



CS631-C246/Q370

ATX Industrial Motherboard
User's Manual



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FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1 - Introduction	6
Specifications.....	6
CS631-C246	6
CS631-Q370.....	7
Features	8
DDR4	8
Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation	8
Board Layout.....	8
Standby Power LED	8
System Memory.....	9
Installing the DIMM Module	9
Removing the DIMM Module	10
CPU.....	11
Installing the CPU.....	11
Installing the Fan and Heat Sink.....	13
Jumper Settings.....	14
Clear CMOS	14
COM 1 Serial Mode	14
COM 2 Serial Mode	15
COM1 & COM2 RS232 Power Select.....	15
Digital I/O (DIO) Power Select.....	16
Digital I/O (DIO) Power Supply.....	16
Mini PCIe 2 Signal Select	17
mSATA (Mini PCIe 2 connector) / 7-pin SATA (SATA4) Switch	17
Mini PCIe 2 Power Select.....	18
Rear I/O Ports.....	15
PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse	15
USB Ports	16
Graphics Display	16
RJ45 LAN.....	17
Audio.....	17
COM 1 (Serial) Port.....	18
Internal I/O Connectors	19
COM (Serial) Port	19
USB Ports	20
Front Audio.....	21
SATA (Serial ATA)	21
Digital I/O	22
Cooling Fan Connectors	22
Power Connector.....	23
Chassis Intrusion.....	23
Front Panel	24
S/PDIF.....	24
Battery	25
SMBus	25
LAN LED	26
Expansion Slots	26
Installing the M.2 Module	27
Installing the Mini PCIe Module	28
LPC.....	29

External COM port Module.....	29
Chapter 3 - BIOS Settings	30
Overview	30
Main	30
Advanced	30
RC ACPI Configuration.....	31
CPU Configuration	31
Power & Performance.....	32
PCH-FW Configuration	32
Trusted Computing.....	35
NCT6116D Super IO Configuration	35
NCT6116D HW Monitor	36
Serial Port Console Redirection	37
USB Configuration.....	38
Network Stack Configuration.....	39
CSM Configuration.....	39
Chipset.....	40
Graphics Configuration	40
PEG Port Configuration	41
PCH-IO Configuration.....	41
SATA And RST Configuration.....	42
PCI Express Configuration	42
HD Audio Configuration	43
Security	44
Secure Boot.....	44
Boot.....	46
Save & Exit	46
Updating the BIOS.....	47
Notice: BIOS SPI ROM	47
Chapter 4 - Intel AMT Settings	48
Overview	48
Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS	48
Entering Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX).....	49
MEBX.....	50
Main Menu	50
Intel(R) ME General Settings	50
Intel(R) AMT Configuration.....	52
Chapter 5 - RAID	63
RAID Levels.....	63
Setup Procedure.....	63
Chapter 6 - Supported Software	65
Auto-run Menu	65
Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility.....	65
Intel HD Graphics Drivers	66
Realtek Audio Drivers.....	67
Intel LAN Driver	68
Intel ME Drivers.....	69
Intel Serial IO Drivers.....	70
Intel Rapid Storage Technology	71
Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3	73

About this Manual

This manual can be downloaded from the website, or acquired as an electronic file included in the optional CD/DVD. The manual is subject to change and update without notice, and may be based on editions that do not resemble your actual products. Please visit our website or contact our sales representatives for the latest editions.

Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



Important: Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

- To avoid damage to the system, use the correct AC input voltage range.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One CS631-C246/CS631-Q370 board
- One COM port cable (Length: 300mm, 2 x DB9 ports)
- One Serial ATA data cable (Length: 500mm)
- One I/O shield
- One standoff for M.2/Mini PCIe
- Three standoff screws (M2x4 mm I-head)
- One Quick Reference

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Optional Items

- USB 2.0 / USB 3.1 cable
- COM cable
- SATA cable
- Thermal Solution (Heat sink and fan)
- EXT-RS232 / EXT-RS485 module (4 external ports via LPC connector)
- DP-to-HDMI dongle

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- CPU
- Memory module
- Storage device such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

Chapter 1 - Introduction

► Specifications

CS631-C246

SYSTEM	Processor	8th Generation Intel® Core™/Pentium®/Celeron® Processors, LGA 1151 Socket, TDP up to 95W 9th Generation Intel® LGA 1151 Socket Processors: - Intel® Xeon® E-2278GEL (8 Cores, 16M Cache, up to 3.9 GHz); 35W - Intel® Xeon® E-2226GE (6 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.6 GHz); 80W - Intel® Core™ i7-9700TE (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 3.8 GHz); 35W - Intel® Core™ i5-9500E (6 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 4.2 GHz); 65W - Intel® Core™ i5-9500TE (6 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 3.6 GHz); 35W - Intel® Core™ i3-9100E (4 Cores, 6M Cache, 3.7 GHz); 65W - Intel® Core™ i3-9100TE (4 Cores, 6M Cache, to 3.2 GHz); 35W
	Chipset	Intel® C246 Chipset
	Memory	- Four 288-pin ECC/Non-ECC DIMM up to 64GB (Core™ i5/i7 only support non-ECC) - Dual Channel DDR4 2400/2666MHz - Intel® Optane™ Memory (M.2 M module)
	BIOS	AMI SPI 128Mbit
	GRAPHICS	Controller
Feature		OpenGL 5.0, DirectX 12, OpenCL 2.1 HW Decode: AVC/H.264, MPEG2, VC1/WMV9, JPEG/MJPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9 HW Encode: MPEG2, AVC/H264, JPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9
Display		1 x VGA, resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz 2 x DP++, resolution up to 4096x2160 @ 60Hz
EXPANSION	Triple Displays	VGA + DP++ + DP++
	Interface	2 x PCIe x16 (Gen 3) (1 x16 signal or 2 x8 signals) 3 x PCIe x4 (Gen 3) 1 x PCIe x1 (Gen 3) 1 x PCI 2 x Full-sized Mini PCIe (1* PCIe/SATA/USB2.0, 1* PCIe/USB2.0) 1 x M.2 2242/2260/2280 M key (PCIe Gen3 x 2 NVMe)
AUDIO	Audio Codec	Realtek ALC888
ETHERNET	Controller	1 x Intel® I210AT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps) 1 x Intel® I219LM PCIe with iAMT12.0 (10/100/1000Mbps) (only Xeon, Core i7/i5 supports iAMT)

REAR I/O	Ethernet	2 x GbE (RJ-45)	
	USB	2 x USB 3.1 Gen2 2 x USB 3.1 Gen1 2 x USB 2.0	
	Serial	1 x RS-232/422/485 (RS-232 w/ power) (DB-9)	
	PS/2	1 x PS/2 (mini-DIN-6)	
	Display	1 x VGA, 2 x DP++	
INTERNAL I/O	Audio	1 x Line-out, 1 x Mic-in, 1 x Line-in (opt., MOQ required)	
	Serial	1 x RS-232/422/485 (RS-232 w/ power) (2.54mm pitch) 4 x RS-232 (2.54mm pitch)	
	USB	2 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 (2.00mm pitch) 4 x USB 2.0 (2.54mm pitch) (1 x USB 2.0 colay vertical Type A) (opt., MOQ required)	
	Audio	1 x Front Audio Header 1 x S/PDIF	
	SATA	5 x SATA 3.0 (up to 6Gb/s, 1 SATA shared with Mini PCIe (mSATA), default at Mini PCIe) RAID 0/1/5/10	
	DIO	1 x 8-bit DIO	
	LPC	1 x LPC (supports LPC EXT-RS232/RS485 module)	
	SMBus	1 x SMBus	
	WATCHDOG TIMER	Output & Interval	System Reset, Programmable via Software from 1 to 255 Seconds
	SECURITY	TPM	Infineon TPM1.2/2.0 (opt., MOQ required)
POWER	Type	ATX	
	Connector	8-pin ATX 12V power 24-pin ATX power	
	Consumption	TBD	
	RTC Battery	CR2032 Coin Cell	
OS SUPPORT		Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 64-bit Linux	
ENVIRONMENT	Temperature	Operating: 0 to 60°C Storage: -30 to 60°C with RTC Battery; -40 to 85°C without RTC Battery	
	Humidity	Operating: 5 to 90% RH; Storage: 5 to 90% RH	
	MTBF	TBD	
MECHANICAL	Dimensions	ATX Form Factor: 305mm (12") x 244mm (9.6")	
	Height	PCB: 1.6mm	
CERTIFICATIONS		CE, FCC Class B, RoHS	

► Specifications

CS631-Q370

SYSTEM	Processor	8th Generation Intel® Core™/Pentium®/Celeron® Processors, LGA 1151 Socket, TDP up to 95W 9th Generation Intel® LGA 1151 Socket Processors - Intel® Core™ i7-9700TE (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 3.8 GHz); 35W - Intel® Core™ i5-9500E (6 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 4.2 GHz); 65W - Intel® Core™ i5-9500TE (6 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 3.6 GHz); 35W - Intel® Core™ i3-9100E (4 Cores, 6M Cache, 3.7 GHz); 65W - Intel® Core™ i3-9100TE (4 Cores, 6M Cache, to 3.2 GHz); 35W
	Chipset	Intel® Q370 Chipset
	Memory	- Four 288-pin DIMM up to 64GB - Dual Channel DDR4 2400/2666MHz - Intel® Optane™ Memory (M.2 M module)
	BIOS	AMI SPI 128Mbit
GRAPHICS	Controller	Intel® HD Gen 9 Graphics
	Feature	OpenGL 5.0, DirectX 12, OpenCL 2.1 HW Decode: AVC/H.264, MPEG2, VC1/WMV9, JPEG/MJPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9 HW Encode: MPEG2, AVC/H264, JPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9
	Display	1 x VGA 2 x DP++ VGA: resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz DP++: resolution up to 4096x2160 @ 60Hz
	Triple Displays	VGA + DP++ + DP++
EXPANSION	Interface	2 x PCIe x16 (Gen 3) (1 x16 signal or 2 x8 signals) 3 x PCIe x4 (Gen 3) 1 x PCIe x1 (Gen 3) 1 x PCI 2 x Full-sized Mini PCIe (1* PCIe/SATA/USB2.0, 1* PCIe/USB2.0) 1 x M.2 2242/2260/2280 M key (PCIe Gen3 x 2 NVMe)
	Audio Codec	Realtek ALC888
ETHERNET	Controller	1 x Intel® I210AT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps) 1 x Intel® I219LM PCIe with iAMT12.0 (10/100/1000Mbps) (only Core i7/i5 supports iAMT)
REAR I/O	Ethernet	2 x GbE (RJ-45)
	USB	2 x USB 3.1 Gen2 2 x USB 3.1 Gen1 2 x USB 2.0
	Serial	1 x RS-232/422/485 (RS-232 w/ power) (DB-9)
	PS/2	1 x PS/2 (mini-DIN-6)
	Display	1 x VGA 2 x DP++
	Audio	1 x Line-out, 1 x Mic-in, 1 x Line-in (opt., MOQ required)

INTERNAL I/O	Serial	1 x RS-232/422/485 (RS-232 w/ power) (2.54mm pitch) 4 x RS-232 (2.54mm pitch)
	USB	2 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 (2.00mm pitch) 4 x USB 2.0 (2.54mm pitch) (1 x USB 2.0 colay vertical Type A) (opt., MOQ required)
	Audio	1 x Front Audio Header 1 x S/PDIF
	SATA	5 x SATA 3.0 (up to 6Gb/s, 1 SATA shared with mini PCIe (SATA), default at mini PCIe) RAID 0/1/5/10
	DIO	1 x 8-bit DIO
	LPC	1 x LPC (supports LPC EXT-RS232/RS485 module)
	SMBus	1 x SMBus
WATCHDOG TIMER	Output & Interval	System Reset, Programmable via Software from 1 to 255 Seconds
SECURITY	TPM	Infineon TPM1.2/2.0 (opt., MOQ required)
POWER	Type	ATX
	Connector	8-pin ATX 12V power 24-pin ATX power
	RTC Battery	CR2032 Coin Cell
OS SUPPORT		Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 64-bit Linux
ENVIRONMENT	Temperature	Operating: 0 to 60°C Storage: -30 to 60°C with RTC Battery; -40 to 85°C without RTC Battery
	Humidity	Operating: 5 to 90% RH Storage: 5 to 90% RH
MECHANICAL	Dimensions	ATX Form Factor: 305mm (12") x 244mm (9.6")
	Height	PCB: 1.6mm
CERTIFICATIONS		CE, FCC Class B, RoHS

► Features

Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly “clear” the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

DDR4

DDR4 delivers increased system bandwidth and improves performance. The advantages of DDR4 provide an extended battery life and improve the performance at a lower power than DDR3/DDR2.

Graphics

The integrated Intel® HD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications.

Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s.

Gigabit LAN

The Intel® I219LM and Intel® I210AT Gigabit Ethernet Controllers support data transmission at 1Gbps. Two additional GbE ports powered by Realtek 8365MB serve as hubs for Layer 2 switching.

Audio

The Realtek ALC888S-VD2-GR audio codec provides 5.1 channel High Definition audio output.

Wake-On-LAN

This feature allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. It is supported via the onboard LAN port or via a PCI LAN card that uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal. However, if your system is in the Suspend mode, you can power-on the system only through an IRQ or DMA interrupt.

Wake-On-USB

This function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.

PCI Express

PCI Express is a high bandwidth I/O infrastructure that possesses the ability to scale speeds by forming multiple lanes. The x4 PCI Express lane supports transfer rate of 4 Gigabyte per second (2 directions). The PCI Express architecture also supports high performance graphics infrastructure by enhancing the capability of a PCIe x16 Gen 3 at 16GB/s bandwidth (8GB/s in each direction).

ACPI STR

The system board is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that enables PCs to implement Power Management and Plug-and-Play with operating systems that support OS Direct Power Management. ACPI when enabled in the Power Management Setup will allow you to use the Suspend to RAM function.

With the Suspend to RAM function enabled, you can power-off the system at once by pressing the power button or selecting “Standby” when you shut down Windows® without having to go through the sometimes tiresome process of closing files, applications and operating system. This is because the system is capable of storing all programs and data files during the entire operating session into RAM (Random Access Memory) when it powers-off. The operating session will resume exactly where you left off the next time you power-on the system.

Power Failure Recovery

When power returns after an AC power failure, you may choose to either power-on the system manually or let the system power-on automatically.

USB

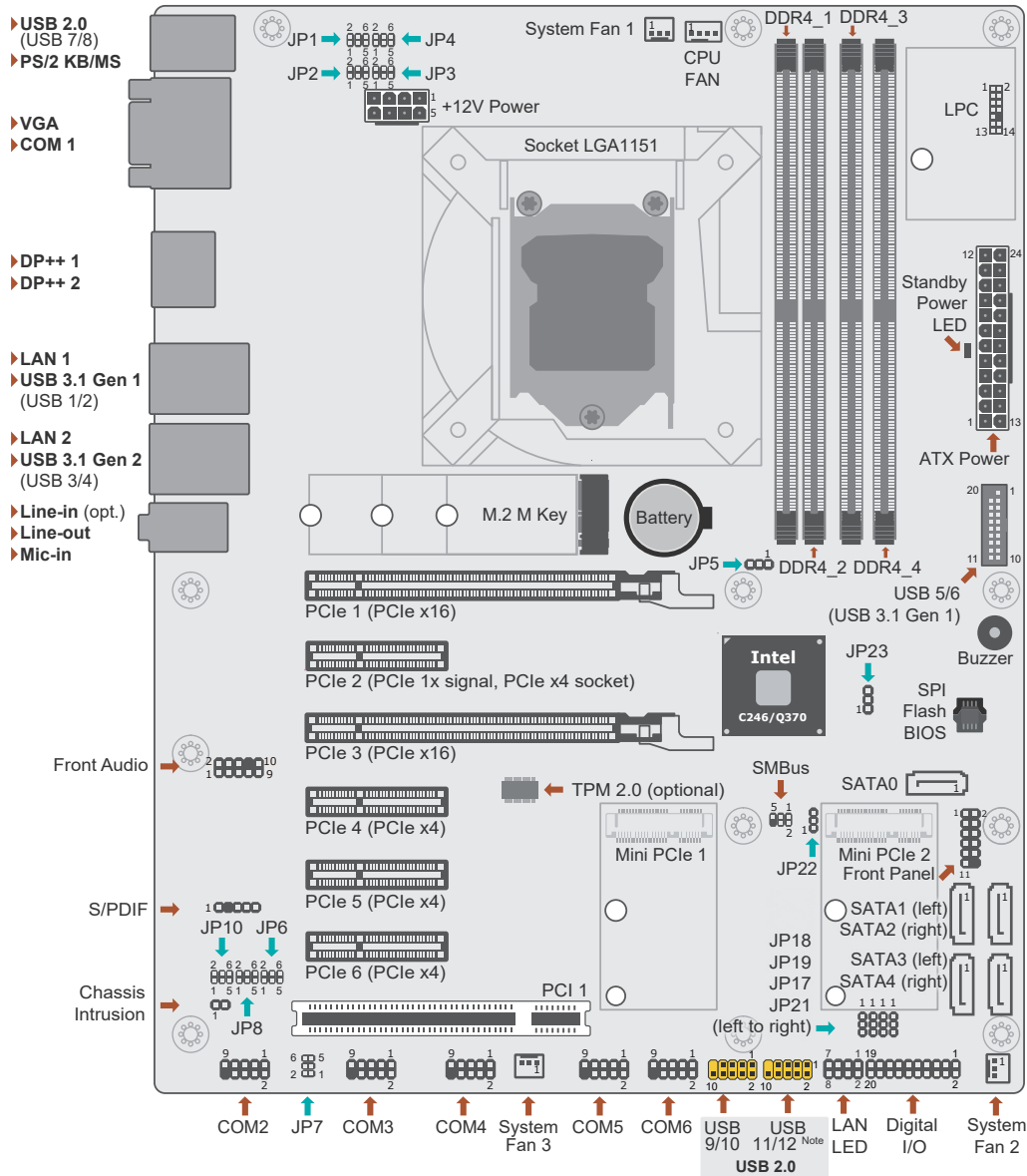
The system board supports the new USB 3.1 Gen 2. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 10 Gbit/s (1.2 GB/s) and is faster than USB 3.1 Gen 1 (5 Gbit/s, or 625 MB/s), USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.1 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

RTC Timer

The Real Time Clock (RTC) installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on on the set date and time.

Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

► Board Layout

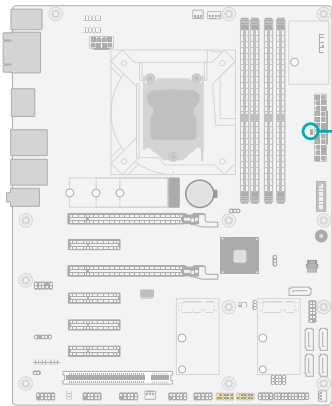


Note:
 The USB 11/12 ports can either be a 10-pin header or a vertical Type A connector.



Important:
 Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

► Standby Power LED

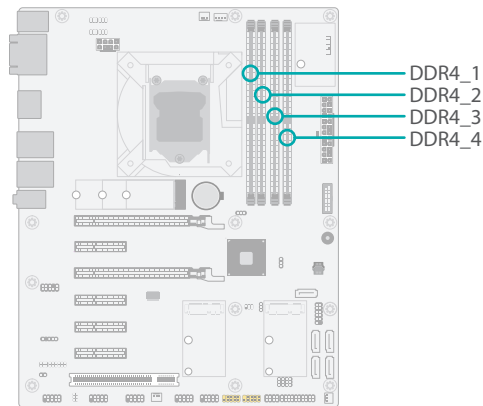


Standby Power LED



Important:
 When the Standby Power LED lit red, it indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

► System Memory



The system board supports the following memory interface.

Single Channel (SC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 64 bits from the memory channels.

Dual Channel (DC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 128 bits from the memory channels. Dual channel provides better system performance because it doubles the data transfer rate.

Single Channel

DIMMs are on the same channel. DIMMs in a channel can be identical or completely different. However, we highly recommend using identical DIMMs. Not all slots need to be populated.

Dual Channel

DIMMs of the same memory configuration are on different channels.

Features

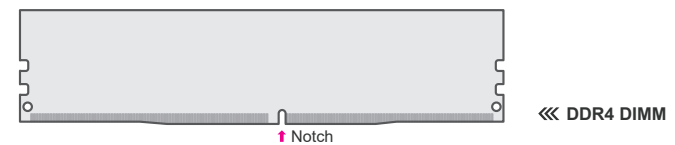
- CS631-C246: Four 288-pin ECC/Non-ECC DIMM up to 64GB
- CS631-Q370: Four 288-pin DIMM up to 64GB
- Dual Channel DDR4 2400/2666 MHz

► System Memory

Installing the DIMM Module

Before installing the memory module, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the DIMM socket on the system board
4. Make sure the notch on memory card is aligned to the key on the socket.

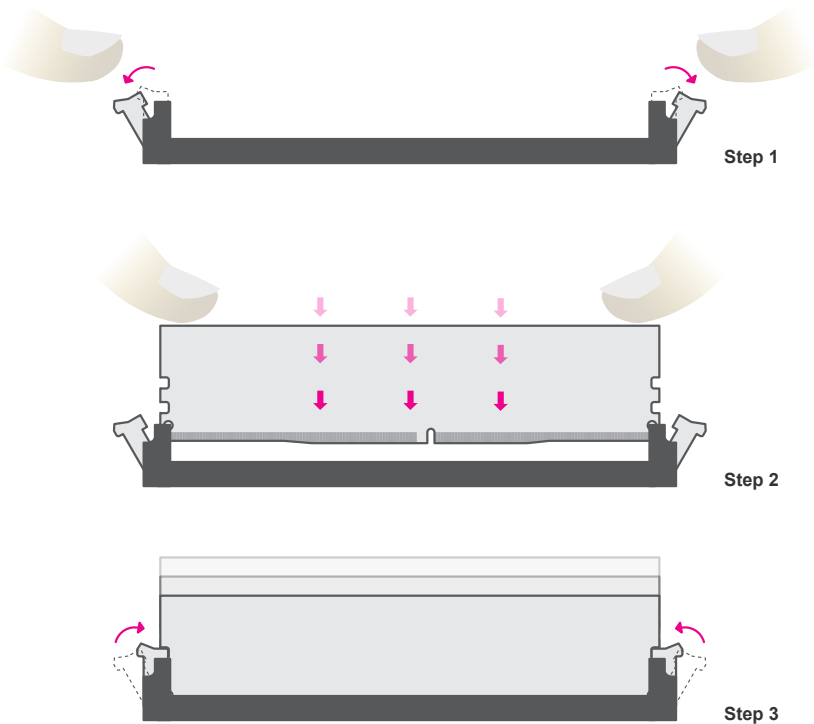


Please follow the steps below to install the memory card into the socket.

Step 1:
Press the eject tabs at both ends of the socket outward and downward to release them from the locked position.

Step 2:
Insert the memory card into the slot while making sure the notch and the key are aligned. Press the card down firmly with fingers while applying and maintaining even pressure on both ends.

Step 3:
The tabs snap automatically to the edges of the card and lock the card in place.



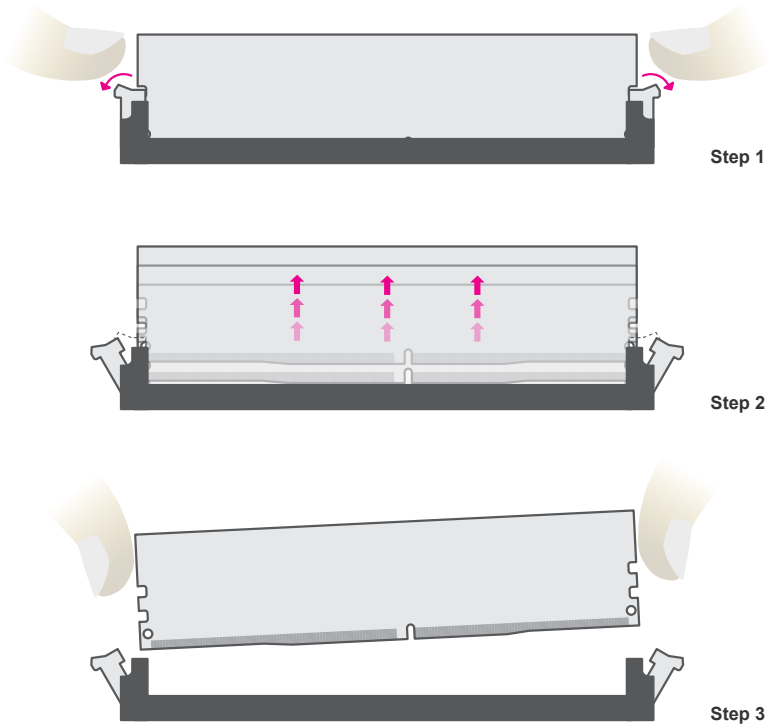
Removing the DIMM Module

Please follow the steps below to remove the memory card from the socket.

Step 1:
Press the eject tabs at both ends of the socket outward and downward to release them from the locked position.

Step 2:
The memory card ejects from the slot automatically.

Step 3:
Hold the card by its edges and remove it from the slot.



► CPU

The system board is equipped with a surface mount LGA 1151 socket. This socket is exclusively designed for installing a LGA 1151 packaged Intel CPU.



Important:
1. Before you proceed, make sure (1) the LGA 1151 socket comes with a protective cap, (2) the cap is not damaged and (3) the socket's contact pins are not bent. If the cap is missing or the cap and/or contact pins are damaged, contact your dealer immediately.
2. Make sure to keep the protective cap. RMA requests will be accepted and processed only if the LGA 1151 socket comes with the protective cap.



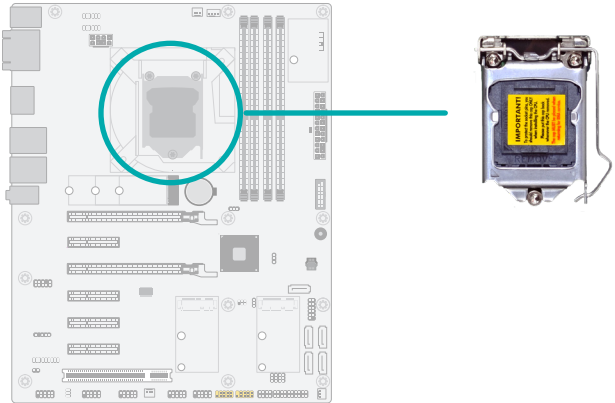
Protective cap



Note:
The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations and photos are for reference only.

Installing the CPU

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.



3. Locate the LGA 1151 CPU socket on the system board.



Important:
The CPU socket must not come in contact with anything other than the CPU. Avoid unnecessary exposure. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.

4. Unlock the socket by pressing the load lever down, moving it sideways until to escape the retention tab. Lift the load lever up when it's released.



Load lever

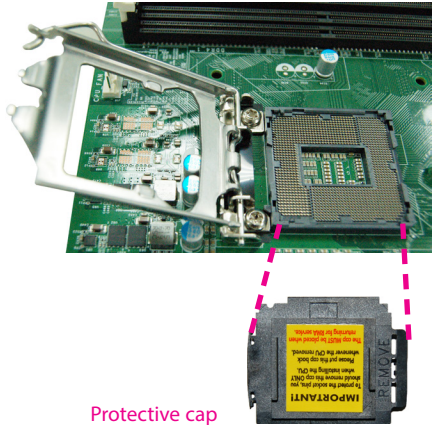
Retention tab

CPU ▶ Installing the CPU

5. Lift the load lever and the load plate all the way up as shown in the photo.



6. Remove the protective cap from the CPU socket. The cap is used to protect the CPU socket against dust and harmful particles. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.



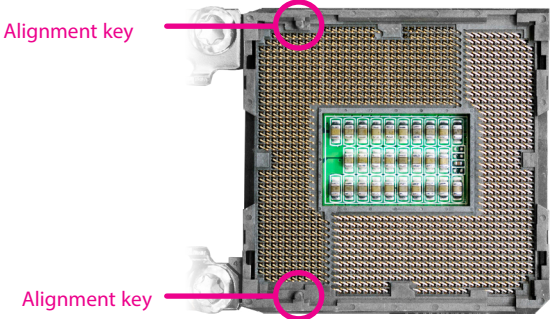
7-1. Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the chamfer corner of the CPU socket shown in the photo.



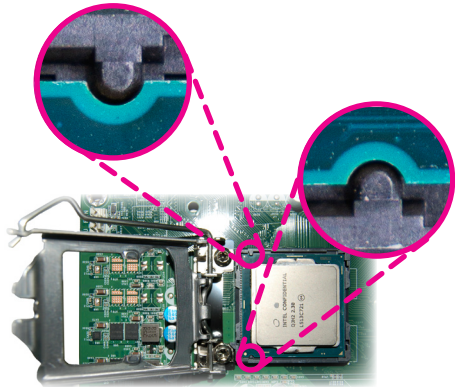
Important:
The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be seated without exerting any force.

CPU ▶ Installing the CPU

7-2. Two keys on the socket and notches on the CPU also facilitate alignment.



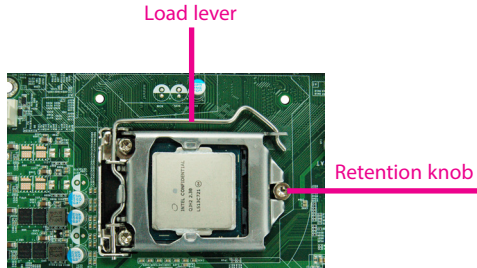
7-3. The CPU's notch will fit into the socket's alignment key when it's seated in the correct orientation.



8. Close the load plate then push the load lever down.

While closing the load plate, make sure the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention knob.

9. Press down the load lever and hook it under the retention tab.



▶ CPU

Installing the Fan and Heat Sink

The CPU must be kept cool by using a CPU fan with heat sink. Without sufficient air circulation across the CPU and heat sink, the CPU will overheat damaging both the CPU and system board.

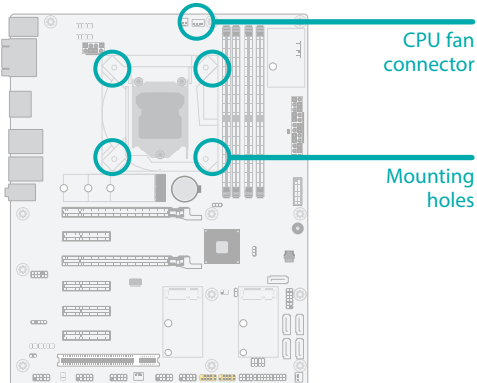


Note:
A boxed Intel® processor already includes the CPU fan and heat sink assembly. If your CPU was purchased separately, make sure to only use Intel®-certified fan and heat sink.

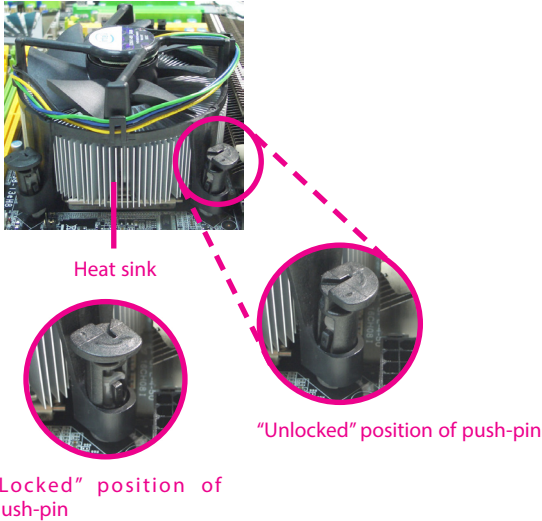
1. Before you install the fan / heat sink, you must apply a thermal paste onto the top of the CPU. The thermal paste is usually supplied when you purchase the fan / heat sink assembly. Do not spread the paste all over the surface. When you later place the heat sink on top of the CPU, the compound will disperse evenly.

Some heat sinks come with a patch of pre-applied thermal paste. Do not apply thermal paste if the fan / heat sink already has a patch of thermal paste on its underside. Peel the strip that covers the paste before you place the fan / heat sink on top of the CPU.

2. Place the heat sink on top of the CPU. The 4 spring screws around the heat sink, which are used to secure the heat sink onto the system board, must match the 4 mounting holes around the socket.
3. Orient the heat sink so that the CPU fan's cable is nearest the CPU fan connector.



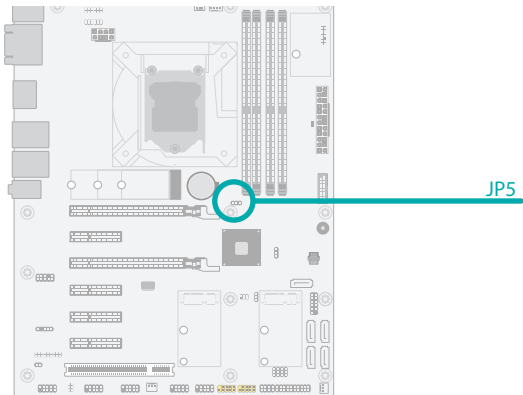
4. Screw tight two of the spring screws at opposite corners into the mounting holes. And then proceed with the other two spring screws.



5. Connect the CPU fan's cable to the CPU fan connector on the system board.

► Jumper Settings

Clear CMOS



If any anomaly of the followings is encountered —

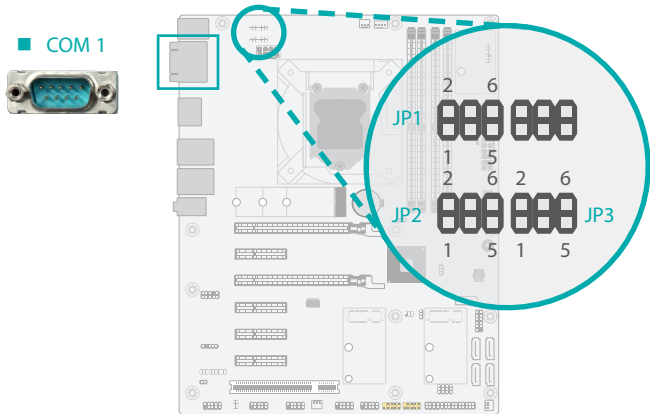
- a) CMOS data is corrupted;
- b) you forgot the supervisor or user password;
- c) failure to start the system due to BIOS mis-configuration

— it is suggested that the system be reconfigured with default values stored in the ROM BIOS. To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
2. Put a jumper cap on JP5's pin 2 and pin 3. Wait for a few seconds and set JP5 back to its default setting, i.e. jumper cap on pin 1 and pin 2.
3. Plug the power cord and power-on the system.



COM 1 Serial Mode

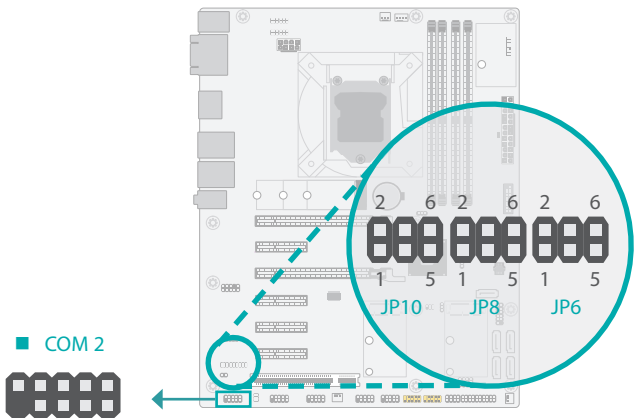


JP1, JP2, and JP3 are used to configure the COM 1 port to RS232, RS422 (Full Duplex) or RS485. The three jumpers must all be configured to the same serial mode.

	RS232 (default)	RS422	RS485
JP3	 ■ 1-3, 4-6 On	 ■ 3-5, 4-6 On	 ■ 3-5, 2-4 On
JP1 & JP2	 ■ 1-3, 2-4 On	 ■ 3-5, 4-6 On	 ■ 3-5, 4-6 On

► Jumper Settings

COM 2 Serial Mode



JP6, JP8, and JP10 are used to configure the COM 2 port to RS232, RS422 (Full Duplex) or RS485. The three jumpers must all be configured to the same serial mode.

	RS232 (default)	RS422	RS485
JP10	<p>■ 1-3, 4-6 On</p>	<p>■ 3-5, 4-6 On</p>	<p>■ 3-5, 2-4 On</p>
JP6 & JP8	<p>■ 1-3, 2-4 On</p>	<p>■ 3-5, 4-6 On</p>	<p>■ 3-5, 4-6 On</p>

► Jumper Settings

COM1 & COM2 RS232 Power Select

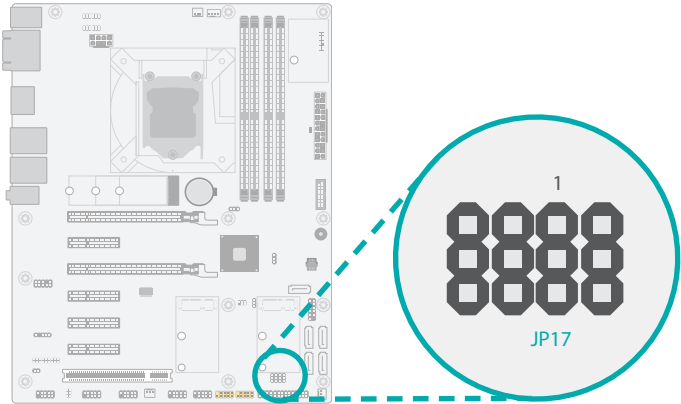


Two COM ports support RS232 with or without power configured via jumper settings of JP4 (COM 1) and JP7 (COM 2).

	Standard RS232 (default)	RS232 with Power
JP4 (COM1)	<p>■ 1-3 On: Pin 9 = RI-</p> <p>■ 2-4 On: Pin 1 = DCD-</p>	<p>■ 3-5 On: Pin 9 = +5V</p> <p>■ 4-6 On: Pin 1 = +12V</p>
JP7 (COM2)		

▶ Jumper Settings

Digital I/O (DIO) Power Select



JP17 is used to select the power of Digital I/O: +5V_{DU} (default) or +5V.



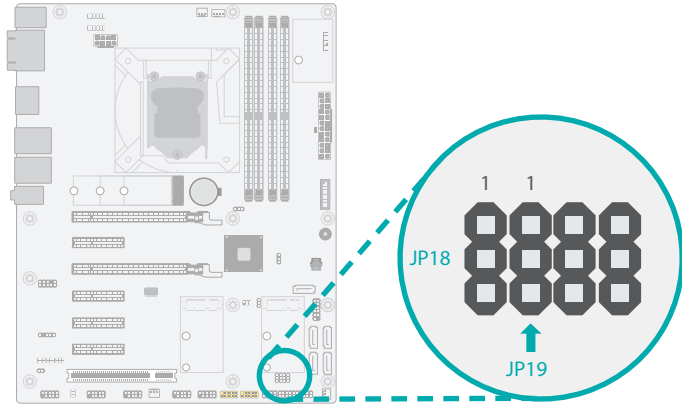
■ 1-2 On: +5V_{DU} (default)



■ 2-3 On: +5V

▶ Jumper Settings

Digital I/O (DIO) Power Supply



The Digital I/O can be configured to use the power bus of the Digital I/O connector for power supply or not. JP18 is used to select for DIO0~DIO3. JP19 is used to select for DIO4~DIO7.



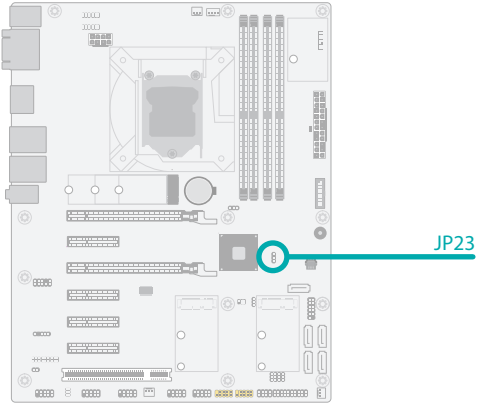
■ 1-2 On: DIO power used (default)



■ 2-3 On: GND

▶ Jumper Settings

Mini PCIe 2 Signal Select



The signal of Mini PCIe 2 can be switched between SATA (default) or PCIe via JP23. When SATA bus is selected, please further decide whether it is directed to the Mini PCIe 2 connector (mSATA signal) or the 7-pin SATA connector (SATA4).



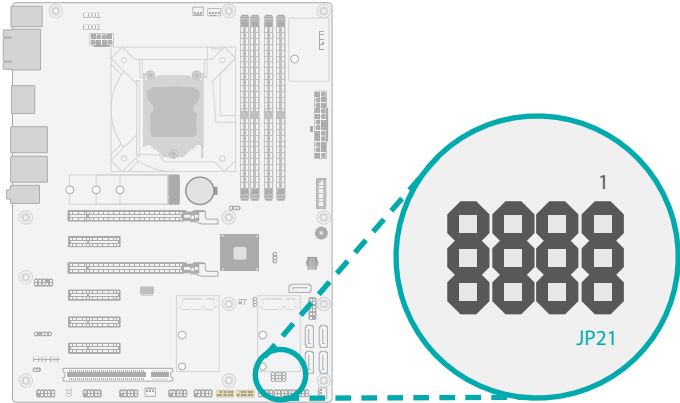
■ 1-2 On: SATA bus (default)



■ 2-3 On: PCIe bus

▶ Jumper Settings

mSATA (Mini PCIe 2 connector) / 7-pin SATA (SATA4) Switch



The Mini PCIe 2 bus is shared by a SATA bus and a PCIe bus. When set to SATA bus via JP23 as previously instructed, this SATA bus can further be directed to either the 7-pin SATA connector (SATA4) or the Mini PCIe 2 connector (mSATA signal) via JP21.



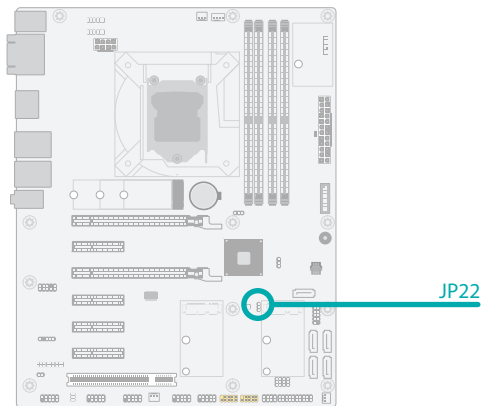
■ 1-2 On: 7-pin SATA connector (SATA4)



■ 2-3 On: mSATA via Mini PCIe 2 (default)

▶ Jumper Settings

Mini PCIe 2 Power Select



The power of Mini PCIe 2 can be switched between 3V3DU and 3V3 via JP22.

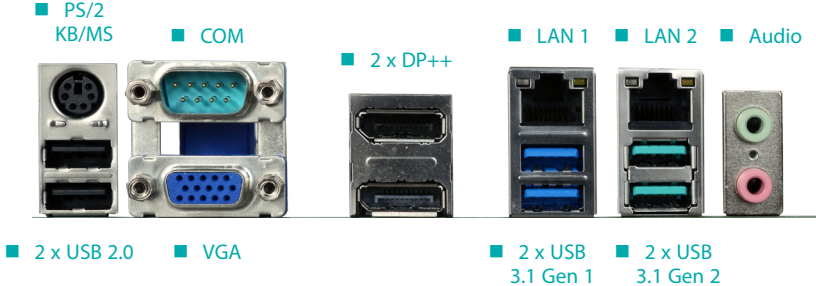


■ 1-2 On: 3V3DU (default)



■ 2-3 On: 3V3

▶ Rear I/O Ports

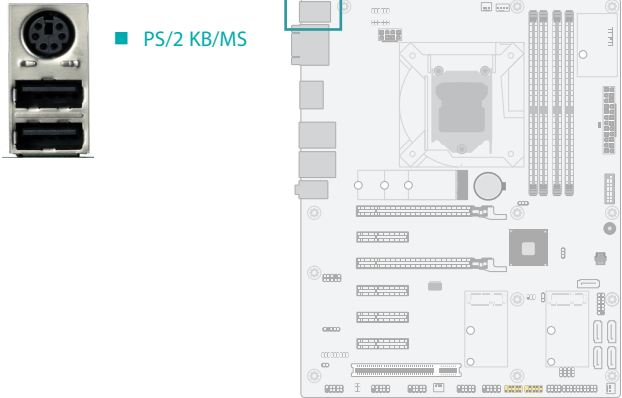


The rear panel I/O ports consist of the following:

- 1 PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse port
- 2 USB 2.0 ports
- 1 Serial COM port
- 1 VGA port
- 2 DP++ ports
- 2 RJ45 LAN ports
- 2 USB 3.1 Gen1 ports
- 2 USB 3.1 Gen2 ports
- 1 Line-in jack (optional)
- 1 Line-out jack
- 1 Mic-in jack

▶ Rear I/O Ports

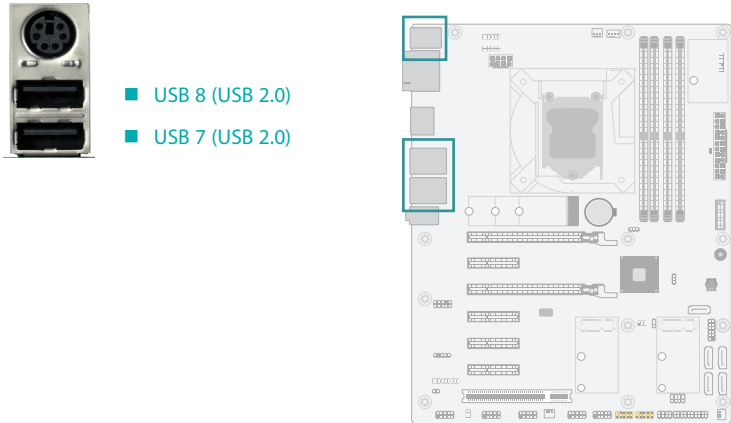
PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse



This rear I/O port is used to connect a PS/2 keyboard/mouse. IRQ12 is reserved for the PS/2 mouse connector.

▶ Rear I/O Ports

USB Ports



USB allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals. The system board is equipped with multiple USB Type A ports at the rear side — two USB 2.0 ports, two USB 3.1 Gen1 ports, and two USB 3.1 Gen2 ports. For the internal USB ports, please refer to the next section. Please refer to the next section for internal USB connectors.

BIOS Setting

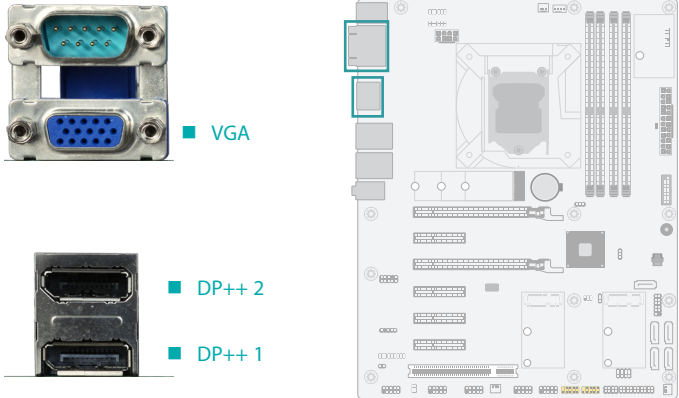
Configure the onboard USB in the Advanced menu (“USB Configuration” submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.

▶ Rear I/O Ports

Graphics Display



VGA

The VGA port is used for connecting a VGA monitor. Connect the monitor’s 15-pin D-shell cable connector to the VGA port. After you plug the monitor’s cable connector into the VGA port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

DisplayPort ++

The DisplayPort (DP) is a digital display interface used to connect a display device such as a computer monitor. It is used to transmit audio and video simultaneously. The interface, which is developed by VESA, delivers higher performance features than any other digital interface. DP++ is supported by the system board for converting to DVI and HDMI signals.

BIOS Setting

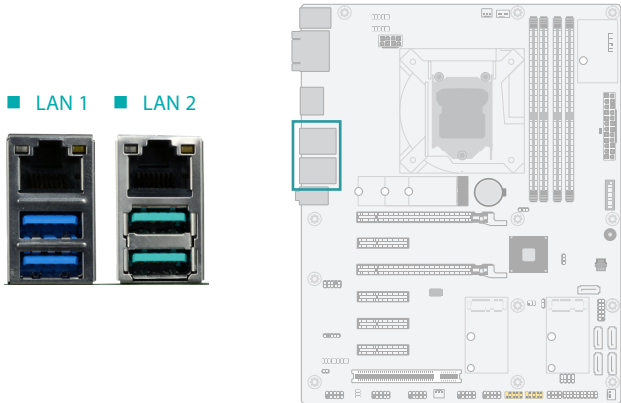
Configure the display devices in the advanced menu (“Video Configuration” submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the graphics driver. Refer to the chapter 4 for more information.

▶ Rear I/O Ports

RJ45 LAN



The two LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network.

BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard LAN ports in the Advanced menu ("ACPI Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

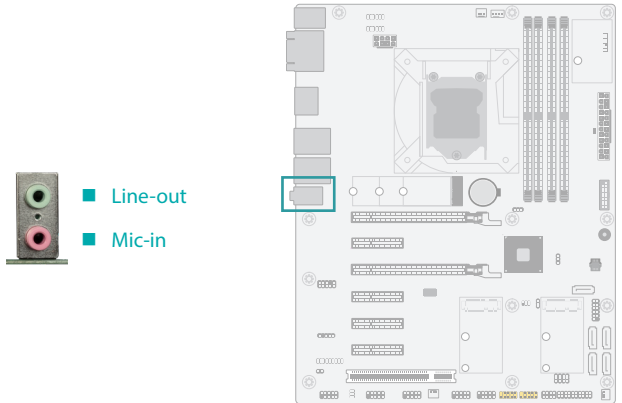
Install the LAN drivers. Refer to the chapter 4 for more information.

Features

- 1 Intel® I210AT PCIe Gigabit Ethernet LAN Controller
- 1 Intel® I219LM LAN PHY with iAMT12.0 (only Xeon/Core i7/i5 supports iAMT)

▶ Rear I/O Ports

Audio



The system board is equipped with three rear audio jacks:

- Line-in Jack (Light Blue), optional
This jack is used to connect any audio devices such as Hi-fi set, CD player, tape player, AM/FM radio tuner, synthesizer, etc.
- Line-out Jack (Lime)
This jack is used to connect a headphone or external speakers.
- Mic-in Jack (Pink)
This jack is used to connect an external microphone.

For the internal Front Audio connector, please refer to the next section.

BIOS Setting

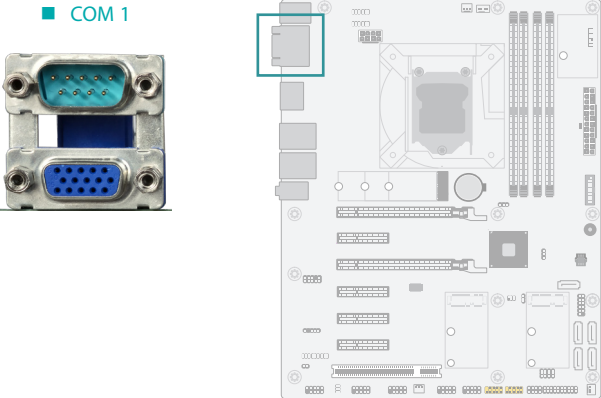
Configure the onboard audio port in the Advanced menu ("Audio Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the audio driver. Refer to Chapter 4 for more information.

► Rear I/O Ports

COM 1 (Serial) Port



■ COM 1 Pin Assignment

Pin	Standard RS232	RS232 with Power	RS422	RS485
1	DCD-	+12V	TXD-	Data-
2	RD	RD	TXD+	Data+
3	TD	TD	RXD+	N.C.
4	DTR-	DTR-	RXD-	N.C.
5	GND	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR-	DSR-	N.C.	N.C.
7	RTS-	RTS-	N.C.	N.C.
8	CTS-	CTS-	N.C.	N.C.
9	RI-	+5V	N.C.	N.C.

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.


COM 1 supports three serial modes, i.e. RS232, RS422, and RS485 as well as RS232 with/without power.

Jumper Setting

Serial mode and RS232 with/without power of COM 1 are configured via jumper settings as previously instructed in this chapter.

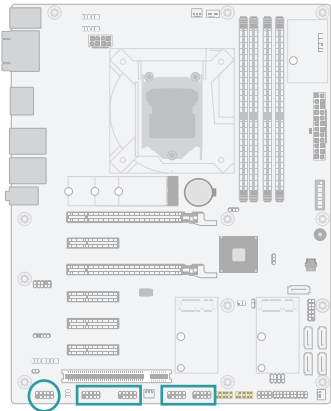
BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard COM ports in the Advanced menu ("Console Redirection" and "SIO NU-VOTON6116D" submenus) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

 **Note:**
 Please refer to the Internal I/O section later in this chapter for more information on the internal COM ports.

► Internal I/O Connectors

COM (Serial) Port



■ COM Port Pin Headers



■ COM 2/3/4/5/6 from left to right

The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

COM 2 supports three serial modes, i.e. RS232, RS422, and RS485 as well as RS232 with/without power. COM 3/4/5/6 only support RS232.

Jumper Setting

Serial mode and RS232 with/without power of COM 2 are configured via jumper settings as previously instructed in this chapter.

BIOS Setting

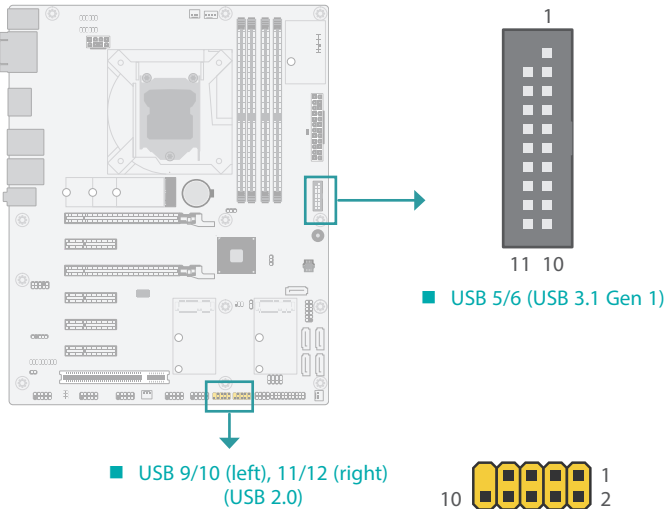
Configure the onboard COM ports in the Advanced menu ("Console Redirection" and "SIO NU-VOTON6116D" submenus) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

■ COM Port Pin Assignment

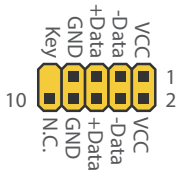
Pin	Standard RS232	RS232 with Power (COM 2)	RS422 (COM 2)	RS485 (COM 2)
1	DCD-	+12V	TXD-	Data-
2	RD	RD	TXD+	Data+
3	TD	TD	RXD+	N.C.
4	DTR-	DTR-	RXD-	N.C.
5	GND	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR-	DSR-	N.C.	N.C.
7	RTS-	RTS-	N.C.	N.C.
8	CTS-	CTS-	N.C.	N.C.
9	RI-	+5V	N.C.	N.C.

▶ Internal I/O Connectors

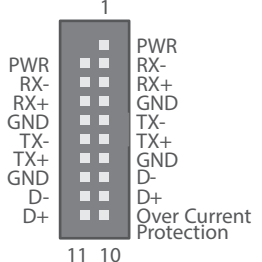
USB Ports



■ USB (USB 2.0) Pin Assignment



■ USB 3.1 Pin Assignment



The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

In addition to the rear USB ports as introduced previously in this chapter, the system board is equipped with four internal USB 2.0 ports and 2 USB 3.1 Gen1 ports as illustrated above. USB 11/12 can also be replaced by a Type A vertical connector.


The internal USB pin headers may be connected to a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and then insert the USB port cables to a connector.

BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard USB in the Advanced menu (“USB Configuration” submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

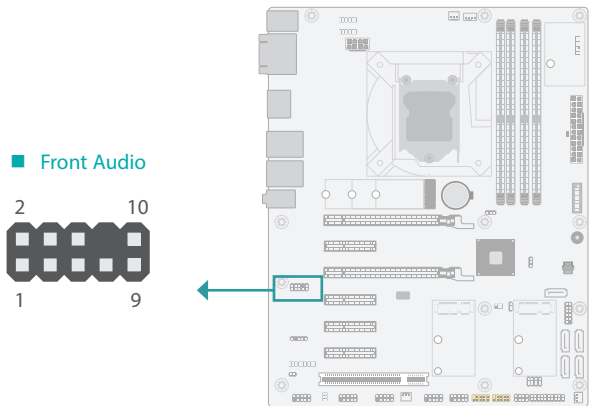
Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S state(s).

 **Note:**
 The 10-pin header for USB 11/12 ports can be replaced by a vertical Type A connector.

Internal I/O Connectors

Front Audio



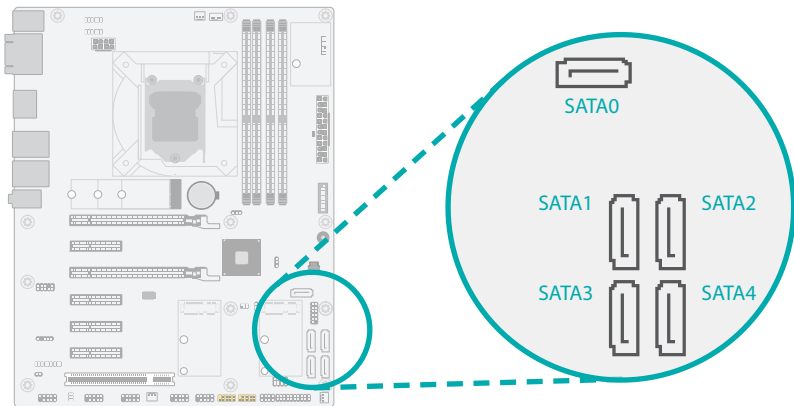
The Front Audio internal connector allows you to connect to the second line-out and mic-in jacks that are at the front panel of your system.

Front Audio Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Mic-L	2	GND
3	Mic-R	4	N.C.
5	Line-Out-R	6	Mic-JD (sense)
7	GND	8	KEY
9	Line-Out-L	10	Line-JD (sense)

Internal I/O Connectors

SATA (Serial ATA)



The Serial ATA (SATA) connectors are used to connect the Serial ATA device. SATA 3.0 is supported by the five SATA ports and provides data rate up to 6Gb/s. Connect one end of the Serial ATA cable to a SATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

BIOS Setting

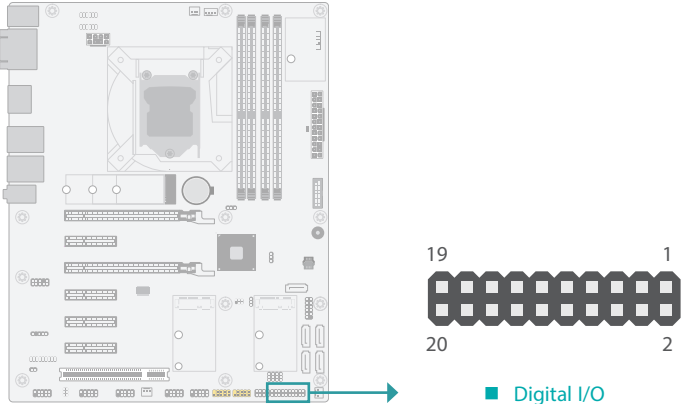
Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Advanced menu ("SATA Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

SATA Pin Assignment



Internal I/O Connectors

Digital I/O



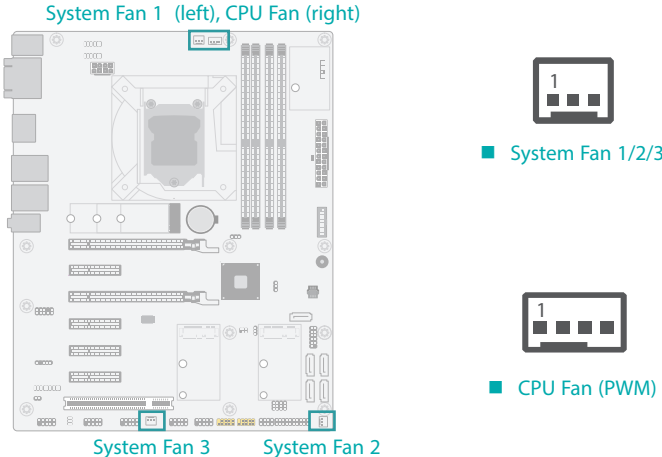
The 8-bit Digital I/O (DIO) connector allows for input/output signals of digital logical states defined by voltage levels.

Digital I/O Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	GND	2	+12V
3	DIO_7	4	+12V
5	DIO_6	6	GND
7	DIO_5	8	+5V
9	DIO_4	10	+5V
11	DIO_3	12	GND
13	DIO_2	14	+5V _{DU}
15	DIO_1	16	+5V _{DU}
17	DIO_0	18	GND
19	GND	20	---

Internal I/O Connectors

Cooling Fan Connectors



These fan connectors are used to connect to cooling fans. Cooling fans provide adequate air circulation throughout the chassis and dissipate heat to prevent overheating of the system board and components. The 4-pin fan provides PWM to modulate fan speed whereas the 3-pin fans modulate fan speed via voltage modulation.

BIOS Setting

Configure the Smart Fans in the Advanced menu ("SIO NUVOTON6116D" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

3-pin Fan Pin Assignment

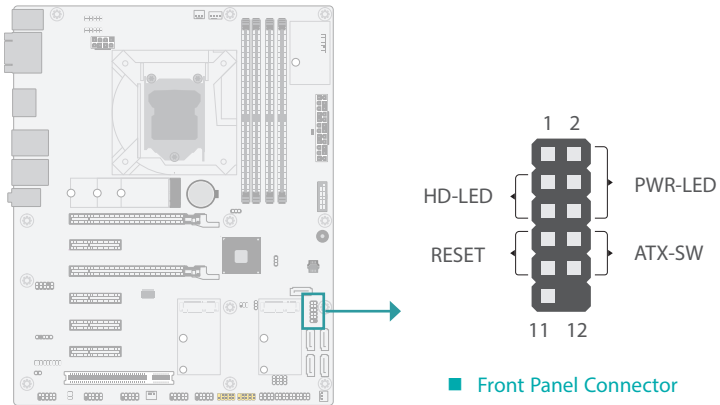
Pin	Assignment
1	Ground
2	Power
3	Sense

4-pin Fan Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment
1	Ground
2	Power
3	Sense
4	Speed Control

Internal I/O Connectors

Front Panel



Front Panel Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment	
1	N.C.	2	LED Power	
3	HDD Power	PWR-LED	4	LED Power
5	Signal	6	Signal	
7	Ground	8	Ground	
9	Signal	10	Signal	
11	N.C.	12	---	

HDD-LED - Hard Disk Drive LED

Lighting of the LED indicates that the hard drive is being accessed.

RESET - Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED

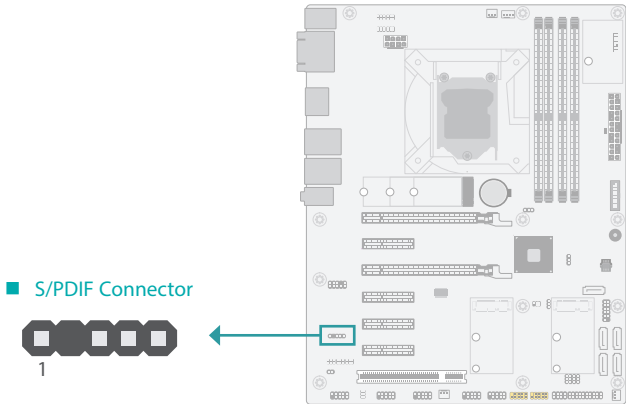
When the system's power is on, this LED will light up. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink at 1-second intervals. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink at 4-second intervals.

ATX-SW - ATX Power Switch

This switch is used to power on or off the system.

Internal I/O Connectors

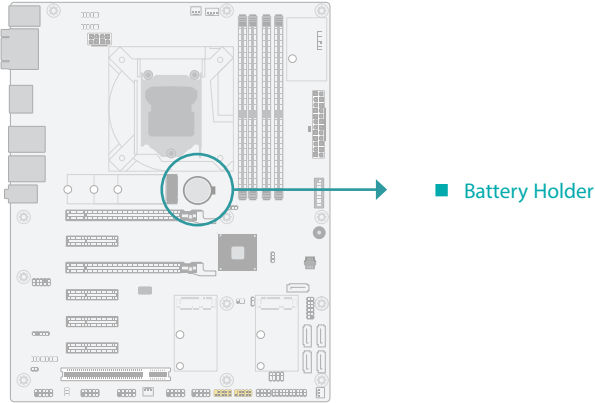
S/PDIF



The Sony/Philips Digital Interface (S/PDIF) connector is for audio output to external audio equipment. The S/PDIF port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then connect the audio cable to the S/PDIF connector. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable is aligned with pin 1 of the S/PDIF connector.

Internal I/O Connectors

Battery



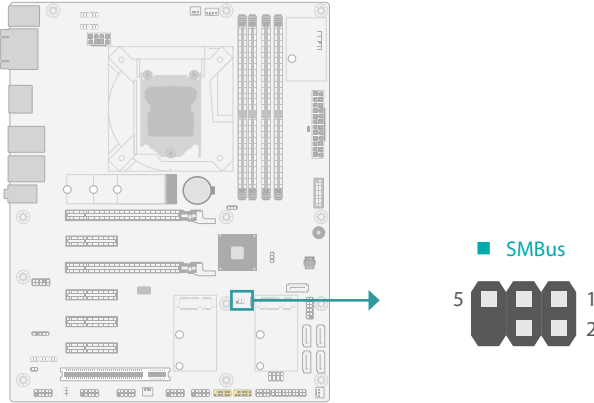
The lithium ion battery addendum supplies power to the real-time clock and CMOS memory as an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off. Insert a coin cell battery into the holder and make sure the polarities are correctly oriented — the cap side (rimmed rounded edge) is negative and should be facing the holder; the flat side with a + mark is positive and should be facing away from the holder.

Safety Measures

- There exists explosion hazard if the battery is incorrectly installed.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinances.

Internal I/O Connectors

SMBus



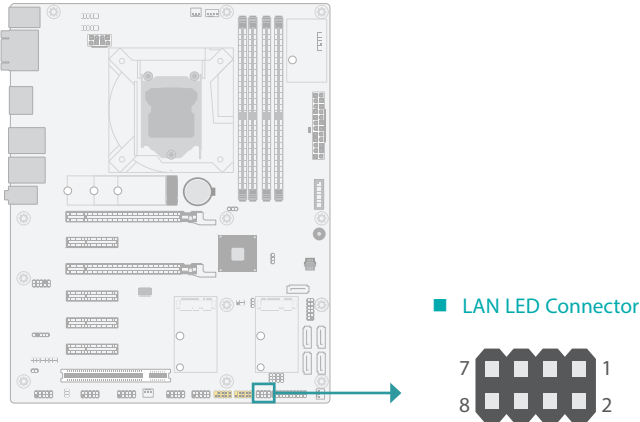
The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect the SMBus device. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

SMBus Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	3V3SB	2	GND
3	SMBus_Clock	4	SMBus_DATA
5	SMBus_Alert	6	---

Internal I/O Connectors

LAN LED



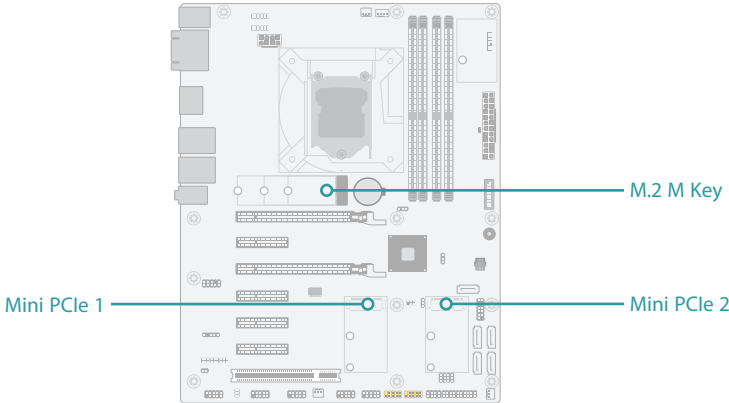
The LAN LED connector is used to detect the connection state of RJ45 LAN ports when the connection is made to an active network via a cable. The pin functions of the LAN LED connector are listed below.

LAN LED Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	GBE_1000	2	GBE_100
3	GBE_LED_LINK_ACT	4	3V3DU
5	LINK_1000	6	LINK_100
7	LINK_ACTIVITY	8	3V3DU

Internal I/O Connectors

Expansion Slots



M.2 Sockets

The M.2 socket is the Next Generation Form Factor (NGFF) which is designed to support multiple modules and make the M.2 more suitable in application for solid-state storage. The board preserves space for the M.2 M key socket (22mm x 42mm, 22mm x 60 mm, and 22mm x 80mm).

Mini PCIe

The Mini PCIe sockets allow for two full-size Mini PCIe modules. Mini PCIe 1 supports PCIe or USB signals, while Mini PCIe 2 supports PCIe, SATA, or USB signals.

BIOS Setting

Configure PCIe root ports in the Advanced menu ("PCI Express Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

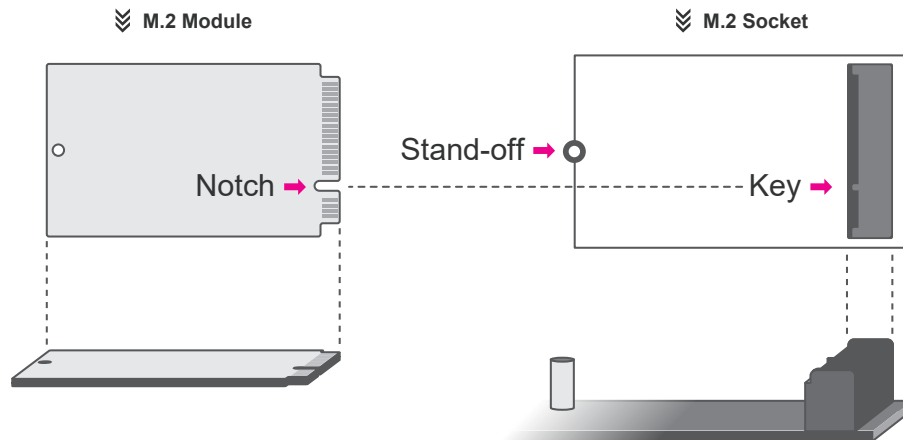
Jumper Setting

Select the signal of Mini PCIe 2 via jumper settings as previously instructed in this chapter.

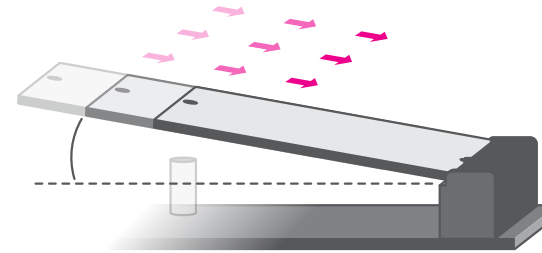
Installing the M.2 Module

Before installing the M.2 module into the M.2 socket, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the M.2 socket on the system board
4. Make sure the notch on card is aligned to the key on the socket.
5. Make sure the standoff screw is removed from the standoff.



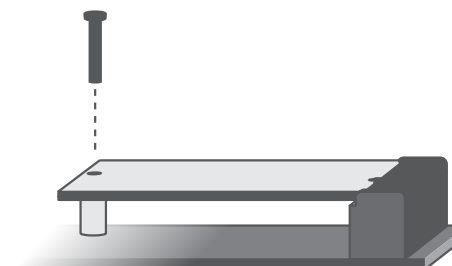
Please follow the steps below to install the card into the socket.



Step 1:
Insert the card into the socket at an angle while making sure the notch and key are perfectly aligned.



Step 2:
Press the end of the card far from the socket down until the gap between the card and the stand-off closes.

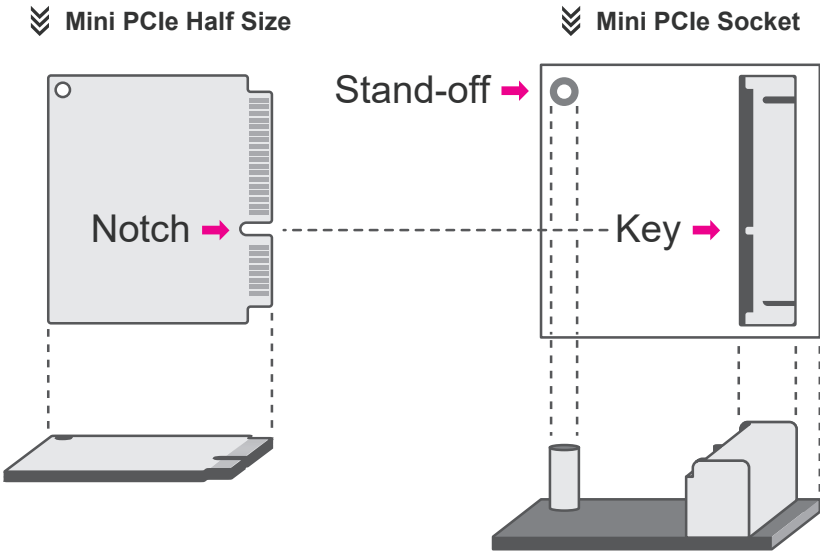


Step 3:
Screw tight the card onto the stand-off with a screw driver and a stand-off screw until the gap between the card and the stand-off closes up. The card should be lying parallel to the board when it's correctly mounted.

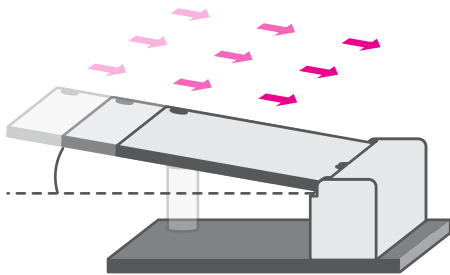
Installing the Mini PCIe Module

Before installing the Mini PCIe module into the Mini PCIe socket, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

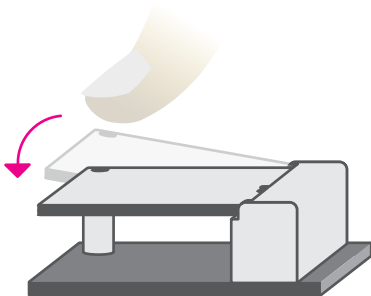
1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the Mini PCIe socket on the system board
4. Make sure the notch on card is aligned to the key on the socket.



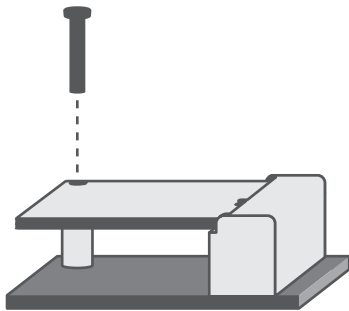
Please follow the steps below to install the card into the socket.



Step 1:
Insert the card into the socket at an angle while making sure the notch and key are perfectly aligned.



Step 2:
Press the end of the card far from the socket down until against the stand-off.

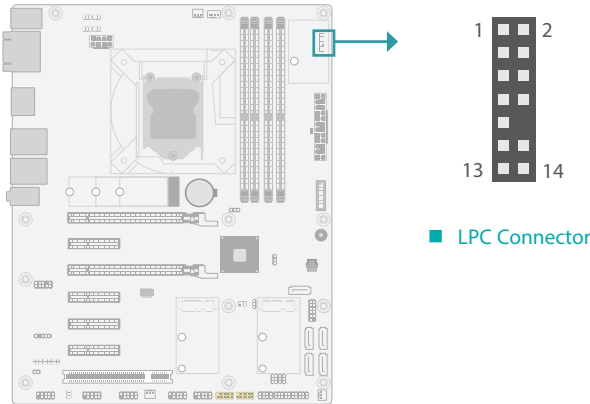


Step 3:
Screw tight the card onto the stand-off with a screw driver and a stand-off screw until the gap between the card and the stand-off closes up. The card should be lying parallel to the board when it's correctly mounted.

Internal I/O Connectors

LPC

The LPC connector is used for debugging.



LPC Connector

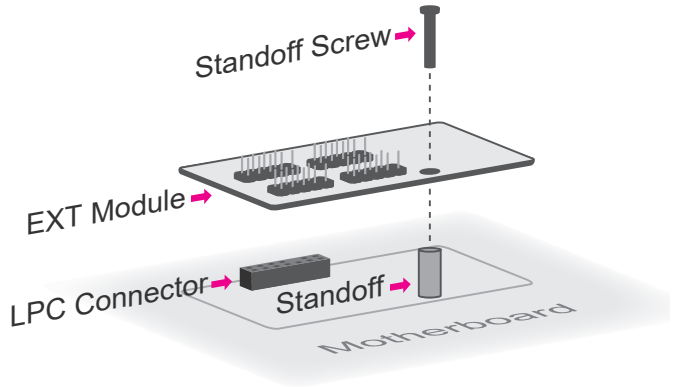
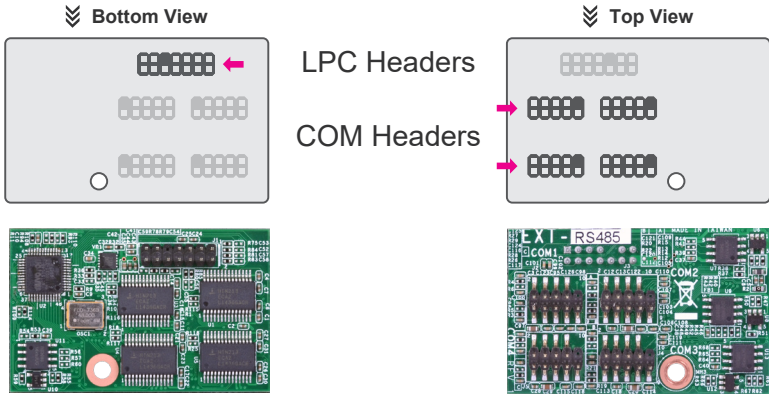
LPC Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	L_CLK	2	L_LAD1
3	L_RST#	4	L_LAD0
5	L_FRAME#	6	3.3V
7	L_LAD3	8	GND
9	L_LAD2	10	---
11	SERIRQ	12	GND
13	5VSB	14	5V

Internal I/O Connectors LPC

External COM port Module

The external COM port modules — EXT-RS232 and EXT-RS485 — are designed by DFI's proprietary technology, and support four additional COM ports per module. The EXT-RS232/RS485 card is connected to the motherboard via the LPC connector and secured by a standoff as illustrated below.



Note: The EXT-RS232/RS485 modules are optional peripherals that are not included in the standard package. For more information, please contact DFI sales representatives or visit go.dfi.com/EXT-RS232, and go.dfi.com/EXT-RS485.

Chapter 3 - BIOS Settings

► Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added. It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



Note:
The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen. The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and keys simultaneously.

Legends

Keys	Function
Right / Left arrow	Move the highlight left or right to select a menu
Up / Down arrow	Move the highlight up or down between submenus or fields
<Enter>	Enter the highlighted submenu
+ (plus key)/F6	Scroll forward through the values or options of the highlighted field
- (minus key)/F5	Scroll backward through the values or options of the highlighted field
<F1>	Display general help
<F2>	Display previous values
<F9>	Optimized defaults
<F10>	Save and Exit
<Esc>	Return to previous menu

Scroll Bar

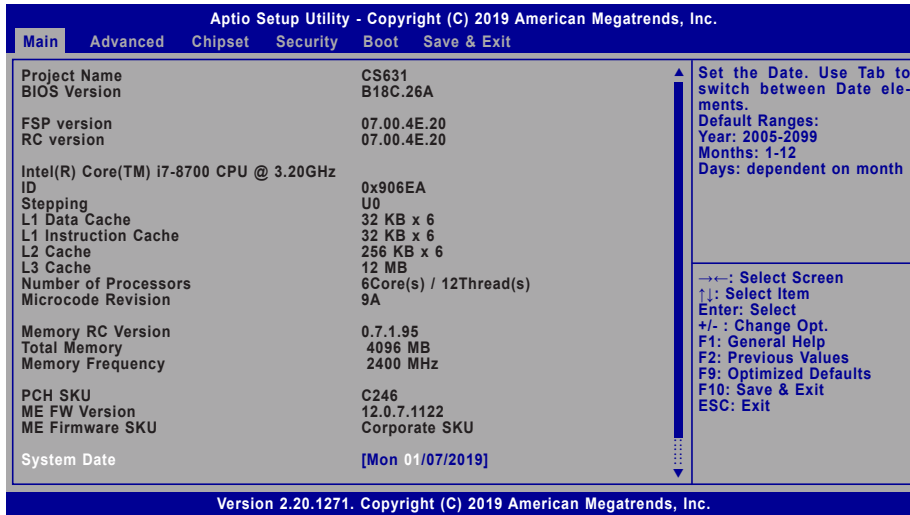
When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

► Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



System Date

The date format is <month>, <date>, <year>. Press "Tab" to switch to the next field and press "-" or "+" to modify the value.

System Time

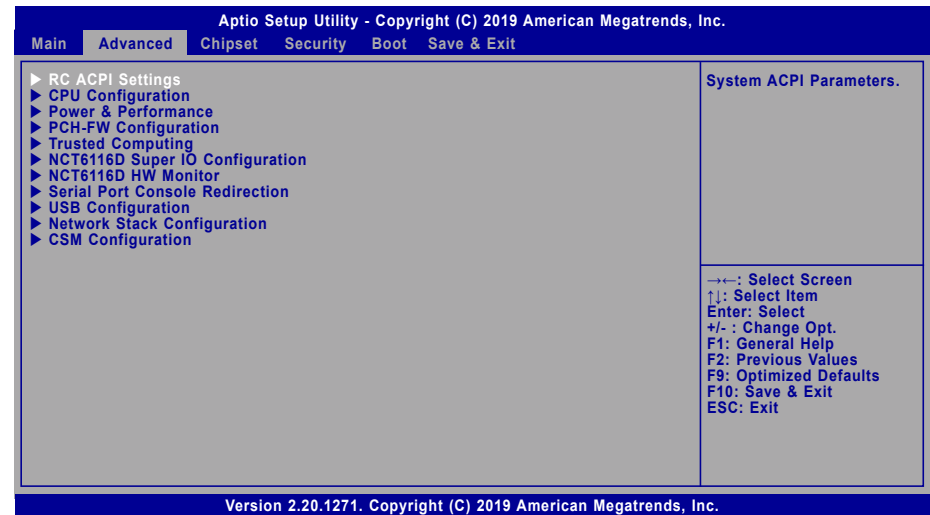
The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

► Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



Important:
 Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



▶ Advanced

RC ACPI Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
RC ACPI Configuration		Enable or disable System wake on alarm event. When enabled, System will wake on the hr:min::sec specified
Wake system from S5	[Enabled]	
Wake up hour	0	
Wake up minute	0	
Wake up second	0	
		→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.20.1271. Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		

Wake system from S5

When Enabled, the system will automatically power up at a designated time every day. Once it's switched to [Enabled], please set up the time of day — hour, minute, and second — for the system to wake up.

▶ Advanced

CPU Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
CPU Configuration		When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.
Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology	[Enable]	
Active Processor Cores	[All]	
Hyper-Threading	[Enable]	
		→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
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Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology

When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

Active Processor Cores

Select number of cores to enable in each processor package: all or 1.

Hyper-threading

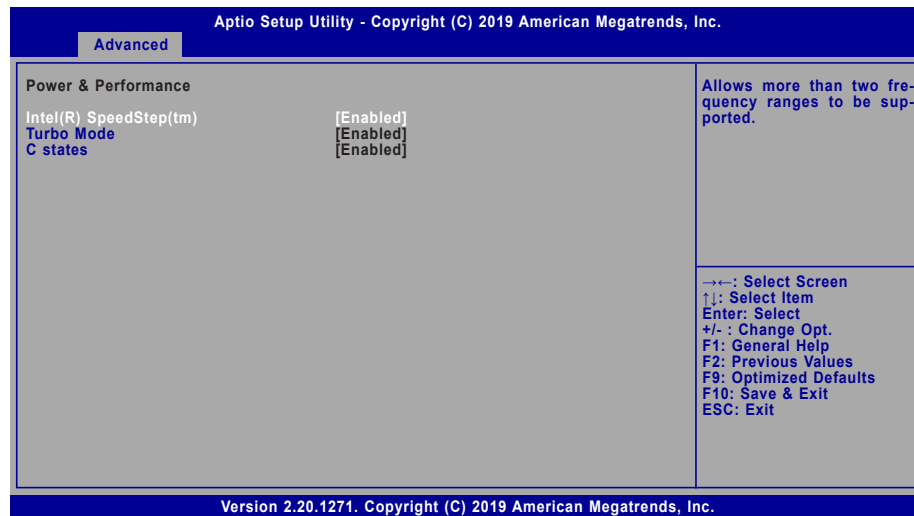
Enables this field for Windows XP and Linux which are optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. Select disabled for other OSes not optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. When disabled, only one thread per enabled core is enabled.



Note:
Some of the fields may not be available when the features are not supported by the equipped CPU.

▶ Advanced

Power & Performance



Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm)

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep® Technology, which helps optimize the balance between system's power consumption and performance. After it is enabled in the BIOS, EIST features can then be enabled via the operating system's power management.

Turbo Mode

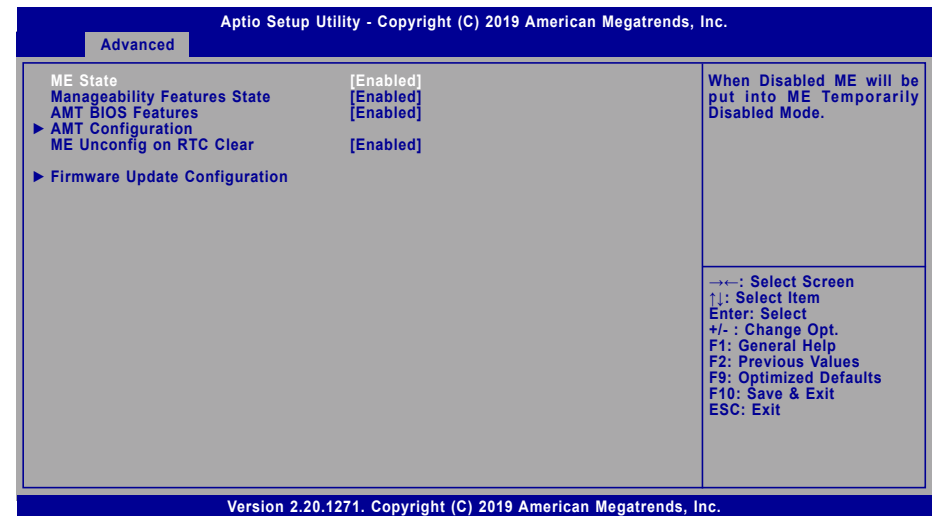
Enable or disable turbo mode of the processor. This field will only be displayed when EIST is enabled.

C states

Enable or disable CPU Power Management. It allows CPU to enter "C states" when it's idle and nothing is executing.

▶ Advanced

PCH-FW Configuration



ME State

When this field is set to Disabled, ME will be put into ME Temporarily Disabled Mode.

Manageability Features State

Enable or disable Intel(R) Manageability features. This option disables/enables Manageability Features support in FW. To disable, support platform must be in an unprovisioned state first.

AMT BIOS Features

When disabled, AMT BIOS features are no longer supported and user is no longer able to access MEBx Setup. This option does not disable manageability features in FW.

ME Unconfig on RTC Clear

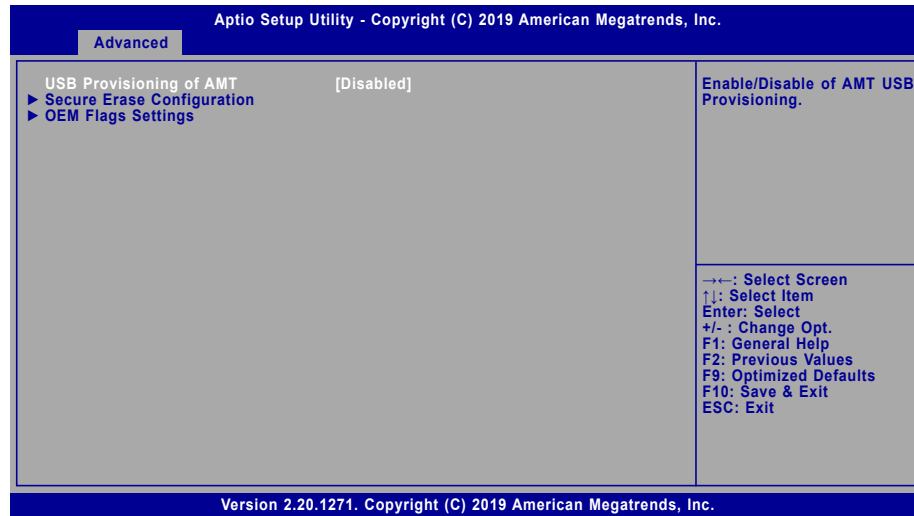
When disabled, ME will not be unconfigured on RTC Clear.



Note:
The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

▶ Advanced ▶ PCH-FW Configuration

▶ AMT Configuration

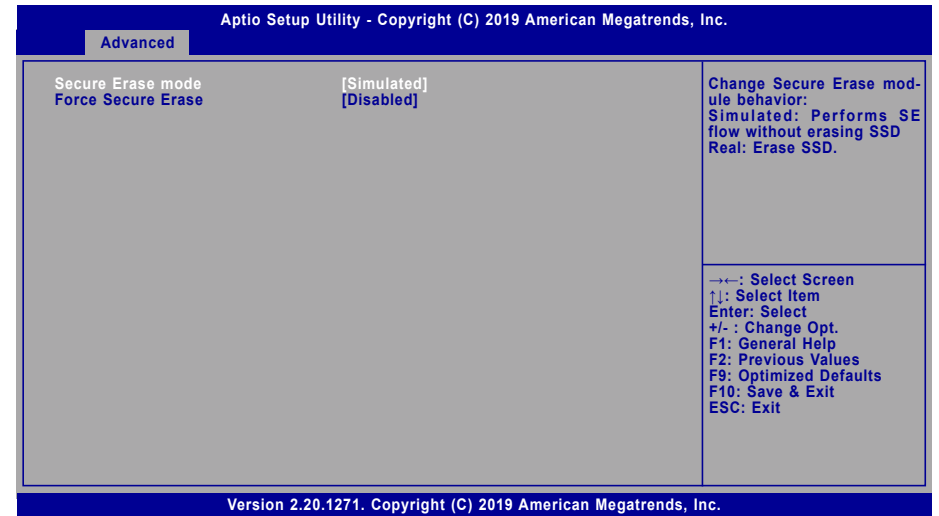


USB Provisioning of AMT

Enable or disable AMT USB Provisioning.

▶ Advanced ▶ PCH-FW Configuration

▶ AMT Configuration ▶ Secure Erase Configuration



Secure Erase Mode

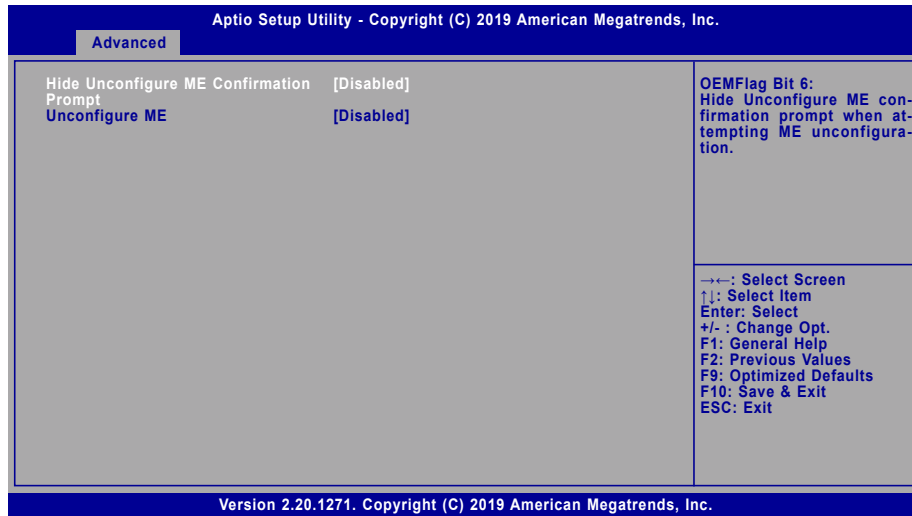
Select Secure Erase module behavior: Simulated or Real.

Force Secure Erase

Enable or disable Force Secure Erase on next boot.

▶ Advanced ▶ PCH-FW Configuration

▶ AMT Configuration ▶ **OEM Flags Settings**



Hide Unconfigure ME Confirmation Prompt

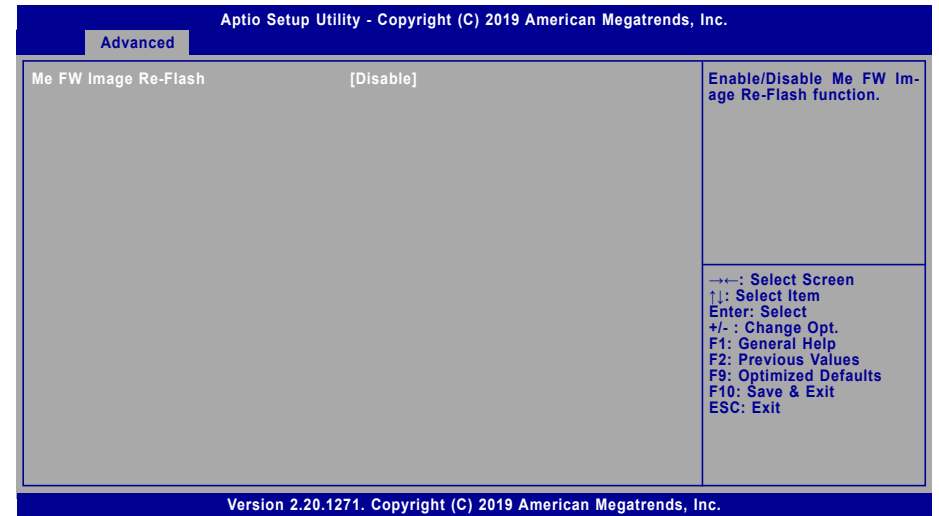
Enable or disable to hide unconfigure ME confirmation prompt when attempting ME unconfiguration.

Unconfigure ME

Enable or disable to unconfigure ME with resetting MEBx password to default.

▶ Advanced ▶ PCH-FW Configuration

▶ Firmware Update Configuration



Me FW Image Re-Flash

This field is used to enable or disable the ME FW Image Re-Flash function, which allows the user to update the ME firmware.

▶ Advanced

Trusted Computing

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
TPM20 Device Found	5.62	Enables or Disables BIOS support for security device. O.S will not show Security Device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.
Firmware Version	IFX	
Security Device Support	[Enable]	→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Pending operation	[None]	

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Security Device Support

This field is used to enable or disable BIOS support for the security device such as an TPM 2.0 to achieve hardware-level security via cryptographic keys.

Pending operation

To clear the existing TPM encryption, select "TPM Clear" and restart the system. This field is not available when "Security Device Support" is disabled.

▶ Advanced

NCT6116D Super IO Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
NCT6116D Super IO Configuration		WatchDog Timer Unit Selection
Super IO Chip	NCT6116D	
WatchDog Timer Unit	[Second]	→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
SuperIO WatchDog Timer	0	
▶ Serial Port 1 Configuration ▶ Serial Port 2 Configuration ▶ Serial Port 3 Configuration ▶ Serial Port 4 Configuration ▶ Serial Port 5 Configuration ▶ Serial Port 6 Configuration		

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WatchDog Timer Unit

Select WatchDog Timer Unit — Second or Minute.

SuperIO WatchDog Timer

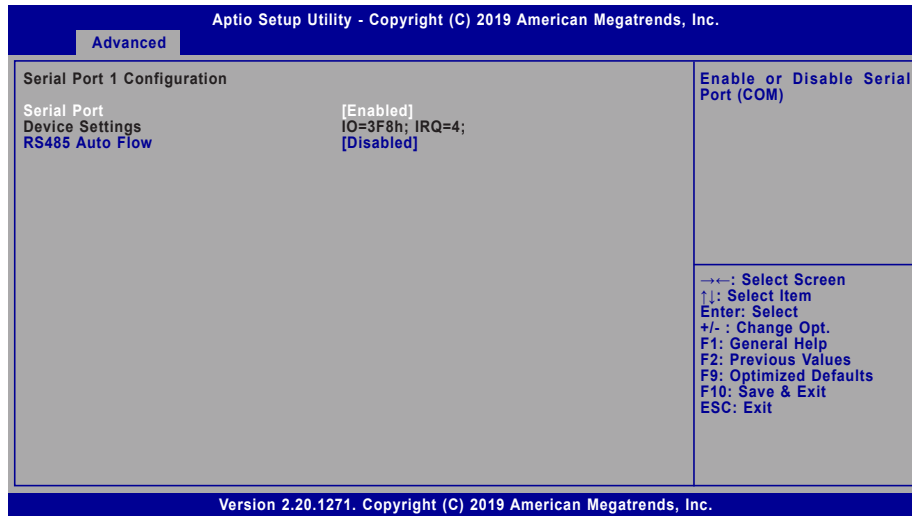
Set SuperIO WatchDog Timer Timeout value. The range is from 0 (disabled) to 255.



Note:
The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

▶ Advanced ▶ NCT6116D Super IO Configuration

▶ Serial Port 1/2/3/4/5/6 Configuration



Serial Port

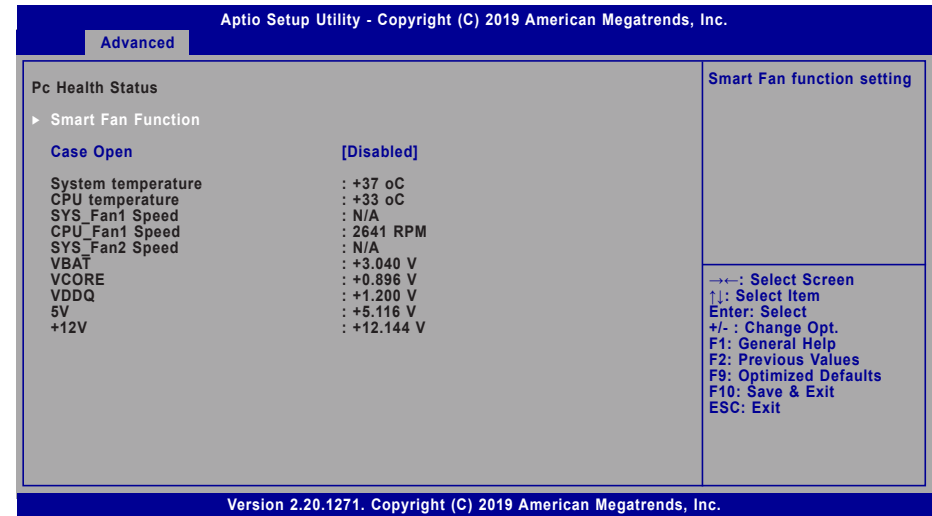
Enable or disable the current serial COM port.

RS485 Auto Flow

Enable or disable RS485 auto flow. This field is only available for COM ports that support RS485 mode.

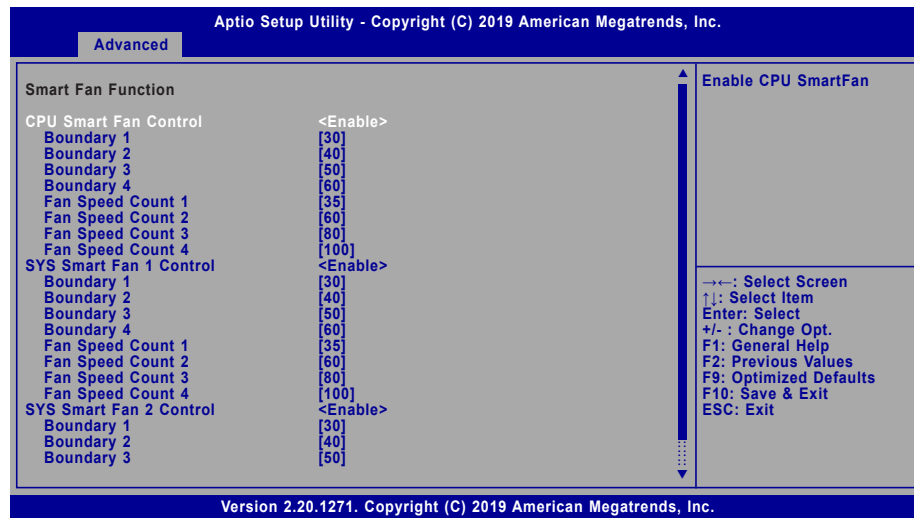
▶ Advanced

NCT6116D HW Monitor



This section displays the system's health information, i.e. voltage readings, CPU and system temperatures, and fan speed readings.

▶ Smart Fan Function



Smart Fan is a fan speed moderation strategy dependent on the current system temperature. When the system temperature goes higher than the Boundary setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the setting of the Fan Speed Count that bears the same index as the Boundary field.

▼ SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan Control = [Enabled]

Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

Set the boundary temperatures that determine the fan speeds accordingly, the value ranging from 0-127 . For example, when the system temperature reaches Boundary 1 setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the designated speed of the Fan Speed Count 1 field.

Fan Speed Count 1 to Fan Speed Count 4

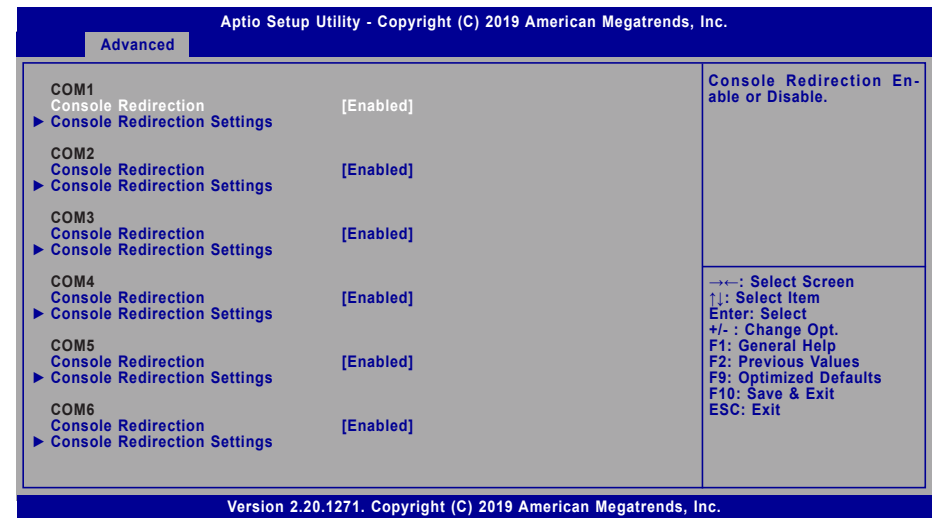
Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will operate according to the specified boundary temperatures above-mentioned.

▼ SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan Control = [Disabled]

Fix Fan Speed Count

Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will always operate at the specified speed regardless of gauged temperatures.

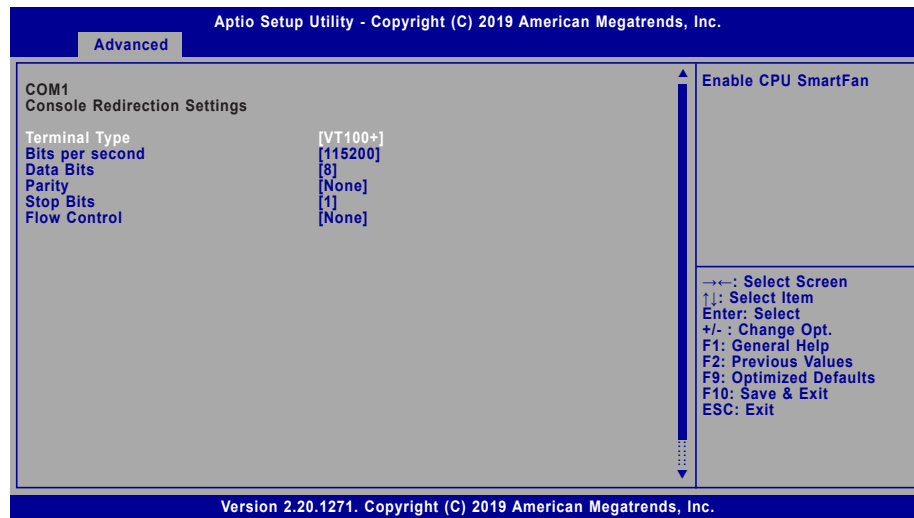
Serial Port Console Redirection



Console Redirection

By enabling Console Redirection of a COM port, the sub-menu of console redirection settings will become available for configuration as detailed in the following.

▶ Console Redirection Settings



Configure the serial settings of the current COM port.

Terminal Type

Select terminal type: VT100, VT100+, VT-UTF8 or ANSI.

Bits per second

Select serial port transmission speed: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 or 115200.

Data Bits

Select data bits: 7 bits or 8 bits.

Parity

Select parity bits: None, Even, Odd, Mark or Space.

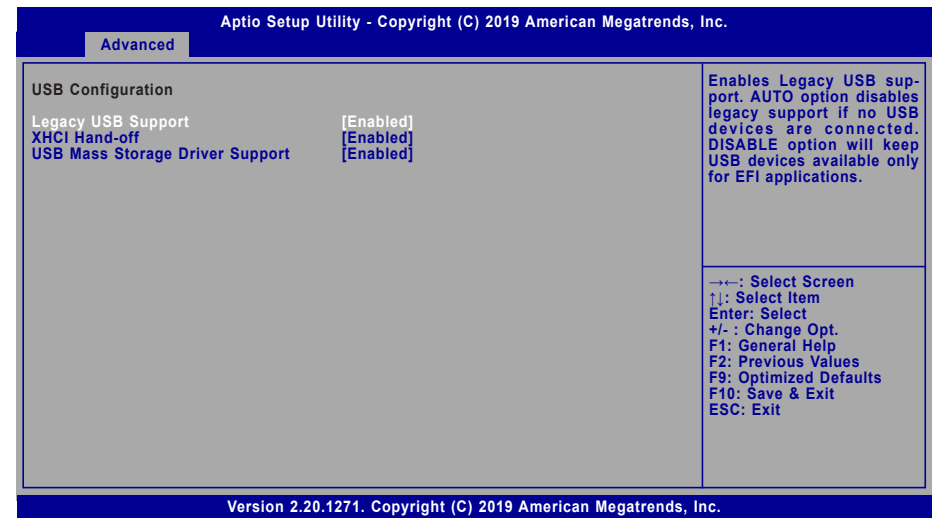
Stop Bits

Select stop bits: 1 bit or 2 bits.

Flow Control

Select flow control type: None or Hardware RTS/CTS.

USB Configuration



Legacy USB Support

- Enabled Enable Legacy USB support.
- Disabled Keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.
- Auto Disable Legacy support if no USB devices are connected.

XHCI Hand-off

Enable or disable XHCI Hand-off.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Enable or disable USB Mass Storage Driver Support.

▶ Advanced

Network Stack Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
Network Stack	[Enabled]	Enable/Disable UEFI Network Stack
Ipv4 PXE Support	[Disabled]	
Ipv6 PXE Support	[Disabled]	
PXE boot wait time	0	
Media detect count	1	
		→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
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Network Stack

Enable or disable UEFI network stack. The following fields will appear when this field is enabled.

Ipv4 PXE Support

Enable or disable IPv4 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv4 PXE boot support will not be available.

Ipv6 PXE Support

Enable or disable IPv6 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv6 PXE boot support will not be available.

PXE boot wait time

Set the wait time in seconds to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Use either +/- or numeric keys to set the value.

Media detect count

Set the number of times the presence of media will be checked. Use either +/- or numeric keys to set the value.

▶ Advanced

CSM Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
Compatibility Support Module Configuration		Enable/Disable CSM Support.
CSM Support	[Enabled]	
Boot option filter	[UEFI only]	
Option ROM execution		
Network	[Do not launch]	
Storage	[UEFI]	
Video	[UEFI]	
Other PCI devices	[UEFI]	
		→←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/- : Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.20.1271. Copyright (C) 2019 American Megatrends, Inc.		

CSM Support

This section is used to enable or disable CSM Support. The following fields are only available when "CSM Support" is enabled.

Boot option filter

This field controls Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority.

Network

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Network OpROM.

Storage

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Storage OpROM.

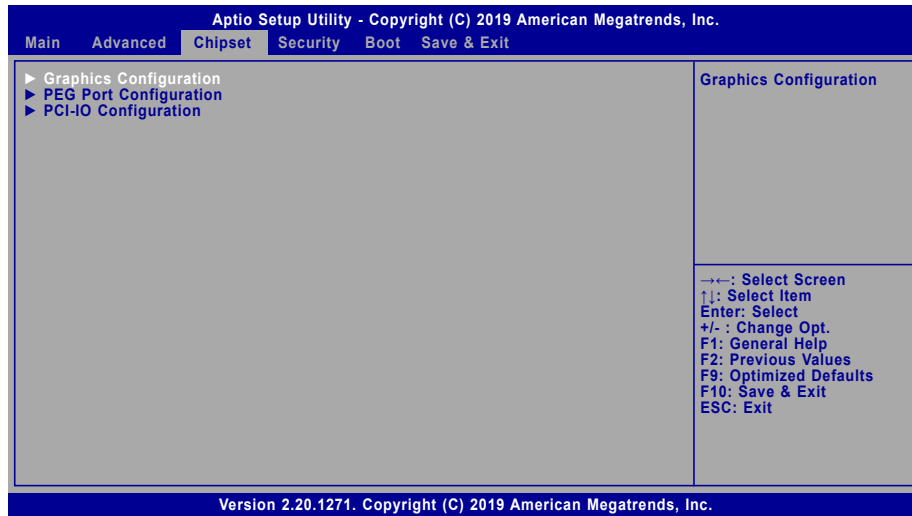
Video

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Video OpROM.

Other PCI devices

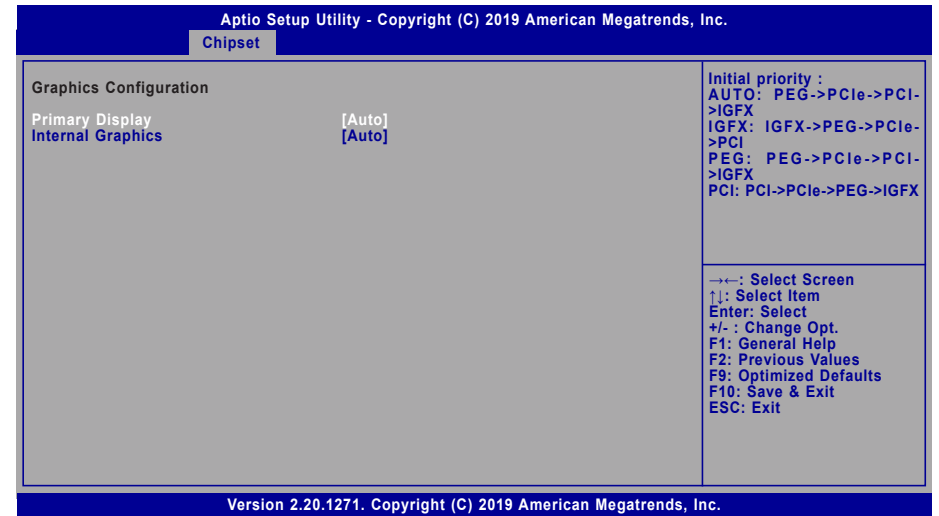
This field determines OpROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage or Video.

► Chipset



► Chipset

Graphics Configuration



Primary Display

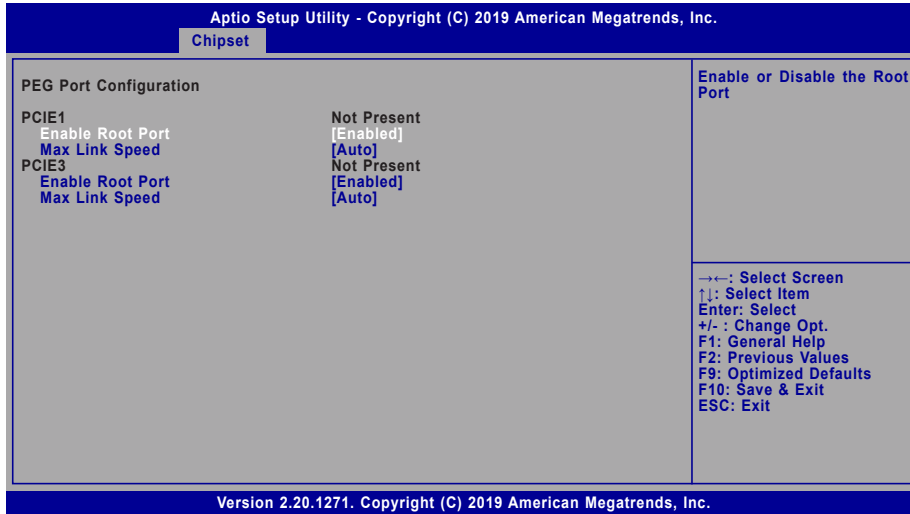
Select which of IGFX/PEG/PCI Graphics device to be the primary display.

Internal Graphics

Keep IGFX enabled based on the setup options.

► Chipset

PEG Port Configuration



Enable Root Port

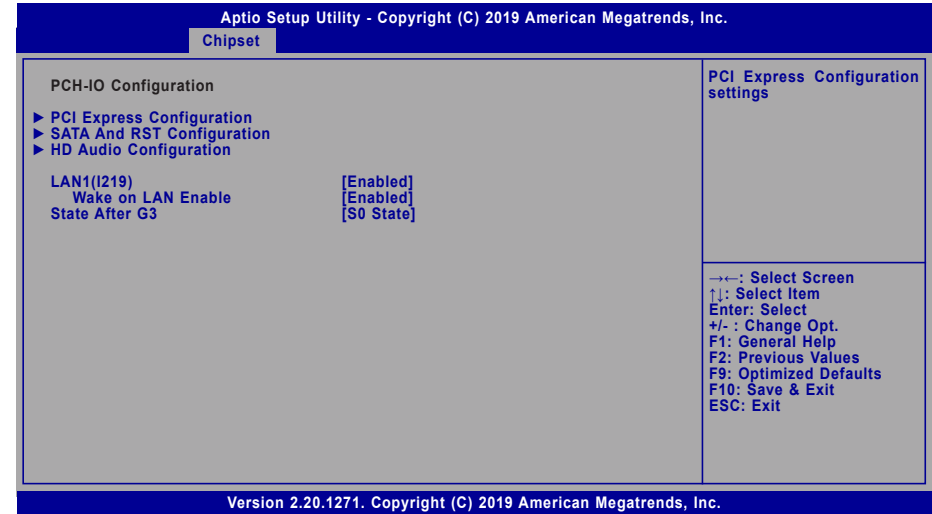
Enable or disable the root port.

Max Link Speed

Configure PCI E1/PCI E2 port's Max Speed: Auto, Gen1, Gen2 or Gen3.

► Chipset

PCH-IO Configuration



LAN1(I219)

Enable or disable onboard NIC.

Wake on LAN Enable

Enable or disable integrated LAN to wake the system.

State After G3

This field is to specify what state the system should be in when power is re-applied after a power failure.

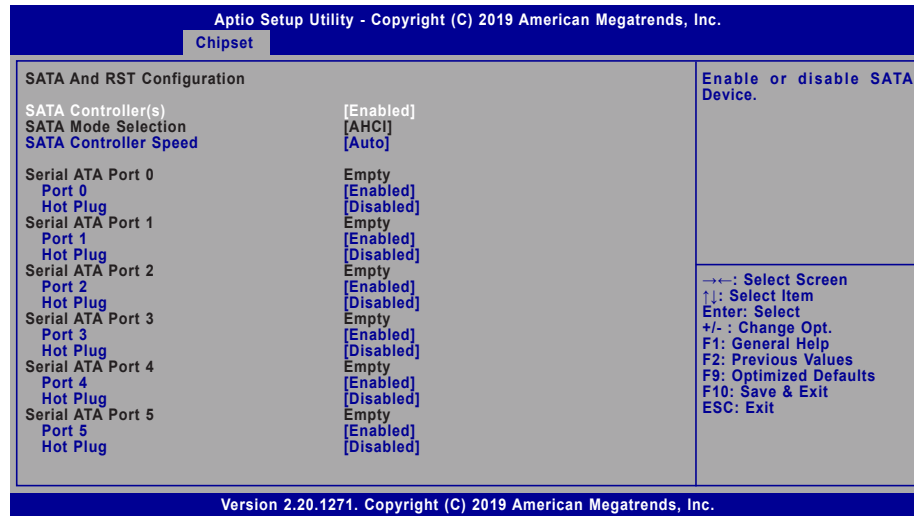
- S0 State The system automatically powers on after power failure.
- S5 State The system enter soft-off state after power failure. Power-on signal input is required to power up the system.



Note:
The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

▶ Advanced

SATA And RST Configuration



SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable the Serial ATA controller.

SATA Speed

This field is used to select SATA speed generation limit: Auto, Gen1, Gen2 or Gen3.

SATA Mode Selection

The mode selection determines how the SATA controller(s) operates.

AHCI This option allows the Serial ATA controller(s) to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration This option allows you to create RAID or Intel Rapid Storage configuration along with Intel® Optane™ system acceleration on Serial ATA devices.

Use RST Legacy OROM

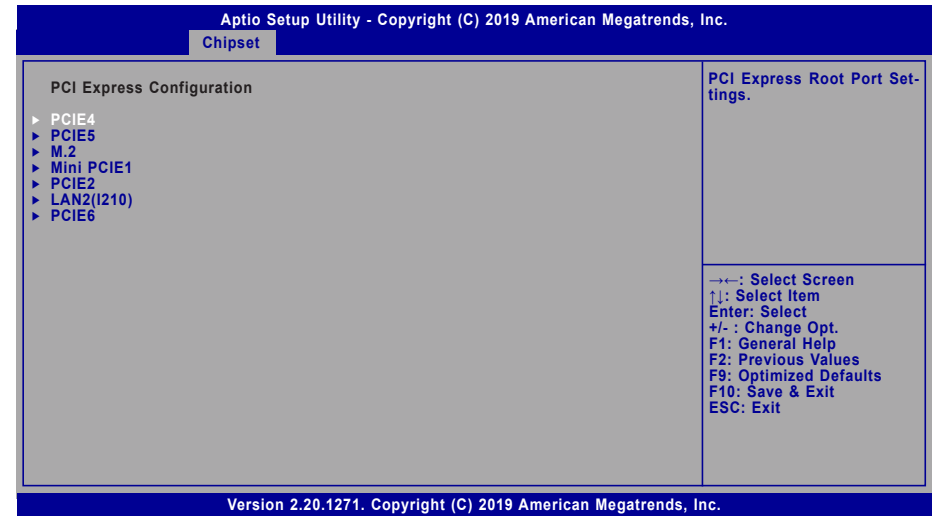
This field shows up when SATA Mode Selection is set to Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration. Enable or disable to use RST Legacy OROM when CSM is enabled.

Port 0/1/2/3/4/5 and Hot Plug

Enable or disable the Serial ATA port and its hot plug function.

▶ Chipset ▶ PCH-IO Configuration

PCI Express Configuration



Select one of the PCI Express channels and press enter to configure the following settings.

PCIE4/PCIE5/M.2/Mini PCIE1/PCIE2/LAN2(I210)/PCIE6

Enable or disable the PCI Express Root Port.

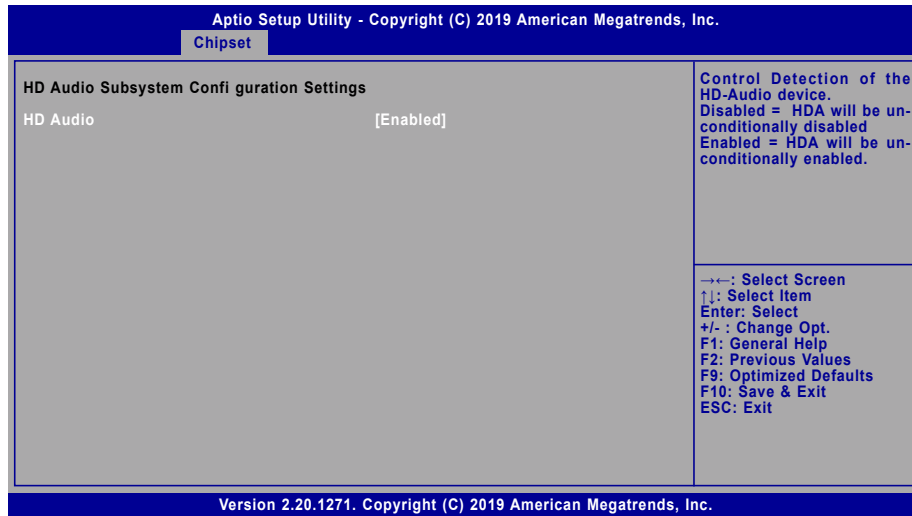
PCle Speed

Select PCIe Speed of the current port — AUTO, Gen1, Gen 2, or Gen3. Gen 3 is only available for the PCIE1 port. This field may not appear when the speed of the port is not configurable.

Hot Plug

Enable or disable hot plug function of the port. This field may not appear when the port does not support hot plug.

HD Audio Configuration



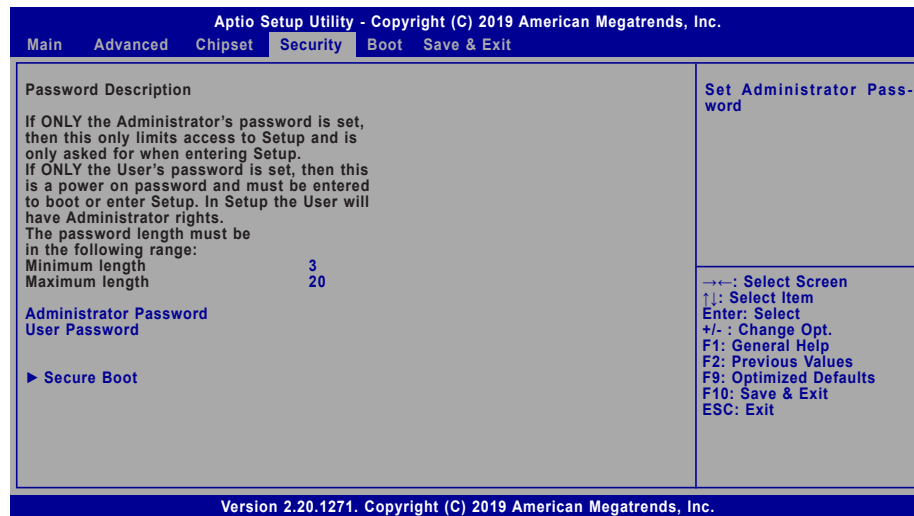
HD Audio

Control the detection of the HD Audio device.

Disabled HDA will be unconditionally disabled.

Enabled HDA will be unconditionally enabled.

► Security



Administrator Password

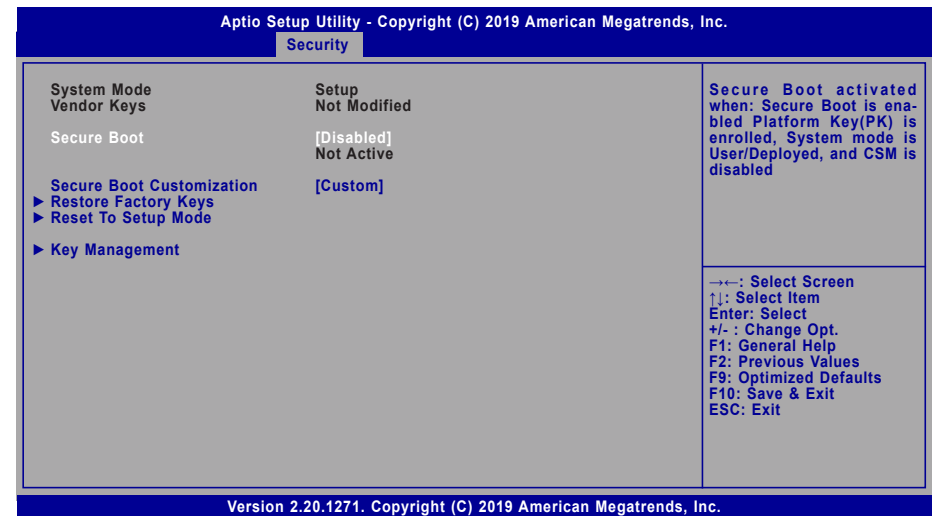
Set the administrator password. To clear the password, input nothing and press enter when a new password is asked. Administrator Password will be required when entering the BIOS.

User Password

Set the user password. To clear the password, input nothing and press enter when a new password is asked. User Password will be required when powering up the system.

► Security

Secure Boot



Secure Boot

The Secure Boot store a database of certificates in the firmware and only allows the OSeS with authorized signatures to boot on the system. To activate Secure Boot, please make sure that “Secure Boot” is “[Enabled]”, Platform Key (PK) is enrolled, “System Mode” is “User”, and CSM is disabled. After enabling/disabling Secure Boot, please save the configuration and restart the system. When configured and activated correctly, the Secure Boot status will be “Active”.

Secure Boot Customization

Select the secure boot mode — Standard or Custom. When set to Custom, the following fields will be configurable for the user to manually modify the key database.

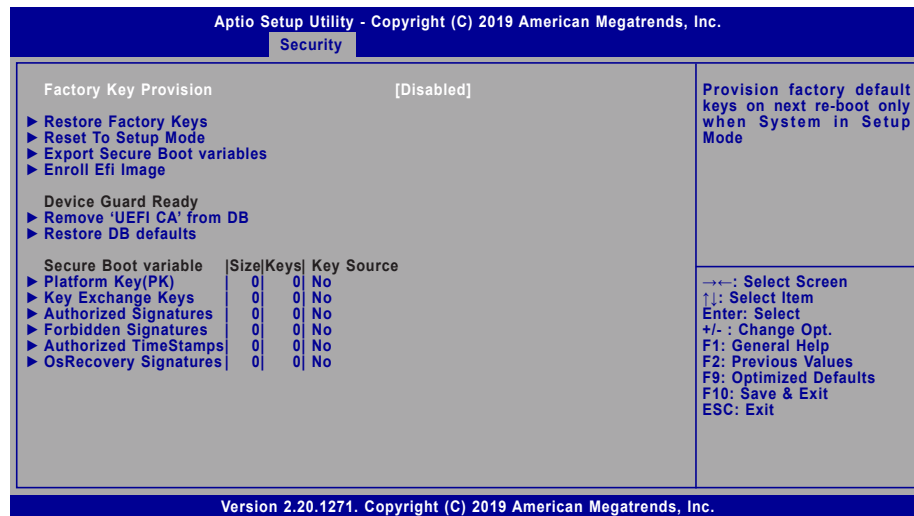
Restore Factory Keys

Force system to User Mode. Load OEM-defined factory defaults of keys and databases onto the Secure Boot. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

Reset To Setup Mode

Clear the database from the NVRAM, including all the keys and signatures installed in the Key Management menu. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

▶ Key Management



- “PK” for Platform Keys
- “KEK” for Key Exchange Keys
- “db” for Authorized Signatures
- “dbx” for Forbidden Signatures

Enroll Efi Image

Allow the image to run in Secure Boot mode. Enroll SHA256 Hash certificate of a PE image into Authorized Signature Database (db). Press Enter and select a storage device listed in the pop-up menu, select a directory, and then select the EFI Image document.

Remove 'UEFI CA' from DB

Remove Microsoft UEFI CA from the Authorized Signature database. For systems that support Device Guard, Microsoft UEFI CA must NOT be included in the Authorized Signature database.

Restore DB defaults

Press Enter to restore the database variable to factory defaults.

Manually configure the following keys and signatures. Move the cursor to the field and press Enter, and then a pop-up menu will show up.

Platform Key(PK), Key Exchange Keys, Authorized Signatures, Forbidden Signatures, Authorized TimeStamps, OsRecovery Signatures

Details	List the information of enrolled keys and signatures
Export	Save the key or signature as a file to the root directory of a file system. The saved files will be named automatically according to the type of key/signature as previously listed in the “Export Secure Boot Variables”.
Update	Load factory default database
Append	Enroll keys and signatures from a file system
Delete	Delet keys and signatures

Factory Key Provision

Enable or disable the provision factory default keys on next re-start. This will only take place when the “System Mode” in the previous menu is in “Setup”, which can be achieved by moving the cursor to the “Reset To Setup Mode” and press Enter.

Restore Factory Keys

Force system to User Mode. Configure NVRAM to contain OEM-defined factory default Secure Boot keys.

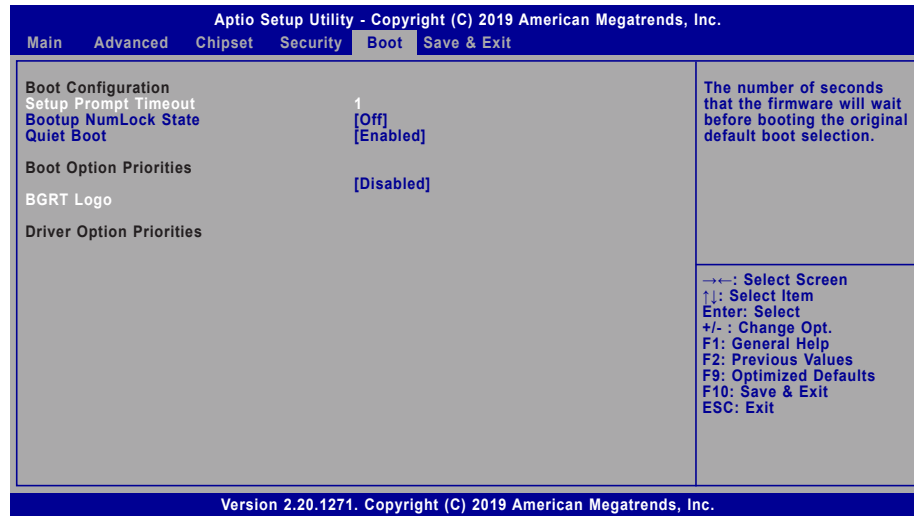
Reset To Setup Mode

Clear the database from the NVRAM, including all the keys and signatures installed in the Key Management menu. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

Export Secure Boot variables

Export the Secure Boot settings (i.e. all keys and signatures) as files to the root directory of a file system device. Press Enter and select a storage device listed in the pop-up menu. The saved files will be named automatically according to the type of key/signature as listed below.

► Boot



Setup Prompt Timeout

Set the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535 (0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

Bootup NumLock State

Select the keyboard NumLock state: On or Off.

Quiet Boot

This section is used to enable or disable quiet boot option.

Boot Option Priorities

Rearrange the system boot order of available boot devices.

BGRT Logo

It is used to enable or disable to support display logo with ACPI BGRT table.

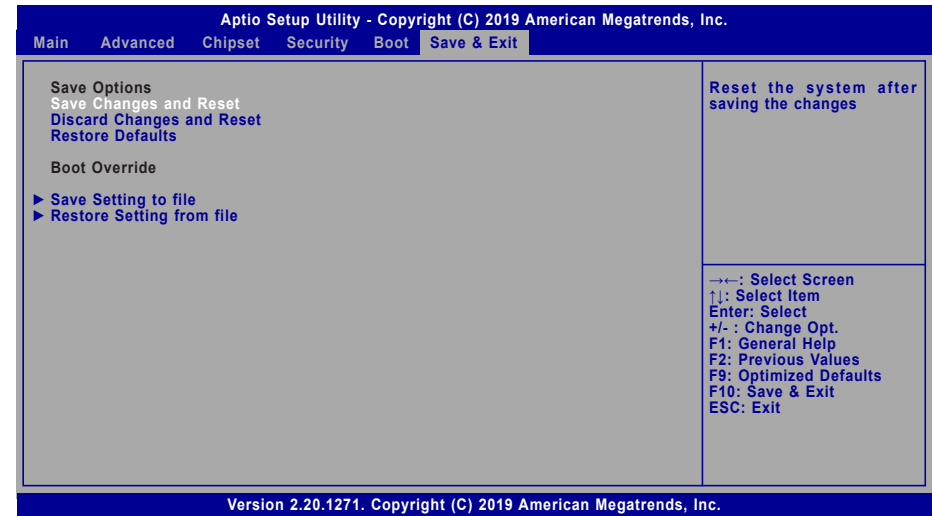
Driver Option Priorities

Rearrange the order of available drivers to be loaded.



Note:
If "Boot option filter" of "CSM Configuration" is set to "UEFI and Legacy" or "UEFI only" and "Quiet Boot" is set to enabled, "BGRT Logo" will show up for configuration. Refer to the Advanced > CSM Configuration for more information.

► Save & Exit



Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

Boot Override

Move the cursor to an available boot device and press Enter, and then the system will immediately boot from the selected boot device. The Boot Override function will only be effective for the current boot. The "Boot Option Priorities" configured in the Boot menu will not be changed.

► Save Setting to file

Select this option to save BIOS configuration settings to a USB flash device.

► Restore Setting from file

This field will appear only when a USB flash device is detected. Select this field to restore setting from the USB flash device.

► Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files and specific instructions about how to update BIOS with the flash utility. For updating AMI BIOS in UEFI mode, you may refer to the how-to video at <https://www.dfi.com/Knowledge/Video/5>.

► Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.



Note:

- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.

Chapter 4 - Intel AMT Settings

► Overview

Intel Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) combines hardware and software solution to provide maximum system defense and protection to networked systems. The hardware and software information are stored in non-volatile memory. With its built-in manageability and latest security applications, Intel® AMT provides the following functions.

Discover

Allows remote access and management of networked systems even while PCs are powered off; significantly reducing desk-side visits.

Repair

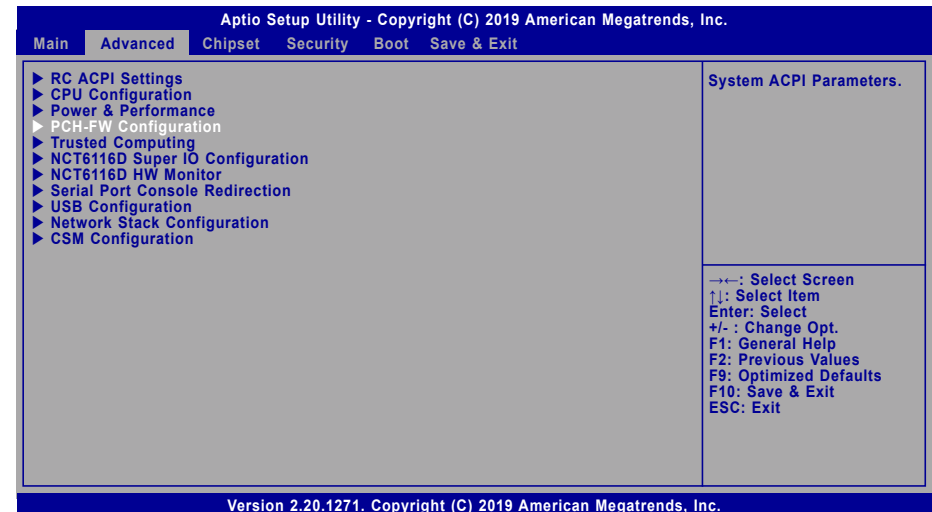
Remotely repair systems after OS failures. Alerting and event logging help detect problems quickly to reduce downtime.

Protect

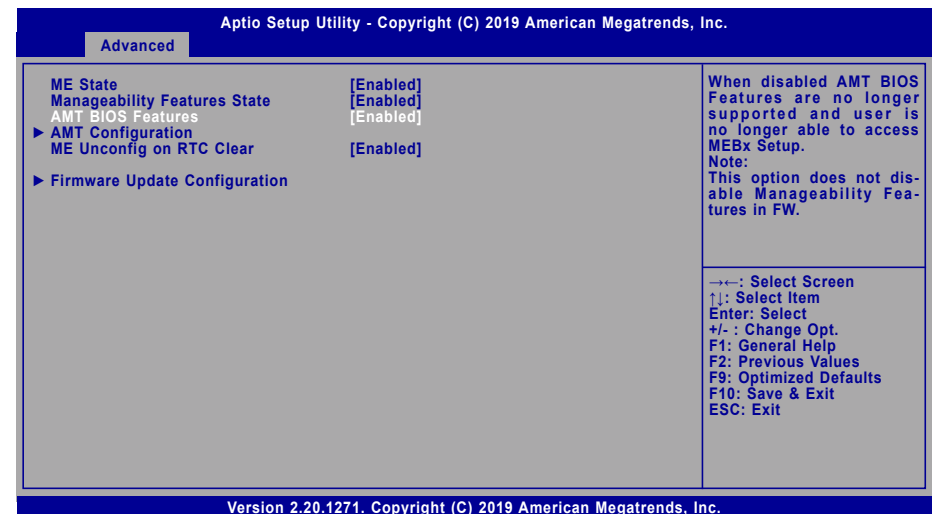
Intel AMT's System Defense capability remotely updates all systems with the latest security software. It protects the network from threats at the source by proactively blocking incoming threats, reactively containing infected clients before they impact the network, and proactively alerting when critical software agents are removed.

► Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS

1. Power-on the system then press to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. In the Advanced menu, select PCH-FW Configuration.

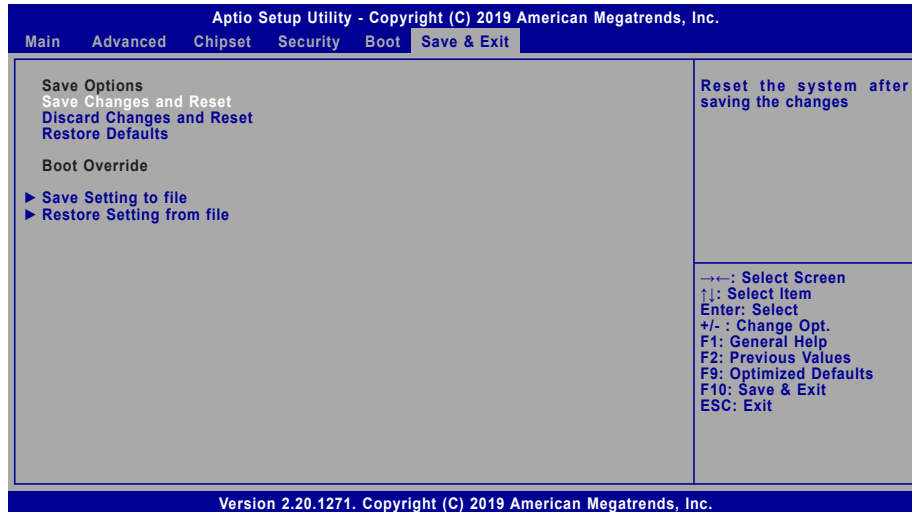


3. Set the AMT BIOS Features field to Enabled.



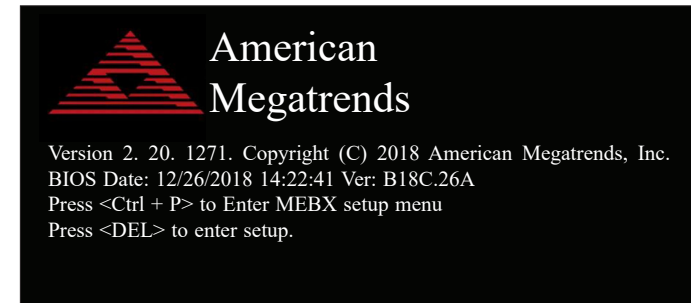
► Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS

4. Press F4, or go to the Save & Exit menu, select Save Changes and Reset and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes and press Enter to reset the system after saving all changes made.



► Entering Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX)

When the system reboots, the following message will be displayed. Press <Ctrl + P> as soon as the message is displayed. This message will only be displayed very briefly.

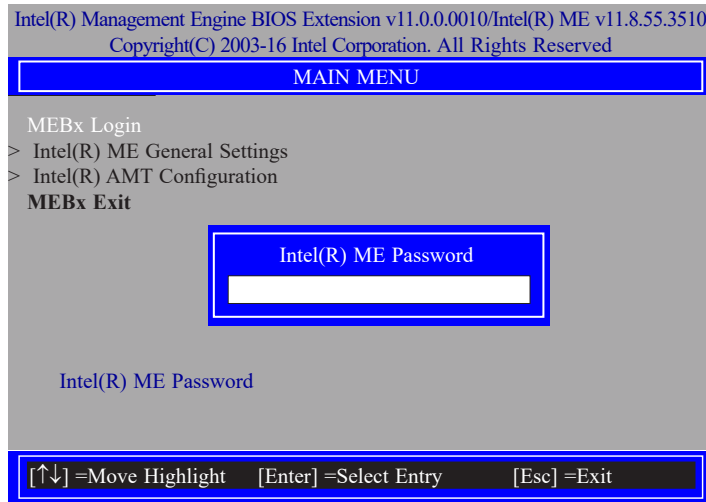


► **MEBX**

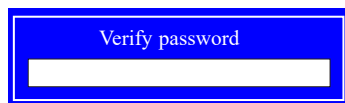
Main Menu

Select MEBx Login under Main Menu and press Enter. A prompt that requires password input will show up.

1. Enter the default password "admin".

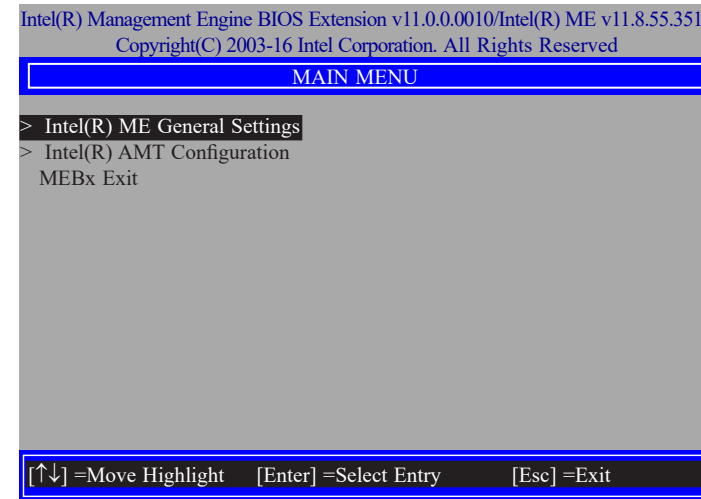


2. Enter a new password and then press Enter. The password must include
 - 8-32 characters;
 - Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters;
 - At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9);
 - At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$,);
 - At least one lower case and one upper case characters.
3. Enter the new password again to verify the new password.



Intel(R) ME General Settings

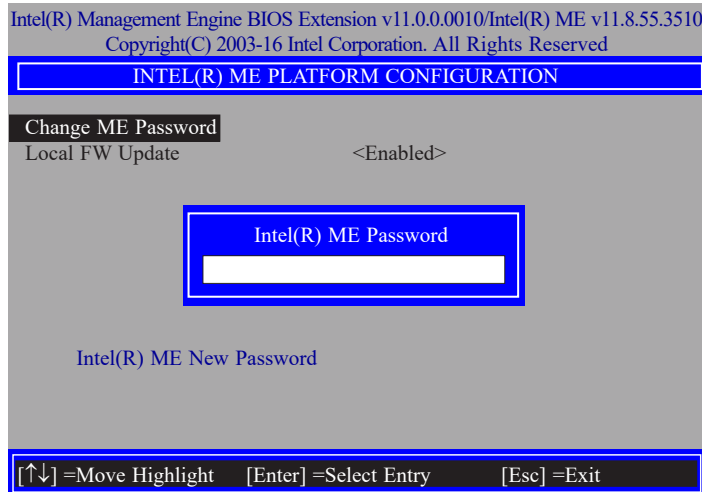
Select Intel(R) ME General Settings under Main Menu and then press Enter.



Change ME Password

If you want to change ME password, select Change ME Password and then press Enter. A prompt that requires password input will show up.

1. Enter the current password and then press Enter.

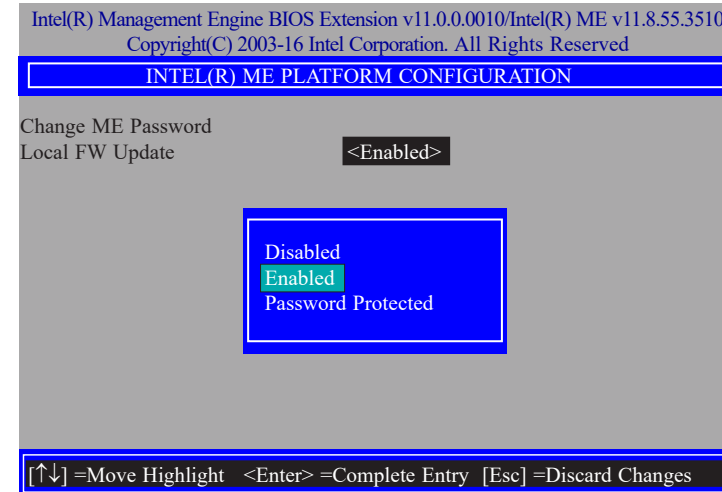


2. Enter a new password and then press Enter. The password must include
 - 8-32 characters;
 - Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters;
 - At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9);
 - At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ,);
 - At least one lower case and one upper case characters.
3. Enter the new password again to verify the new password.



Local FW Update

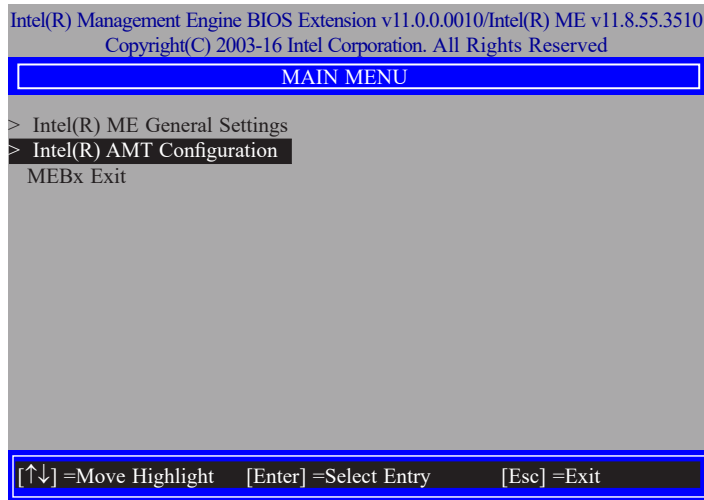
Select Local FW Update then press Enter. Select Enabled or Disabled or Password Protected then press Enter.



► MEBX

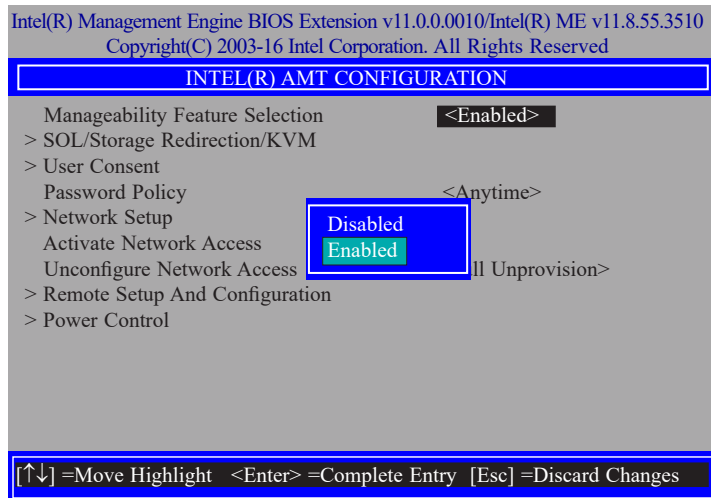
Intel(R) AMT Configuration

Select Intel(R) AMT Configuration under Main Menu and then press Enter.

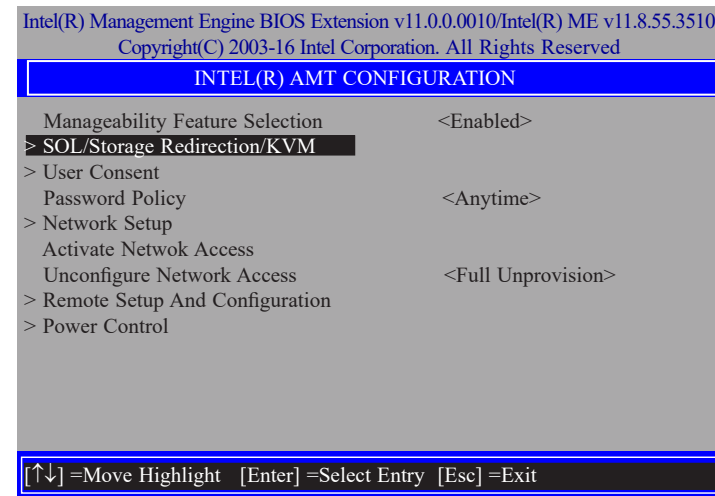


Manageability Feature Selection

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter. When disabled, all the following fields will be hidden. After disabling the field, system restart is required.

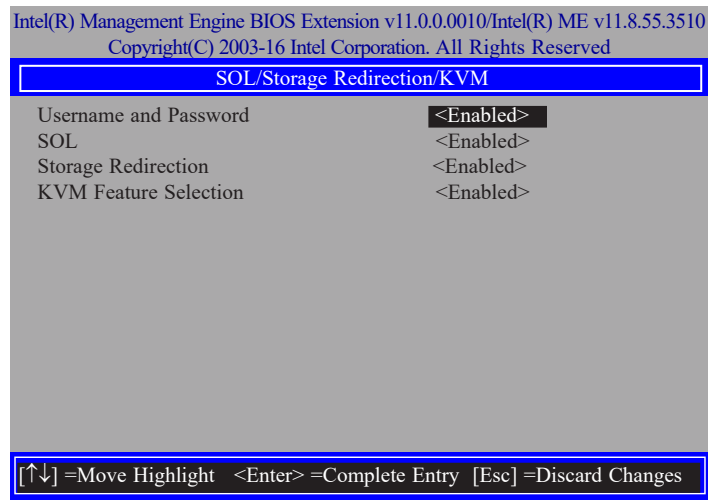


> SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM



Press Enter to enter the submenu.

> SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM



Move the cursor to select a field and press Enter to display options.

Username and Password

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.

SOL

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.

Storage Redirection

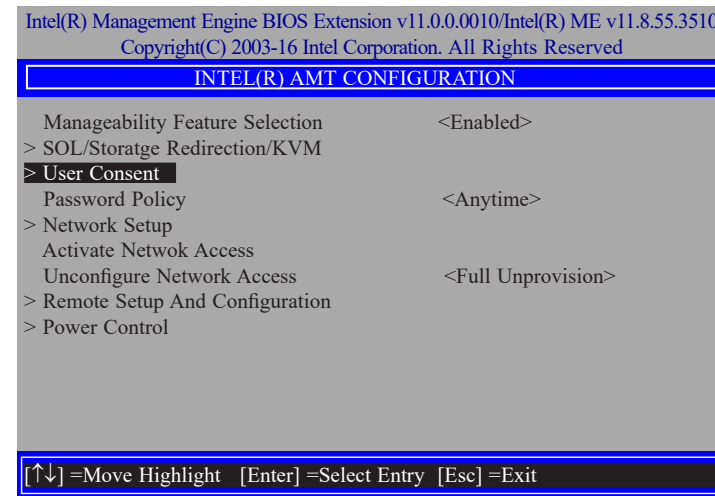
Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.

KVM Feature Selection

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.

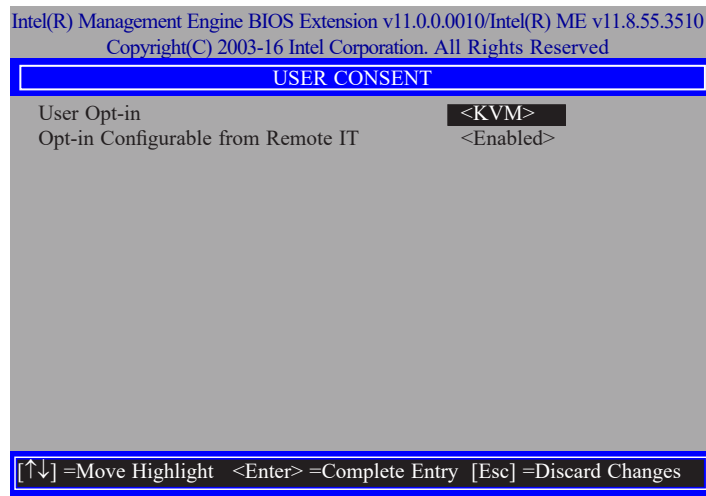


> User Consent



Press Enter to enter the submenu.

> User Consent



Move the cursor to select a field and press Enter to display options.

User Opt-in

Select NONE or KVM or ALL then press Enter.

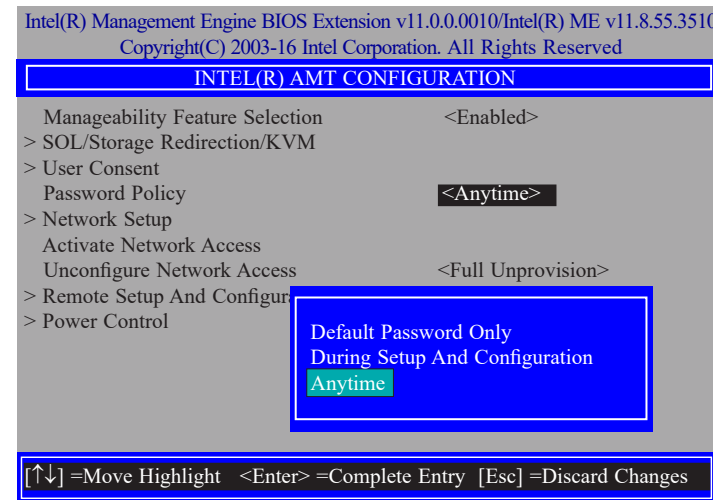


Opt-in Configurable from Remote IT

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.



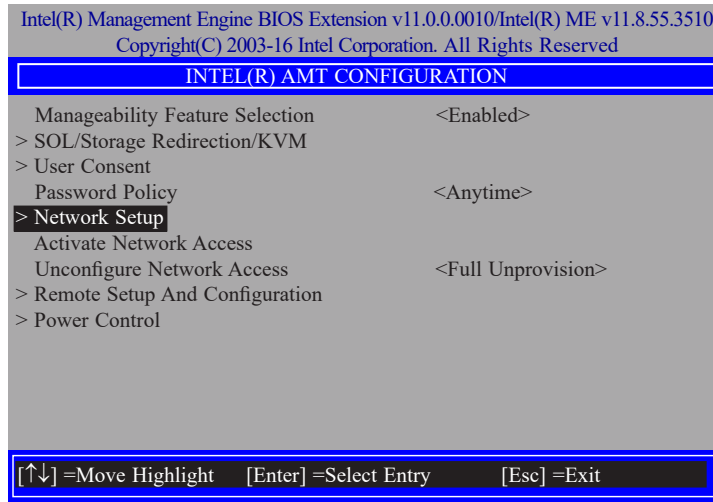
Password Policy



Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Password Policy then press Enter. You may choose to use a password only during setup and configuration or to use a password anytime the system is being accessed.

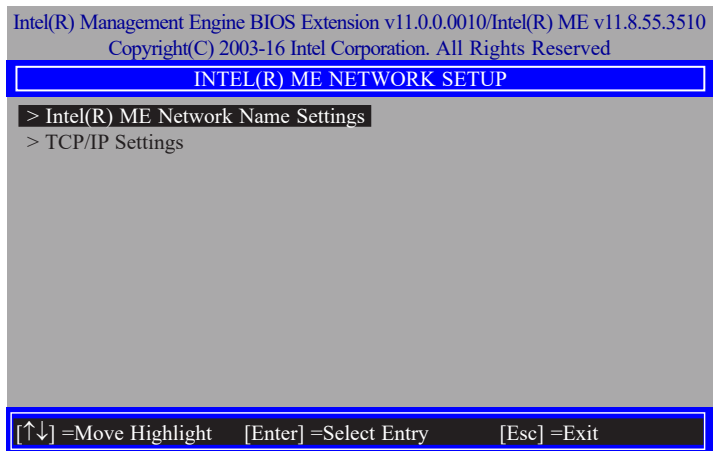
> Network Setup

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Network Setup and then press Enter.

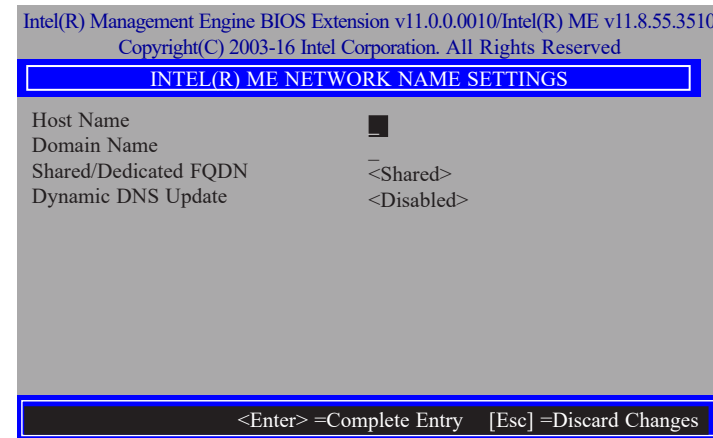


> Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings

Under the Intel(R) ME Network Setup menu, select Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings and then press Enter.



Move the cursor to select a field and press Enter to display options.



Host Name

Enter the computer's host name and then press Enter.



Domain Name

Enter the computer's domain name and then press Enter.



Shared/Dedicated FQDN

Select Shared or Dedicated and then press Enter.



▶ MEBX ▶ Intel(R) AMT Configuration ▶ Network Setup ▶ Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings

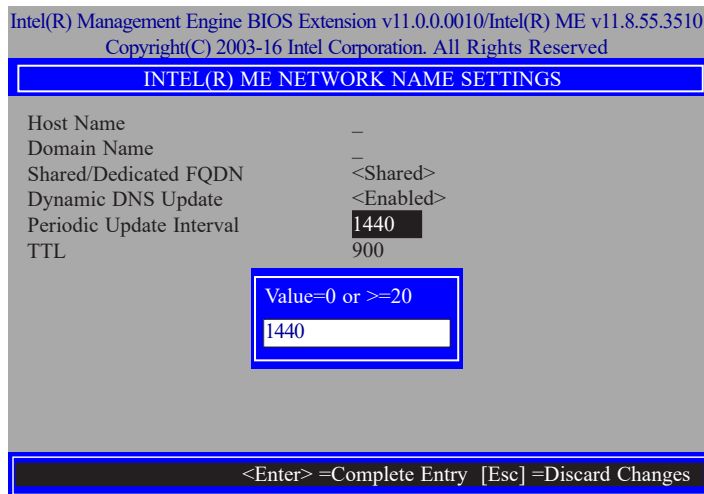
Dynamic DNS Update

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter. When Dynamic DNS Update is Enabled, the following fields will show up.



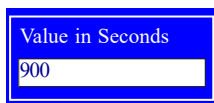
Periodic Update Interval

Enter a value and then press Enter.



TTL

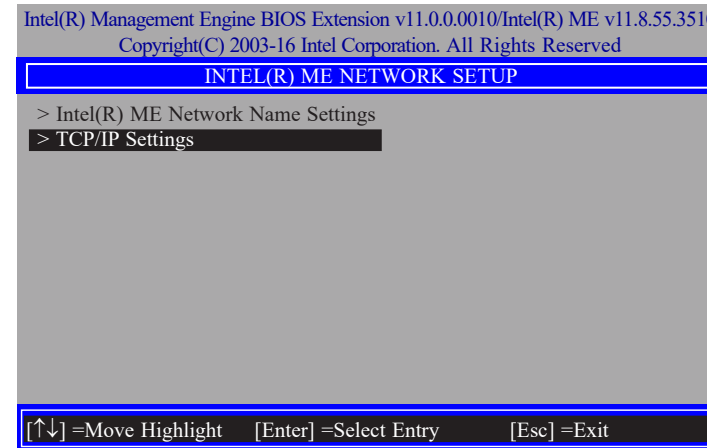
Enter a value for the Time-to-live (TTL) field and then press Enter.



▶ MEBX ▶ Intel(R) AMT Configuration ▶ Network Setup

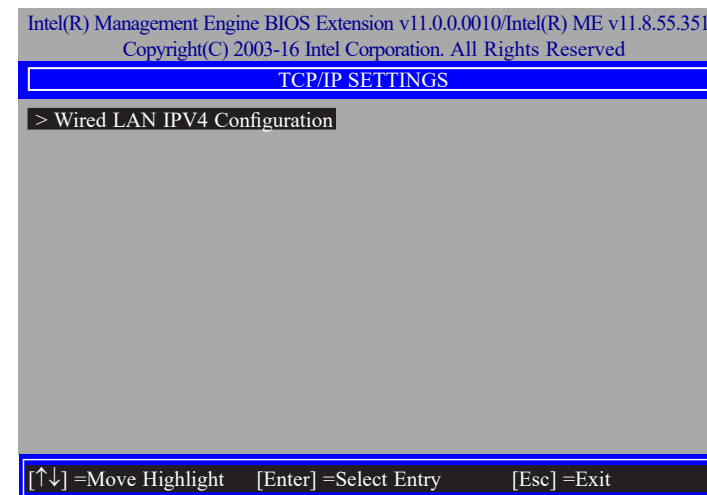
> TCP/IP Settings

Under the Intel(R) ME Network Setup menu, select TCP/IP Settings and then press Enter.



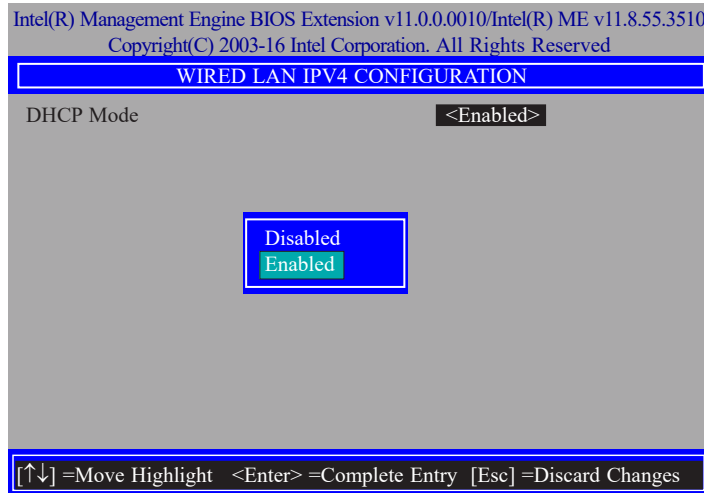
> Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration

Under TCP/IP Settings, select Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration and then press Enter.

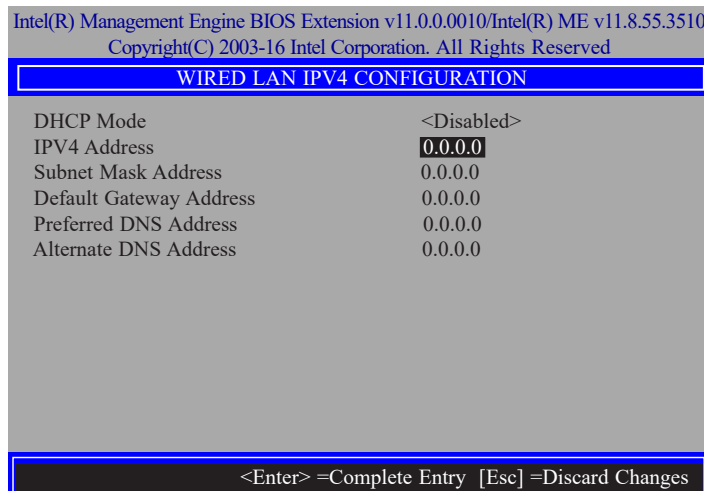


DHCP Mode

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter. Please make sure there is a DHCP server in the network when this field is enabled.



When DHCP is Disabled, please manually input a static route by configuring the fields as shown below.



IPv4 Address

Assign a valid and available IP address to the system. Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 in IPv4 format.

IP address (e.g. 123.123.123.100)

Subnet Mask Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 in IPv4 format.

Subnet mask (e.g. 255.255.255.0)

Default Gateway Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 in IPv4 format.

Default Gateway address

Preferred DNS Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 in IPv4 format.

Preferred DNS address

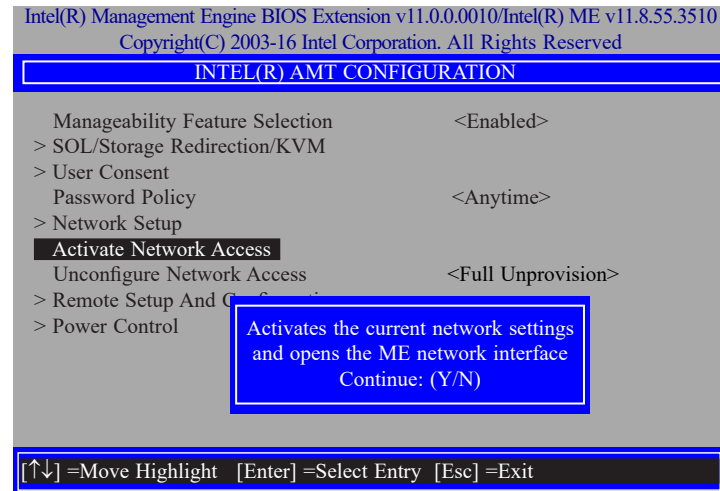
Alternate DNS Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 in IPv4 format.

Alternate DNS address

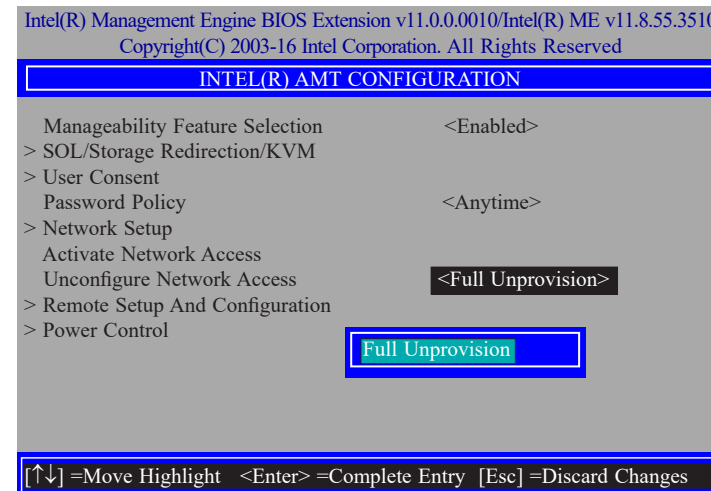
Activate Network Access

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Activate Network Access and press Enter, and then press Y to activate the ME network connection with the settings configured previously, or press N to abort.



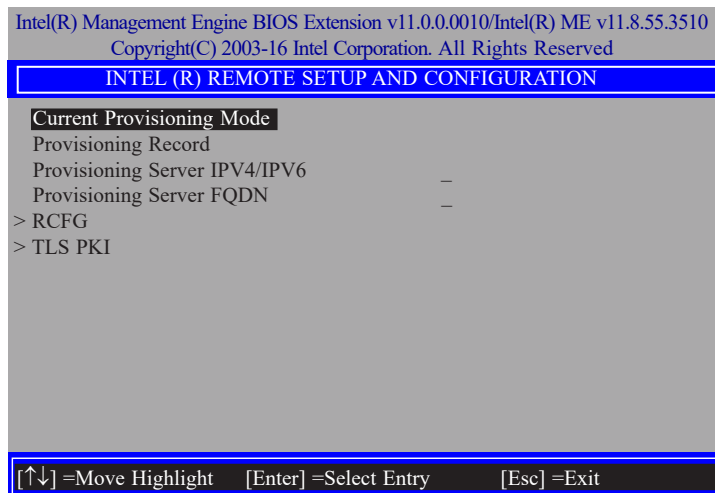
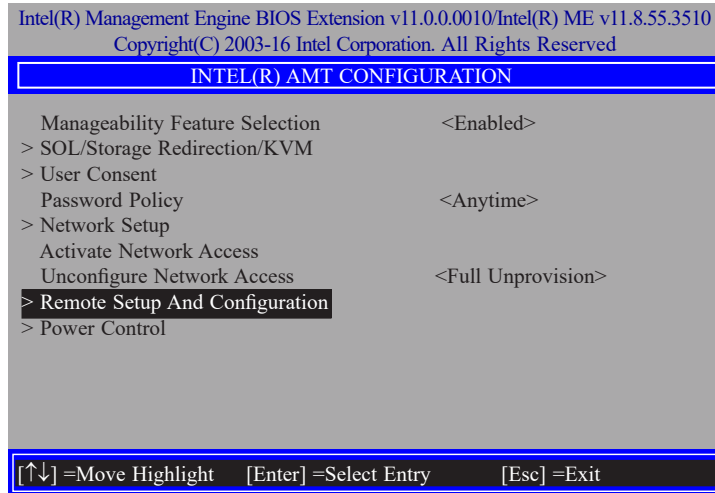
Unconfigure Network Access

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Undconfigure Network Access and press Enter, and then press Enter to fully deactivate the ME network connection and reset configuration to factory default. Press Y to confirm or N to abort.



> Remote Setup And Configuration

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Remote Setup And Configuration then press Enter.



Current Provisioning Mode

The current mode — Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) — is displayed.



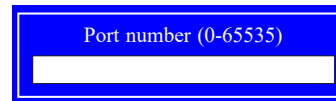
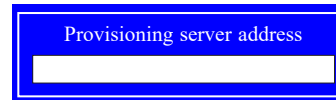
Provisioning Record

Press Enter to view the record.



Provisioning Server IPV4/IPV6

Enter the address of the server then press Enter, and then insert the TCP/UDP port number.



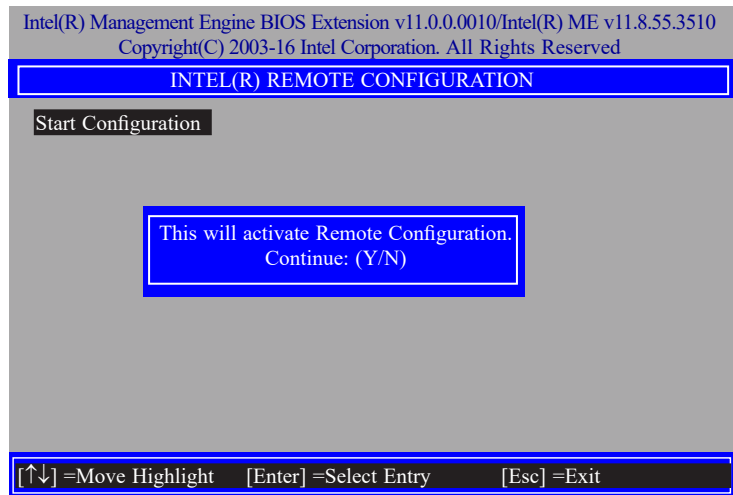
Provisioning Server FQDN

Enter the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the server and then press Enter.



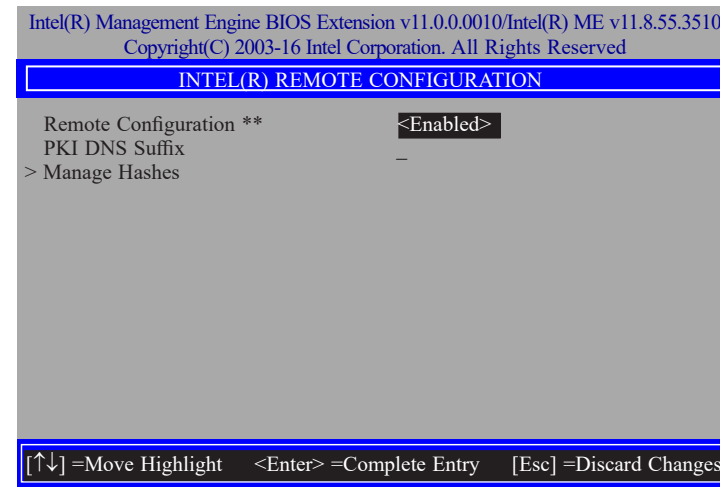
> RCFG

Press Enter, select Start Configuration, and then press Enter to activate Remote Configuration (RCFG). Press Y to confirm or N to abort.



> TLS PKI

The system adopts PKI for encryption and authentication, and the TLS protocol for communication security to ensure remote configuration safety.



Remote Configuration **

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.



PKI DNS Suffix

Specify the DNS Suffix of the PKI server, and then press Enter.



> Manage Hashes

Select a hash name and then press the following keys to execute a function.

- Insert — enter a custom hash certificate name,
- Delete — delete a hash
- Enter — view hash information
- + — activate or deactivate a hash
- Esc — exit

Intel(R) Management Engine BIOS Extension v11.0.0.0010/Intel(R) ME v11.8.55.3510
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INTEL(R) REMOTE CONFIGURATION

Hash Name	Active	Default	Algorithm
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Go Daddy Class 2	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Comodo AAA CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Starfield Class 2	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
GTE CyberTrust G1	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Baltimore Cyber Tr	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Cyber Trust Global	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Verizon Global Ro	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Entrust. net CA (2	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Entrust Root CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
VeriSign Universa	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Go Daddy Root CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Entrust Root CA -	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256
Startfield Root CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256

[Ins] =Add New Hash [Delete] =Delete Hash [+] =Activate Hash
[↑↓] =Move Highlight [Enter] =View Hash [Esc] =Exit

> Power Control

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Power Control then press Enter.

Intel(R) Management Engine BIOS Extension v11.0.0.0010/Intel(R) ME v11.8.55.3510
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INTEL(R) AMT POWER CONTROL

These configurations are effective only after AMT provisioning has started

Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States <Desktop: ON in S0, ME Wake in S3, S4-5>

Idle Timeout 65535

[↑↓] =Move Highlight <Enter> =Complete Entry [Esc] =Discard Changes

Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States

Select an option and then press Enter.

Desktop: ON in S0
Desktop: ON in S0, ME Wake in S3, S4-5

Idle Timeout

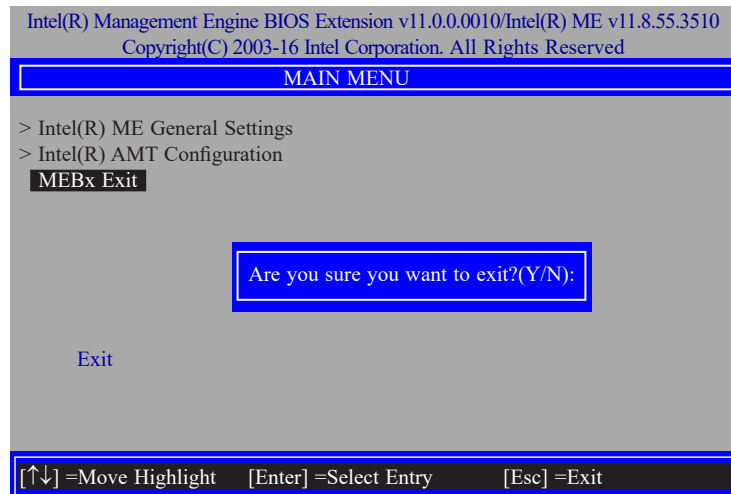
Enter a timeout value and press Enter.

Timeout Value (1-65535)
65535

▶ MEBX

MEBx Exit

Under the Main Menu, select MEBx Exit and then press Enter. Press Y to confirm or N to abort.



Chapter 5 - RAID

The system board allows configuring RAID on Serial ATA drives. It supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5 and RAID 10.

► RAID Levels

RAID 0 (Striped Disk Array without Fault Tolerance)

RAID 0 uses two new identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Data is divided into stripes and each stripe is written alternately between two disk drives. This improves the I/O performance of the drives at different channel; however it is not fault tolerant. A failed disk will result in data loss in the disk array.

RAID 1 (Mirroring Disk Array with Fault Tolerance)

RAID 1 copies and maintains an identical image of the data from one drive to the other drive. If a drive fails to function, the disk array management software directs all applications to the other drive since it contains a complete copy of the drive's data. This enhances data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or an existing drive and a new drive but the size of the new drive must be the same or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 5

RAID 5 stripes data and parity information across hard drives. It is fault tolerant and provides better hard drive performance and more storage capacity.

RAID 10 (Mirroring and Striping)

RAID 10 is a combination of data striping and data mirroring providing the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1. Use four new drives or an existing drive and three new drives for this configuration.

RAID Level	Min. Drives	Protection	Description
RAID 0	2	None	Data striping without redundancy
RAID 1	2	Single Drive Failure	Disk mirroring
RAID 5	3	Single Drive Failure	Block-level data striping with distributed parity
RAID 10	4	1 Disk Per Mirrored Stripe (not same mirror)	Combination of RAID 0 (data striping) and RAID 1 (mirroring)

► Setup Procedure

To enable the RAID function, the following settings are required.

1. Install SATA drives.
2. Enable RAID in the Insyde BIOS.
3. Create a RAID volume.
4. Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility.

Step 1: Install SATA Drives

Refer to chapter 2 for details on connecting the Serial ATA drives.



Important:

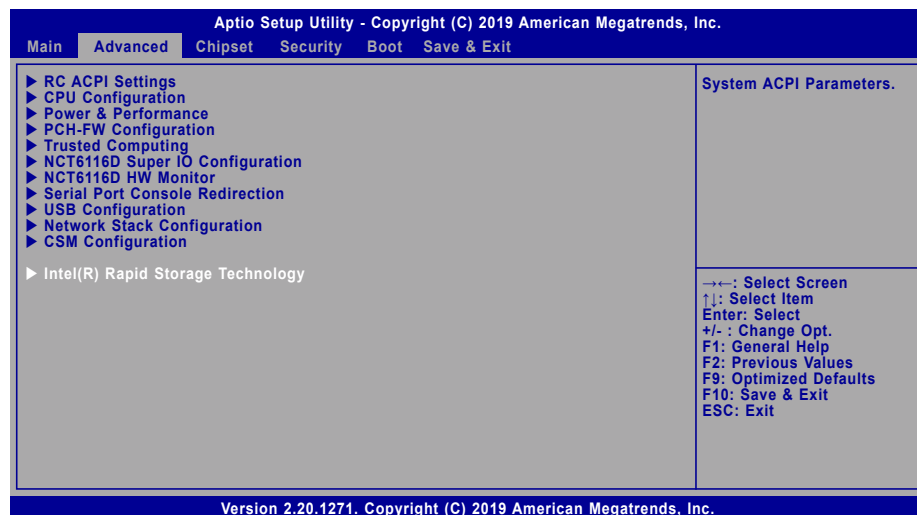
1. Please make sure the SATA drives that you are to create a RAID volume with are connected and powered, and are able to be detected by the system. Otherwise, the RAID BIOS utility would not be accessible.
2. While creating a RAID volume, please make sure the system, drives, and cables are perfectly steady and mounted correctly. Disturbance during creating a RAID volume will result in irreversible data corruption stored on the drive.

Step 2: Enable RAID in the AMI BIOS

1. Power-on the system then press to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. Go to "Chipset" menu and select the "PCH-IO Configuration" menu then "SATA And RST Configuration" menu.
3. Change the "SATA Mode Selection" to "Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration" mode.
4. Press F10 to save the changes.
5. Reboot the system.

Step 3: Create a RAID Volume

1. Go to the “Advanced” menu of the AMI BIOS and select “Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology”.



2. The screen displays all available drives. Select “Create RAID volume” to create a RAID volume”.
3. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the RAID level and press <Enter>.
4. Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of hard drives and press <Enter> to select the drive.
5. Press <Enter>.
6. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the strip size and press <Enter>.
7. Enter the volume size and press <Enter>.
8. At the prompt, press <Y> to confirm volume creation.

Step 4: Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility

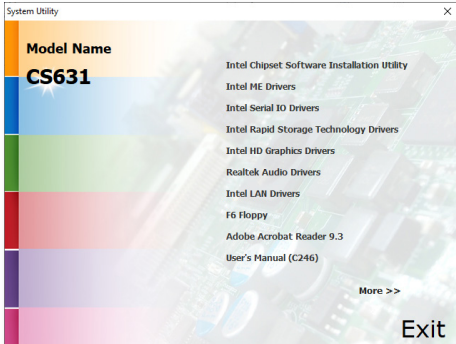
The Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility can be installed from within Windows. It allows RAID volume management (create, delete, migrate) from within the operating system. It will also display useful SATA device and RAID volume information. The user interface, tray icon service and monitor service allow you to monitor the current status of the RAID volume and/or SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

Chapter 6 - Supported Software

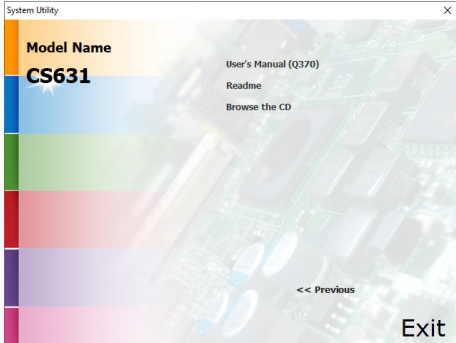
Install drivers, utilities and software applications that are required to facilitate and enhance the performance of the system board. You may acquire the software from your sales representatives, from an optional DVD included in the shipment, or from the website download page at <https://www.dfi.com/DownloadCenter>.

► Auto-run Menu

After inserting your DVD-ROM into your optical drive or executing your DVD image, the System Utility auto-run menu may pop up. Click on the utility or driver that is to be installed on the system. Please refer to the following sections that correspond to your selection for more information.



Click "More >>" on the lower right to go to the next page of the auto-run menu, and click "<< Previous" to return to the previous menu.

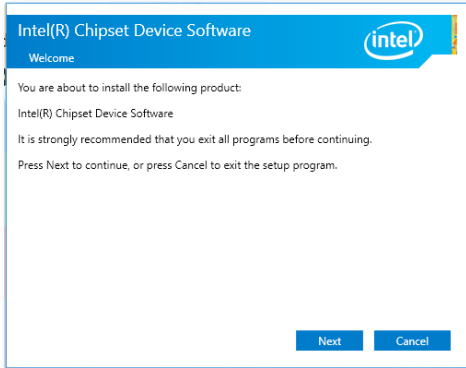


Note:
This step can be ignored if the applications are downloaded standalone files.

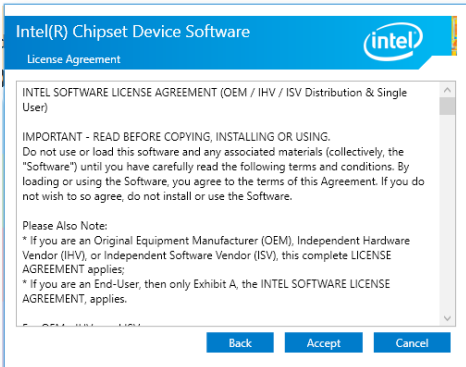
► Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

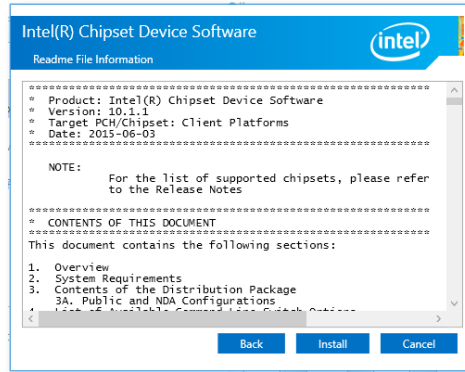
- 1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click "Next".



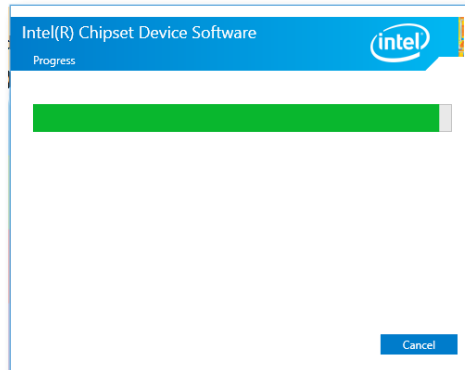
- 2. Read the license agreement then click "Accept".



- Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click "Install".

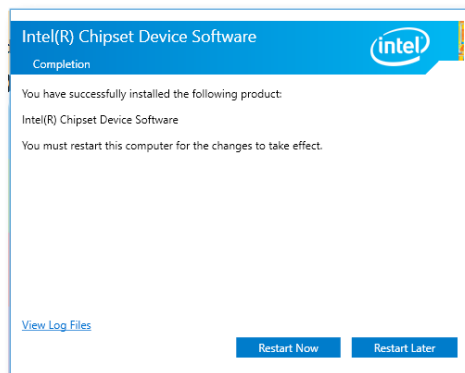


- The step displays the installing status in the progress.



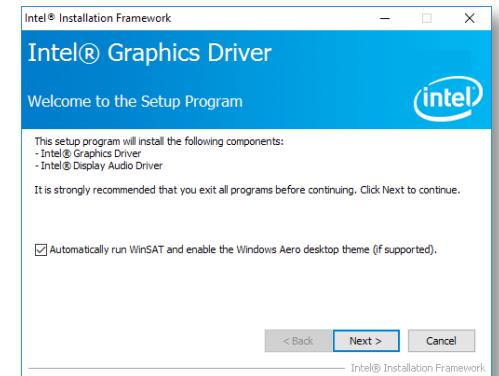
- After completing installation, click "Restart Now" to exit setup.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



► Intel HD Graphics Drivers

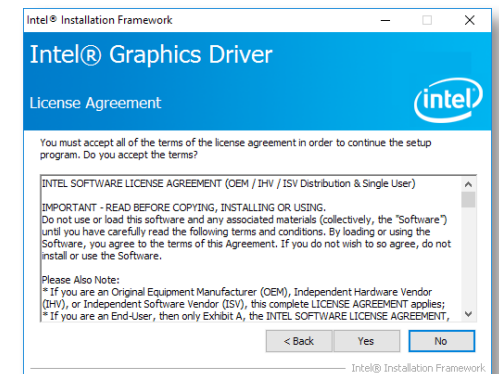
- Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click "Next".



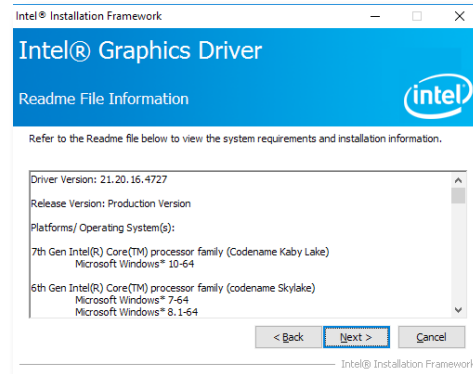
By default, the "Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme" is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows 10 desktop appears. The "blank screen" period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

We recommend that you skip this process by disabling this function then click "Next".

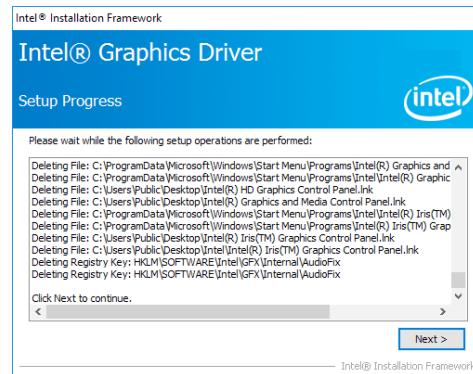
- Read the license agreement then click "Yes".



- Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click "Next".

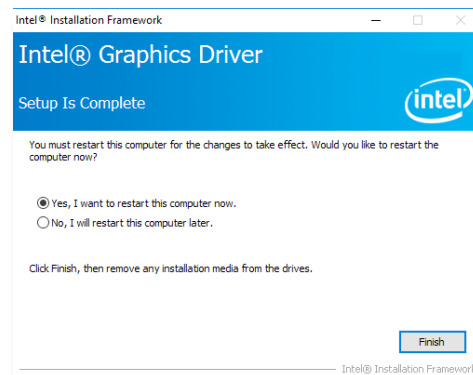


- Setup is now installing the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



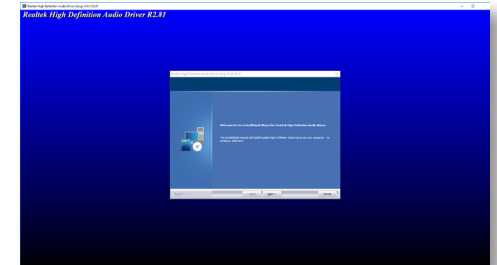
- Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click "Finish".

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



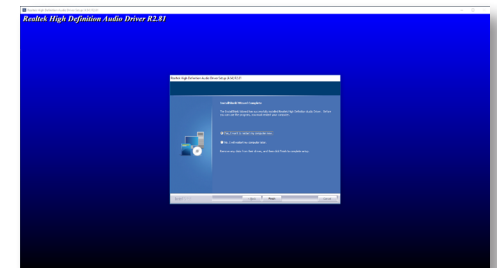
► Realtek Audio Drivers

- Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".



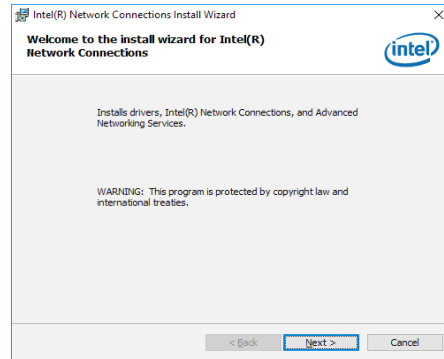
- Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" then click "Finish".

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.

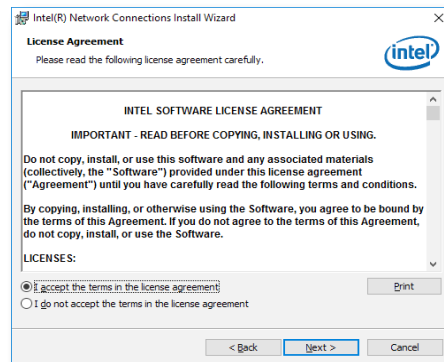


► Intel LAN Driver

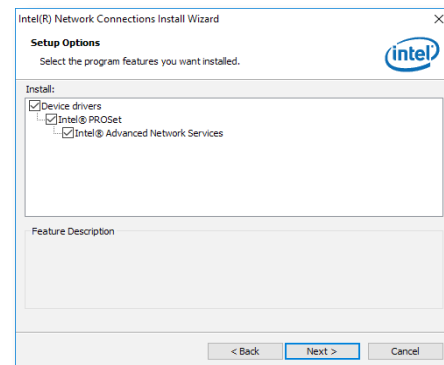
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".



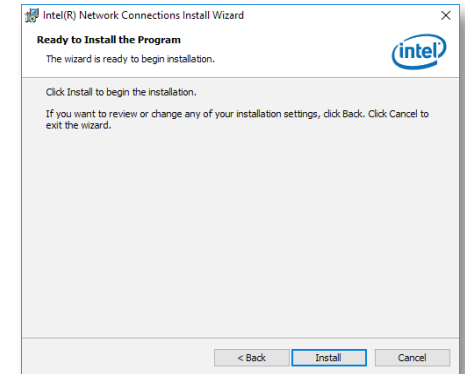
2. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".



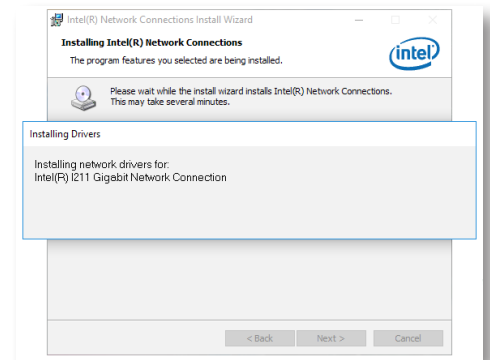
3. Select the program features you want installed then click "Next".



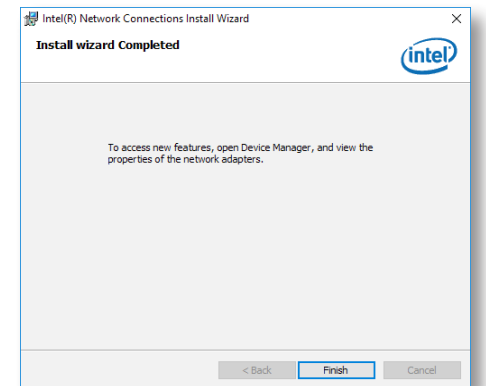
4. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



5. The step displays the installing status in the progress.

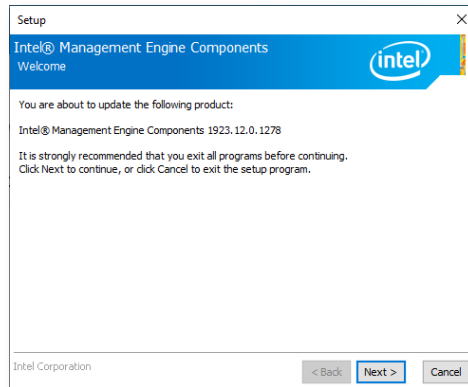


6. After completing installation, click "Finish".

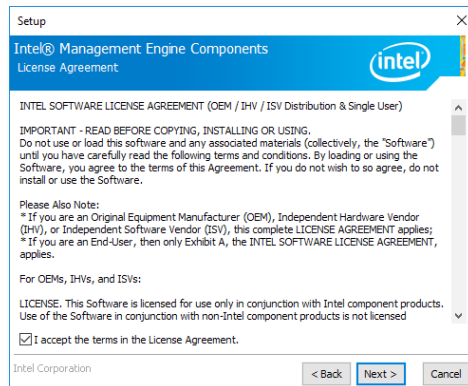


► Intel ME Drivers

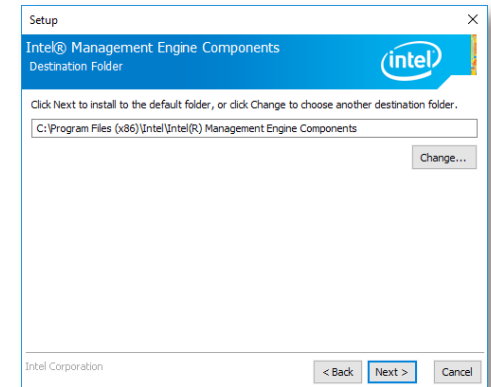
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".



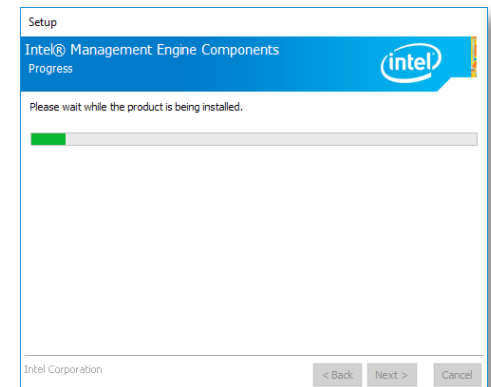
2. Read the license agreement then tick "I accept the terms in the License Agreement". Click "Next".



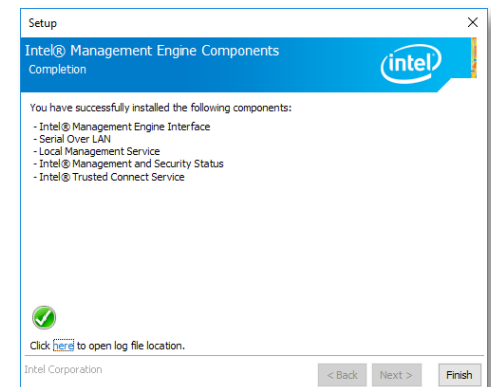
3. Click "Next" to install to the default folder, or click "Change" to choose another destination folder.



4. Please wait while the product is being installed.

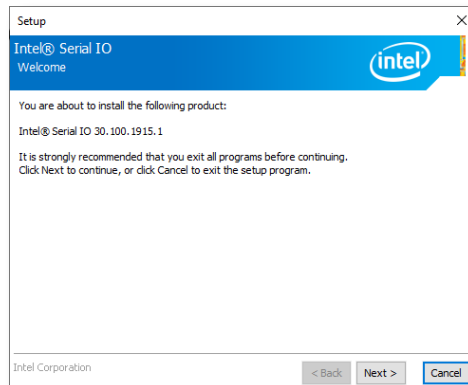


5. After completing installation, click "Finish".

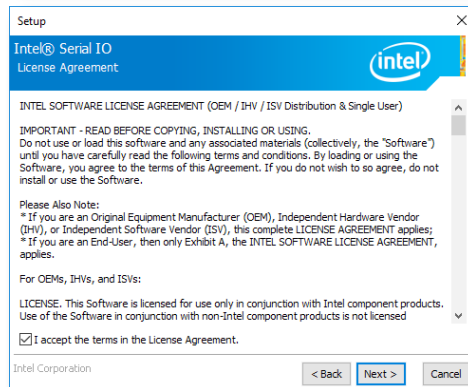


► Intel Serial IO Drivers

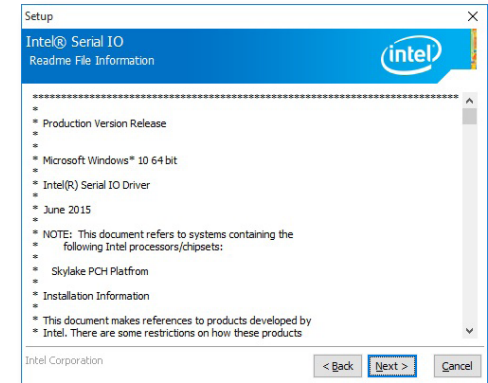
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".



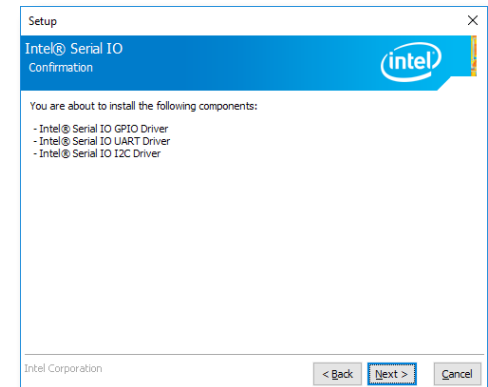
2. Read the license agreement carefully.
Tick "I accept the terms in the License Agreement" then click "Next".



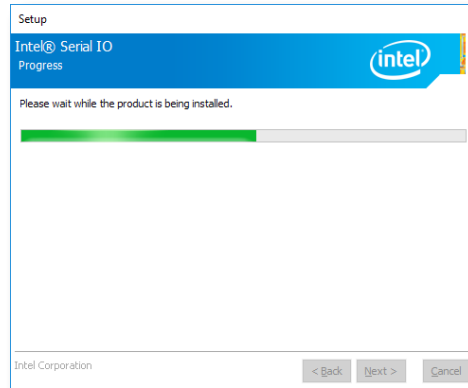
3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click "Next".



4. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".

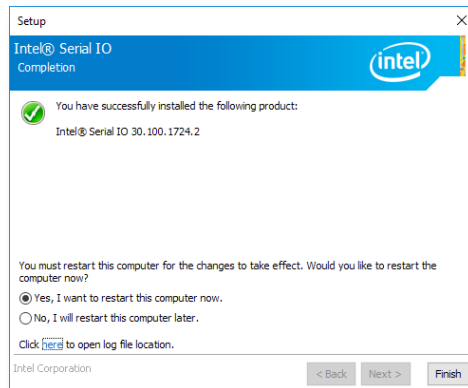


5. Setup is now installing the driver.



6. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click "Finish".

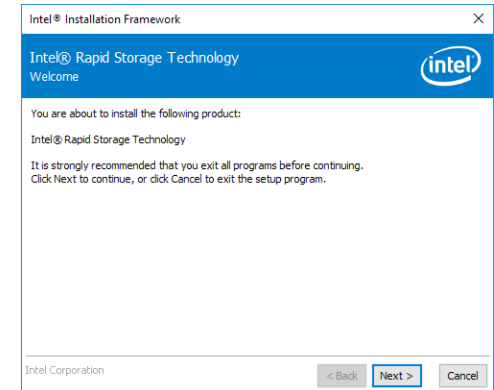
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



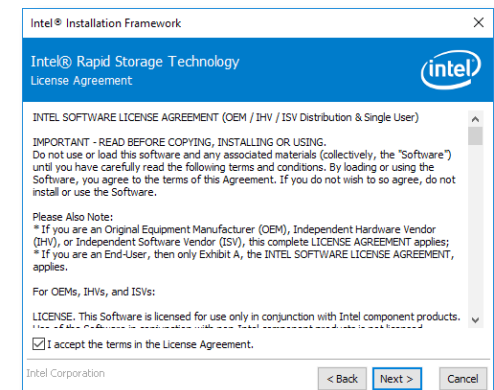
► Intel Rapid Storage Technology

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

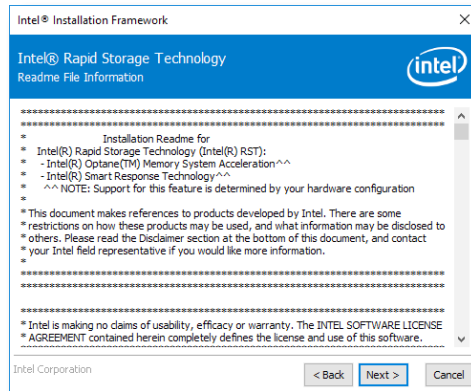
1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click "Next".



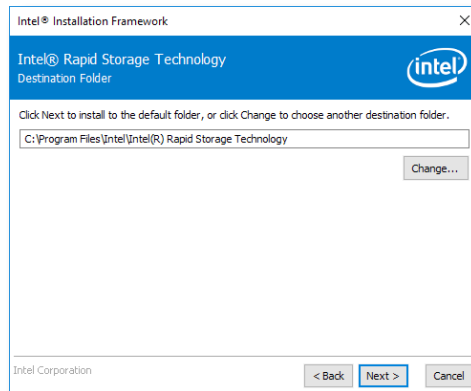
2. Read the license agreement and click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement". Then, click "Next".



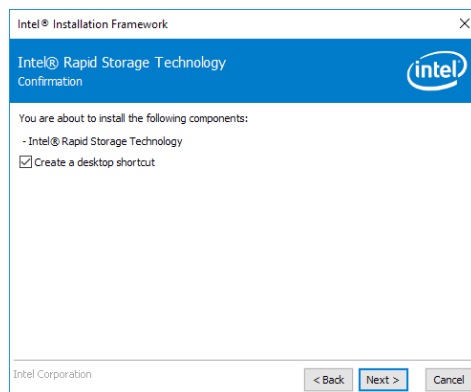
- Go through the readme document to view system requirements and installation information then click "Next".



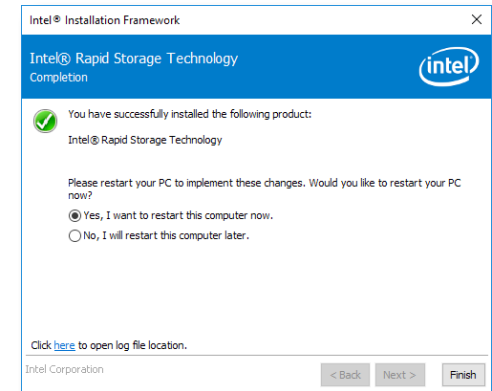
- Click "Next" to install to the default folder or click "Change" to choose another destination folder".



- Confirm the installation and click "Next".

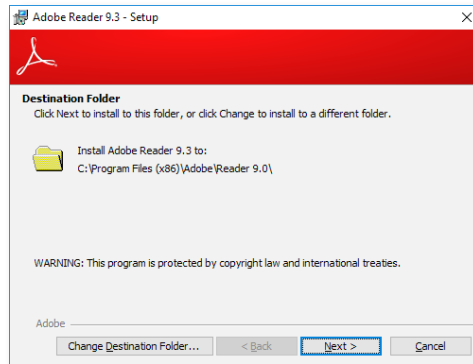


- Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" to complete the installation and then click "Finish".

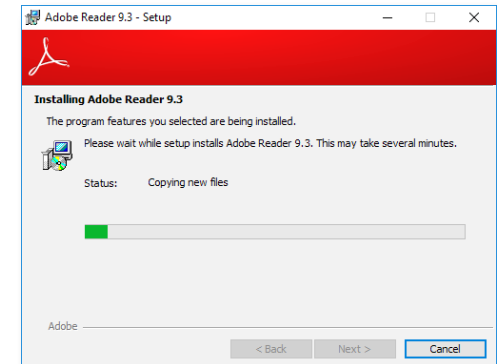


► Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

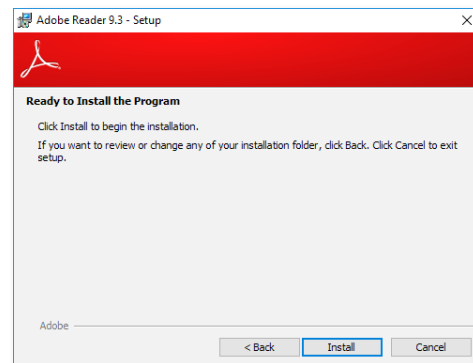
1. Click "Next" to install or click "Change Destination Folder" to select another folder.



3. Setup is now installing the driver.



2. Click "Install" to begin installation.



4. Click "Finish" to exit installation.

