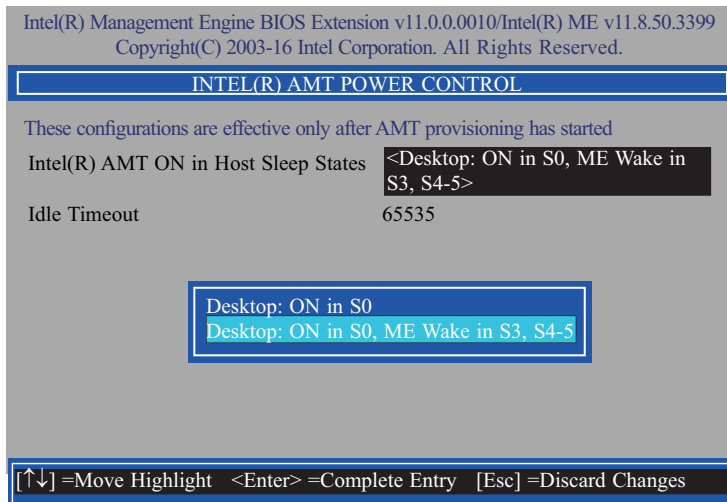
40. In the "Intel(R) Remote Configuration" menu, select the hash name then press Insert to enter custom hash certificate name, press Delete to delete a hash, press Enter to view hash information, or press + to activate or deactivate hash.



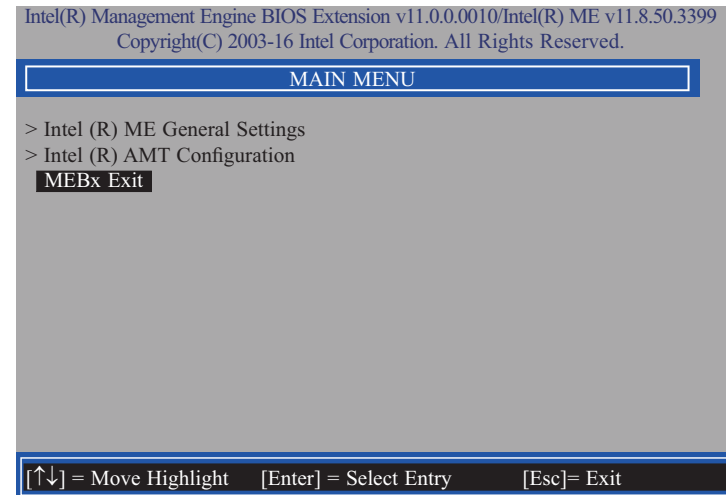
41. In the "Intel(R) AMT Configuration" menu, select "Power Control", and then press Enter.



42. In the "Intel(R) AMT Power Control" menu, select "Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States" then press Enter. Select an option then press "Enter".



44. Press "Esc" until you return to the "Main Menu". Select "MEBx Exit" then press "Enter". Press "Y" then press "Enter".



43. In the "Intel(R) AMT Power Control" menu, select "Idle Timeout" and then press "Enter". Enter the timeout value (1-65535).

